## ResNet-Grad-Cam

May 8, 2020

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[1]: import torch
     from torchvision import datasets, transforms as T
     from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, TensorDataset
     from torch import nn
     import torchvision.models as models
     from matplotlib import pyplot
     import numpy as np
     import json
     import cv2 as cv
     import torch.nn.functional as F
     normalize = T.Normalize(mean=[0.485, 0.456, 0.406],
                             std=[0.229, 0.224, 0.225])
     #load ImageNet validation data
     transform = T.Compose([T.Resize((224, 224)),
                            T.ToTensor()
                            #normalize
                           ])
     #input image
     input_image = datasets.ImageFolder(root='/home/jason/Uni/multimedia_project/

data/',
                                    transform=transform)
     #y labels
     filepath = 'ILSVRC2015_clsloc_validation_ground_truth.txt'
     def get_valid_label(filepath):
         label_list = []
         with open(filepath, 'r') as f:
             ctx = f.readlines()
             for tmp in ctx:
                 label_list.append(int(tmp.rstrip('\n')))
         return label_list
     y = get_valid_label(filepath)
```

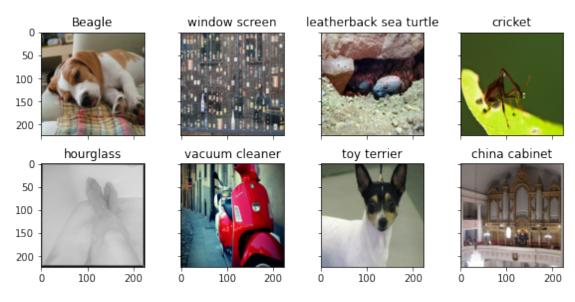
```
testloader = DataLoader(input_image, batch_size=1, shuffle=True, num_workers=2)
#load imagenet label
with open('labels.json') as f:
    label = json.load(f)
    f.close()
```

```
[2]: #image plot help function
     def plot_multiple(images, titles, colormap='gray', max_columns=np.inf,_
     ⇒share_axes=True):
         """Plot multiple images as subplots on a grid."""
         assert len(images) == len(titles)
         n_images = len(images)
         n_cols = min(max_columns, n_images)
         n_rows = int(np.ceil(n_images / n_cols))
         fig, axes = pyplot.subplots(
             n_rows, n_cols, figsize=(n_cols * 2, n_rows * 2),
             squeeze=False, sharex=share_axes, sharey=share_axes)
         axes = axes.flat
         # Hide subplots without content
         for ax in axes[n_images:]:
             ax.axis('off')
         if not isinstance(colormap, (list,tuple)):
             colormaps = [colormap]*n_images
         else:
             colormaps = colormap
         for ax, image, title, cmap in zip(axes, images, titles, colormaps):
             ax.imshow(image, cmap=cmap)
             ax.set_title(title)
         fig.tight_layout()
```

```
[3]: #import pre trained model
model = models.resnet18(pretrained=True)
#set the model to evaluate mode
model.eval()

def predict_image(num=8, coloum = 4):
    titles = []
    images = []
    for _ in range(num):
        image = iter(testloader).next()
        x = model(image[0])
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result = torch.argmax(x)
    npimg = np.array(image[0]).squeeze()
    images.append(np.transpose(npimg, (1, 2, 0)))
    titles.append(label[result])
    plot_multiple(images, titles, max_columns=4)
predict_image()
```



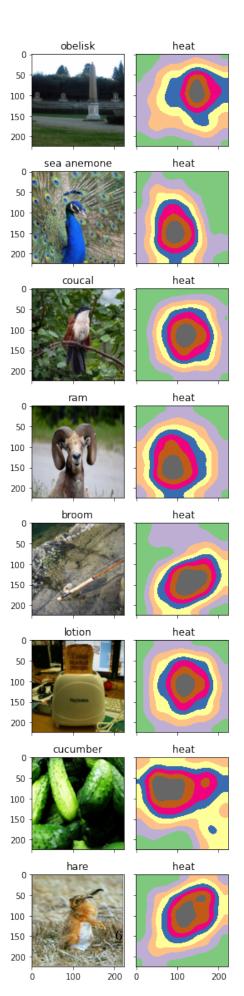
```
[4]: def generate_random_image():
         image = iter(testloader).next()
         return image[0]
[5]: #using grad hook and feature hook to get gradient and feature map
     def gradhook(module, grad_input, grad_output):
         gradList.append(grad_output)
     def featurehook(module, input, output):
         featureList.append(output)
     #get the gradient value by using hook
     gradList = []
     featureList = []
     # output original image list and heatmap image list
     def generate_heat_map_image(model):
         gradList.clear()
         featureList.clear()
         #link the hook back the model
```

```
model.layer4.register_backward_hook(gradhook)
model.layer4.register_forward_hook(featurehook)
#get a random image
image = generate_random_image()
out = model(image)
result = torch.argmax(out)
title = label[result]
loss = torch.sum(F.log_softmax(out, -1), -1)
mean_loss = loss.mean()
#generate the gradient via back propagation
mean loss.backward()
#covert to numpy image
npimg = np.array(image).squeeze()
originimg = np.transpose(npimg, (1, 2, 0))
#calculate the weight of global average pooling of the gradient
a = gradList[0][0].squeeze()
a = torch.nn.functional.max_pool2d(a, a.shape[1]) # weight
#normalize weight and apply relu as activatiom map
weight = a / torch.sum(a)
weight = torch.nn.functional.relu(weight)
weight = weight.detach().numpy().squeeze()
feature = featureList[0][0].detach().numpy()
#generate the heatmap
heatmap = np.zeros_like(feature[0])
for coef, tmp in zip(weight, feature):
   heatmap += tmp*coef
heatmap = heatmap * 255
heatmap = cv.resize(heatmap, (224, 224), interpolation=cv.INTER_CUBIC)
#bin equalization to adjust the contrast ratio
lowerbound = heatmap.min()
higherbound = heatmap.max()
totalRange = higherbound - lowerbound
heatmap = (heatmap - lowerbound) / totalRange * 255
#covert the color map
heatmap = heatmap.astype(np.uint8)
return origining, heatmap, title
```

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[6]: img, heat, title = generate_heat_map_image(model)
```

```
def plot_result(num=2):
   imglist = []
   titlelist = []
    cmaplist = []
   outputtitle = []
   for idx in range(8):
        img, heat, title = generate_heat_map_image(model)
       imglist.append(img)
        imglist.append(heat)
       titlelist.append(title )
       titlelist.append(' heat')
       cmaplist.append('gray')
       cmaplist.append('Accent')
       pyplot.imsave('./{}-{}'.format(idx, 'origin.jpg'), img)
       pyplot.imsave('./{}-{}'.format(idx, 'heat.jpg'), heat, cmap='Accent')
       outputtitle.append(title)
   plot_multiple(imglist, titlelist, cmaplist, num)
   return outputtitle
```

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[7]: titlelist = plot_result()
```



```
[8]: def plot_merge_heatmap(titlelist):
         outputlist = []
         imglist = []
         for idx in range(8):
             #define path
             oripath = './{}-{}'.format(idx, 'origin.jpg')
             heatpath = './{}-{}'.format(idx, 'heat.jpg')
             #qet original image
             ori = cv.imread(oripath, cv.IMREAD_COLOR)
             tmp_ori = cv.cvtColor(ori, cv.COLOR_RGB2BGR)
             imglist.append(tmp_ori)
             outputlist.append('{}'.format(titlelist[idx]))
             #qet combined image
             heat = cv.imread(heatpath, cv.IMREAD_COLOR)
             heat_tmp = cv.cvtColor(heat, cv.COLOR_RGB2BGR)
             imglist.append(heat_tmp)
             outputlist.append('{}'.format('heatmap'))
             cv.addWeighted(ori, 0.5, heat, 0.5, 0, heat)
             combinedpath = './{}-{}'.format(idx, 'combined.jpg')
             cv.imwrite(combinedpath, heat)
             tmp = cv.cvtColor(heat, cv.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
             imglist.append(tmp)
             outputlist.append('{}'.format('combine'))
         plot_multiple(imglist, outputlist, max_columns= 3)
```

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[9]: plot_merge_heatmap(titlelist)
```

