C1 Controls and Latin-1 Supplement

Range: 0080-00FF

This file contains an excerpt from the character code tables and list of character names for *The Unicode Standard, Version 5.0.*

This file may be changed at any time without notice to reflect errata or other updates to the Unicode Standard. See http://www.unicode.org/errata/ for an up-to-date list of errata.

See http://www.unicode.org/charts/ for access to a complete list of the latest character code charts.

See http://www.unicode.org/charts/PDF/Unicode-5.0/ for charts showing only the characters added in Unicode 5.0.

See http://www.unicode.org/Public/5.0.0/charts/ for a complete archived file of character code charts for Unicode 5.0.

Disclaimer

These charts are provided as the on-line reference to the character contents of the Unicode Standard, Version 5.0 but do not provide all the information needed to fully support individual scripts using the Unicode Standard. For a complete understanding of the use of the characters contained in this file, please consult the appropriate sections of The Unicode Standard, Version 5.0 (ISBN 0-321-48091-0), online at http://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode5.0.0/, as well as Unicode Standard Annexes #9, #11, #14, #15, #24, #29, #31, and #34, the other Unicode Technical Reports and Standards, and the Unicode Character Database, which are available on-line.

See http://www.unicode.org/ucd/ and http://www.unicode.org/reports/

A thorough understanding of the information contained in these additional sources is required for a successful implementation.

Fonts

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See http://www.unicode.org/charts/fonts.html for a list.

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See http://www.unicode.org/pending/pending.html and http://www.unicode.org/alloc/Pipeline.html.

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	008	009	00A	00B	00C	00D	00E	00F
0	[XXX]	DCS 0090	NB SP 00A0	O 00B0	À	D	à 00E0	ð
1	XXX 0081	PU1 0091	00A1	<u>+</u>	Á	$ ilde{\mathbf{N}}_{00D1}$	á	$ ilde{ ilde{n}}_{_{00F1}}$
2	BPH 0082	PU2 0092	¢	2 00B2	Â	Ò	â	ò
3	NBH 0083	STS 0093	$\mathfrak{L}_{_{_{00A3}}}$	3 00B3	Ã	Ó 00D3	ã	Ó
4	[IND] 0084	ССН 0094	Ö	00B4	Ä	Ô 00D4	ä	ô
5	NEL 0085	MW 0095	¥ 00A5	μ 00B5	Å	Õ	å	Õ
6	SSA 0086	SPA 0096	00A6	¶ 00B6	Æ 0006	Ö	æ	Ö
7	[ESA]	EPA 0097	§	• 00B7	C	X 00D7	Ç	• • 00F7
8	HTS	SOS 0098	• • 00A8	5 00B8	È 0008	Ø 00D8	è 00E8	Ø 00F8
9	HT J	[XXX]	© 00A9	1 00B9	É	Ù	é	ù
Α	008A	SCI 009A	<u>a</u>	<u>O</u>	Ê	Ú	ê	ú OOFA
В	PLD 008B	[CSI]	≪ 00AB	>>> 00BB	Ë	Û	ë 00EB	$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_{_{_{_{00FB}}}}$
С	PLU 008C	(ST)	00AC	1/4 00BC	Ì	Ü	ì 00EC	ü
D	(RI)	[OSC]	SHY 00AD	1/2 00BD	Í	$\mathbf{\hat{Y}}_{00DD}$	1 00ED	ý
E	[SS2]	PM 3	R OOAE	3/4 00BE	Î	þ	1	$ b_{\text{OOFE}} $
F	[SS3] 008F	APC 009F	00AF	¿ 00BF	Ï 00CF	ß	1	ÿ

C1 c	on	trols	Lati	n-1	punctuation and symbols
		es are those for ISO/IEC 6429:1992.			SO/IEC 8859-1 (aka Latin-1) from here.
0080	xxx	<pre><control></control></pre>	00A0	NB SP	NO-BREAK SPACE
	xxx	<control></control>	00710	[35]	• commonly abbreviated as NBSP
	врн	<control></control>			→ 0020 sp space
		= BREAK PERMITTED HERE			→ 2007 Figure space
		→ 200B zw zero width space			→ 202F NNB narrow no-break space
0083	NBH	<control></control>			→ 2060 w word joiner
		= NO BREAK HERE			→ FEFF zero width no-break space
0004	r1	→ 2060 www word joiner			≈ <nobreak> 0020 sp</nobreak>
0084	IND	<control></control>	00A1	i	INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK
0005	NEL	• formerly known as INDEX			 Spanish, Asturian, Galician
0085	INEL!	<control> = NEXT LINE (NEL)</control>			→ 0021! exclamation mark
0086	SSA	<pre><control></control></pre>	00A2	¢	CENT SIGN
0000	L	= START OF SELECTED AREA	00A3	£	POUND SIGN
0087	ESA	<control></control>			= pound sterling, Irish punt, Italian lira, Turkish lira, etc.
		= END OF SELECTED AREA			→ 20A4 £ lira sign
8800	нтѕ	<control></control>	00A4	¤	CURRENCY SIGN
		= CHARACTER TABULATION SET			other currency symbol characters:
0089	нтј	<control></control>			20A0 € −20B5 €
		= CHARACTER TABULATION WITH			→ 0024 \$ dollar sign
008A	VTS	JUSTIFICATION	00A5	¥	YEN SIGN
OUOA (113	<pre><control> = LINE TABULATION SET</control></pre>			= yuan sign
008B	PLD	<pre><control></control></pre>			• glyph may have one or two crossbars
OOOD ,	1	= PARTIAL LINE FORWARD	00A6		BROKEN BAR
008C	PLU	<control></control>			= broken vertical bar (1.0)
•		= PARTIAL LINE BACKWARD			= parted rule (in typography)
008D	RI	<control></control>	00A7	§	SECTION SIGN
	,	= REVERSE LINE FEED	0040		• paragraph sign in some European usage
008E	SS2	<control></control>	8A00		DIAERESIS
0005	cca	= SINGLE SHIFT TWO			• this is a spacing character → 0308 ° combining diaeresis
008F	SS3	<pre><control> = SINGLE SHIFT THREE</control></pre>			≈ 0020 SP 0308 ©
0090	DCS	- SINGLE SHIFT THREE <control></control>	00A9	©	COPYRIGHT SIGN
0000 [= DEVICE CONTROL STRING	00/10	0	→ 2117 ® sound recording copyright
0091	PU1	<pre><control></control></pre>			→ 24B8 © circled latin capital letter c
		= PRIVATE USE ONE	00AA	<u>a</u>	FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR
0092	PU2	<control></control>			Spanish
	,	= PRIVATE USE TWO			\approx <super> 0061 a</super>
0093	STS	<control></control>	00AB	«	LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION
0004	r1	= SET TRANSMIT STATE			MARK
0094	ссн	<pre><control></control></pre>			= left guillemet
0095	MW	= CANCEL CHARACTER <control></control>			= chevrons (in typography)
0033		= MESSAGE WAITING			• usually opening, sometimes closing → 226A ≪ much less-than
0096	SPA	<pre><control></control></pre>			→ 300A 《 left double angle bracket
		= START OF GUARDED AREA	00AC	_	NOT SIGN
0097	EPA	<control></control>	00/10		= angled dash (in typography)
		= END OF GUARDED AREA			→ 2310 reversed not sign
0098	sos	<control></control>	00AD	SHY	SOFT HYPHEN
	r1	= START OF STRING			= discretionary hyphen
0000	XXX	<control></control>			 commonly abbreviated as SHY
009A	scı	<pre><control> = SINGLE CHARACTER INTRODUCER</control></pre>	00AE	®	REGISTERED SIGN
009B	CSI	- SINGLE CHARACTER INTRODUCER (control)			= registered trade mark sign (1.0)
0030	[001]	= CONTROL SEQUENCE INTRODUCER	0045	_	→ 24C7 ® circled latin capital letter r
009C	ST	<pre><control></control></pre>	00AF		MACRON
0000	L	= STRING TERMINATOR			= overline, APL overbar
009D	osc	<control></control>			• this is a spacing character
		= OPERATING SYSTEM COMMAND			→ 02C9 ⁻ modifier letter macron → 0304 ⁻ combining macron
009E	PM	<control></control>			→ 0304 ⊆ combining macron → 0305 ⊆ combining overline
000=	·	= PRIVACY MESSAGE			≈ 0020 sp 0304 $\bar{\circ}$
009F	APC	<pre><control> - A DDL ICA TION DD OCD AM COMMAND</control></pre>			~ 0020 [0304 0
		= APPLICATION PROGRAM COMMAND			

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0000	0	DE ODER GLOV	0000	1./	WWW.G.LD.VD.LGTVOV.GVV.DVVD.GVV.DVVD
00B0	•	DEGREE SIGN • this is a spacing character	00BC	1/4	VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER • bar may be horizontal or slanted
		\rightarrow 02DA ° ring above			• other fraction characters: 2153 ½ –215E ½
		→ 030A & combining ring above			\approx <fraction> 0031 1 2044/ 0034 4</fraction>
		→ 2070 ° superscript zero	00BD	1/2	VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF
		→ 2218 ∘ ring operator			• bar may be horizontal or slanted
00B1	±	PLUS-MINUS SIGN			\approx <fraction> 0031 1 2044/ 0032 2</fraction>
		→ 2213 ∓ minus-or-plus sign	00BE	3/4	VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS
00B2	2	SUPERSCRIPT TWO			bar may be horizontal or slanted
		= squared	0005		≈ <fraction> 0033 3 2044 / 0034 4</fraction>
		• other superscript digit characters: 2070 ° –2079 °	00BF	i	INVERTED QUESTION MARK = turned question mark
		$\rightarrow 00B9^{-1}$ superscript one			Spanish
		$\approx < \text{super} > 0032 \ 2$			→ 003F? question mark
00B3	3	SUPERSCRIPT THREE			
		= cubed	Lett	_	
		→ 00B9 ¹ superscript one	00C0	À	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE
0054	,	\approx <super> 0033 3</super>	0004	.	≡ 0041 A 0300 ò
00B4		ACUTE ACCENT	00C1	Α	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE
		 this is a spacing character → 02B9 ′ modifier letter prime 	00C2	Â	■ 0041 A 0301 6 LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX
		→ 02B9 modifier letter prime → 02CA ′ modifier letter acute accent	0002	А	= 0041 Å 0302 Ô
		→ 0301 6 combining acute accent	00C3	Ã	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE
		→ 2032 ′ prime			≡ 0041 A 0303 õ
		≈ 0020 sp 0301 \(\)	00C4	Ä	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
00B5	μ	MICRO SIGN		o.	≡ 0041 A 0308 Ö
	•	$\approx 03BC \mu$ greek small letter mu	00C5	A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE
00B6	\P	PILCROW SIGN			→ 212B Å angstrom sign
		= paragraph sign	00C6	Æ	≡ 0041 A 030A ° LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE
		• section sign in some European usage	0000	ЛĽ	= latin capital ligature ae (1.0)
		→ 204B reversed pilcrow sign	00C7	C	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA
00B7		→ 2761 ¶ curved stem paragraph sign ornament		,	≡ 0043 C 0327 Ç
0087	•	MIDDLE DOT = midpoint (in typography)	00C8	È	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE
		= Georgian comma		_	≡ 0045 E 0300 ò
		= Greek middle dot (ano teleia)	00C9	É	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE
		→ 0387 · greek ano teleia	00CA	Ê	■ 0045 E 0301 6 LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX
		→ 2022 • bullet	UUCA	Ľ	= 0045 E 0302 ô
		\rightarrow 2024 . one dot leader	00CB	Ë	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
		\rightarrow 2027 · hyphenation point			≡ 0045 E 0308 Ö
		→ 2219 • bullet operator	00CC	Ì	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE
		\rightarrow 22C5 · dot operator		4	≡ 0049 I 0300 ò
00B8		→ 30FB • katakana middle dot CEDILLA	00CD	Ì	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE
0000	5	• this is a spacing character	00CE	Î	■ 0049 I 0301 6 LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
		• other spacing accent characters:	UUCE	1	\equiv 0049 I 0302 $\hat{\circ}$
		02D8 -02DB ,	00CF	Ϊ	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS
		→ 0327 ç combining cedilla		-	≡ 0049 I 0308 °
		≈ 0020 sp 0327 ç	00D0	Ð	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH
00B9	1	SUPERSCRIPT ONE			→ 00F0 ð latin small letter eth
		→ 00B2 ² superscript two			\rightarrow 0110 $\stackrel{\bullet}{D}$ latin capital letter d with stroke
		→ 00B3 ³ superscript three	0054	~ -	→ 0189 Đ latin capital letter african d
00BA	o	≈ <super> 0031 1 MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR</super>	00D1	N	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE
OODA		• Spanish	00D2	Ò	■ 004E N 0303 ° LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE
		≈ <super> 006F o</super>	0002	O	= 004F O 0300 ò
00BB	>>	RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION	00D3	Ó	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE
		MARK	-		≡ 004F O 0301 ó
		= right guillemet	00D4	Ô	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX
		• usually closing, sometimes opening → 226B ≫ much greater-than	00==	~	≡ 004F O 0302 ô
		→ 300B » much greater-than → 300B » right double angle bracket	00D5	O	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE
		11ght double diffic blacket	00D6	Ö	≡ 004F O 0303 ° LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS
			טטטט	J	= 004F O 0308 °
					- 00.12 0 00000

Mathematical operator

00D7 × MULTIPLICATION SIGN = z notation Cartesian product

Letters

- 00D8 \emptyset LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE = o slash \rightarrow 2205 \emptyset empty set
- 00D9 Ù LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE ≡ 0055 U 0300 ò
- 00DA Ú LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE ≡ 0055 U 0301
- 00DB \hat{U} LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX = 0055 U 0302 $\hat{\circ}$
- 00DC Ü LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS $\equiv 0055~\mathrm{U}~0308~\ddot{\circ}$
- 00DD \acute{Y} LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE = 0059 Y 0301 $\acute{\circ}$
- 00DE Þ LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN
- 00DF β LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S = Eszett
 - German
 - uppercase is "SS"
 - in origin a ligature of 017F f and 0073 s \rightarrow 03B2 β greek small letter beta
- 00E0 à LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE ≡ 0061 a 0300 ò
- 00E1 á LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE \equiv 0061 a 0301 \circ
- 00E2 â LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX ≡ 0061 a 0302 ô
- 00E3 ã LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE Portuguese
- \equiv 0061 a 0308 $\rm \ddot{\circ}$ 00E5 å Latin small letter a with ring above
- Danish, Norwegian, Swedish, Walloon ≡ 0061 a 030A °
- 00E6 æ LATIN SMALL LETTER AE
 - = latin small ligature ae (1.0)
 - = ash (from Old English æsc)
 - Danish, Norwegian, Icelandic, Faroese, Old English, French, IPA
 - \rightarrow 0153 α latin small ligature oe
 - → 04D5 æ cyrillic small ligature a ie
- 00E8 è LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE \equiv 0065 e 0300 $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$
- 00E9 é LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE ≡ 0065 e 0301 [°]
- 00EA ê LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX $\equiv 0065$ e 0302 $\hat{\circ}$
- 00EB \ddot{e} LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS $\equiv 0065 \ e \ 0308 \ \ddot{\circ}$
- 00EC ì LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE
 - Italian, Malagasy ≡ 0069 i 0300 ò
- 00ED í LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE
- ≡ 0069 i 0301 ć
- 00EE î LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
 - ≡ 0069 i 0302 ô
- 00EF ï LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS ≡ 0069 i 0308 ö

- 00F0 ð LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH
 - Icelandic, Faroese, Old English, IPA
 - \rightarrow 00D0 $\stackrel{\bullet}{D}$ latin capital letter eth
 - → 03B4 δ greek small letter delta → 2202 ∂ partial differential
- 00F1 \tilde{n} LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE \equiv 006E n 0303 $\tilde{\circ}$
- 00F2 ò LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE ≡ 006F o 0300 ò
- 00F3 \acute{o} LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE $\equiv 006F \ o \ 0301 \ \acute{\circ}$
- 00F4 ô LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX ≡ 006F o 0302 ô
- 00F5 õ LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE
 - Portuguese, Estonian ≡ 006F o 0303 ~
- 00F6 Ö LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS $\equiv 006F \text{ o } 0308 \text{ } \ddot{\circ}$

Mathematical operator

- 00F7 ÷ DIVISION SIGN
 - → 2215 / division slash
 - → 2223 | divides

Letters

- 00F8 Ø LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE = o slash
 - Danish, Norwegian, Faroese, IPA
- 00F9 ù LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
 - French, Italian ≡ 0075 u 0300 ò
- 00FA \acute{u} LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE $\equiv 0075~u~0301~ \circlearrowleft$
- 00FB û LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX ≡ 0075 u 0302 ô
- 00FC ü LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS $\equiv 0075$ u 0308 $\ddot{\circ}$
- 00FD \acute{y} LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE
 - Czech, Slovak, Icelandic, Faroese, Welsh, Malagasy
 - ≡ 0079 y 0301 ć
- 00FE b LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN
 - Icelandic, Old English, phonetics
 - Runic letter borrowed into Latin script
 - → 16A6 Prunic letter thurisaz thurs thorn
- 00FF ÿ LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS
 French
 - \rightarrow 0178 \ddot{Y} latin capital letter y with diaeresis \equiv 0079 y 0308 $\ddot{\circ}$