## Esercizi sulla trasformata Fourier

fondamenti di telecomunicazioni

## Flavio Colacicchi

## 14/11/2023

1. 
$$x(t) = \frac{A}{2}rect\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) - \frac{A}{T}t \ rect\left(\frac{t}{T}\right)$$
 
$$\frac{dx(t)}{dt} = x'(t) = A\delta\left(t + \frac{T}{2}\right) - \frac{A}{T}rect\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) \xrightarrow{\mathscr{F}} X'(f) = Ae^{2i\pi f\frac{T}{2}} - \frac{A}{T}Tsinc(Tf) = 2i\pi fX(f)$$
 
$$\Rightarrow X(f) = \frac{X'(f)}{2i\pi f} = \frac{A}{2i\pi f} \left[e^{i\pi fT} - sinc(Tf)\right]$$

2.  $Y(f) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ X(f - f_0) + X(f + f_0) \right] \cos \left( \frac{2\pi f}{f_0} \right)$   $y(t) = \left[ \frac{1}{2} x(t) e^{2i\pi f_0 t} + \frac{1}{2} x(t) e^{-2i\pi f_0 t} \right] * \left[ \frac{1}{2} \delta \left( t - \frac{1}{f_0} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( t + \frac{1}{f_0} \right) \right] =$   $= x(t) \cos(2\pi f_0 t) * \left[ \frac{1}{2} \delta \left( t - \frac{1}{f_0} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( t + \frac{1}{f_0} \right) \right] =$   $= \frac{1}{2} x \left( t - \frac{1}{f_0} \right) \cos \left[ 2\pi f_0 \left( t - \frac{1}{f_0} \right) \right] + \frac{1}{2} x \left( t + \frac{1}{f_0} \right) \cos \left[ 2\pi f_0 \left( t + \frac{1}{f_0} \right) \right] =$   $= \frac{1}{2} \left[ x \left( t - \frac{1}{f_0} \right) + x \left( t + \frac{1}{f_0} \right) \right] \cos(2\pi f_0 t)$ 

3. 
$$x(t) = rect(2t) - rect\left[4\left(t + \frac{3}{8}\right)\right] - rect\left[4\left(t - \frac{3}{8}\right)\right] \xrightarrow{\mathscr{F}}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\mathscr{F}} X(f) = \frac{1}{2}sinc\left(\frac{f}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{4}sinc\left(\frac{f}{4}\right)e^{-2i\pi\frac{3}{8}f} - \frac{1}{4}sinc\left(\frac{f}{4}\right)e^{2i\pi\frac{3}{8}f} =$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{formule di triplicazione del coseno}} \frac{1}{2}\left[sinc\left(\frac{f}{2}\right) - sinc\left(\frac{f}{4}\right)\cos\left(\frac{3\pi f}{4}\right)\right]$$

4. 
$$x(t) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} rect\left(\frac{t - nT}{T}\right)$$

$$c_n = \frac{\tau}{T} sinc\left(\frac{\tau n}{T}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow X(f) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \frac{\tau}{T} sinc\left(\frac{\tau n}{T}\right) \delta\left(f - \frac{n}{T}\right)$$

5.

$$\pi(t) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \delta(t - nT)$$

$$c_n = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Pi(f) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \delta\left(f - \frac{n}{T}\right)$$

Quindi il pettine (o treno campionatore) si autotrasforma

6. Treno di trapezi

$$\dot{x} = 2rect\left(\frac{2t}{3T}\right) * rect\left(\frac{2t}{T}\right)$$

$$\overline{T} = \frac{5}{2}T$$

$$c_n = 2\frac{1}{\overline{T}}\frac{3T}{2}sinc\left(\frac{3T}{2}\frac{n}{\overline{T}}\right)\frac{T}{2}sinc\left(\frac{T}{2}\frac{n}{\overline{T}}\right) = \frac{3T}{5}sinc\left(\frac{3n}{2}\right)sinc\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow X(f) = \frac{3T}{5}\sum_{n\in\mathbb{Z}}sinc\left(\frac{3n}{2}\right)sinc\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)\delta\left(f - \frac{n}{T}\right)$$

7.

$$x(t) = \left[\cos(2\pi f_0 t)\sin(2\pi f_0 t)\right] * \frac{\sin(3\pi f_0 t)}{\pi t} = \frac{1}{2}\sin(4\pi f_0 t) * 3f_0 sinc(3f_0 t)$$

$$X(f) = \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{\delta(f - 2f_0)}{i} - \frac{\delta(f + 2f_0)}{i}\right] \frac{3f_0}{3f_0} rect\left(\frac{f}{3f_0}\right) = \frac{1}{4i} \left[\delta(f - 2f_0)rect\left(\frac{2f_0}{3f_0}\right) - \delta(f + 2f_0)rect\left(-\frac{2f_0}{3f_0}\right)\right] = \frac{1}{4i} rect\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \left[\delta(f - 2f_0) - \delta(f + f_0)\right] \xrightarrow{rect\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = 0} 0 \Rightarrow x(t) = 0$$