## ICPC CodeBook

# 1 Dynamic Programming

#### 1.1 0/1 Knapsack\_problems

```
1 | #include < bits/stdc++.h>
2 using namespace std;
3 int f[1000]={0};
4 int n=0, m=0;
5 int main(){
6
       cin >> n >> m;
7
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++){</pre>
8
           int price = 0, value = 0;
           cin >> price >> value;
10
           for (int j = m; j >= price; j--){
                if (f[j-price]+value>f[j]){
11
12
                     f[j]=f[j-price]+value;
13
14
           }
       }
15
16
       cout << f[m] << endl;</pre>
17
       return 0;
18 }
```

## 1.2 Complete\_Knapsack\_problems

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2 using namespace std;
3 int f[1000]={0};
4 int n=0, m=0;
5 int main(){
6
       cin >> n >> m;
       for (int i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
8
           int price=0, value=0;
           cin >> price >> value;
9
           for (int j=price; j<=m; j++){</pre>
10
11
                if (f[j-price]+value>f[j]){
12
                     f[j]=f[j-price]+value;
                }
13
           }
14
15
       cout << f[m] << endl;</pre>
16
17
       return 0;
18 }
```

## 1.3 LCS

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2 using namespace std;
4 int dp[1001][1001];
5 int lcs(const string &s, const string &t){
       int m = s.size(), n = t.size();
7
       if (m == 0 || n == 0){
8
           return 0;
       for(int i = 0; i <= m; ++i){</pre>
10
11
           dp[i][0] = 0;
12
13
       for(int j = 1; j <= n; ++j){</pre>
           dp[0][j] = 0;
14
15
16
       for(int i = 0; i < m; ++i){
17
           for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j){
                if(s[i] == t[j]){
18
                    dp[i+1][j+1] = dp[i][j]+1;
19
20
                    dp[i+1][j+1] = max(dp[i+1][j],
21
                        dp[i][j+1]);
```

```
22 }
23 }
24 }
25 return dp[m][n];
26 }
```

#### **1.4 LICS**

```
1 | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
  using namespace std;
  int a[100] = {0};
4 \mid int b[100] = \{0\};
  int f[100] = \{0\};
  int n = 0, m = 0;
  int main(){
7
8
       cin >> n;
9
       for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++){</pre>
            cin >> a[i];
10
11
12
       cin >> m;
       for(int i = 1; i \le m; i++){
13
14
            cin >> b[i];
15
16
       for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++){</pre>
            int k = 0;
17
18
            for (int j = 1; j \le m; j++){
                if(a[i] > b[j] && f[j] > k){
19
20
                     k = f[j];
21
                }else if(a[i] == b[j] && k + 1 > f[j]){
                     f[j] = k + 1;
22
23
            }
24
25
26
       int ans=0;
       for(int i = 1; i \le m; i++){
27
28
            if(f[i] > ans){
29
                ans = f[i];
30
31
32
       cout << ans << endl;</pre>
33
       return 0;
34 }
```

#### 1.5 LIS

```
1 | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 2 using namespace std;
 3
  int n=0;
   int a[100]={0}, f[100]={0}, x[100]={0};
 5
   int main(){
       cin >> n;
       for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++){
 8
            cin >> a[i];
 9
            x[i] = INT_MAX;
10
11
       f[0]=0;
12
       int ans=0;
13
       for(int i = 1; i \le n; i++){
            int 1 = 0,r = i;
14
15
            while (1+1<r){
16
                int m=(1+r)/2;
17
                if (x[m]<a[i]){</pre>
18
                    1=m:
19
                }else{
20
                     r=m;
21
                // change to x[m]<=a[i] for</pre>
22
                     non-decreasing case
23
            f[i]=1+1;
24
25
            x[l+1]=a[i];
            if(f[i]>ans){
26
                ans=f[i];
```

```
28 }
29 }
30 cout << ans << endl;
31 return 0;
32 }
```