ToothShaft

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1 介绍

ToothShaft可建立端部带齿槽的轴。

2 类结构

ToothType ToothSlice SiotSlice ToothPos Type input Order ToothPos Assembly output params Name ToothNum ShellMesh Meshsize SolidMesh

输入 input:

• ToothWidth: 齿宽

• ToothPos: 齿部开始位置

ToothNum: 齿数量Meshsize: 网格尺寸Outline: 外轮廓Line2D

参数 params:

Order: 单元阶数
ToothType: 齿槽类型
ToothSlice: 齿部网格数量
SlotSlice: 槽部网格数量

Name : 名称Material : 材料

输出 output:

• Assembly: 实体单元装配

• Divider:分割线

• ShellMesh: 壳网格

• SolidMesh: 实体网格

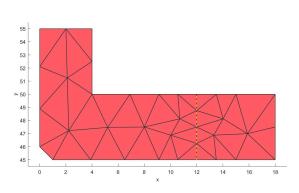
• Surface:截面

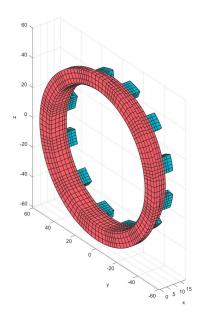
3 案例

3.1 Create ToothShaft (Flag=1)

生成端部带齿槽轴。

```
a=Point2D('Point Ass1');
    a=AddPoint(a,[0;4],[110/2;110/2]);
    a=AddPoint(a,[4;4],[110/2;100/2]);
4
   a=AddPoint(a,[4;18],[100/2;100/2]);
    a=AddPoint(a,[18;18],[100/2;90/2]);
    a=AddPoint(a,[18;1],[90/2;90/2]);
    a=AddPoint(a,[1;0],[90/2;92/2]);
8
    a=AddPoint(a,[0;0],[92/2;110/2]);
10
    b=Line2D('Line Ass1');
11
    for i=1:7
       b=AddCurve(b,a,i);
12
13
    end
14
15
    inputShaft.Outline= b;
    inputShaft.ToothPos= 12;
17
    inputShaft.ToothNum= 12;
18
    inputShaft.ToothWidth= 10;
19
20
    paramsShaft.ToothSlice= 5;
21
    paramsShaft.SlotSlice= 5;
22
23
    obj1=shaft.ToothShaft(paramsShaft, inputShaft);
24
    obj1=obj1.solve();
25
    Plot2D(obj1);
    Plot3D(obj1);
26
```

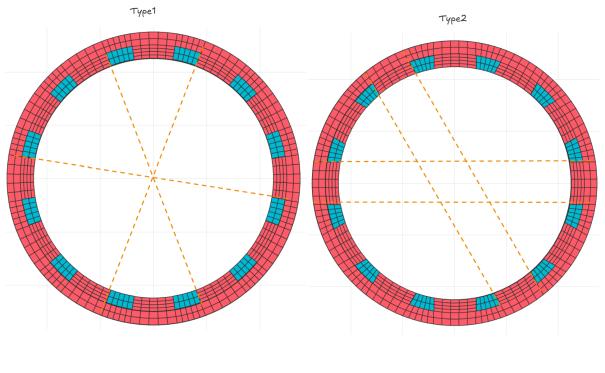


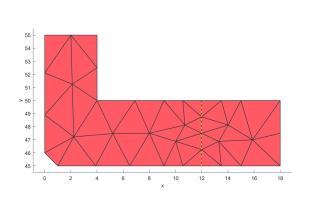


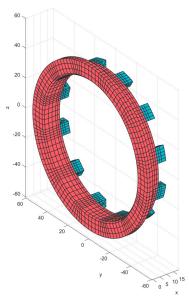
3.2 Change tooth type (Flag=2)

```
1
    a=Point2D('Point Ass1');
 2
    a=AddPoint(a,[0;4],[110/2;110/2]);
    a=AddPoint(a,[4;4],[110/2;100/2]);
    a=AddPoint(a,[4;18],[100/2;100/2]);
    a=AddPoint(a,[18;18],[100/2;90/2]);
 6
    a=AddPoint(a,[18;1],[90/2;90/2]);
 7
    a=AddPoint(a,[1;0],[90/2;92/2]);
8
    a=AddPoint(a,[0;0],[92/2;110/2]);
9
    b=Line2D('Line Ass1');
10
    for i=1:7
11
12
     b=AddCurve(b,a,i);
13
    end
14
    inputShaft.Outline= b;
15
    inputShaft.ToothPos= 12;
16
17
    inputShaft.ToothNum= 12;
18
    inputShaft.ToothWidth= 10;
19
20
    paramsShaft.ToothSlice= 5;
21
    paramsShaft.SlotSlice= 5;
22
    paramsShaft.ToothType= 2;
23
24
   obj1=shaft.ToothShaft(paramsShaft, inputShaft);
25
    obj1=obj1.solve();
26
    Plot2D(obj1);
    Plot3D(obj1);
```

Type1和Type2是两种不同的齿槽,Type1齿部的边界延长线都指向圆心,Type2的边界线为平行线。



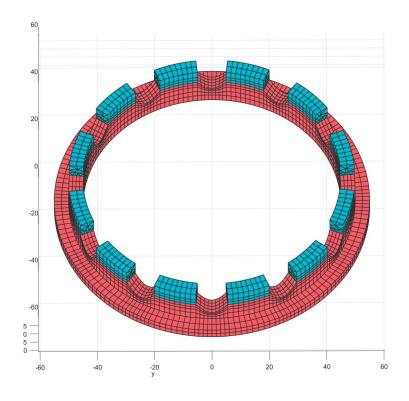




3.3 Circle groove slot type (Flag=3)

```
a=Point2D('Point Ass1');
 2
    a=AddPoint(a,[0;4],[110/2;110/2]);
 3
    a=AddPoint(a,[4;4],[110/2;100/2]);
    a=AddPoint(a,[4;18],[100/2;100/2]);
4
5
    a=AddPoint(a,[18;18],[100/2;90/2]);
6
    a=AddPoint(a,[18;1],[90/2;90/2]);
    a=AddPoint(a,[1;0],[90/2;92/2]);
    a=AddPoint(a,[0;0],[92/2;110/2]);
8
9
    b=Line2D('Line Ass1');
10
    for i=1:7
11
    b=AddCurve(b,a,i);
12
    end
13
    inputShaft.Outline= b;
14
    inputShaft.ToothPos= 12;
15
    inputShaft.ToothNum= 12;
```

```
inputShaft.ToothWidth= 15;
16
17
    paramsShaft.ToothSlice= 8;
    paramsShaft.SlotSlice= 8;
18
19
    paramsShaft.ToothType= 1;
20
    paramsShaft.SlotType= 2;
21
    paramsShaft.LeftLimit= 4;
22
    obj1=shaft.ToothShaft(paramsShaft, inputShaft);
23
    obj1=obj1.solve();
24
   Plot2D(obj1);
25
   Plot3D(obj1);
```



4 参考文献