The FAO comparative advantage feature is based on a calculation (as detailed below) which uses data as it is reported by resource partners to the OECD-DAC. This is a calculated and objective output based on this information. More information available at country-level may provide a different output.

The Revealed FAO Comparative Advantage table displays five indicators for each year, country and DAC sub sector.

Conventions used in the indicator formulas below:

- "a" = sub-sector according to OECD-DAC nomenclature
- **"z"** = country
- FAO_az = FAO delivery in sub-sector "a" and country "z"
- FAO_totz = Total FAO delivery in country "z"
- TOT_az = Total delivery in sub-sector "a" and country "z" by all ODA implementing agencies
- **TOT_agric_z** = Total delivery in agricultural related sectors by all ODA implementing agencies in country "z"

Indicator Definitions:

(1) % Delivery over Total FAO Delivery

Percentage of FAO delivery in sub-sector "a" and country "z" over total FAO delivery in country "z" = FAO_az / FAO_totz

(2) % FAO Delivery over Total Delivery

Percentage of FAO delivery in sub-sector "a" and country "z" over total delivery by all ODA implementing agencies in sub-sector "a" and country "z"

(3) % Total FAO Delivery over Total Agriculture

Percentage of total FAO delivery in country "z" over total agricultural delivery by all ODA implementing agencies in country "z"

- = FAO_totz / TOT_agric_z
- (4) Comparative advantage ratio = (FAO_az / TOT_az) / (FAO_totz / TOT_agric_z)
- (5) Does FAO have a Comparative Advantage? If (4) > 1 = Yes

If
$$(4) < 1 = No$$