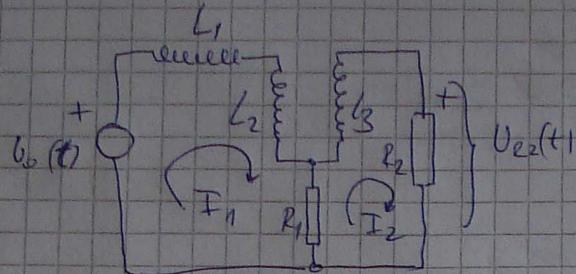


(1A)



$$U_o(t) = S(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{S}$$

$$I_2 R_2 = U_{e2}$$

$$R_2 = 1 \Rightarrow I_2 = \underline{\underline{U_{e2}}}$$

$$(1) I_1 (sL_1 + sL_2 + R_1) - I_2 R_1 = U_o(t)$$

$$(2) -I_1 R_1 + I_2 (R_1 + sL_3 + R_2) = 0$$

$$(1) I_1 = \frac{U_o(t) + I_2 R_1}{sL_1 + sL_2 + R_1}$$

$$(1) \cup (2) - \frac{U_o(t) + I_2 R_1}{sL_1 + sL_2 + R_1} \cdot R_1 + I_2 (R_1 + sL_3 + R_2) = 0$$

$$I_2 \left(R_1 + sL_3 + R_2 - \frac{R_1}{sL_1 + sL_2 + R_1} \right) = \frac{U_o(t)}{sL_1 + sL_2 + R_1}$$

$$I_2 \left(\frac{(R_1 + sL_3 + R_2)(sL_1 + sL_2 + R_1) - R_1}{sL_1 + sL_2 + R_1} \right) = \frac{U_o(t)}{sL_1 + sL_2 + R_1}$$

$$I_2 = \frac{U_o(t)}{s^2(L_2 L_3 + L_1 L_3) + s(L_1 R_1 + L_2 R_2 + L_3 R_3) + R_1^2 + R_1 R_2 + R_2^2 + L_1 R_2 + L_2 R_1}$$

$$I_2 = \frac{1}{s(12s^2 + 10s + 1)} = U_{e2}(s)$$

$$U_{e2}(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}[U_{e2}(s)]$$

$$\frac{1}{s(12s^2+10s+1)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{Bs+C}{12s^2+10s+1}$$

$$1 = A(12s^2+10s+1) + (Bs+C)s$$

$$\underline{s=0} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{1=A}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{s=1}} \Rightarrow 1 = 2B + B + C$$

$$\underline{\underline{C+B=-22}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{s=-1}} \Rightarrow 1 = 3 + B - C$$

$$\underline{\underline{-2=B-C}}$$

$$C + C + 2 = -22$$

$$2C = -20$$

$$\underline{\underline{C=-10}} \quad , \quad \underline{\underline{B=-12}}$$

$$I_2(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{12s+10}{12s^2+10s+1} \stackrel{12}{=} \cancel{\frac{12s+10}{12s^2+10s+1}}$$

$$I_3(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{s + \frac{5}{12}}{s^2 + \frac{5}{6}s + \frac{1}{12}} = \frac{1}{s} - \left[\frac{s + \frac{5}{12}}{(s + \frac{5}{12})^2 - \frac{13}{144}} + \frac{\frac{5}{12}}{(s + \frac{5}{12})^2 - \frac{13}{144}} \right]$$

$$I_4(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{s + \frac{5}{12}}{(s + \frac{5}{12})^2 - (\frac{13}{144})^2} - \frac{\frac{13}{144}}{(s + \frac{5}{12})^2 - (\frac{13}{144})^2}$$

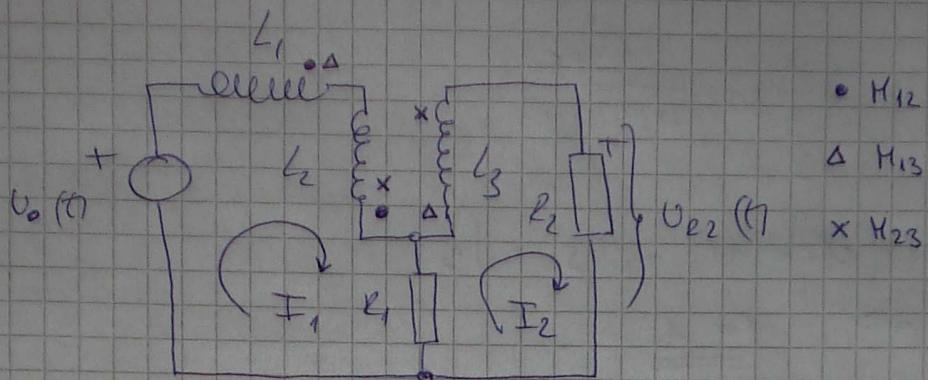
$$v_{R2}(t) = i_2(s) = 1 - \left[\operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{13}{144} \cdot t\right) - \frac{5}{144} \operatorname{sh}\left(\frac{13}{144} \cdot t\right) \right] e^{-\frac{5}{12}t}$$

ZA OVOG LAPLACEA NI SAM SIGURAN DA JE

DOBRE, ABO NETRO HODE NEKE projekat.

NASIBA JUJU JE PREVI DIO ZADATCI!

(18)

• M_{12} △ M_{13} x M_{23}

$$(1) \quad I_1 \left(sL_1 + sL_2 + R_1 \right) - I_2 \cdot R_1 = U_o(t)$$

↳ OVO BI BILA JEDN. PETJE 1 ZEZ

MEĐUINDUKTIVITETNIH VERA (KAO U 1A)

PODSEJENIK

$$(1) \quad \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ i & L_1 & L_2 \end{matrix} \quad L_1 + L_2 + 2M_{12}$$

$$(2) \quad \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ i & L_1 & L_2 \end{matrix} \quad L_1 + L_2 - 2M_{12}$$

- MEĐUINDUKTIVITET PROMATRANO KTO JESEN

"NOVU ZAMJENIĆU" KOJI OUSNO O DEJENJU

TOČICE INDUCIRATE U SMJERU SREĆE LI

U SMJERU SUPROTNOM OD SMJERU STEGE

(DODJE LI ODUŠTA NIPON)

- BITNO JE SHO DA LI SLEDEĆI OBRAVA DOK

"GATA" NI TOČICU LIKA NA NEONAVLJU

DIO / ŠTO DAJE DA JE SLEDEĆI (1) LI

KAO : $\rightarrow \begin{matrix} \bullet & \bullet \\ i & \bullet \end{matrix}$, + SLEDEĆI (2)

KAO : $\rightarrow \begin{matrix} \bullet & \bullet \\ i & \bullet \end{matrix}$

(1) SA MEDUIND,

$$(1) I_1 (sL_1 + sL_2 + R_1 + 2M_{12}s) - I_2 [R_1 + s(M_{13} - M_{23})] = v_0(t)$$

$$(2) -I_1 [R_1 + s(M_{13} - M_{23})] + I_2 (R_1 + sL_3 + R_2) = 0$$

SAD DEMO ODMAH UVRSTIT VRJEDNOSTI DA NE ~~=====~~

KOMPLIKIRANO JE SUSTAV RAS NJEG JEDNOSTAVNI A

PROJEKT SE OK, PA AHO:

$$(1) I_1 (4s + 1) - I_2 (-s + 1) = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$(2) -I_1 (-s + 1) + I_2 (6s + 2) = 0$$

MATO SREDIVANJA DAZE:

$$I_2 = \frac{1-s}{s(15s^2+14s+1)}$$

$$V_{e2} = R_2 \cdot I_2 = \frac{1-s}{s(15s^2+14s+1)}$$

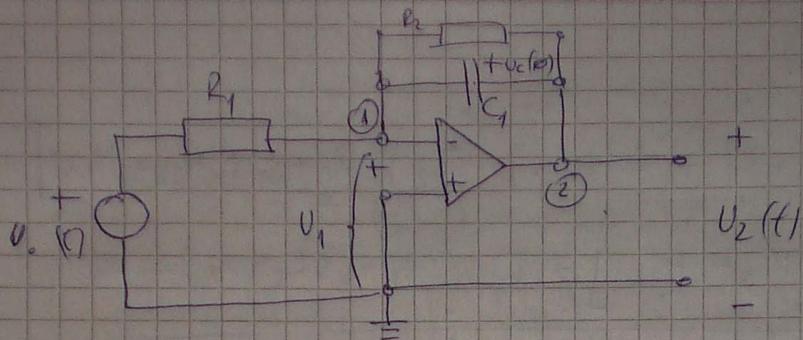
$$15s^2 + 14s + 1 = 0$$

$$s_{1,2} = -\frac{7 \pm \sqrt{34}}{15} ; \quad \frac{1-s}{s(15s^2+14s+1)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s + \frac{7+\sqrt{34}}{15}} + \frac{C}{s + \frac{7-\sqrt{34}}{15}}$$

$$\text{RAČUN DYE: } A = 1; \quad B = \frac{15}{2\sqrt{34}}; \quad C = -\frac{15}{2\sqrt{34}}$$

$$V_{e2}(t) = \left[1 + \frac{15}{2\sqrt{34}} e^{-\frac{7+\sqrt{34}}{15} t} - \frac{15}{2\sqrt{34}} e^{-\frac{(7-\sqrt{34})}{15} t} \right] s(t)$$

(2)



$$(1) \quad U_1 \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + sC_1 \right) - U_2 \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + sC_1 \right) = \frac{U_0(t)}{R_1} - C_1 U_C(\sigma)$$

$$(2) \quad -U_1 \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + sC_1 \right) + U_2 \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + sC_1 \right) = C_1 U_C(\sigma)$$

$U_1 = \emptyset$ ZBOS PREV, DNOŠ KRAJTEOG SPJA!

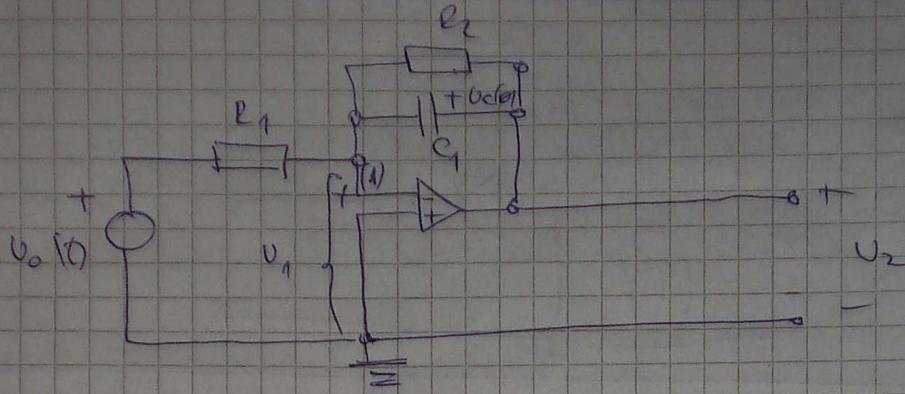
$$\text{iz (1)} \quad U_2 = \frac{C_1 U_C(\sigma) - \frac{U_0(t)}{R_1}}{\frac{1}{R_2} + sC_1} \cdot \frac{1 - \frac{1}{s}}{1 + s} = \frac{\frac{s-1}{s}}{1+s}$$

$$U_2(s) = \frac{2s - (1+s)}{s(1+s)} = \frac{2}{1+s} - \frac{1}{s}$$

$$U_2(t) = (2e^{-t} - 1) \delta(t)$$

OVDJE SAM SA PRETPOSTAVKO DA CE ME JEDNOM (1)
 DOVESTI DO TOČNOS RJESENJE. NIŠAH BAŠ
 SIGURAN U TOČNOST OVOG POSTUPKA.
 SJEDECI FAL STOČKI ISU MI ZADATEK
 RJESEN KU 100% TOČAN I CATUHVU NĀIN,
 OVO SAM ČINIO ZA ONE KOJI JEZ
 EXPERIMENTIRAT :)

(3)



POŠTO U TOČKI (1) VLADA NAPON ϕV (ZBOS V.K.S.)

GLEDAJ ČEHO SOKU STROJA KOJE ULAZE U TAJ
ČVOR JER ZNAMO DA ON MORA BITI ϕ .

$$\frac{U_o - U_1}{R_1} + \frac{U_2 - U_1}{R_2} + \frac{U_2 - U_1}{\frac{1}{sC_1}} - \frac{\frac{U_C(\phi)}{s}}{\frac{1}{sC}} = 0$$

STROJE KOJE ULAZE U ČVOR SU UCETE SA +
PREDZNAKOM, A ONE KOJE IZLAZE SA -

U_2 i U_o SU VECI OD U_1 , ZATO NJHORE
STROJE IMaju + PREDZNAK (JER ULaze u ČVOR)

STROJA ODREĐENA SA $U_C(\phi)$ JE - JER IDE K
ČVORA. $U_1 = \phi$ (ZBOS V.K.S.)

RJEŠAVANJE VODI NA 1500 CJESTIJE:

$$U_2(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s}$$

(3)

$$(1) \quad U_1 \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + s C_1 + \frac{1}{sL_2} \right) - U_2 \frac{1}{sL_2} = G u_C(\varphi) + \frac{U_0(t)}{R_1}$$

$$(2) \quad -U_1 \frac{1}{sL_2} + U_2 \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + s C_2 + \frac{1}{sL_2} \right) = \varphi$$

UVR STECKE DAJE:

$$(3) \quad U_1 = U_2 (2s^2 + 2s + 1)$$

(3) U (1)

$$U_2 \left(\frac{2s(2s^2 + 2s + 1)^2 - 2s}{(2s)^2} \right) = 2$$

$$U_2 \frac{(2s^2 + 2s + 1)^2 - 1}{2s} = 2$$

$$U_2 = \frac{4s}{(2s^2 + 2s + 1 - 1)(2s^2 + 2s + 1 + 1)}$$

$$U_2 = \frac{4s}{(2s^2 + 2s)(2s^2 + 2s + 2)}$$

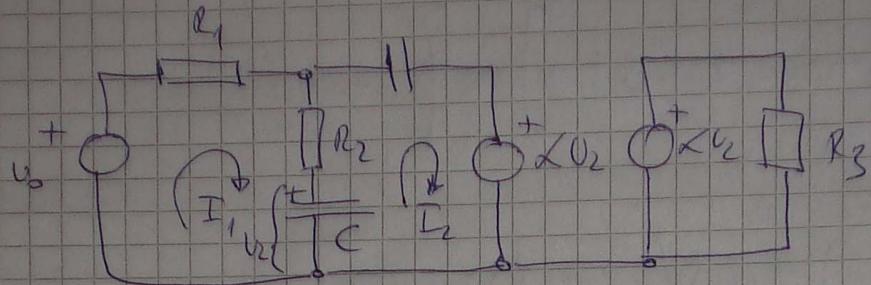
$$U_2 = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s^2+s+1)}$$

$$U_2(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{s}{s^2+s+1} \quad (\text{METHODUM NEODREBENIH KOEF})$$

$$U_2(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{s + \frac{1}{2}}{\left(s + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\left(s + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2}$$

$$U_2(t) = \left[e^{-t} - \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \right] \text{ SR1}$$

(3)



$$(1) \quad (I_2 - I_1) \left(R_2 + \frac{1}{sC} \right) + I_2 \frac{1}{sC} + L_{U_2} = 0$$

$$(2) \quad (I_1 - I_2) \left(R_2 + \frac{1}{sC} \right) + I_1 R_1 - U_o = 0$$

$$(I_1 - I_2) \frac{1}{sC} = U_2$$

$$(3) \quad \underline{I_1 = U_2 sC + I_2}$$

(3) \cup (1) i (2)

$$(1) \quad -U_2 sC \left(R + \frac{1}{sC} \right) + I_2 \frac{1}{sC} + L_{U_2} = 0$$

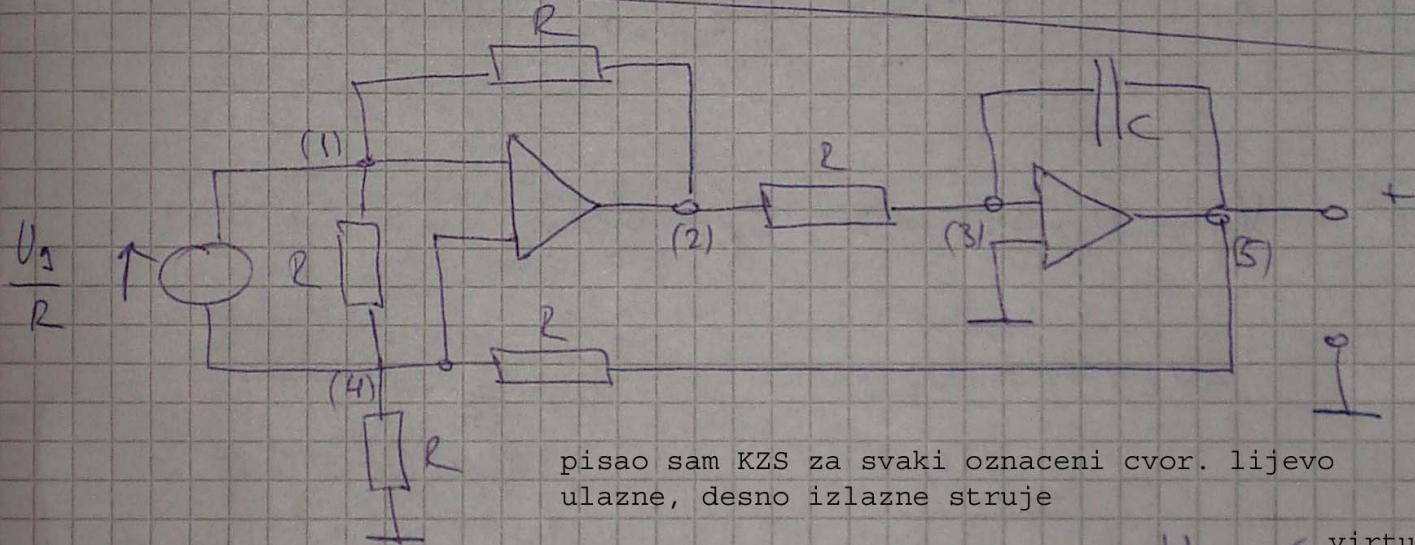
$$(2) \quad U_2 sC \left(R + \frac{1}{sC} \right) + R \left(U_2 sC + I_2 \right) - U_o = 0$$

$$I_2 = \left[-L_{U_2} + (U_2 sC) \left(R + \frac{1}{sC} \right) \right] sC$$

UVR STENJEN: $I_2 \cup (1) \mid$ SREDIVANJEM 12.4.1:

$$U_2 = \frac{U_o}{4s^2 + 2s + 1} = \frac{1}{4s^2 + 2s + 1} = \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{s^2 + \frac{1}{2}s + \frac{1}{4}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}}{(s + \frac{1}{4})^2 + (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4})^2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} e^{-\frac{1}{4}t} \sin(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}t) \text{ Sf.}$$



$$(1) \frac{U_3}{R} = \frac{U_1 - U_4}{R} + \frac{U_1 - U_2}{R}$$

$U_3 = 0$ virtualni kratki spoj

$\underline{U_1 = U_4}$ virtualni kratki spoj

$$(2) \delta = \frac{U_2 - U_1}{R} + \frac{U_2 - U_3}{R}$$

$$\underline{U_{i2L} = (U_5 - U_4) + U_4 = U_5}$$

$$(3) \delta = \frac{U_3 - U_2}{R} + \frac{(U_5 - U_3)}{RC_1}$$

$$(4) -\frac{U_3}{R} = \frac{U_4 - U_1}{R} + \frac{U_4}{R} + \frac{U_4 - U_5}{R}$$

$$(5) \delta = \frac{U_5 - U_3}{RC_1} + \frac{U_5 - U_7}{R}$$

$$(1) \quad \frac{U_2}{R} = \frac{U_1 - U_2}{R}$$

$$(2) \quad \phi = \frac{U_2 - U_1}{R} + \frac{U_2}{R}$$

$$(3) \quad \phi = -\frac{U_2}{R} - U_5 sC$$

$$(4) \quad -\frac{U_2}{R} = \frac{U_1}{R} + \frac{U_1 - U_5}{R}$$

$$(5) \quad \phi = U_5 sC + \frac{U_5 - U_1}{R}$$

$$(1) \quad U_g = U_1 - U_2 \Rightarrow U_1 = U_g + U_2$$

$$(2) \quad -U_2 + U_1 = U_2$$

$$\underline{U_1 = U_2 \cdot 2}$$

$$(1)(2) \quad 2U_2 = U_g + U_2$$

$$\frac{U_1}{2} = U_2 = \underline{U_g}$$

$$\overbrace{\underline{U_5 sC R = U_1 - U_5}}^{(5)}$$

$$U_g(1+sC) = U_g \cdot 2$$

$$U_5 = \frac{2 \cdot U_g}{(1+sC)}$$

~~Skizze~~

$$\begin{aligned} U_2 &= U_g sC R \\ U_g &= U_5 sC \\ U_5 &= - \end{aligned}$$

$$U_5 = \frac{2}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{2s+2}$$

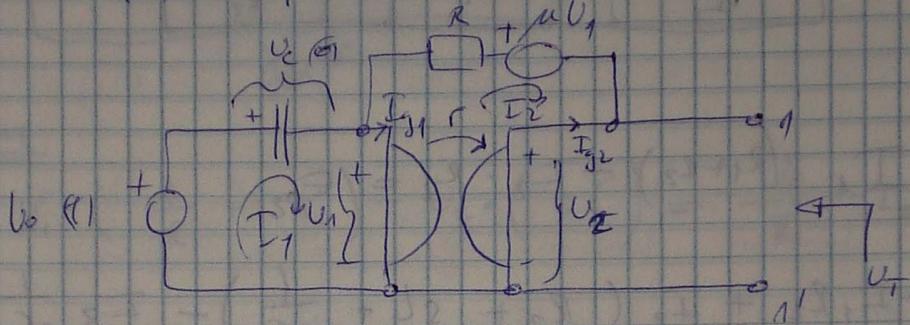
70

PO THEVENINU

(1)-(1')

$$L = \frac{1}{2}, \quad C = 1, \quad \mu = \frac{1}{2}, \quad r = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$U_c(0) = 2, \quad U_o(t) = s(t)$$



a) $U_T = ?$

$$I_1 \frac{1}{sC} = U_o - \frac{U_c(0)}{s} - U_1$$

$$I_2 R = U_1 - \mu U_1 - U_2$$

$$U_1 = -r I_{g2}$$

$$F_{g2} = -I_2$$

$$U_1 = -r I_{g1}$$

$$I_{g1} = I_1 - I_2$$

$$I_1 \frac{1}{sC} = U_o - \frac{U_c(0)}{s} - r I_2$$

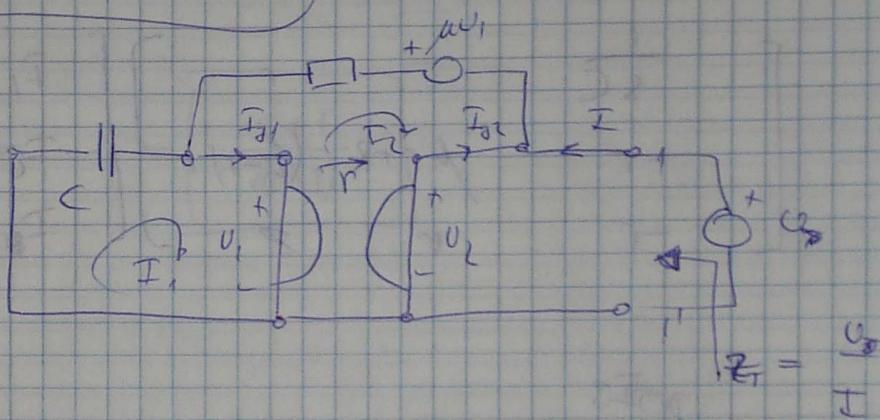
$$F_2 R = r I_2 - \mu r I_2 + r I_1 - r I_2$$

$$I_1 \cdot \frac{1}{sC} + F \cdot I_2 = U_0 - \frac{U_C(0)}{s}$$

$$-r \cdot I_1 + (\mu + \alpha) I_2 = 0$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} U_T = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{s+3} \\ \end{array} \right.$$

b)



$$-I_1 \cdot \frac{1}{sC} = U_1$$

$$-U_1 + F_2 R + \mu U_1 + U_2 = 0$$

$$I_2 \cdot R = U_1 - \mu U_1 - U_2$$

$$U_c = U$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} U_1 = -r I_{g2} \\ U_2 = -r I_{g1} \end{array} \right.$$

$$I_{g2} = -I_2 - I$$

$$I_{g1} = I_1 - I_2$$

$$U_1 = r F_1 + s I$$

$$U_2 = -r I_1 + r I_2$$

$$I_1 \frac{1}{sc} + r I_2 + r I = 0$$

$$(k-1) \cdot (r I_2 + r E) + F_2 \cdot 2 + (r D_1 + r D_2) = 0$$

$$-r F_1 + r F_2 - U = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sc} & r & r \\ -r & \mu r + R & (k-1)r \\ -r & r & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ F_2 \\ I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ U \end{bmatrix}$$

DOIS

$$I = \frac{\Delta_3}{\Delta} \quad \text{DET. SUSTINA}$$

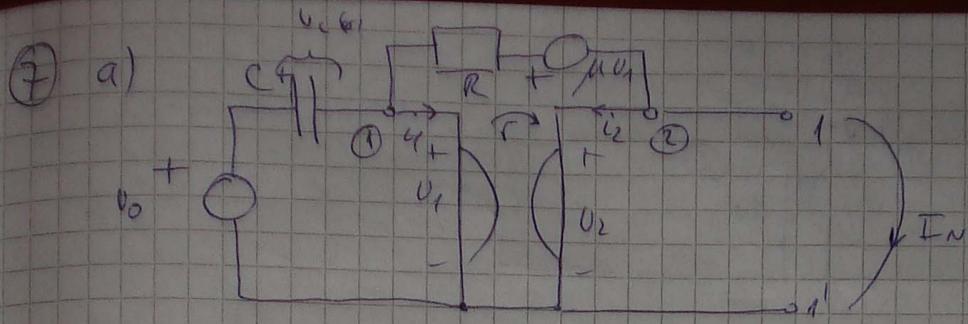
$$\Delta = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sc} & r & r \\ -r & \mu r + R & (k-1)r \\ -r & r & 0 \end{bmatrix} = r^2 \left[2 + \frac{1}{sc} (\mu - 1) \right]$$

$$\Delta_3 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sc} & r & 0 \\ -r & \mu r + R & 0 \\ -r & r & U \end{bmatrix} = U \left[\frac{1}{sc} (\mu sc) + r \right]$$

$$D = \frac{U \left[\frac{1}{sC} (\mu r + R) + r^2 \right]}{r^2 \left[R + \frac{1}{sC} (1 - \mu) \right]}$$

$$Z_T = \frac{U}{I} = \frac{r^2 \left[R + \frac{1}{sC} (1 - \mu) \right]}{\frac{1}{sC} (\mu r + R) + r^2}$$

$$= \dots = \boxed{\frac{s+1}{2(s+1)}}$$



$$(1) \quad U_1 \left(sC_1 + \frac{1}{R} \right) - U_2 \left(\frac{1}{R} \right) = -CU_C(\theta) + U_0 sC + \frac{-i_1}{R} + \mu U_1$$

$$(2) \quad -U_1 \left(\frac{1}{R} \right) + U_2 \left(\frac{1}{R} \right) = -\frac{\mu U_1}{R} + I_{g2} - I_N$$

$$\boxed{U_2 = 0}$$

ZBOS KETIXOS
SPOJA A-1'

$$U_1 = r I_{g2}; \quad U_2 = -r I_{g1}$$

$$I_{g2} = \frac{U_1}{r}; \quad I_{g1} = -\frac{U_2}{r}$$

$$(1) \quad U_1 \left(sC + \frac{1}{R} - \frac{1}{r} \right) - U_2 \left(\frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{r} \right) = U_0 sC - CU_C(\theta)$$

$$(2) \quad -U_1 \left(\frac{1}{R} - \frac{1}{r} \right) + U_2 \left(\frac{1}{R} \right) = -I_N$$

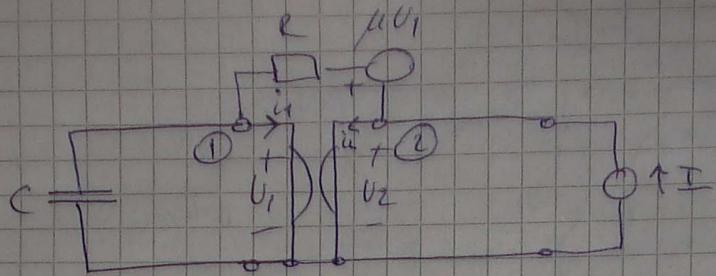
$= 0$

$$I_N = U_1 \left(\frac{1}{R} - \frac{1}{r} \right)$$

$$I_N(s) = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{R} - \frac{1}{r} \right) (U_0 sC - CU_C(\theta))}{sC + \frac{1 - 1/r}{R}}$$

$$I_N(s) = \frac{1}{s+1}$$

5)



$$(1) \quad U_1 \left(sC + \frac{1}{L} \right) - U_2 \frac{1}{R} = -i_1 + \frac{\mu U_1}{R}$$

$$(2) \quad -U_1 \frac{1}{R} + U_2 \frac{1}{R} = -\frac{\mu U_1}{R} + I - i_2$$

$$U_1 = r I_{g2} \Rightarrow i_2 = \frac{U_1}{r}$$

$$U_2 = -r I_{g1} \Rightarrow i_1 = -\frac{U_2}{r}$$

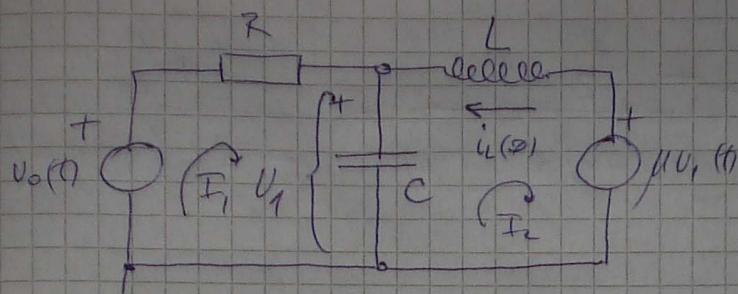
$$(1) \quad U_1 \left(sC + \frac{1-\mu}{L} \right) - U_2 \left(\frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{r} \right) = 0$$

$$(2) \quad -U_1 \left(\frac{1-\mu}{L} - \frac{1}{r} \right) + U_2 \frac{1}{R} = I$$

$$U_2 = \frac{Dv}{s} = \dots = I \frac{r^2 (1-\mu + sRC)}{s+r(sRC+\mu)}$$

$$Y_N = \frac{I}{U_2} = \frac{2(s+3)}{s+1}$$

(8)



$$(1) \quad I_1 \left(R + \frac{1}{sC} \right) - I_2 \left(\frac{1}{sC} \right) = v_o(t) \quad \boxed{\text{cancel}}$$

$$(2) \quad -I_1 \left(\frac{1}{sC} \right) + I_2 \left(\frac{1}{sC} + sL \right) = -\mu u_1(t) - L \cdot i(t)$$

$$(3) \quad (I_1 - I_2) \frac{1}{sC} = u_1$$

$$\underline{I_1} = u_1 sC + I_2$$

$$(1) \quad (u_1 sC + I_2) \left(R + \frac{1}{sC} \right) - I_2 \frac{1}{sC} = v_o(t) \quad \boxed{\text{cancel}}$$

$$(2) \quad -(u_1 sC + I_2) \frac{1}{sC} + I_2 \left(\frac{1}{sC} + sL \right) = -\mu u_1 - L \cdot i(t)$$

$$(1) \quad u_1 \left(sCR + 1 \right) + I_2 \left(\frac{1}{sC} + \frac{1}{sC} + R \right) = v_o(t) \quad \boxed{\text{cancel}}$$

$$(2) \quad u_1 \left(\mu - 1 \right) + I_2 \left(\frac{1}{sC} + sL - \frac{1}{sC} \right) = -L \cdot i(t)$$

$$D_s = \begin{vmatrix} (sCR + 1) & R \\ (\mu - 1) & sL \end{vmatrix}; \quad D_{u_1} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{s} & R \\ -\frac{1}{2} & sL \end{vmatrix}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{D_{01}}{PS} = \frac{L + \frac{R}{2}}{sC(sCR+1) + R(1-x)} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}s\left(\frac{1}{3}s+1\right) + \left(1-\frac{2}{3}\right)}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\frac{1}{6}s^2 + \frac{1}{2}s + \frac{1}{3}} = 6 \frac{1}{s^2 + 3s + 2}$$

$$= 6 \frac{1+s-s}{s^2 + 3s + 2} = 6 \left[\frac{1+s-s}{(s+1)(s+2)} \right]$$

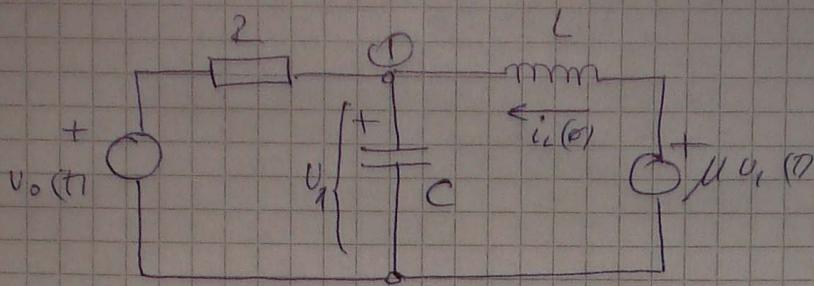
$$\frac{s^2 + 3s + 2}{s_{1,2}} = -\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9-8}}{2} = 6 \left[\frac{1}{s+2} - \frac{s}{(s+1)(s+2)} \right]$$

$$s_1 = -2, s_2 = -1 = 6 \left[\frac{1}{s+2} + \left(\frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{2}{s+2} \right) \right]$$

$$= 6 \left[\frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s+2} \right]$$

$$= 6 \left(e^{-t} - e^{-2t} \right) S(t)$$

(3)



$$(1) \quad U_1 \left(\frac{1}{R} + sC + \frac{1}{sL} \right) = \frac{v_o(t)}{R} + \frac{i_L(t)}{s} + \mu u_1(t)$$

$$U_1 = \frac{\frac{v_o(t)}{R} + \frac{i_L(t)}{s} + \mu u_1(t)}{\frac{1}{R} + sC + \frac{1}{sL} - \frac{\mu}{sL}}$$

$$U_1 = \frac{\frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s}}{1 + \frac{1}{3}s + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{4}{3s}}$$

$$U_1(s) = \frac{\frac{2}{s}}{1 + \frac{1}{3}s + \frac{2}{3s}} = \frac{\frac{2}{s}}{\frac{3s + s^2 + 2}{3s}}$$

$$U_1(s) = \frac{6}{s^2 + 3s + 2}$$

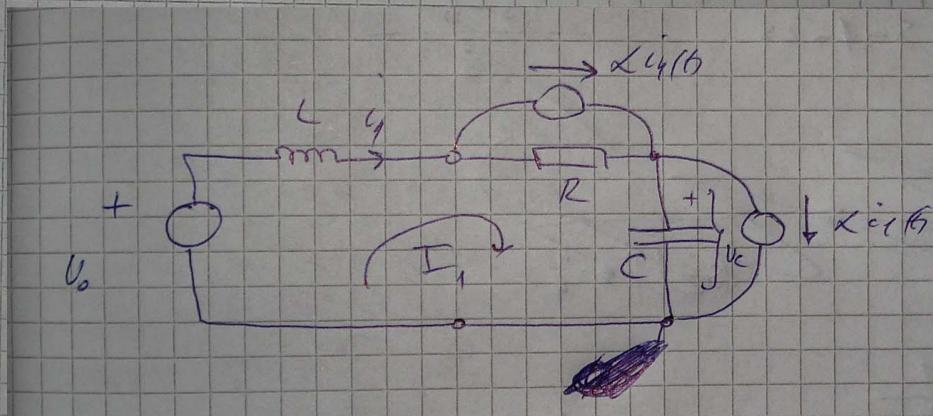
O STANTE INIZIALE VADA A B. ENDATO !

$$i_1 \left(\frac{1 + sC2 + s^2LC - \alpha^2sC - \alpha^2}{sC} \right) = \frac{u_o(t)s - u_c(0)}{s}$$

$$i_1 \left(1 + 2s + s^2 - s - \frac{1}{2} \right) = 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$i_1 \left(s^2 + s + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$i_1 = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{s^2 + s + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{(s + \frac{1}{2})^2 + (\frac{1}{2})^2} = e^{\frac{-t}{2}} \sin \frac{1}{2}t$$



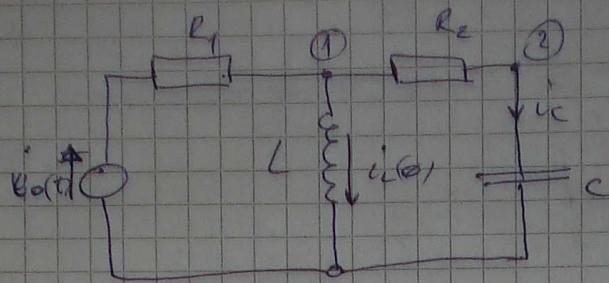
transformirajte strujni krug kako je gore nacrtano, ako vam nije jasno zasto je tako pogledajte slajdove 004 str. 30

sada postoji samo jedna jedn. petlje:

$$(1) I_1(sL + R + 1/sC) = u_0(t) + \alpha * i_1(R + 1/sC) - u_c(0)/s$$

kada se to sredi dobije se ono sto pise na vrhu stranice, i daljnjim sredivanje ispravno rjesenje

(12)



$$(1) \quad U_1 \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{sL} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) - U_2 \frac{1}{R_2} = i_o(t) - \frac{i_c(t)}{s}$$

$$(2) \quad -U_1 \frac{1}{R_2} + U_2 \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + sC \right) = 0$$

$$(2) \quad U_1 = \frac{\frac{1}{R_2} + sC}{\frac{1}{R_2}} U_2$$

$$(2) \quad U_1 (1 + sC R_2) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{sL} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) - U_2 \frac{1}{R_2} = i_o(t) - \frac{i_c(t)}{s}$$

$$U_2 \left((1 + sC R_2) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{sL} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) - \frac{1}{R_2} \right) = i_o(t) - \frac{i_c(t)}{s}$$

$$U_2 \left[(1 + s) \left(1 + \frac{1}{s} + 1 \right) - 1 \right] = 1 - \frac{1}{s}$$

$$U_2 \left[(1 + s) \left(2 + \frac{1}{s} \right) - 1 \right] = \frac{s-1}{s}$$

$$U_2 \left[2 + \frac{1}{s} + 2s + 1 - 1 \right] = \frac{s-1}{s}$$

$$U_2 \left(\frac{2s + 1 + 2s^2}{s} \right) = \frac{s-1}{s}$$

$$U_2 = \frac{s-1}{2s^2 + 2s + 1}$$

$$I_c(s) = \frac{U_o(s)}{\frac{1}{sC}} = U_o(s) \cdot sC$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{s^2 - 5}{s^2 + s + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{2s + \frac{1}{2}}{s^2 + s + \frac{1}{2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[1 - 2 \left(\frac{s + \frac{1}{4}}{s^2 + s + \frac{1}{2}} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[1 - 2 \left(\frac{s + \frac{1}{4}}{(s + \frac{1}{2})^2 + (\frac{1}{2})^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{(s + \frac{1}{2})^2 + (\frac{1}{2})^2} \right) \right]$$

$$i_c(t) = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \delta(t) - 2 \sin(\frac{1}{2}t) e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} + \cos(\frac{1}{2}t) e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \right\} s(t)$$

cini mi se da im jedan podatak krivo zadan ili su dali krivo rjesenje. provjerio sam 10 puta i nisam nasao gresku, a nikako dobit ono njihovo.

ako neko nade gresku neka posta