

(4)

$$x(n) = \{3, 6, 4, 2, 3, 5, 0, 9\}$$

a) FFT je grupa algoritama koji se koriste za brzo računanje DFT-a. Temelji se na dekompoziciji DFT-a u mrež parcijalnih DFT-a, odnosno periodičnosti i simetričnosti kompleksne eksponentacije.

b) $L=2, M=4, N=8$

$$x(0,0) = 3 \quad x(0,1) = 4 \quad x(0,2) = 3 \quad x(0,3) = 0$$

$$x(1,0) = 6 \quad x(1,1) = 2 \quad x(1,2) = 5 \quad x(1,3) = 9$$

3	4	3	0
6	2	5	9

$$\text{DFT}_4: X[k] = \sum_{n=0}^3 x(n) W_4^{nk}$$

$$X[0] = 3 + 4 + 3 = 10$$

$$X[1] = -4j$$

$$X[2] = 2$$

$$X[3] = 4j$$

$$X_1[k] = 3 \cdot W_4^0 + 4 \cdot W_4^{1k} + 3 \cdot W_4^{2k}$$

$$X_2[k] = 6 W_4^0 + 2 W_4^{1k} + 5 W_4^{2k} + 9 W_4^{3k}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c|c}
10 & -4j & 2 & 4j \\
\hline
22 & 1+j & 0 & 1-j
\end{array} \quad \cdot W_8^{\frac{k+1}{2}} =$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c|c}
10 & -4j & 2 & 4j \\
\hline
22 & 4\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2}j & 0 & -4\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2}j
\end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_3}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c|c}
10+22 & -4j + 4\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2}j & 2 & 4j - 4\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2}j \\
\hline
10-22 & -4j - 4\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2}j & 2 & 4j + 4\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2}j
\end{array}$$

$$x[0] = 32 \quad x[1] = 4\sqrt{2} + j(3\sqrt{2} - 4) \quad x[2] = 2 \quad x[3] = -4\sqrt{2} + j(3\sqrt{2} + 4)$$

$$x[4] = -12 \quad x[5] = -4\sqrt{2} - j(3\sqrt{2} + 4) \quad x[6] = 2 \quad x[7] = 4\sqrt{2} - j(3\sqrt{2} - 4)$$

$$c) L=4, M=2$$

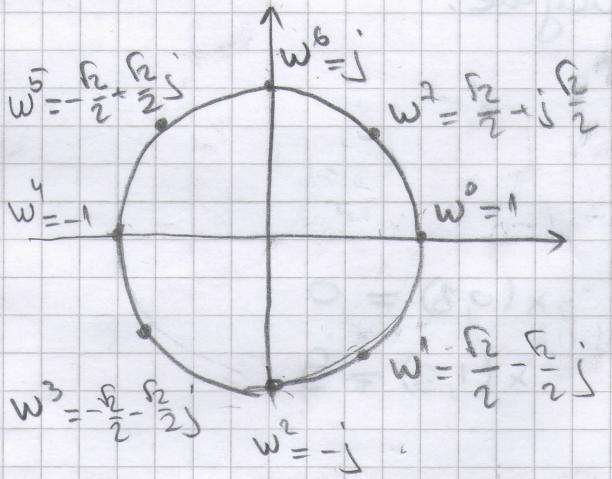
$$\begin{array}{ll} x(0,0)=3 & x(1,0)=3 \\ x(0,1)=6 & x(1,1)=5 \\ x(0,2)=4 & x(1,2)=0 \\ x(0,3)=2 & x(1,3)=9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} 3 & 3 \\ \hline 6 & 5 \\ \hline 4 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 9 \end{array}$$

DFT₂

$$\begin{array}{c|c} 6 & 0 \\ \hline M & 1 \\ \hline 4 & 4 \\ \hline 11 & -7 \end{array}$$

W_8^{ge}



$$\begin{array}{c|c} 6 & 0 \\ \hline M & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}j \\ \hline 4 & -4j \\ \hline 11 & +\frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2} + j\frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{array}$$

DFT₄

$$6+11+4+11=32$$

$$0 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}j - 4j + \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2} + j\frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2} = 4\sqrt{2} + j(3\sqrt{2} - 4)$$

$$6-11j-4+11j=2$$

$$0 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}j + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 4j + \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2}j - \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2} = -4\sqrt{2} + j(3\sqrt{2} + 4)$$

$$6-11+4-11=-12$$

$$0 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}j - 4j - \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2} - j\frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2} = -4\sqrt{2} - j(3\sqrt{2} + 4)$$

$$6+11j-4-11j=2$$

$$0 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}j + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 4j - \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2}j + j\frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2} = 4\sqrt{2} - j(3\sqrt{2} - 4)$$

$$x(0)=32$$

$$x(1)=4\sqrt{2} + j(3\sqrt{2} - 4)$$

$$x(2)=2$$

$$x(3)=-4\sqrt{2} + j(3\sqrt{2} + 4)$$

$$x(4)=-12$$

$$x(5)=-4\sqrt{2} - j(3\sqrt{2} + 4)$$

$$x(6)=2$$

$$x(7)=4\sqrt{2} - j(3\sqrt{2} - 4)$$