

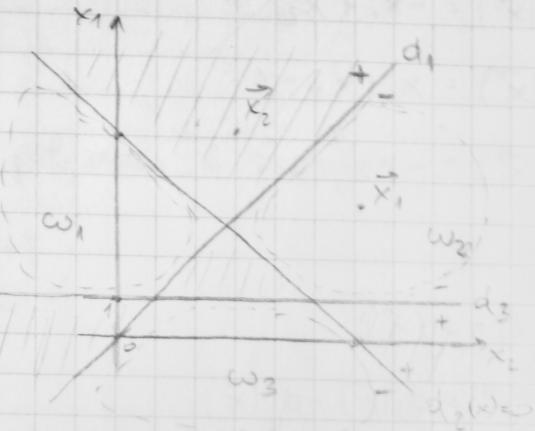
PROBLEM USE AO 2 LÀM ĐỀ

① $d_i(x) > 0 \Rightarrow \vec{x} \in \omega_i$

$$d_1(\vec{x}) = -x_1 + x_2$$

$$d_2(\vec{x}) = x_1 + x_2 - 5$$

$$d_3(\vec{x}) = -x_2 + 1$$



$$d_1(\vec{x}_1) < 0$$

$$d_1(\vec{x}_2) > 0$$

$$d_2(\vec{x}_2) > 0 \Rightarrow \vec{x}_2 \in \omega_2$$

$$d_2(\vec{x}_3) > 0 \Rightarrow ?$$

$$d_3(\vec{x}_3) < 0$$

$$d_3(\vec{x}_2) < 0$$

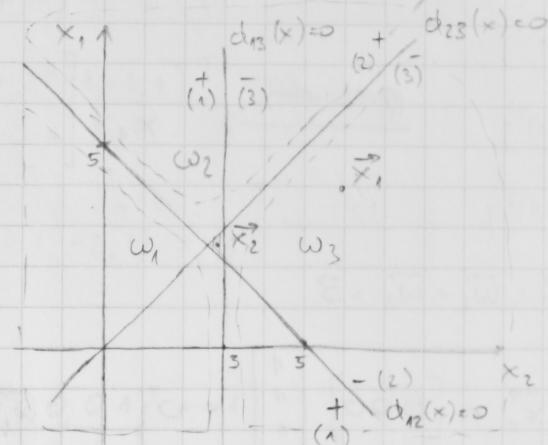
② $\vec{x} \in \omega$, also $d_{ij} > 0 \quad \forall j \neq i$

$$d_{ij} = -d_{ji}$$

$$d_{12}(x) = -x_1 - x_2 + 5$$

$$d_{13}(x) = -x_1 + 3$$

$$d_{23}(x) = -x_1 + x_2$$



$$d_{12}(\vec{x}_1) < 0 \Rightarrow d_{21}(\vec{x}_1) > 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} d_{13}(\vec{x}_1) < 0 \Rightarrow d_{31}(\vec{x}_1) > 0 \\ d_{23}(\vec{x}_1) < 0 \Rightarrow d_{32}(\vec{x}_1) > 0 \end{array} \right\} \vec{x}_1 \in \omega_3$$

$$d_{12}(\vec{x}_2) < 0 \Rightarrow d_{21}(\vec{x}_2) > 0$$

$$d_{13}(\vec{x}_2) > 0 \Rightarrow d_{31}(\vec{x}_2) < 0$$

$$d_{23}(\vec{x}_2) < 0 \Rightarrow d_{32}(\vec{x}_2) > 0$$

$\vec{x}_2 \in ?$

(3) $\vec{x} \in \omega_i$ alio $d_i > d_j \wedge j \neq i$

$$d_i(\vec{x}) = d_0(\vec{x})$$

$$d_1(\vec{x}) = -x_1 + x_2$$

$$d_2(\vec{x}) = x_1 + x_2 - 1$$

$$d_3(\vec{x}) = -x_2$$

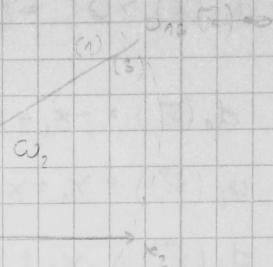
$$d_i(\vec{x}) = d_j(\vec{x})$$

$$d_{ij}(\vec{x}) = d_i(\vec{x}) - d_j(\vec{x})$$

$$\Leftrightarrow d_{12}(\vec{x}) = d_1(\vec{x}) - d_2(\vec{x})$$

$$d_{13}(\vec{x}) = d_1(\vec{x}) - d_3(\vec{x}) = -x_1 + 2x_2$$

$$d_{23}(\vec{x}) = d_2(\vec{x}) - d_3(\vec{x}) = x_1 + 2x_2 - 1$$



→ vema udefiniranih
područja (osim
samog sjećista)

PRIJMI SLUČAJ (3) - PERCEPATOR

$$\omega_1 = \{(1,1)^T\}$$

$$\omega_2 = \{(0,0)^T\}$$

$$\omega_3 = \{(-1,-1)^T\}$$

$$c = 1, \quad \vec{w}_1 = \vec{w}_2 = \vec{w}_3 = \vec{b}$$

$$\vec{w}_1^T \cdot \vec{x}_1 = [000] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\vec{w}_2^T \cdot \vec{x}_2 = [000] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\vec{w}_3^T \cdot \vec{x}_3 = [000] \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\vec{w}_1 = \vec{w}_1' + c \vec{x}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w}_2 = \vec{w}_2' - c \vec{x}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w}_3 = \vec{w}_3' - c \vec{x}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w}_1^T \vec{x}_2 = [111] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 1$$

$$\vec{w}_1 = \vec{w}_1' - c \vec{x}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w}_2^T \vec{x}_2 = [-1-1-1] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = -1$$

$$\vec{w}_2 = \vec{w}_2' + c \vec{x}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w}_3^T \vec{x}_2 = [-1-1-1] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = -1$$

$$\vec{w}_3 = \vec{w}_3' - c \vec{x}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w}_1^T \vec{x}_3 = [110] \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = -2$$

$$\vec{w}_3 = \vec{w}_3' + c \vec{x}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w}_2^T \vec{x}_3 = [-1-10] \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 2$$

$$\vec{w}_2 = \vec{w}_2' - c \vec{x}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w}_3^T \vec{x}_3 = [-1-1-2] \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\vec{w}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \text{osloje bliji je 07-2}$$

POLYNOME DECYZJSKE FUNKCIE

$$\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \vec{x}^* = \begin{bmatrix} x_1^2 \\ x_2 \\ x_1 x_2 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

↓

polynom 2. stupňa

$$w_1 = \{(0,1)^T, (-1,-2)^T, (1,-2)^T\}$$

$$w_2 = \{(0,0)^T\}$$

$$c=1, \quad \vec{w}_0 = 0$$

$$\vec{x}_1^* = \begin{bmatrix} x_1^2 \\ x_2 \\ x_1 x_2 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \vec{x}_1^* = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \vec{x}_2^* = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \vec{x}_3^* = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \vec{x}_4^* = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w}_1^T \vec{x}_1^* = 0$$

$$\vec{w}_2 = \vec{w}_1 + c \vec{x}_1^* = (0,4,0,0,2,1)^T$$

$$\vec{w}_2^T \vec{x}_2^* = (0,4,0,0,2,1) (1,4,2,1, -1, -2, 1)^T = 13$$

$$\vec{w}_3 = \vec{w}_2$$

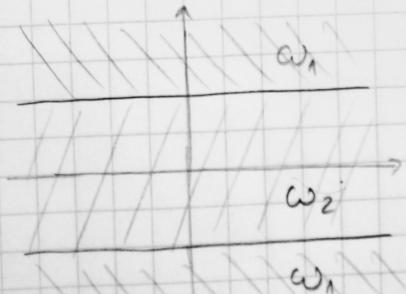
$$\vec{w}_3^T \vec{x}_3^* = (0,4,0,0,2,1) (1,4,-2,1, -2, 1)^T = 13$$

$$\vec{w}_4 = \vec{w}_3$$

$$\vec{w}_4^T \vec{x}_4^* = (0,4,0,0,2,1) (0,0,0,0,1)^T = -1$$

$$\vec{w}_5 = \vec{w}_4 + 1 \cdot \vec{x}_4^* = (0,4,0,0,2,0)$$

$$\vec{w} = (0,4,0,0,2,-1)^T \Rightarrow d(x) = 4x_2^2 + 2x_2 - 1$$



$$4x_2^2 + 2x_2 + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{5}{4} = 0$$

$$(2x_2 + \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{5}{4} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 = \frac{1}{4} \pm \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

GRADIENTNI SPUST

$$j(\vec{w}, \vec{x}, b) = \frac{1}{8\|\vec{x}\|^2} \left[(\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) - |\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b| \right]^2$$

$$\vec{w}(t+1) = \vec{w}(t) - c \begin{cases} \frac{\partial j(\vec{w}, \vec{x}, b)}{\partial \vec{w}} \\ \vec{w} = \vec{w}(t) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial j}{\partial \vec{w}} &= \frac{1}{8\|\vec{x}\|^2} \cdot 2 \left[(\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) - |\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b| \right] \left[\vec{x} - \text{sgn}(\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) \cdot \vec{x} \right] = \\ &= \frac{1}{4\|\vec{x}\|^2} \left[(\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) \vec{x} - (\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) \text{sgn}(\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) \vec{x} - |\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b| \vec{x} - \right. \\ &\quad \left. - |\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b| \text{sgn}(\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) \vec{x} \right] = \\ &= \frac{1}{4\|\vec{x}\|^2} \left[2(\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) \vec{x} - 2|\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b| \vec{x} \right] = \\ &= \frac{1}{2\|\vec{x}\|^2} \left[(\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) - |\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b| \right] \vec{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{w}(t+1) = \vec{w}(t) - \frac{c}{2\|\vec{x}\|^2} \left[(\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) - |\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b| \right] \vec{x}$$

$$\vec{w}(t+1) \rightarrow \begin{cases} \vec{w}(t), & \vec{w}^\top \vec{x} > b \\ \vec{w}(t) - \frac{c}{2\|\vec{x}\|^2} (\vec{w}^\top \vec{x} - b) \vec{x}, & \vec{w}^\top \vec{x} < b \end{cases}$$