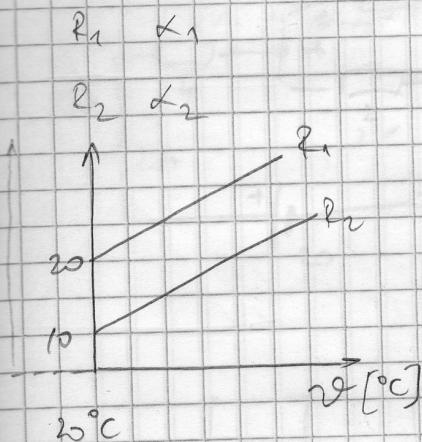


## WERTZÄHLEN

①



$$y = kx + l \quad k = \alpha \cdot$$

$$R_{20} = R_{20} (1 + \alpha (20 - 20))$$

$$R_{20} = R_{20} + R_{20} \cdot \Delta \alpha$$

$$= R_{20} [1 + \alpha (20 - 20)]$$

$$\frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_2} = ?$$

$$\alpha_1 \cdot R_{10} = \alpha_2 \cdot R_{20}$$

$$\frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_2} = \frac{R_{20}}{R_{10}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

②

$$U_{ba} = ?$$

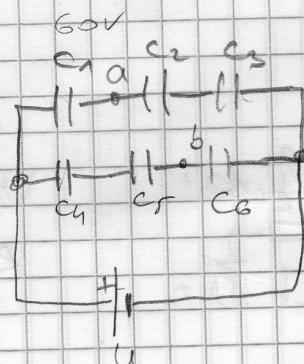
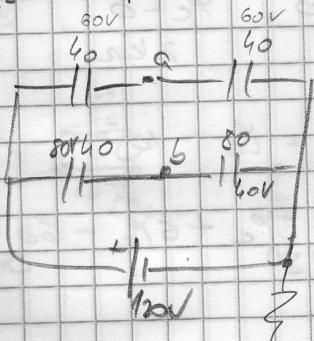
$$U = 120V$$

$$C_1 = 40 \mu F$$

$$C_2 = C_3 = C_4 = C_5 = C_6 = 80 \mu F$$

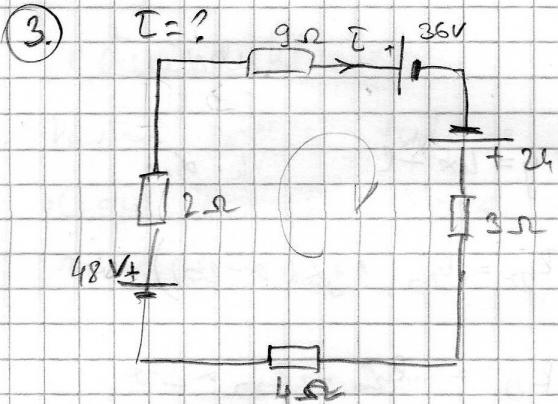
$$C_{23} = 40 \mu F$$

$$C_{45} = 40 \mu F$$



$$U_{ba} = V_B - V_A$$

$$U_{ba} = +60 - 60 = -20V$$



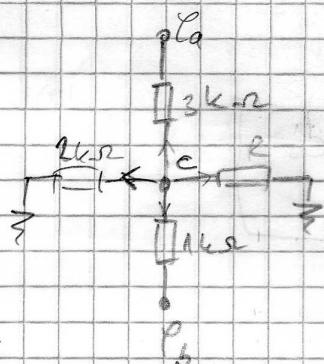
$$-36V + 24V + 48V = I(3\Omega + 9\Omega + 2\Omega + 4\Omega)$$

$$36V = 18I$$

$$I = 2A$$

(5)

(4)  $E_c = ?$



$$E_a = 54V$$

$$E_b = 10V$$

$$R = 2k\Omega$$

$$\sum I = 0$$

$$+\frac{P_c - P_a}{3k\Omega} + \frac{P_c - 0}{R} + \frac{P_c - 0}{2k\Omega} + \frac{P_c - P_b}{1k\Omega} = 0$$

$$\frac{P_c}{3} - 18 + \frac{P_c}{2} + \frac{P_c}{2} + P_c - 10 = 0 / .6$$

$$2P_c - 108 + 3P_c + 3P_c + 6P_c - 60 = 0$$

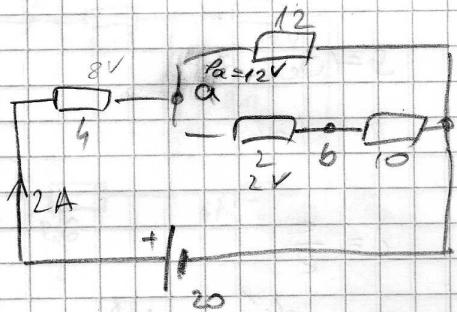
$$14P_c = 168$$

$$P_c = 12V$$

(7)

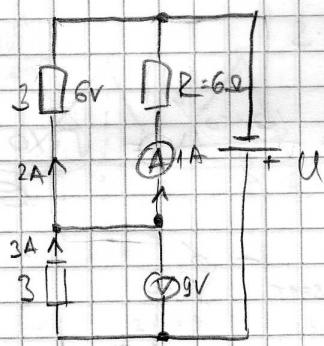
(8)

(5)



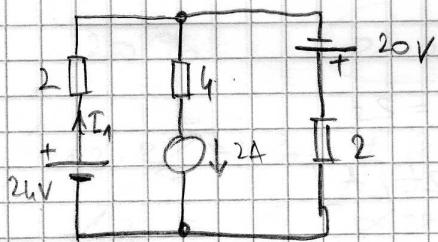
$$U_{ab} = ? = 2V$$

(6)



$$P_R = ? = 6W$$

(7)



$$\begin{aligned} & 12V \quad +6A \uparrow \\ & 2A \quad +1A \uparrow \\ & 20V \quad 5A \uparrow \end{aligned}$$

$$I_1 = 12A$$

(8)



$$Q_B = 16nC$$

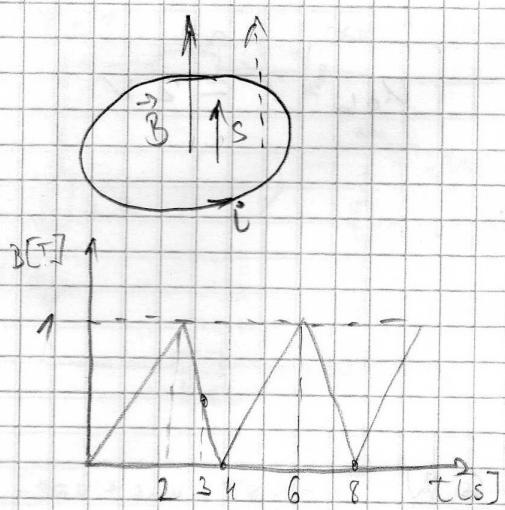
$$\vec{E}_c = \vec{E}_A + \vec{E}_B$$

$$E_c = \frac{Q_A}{4\pi\epsilon_0(\frac{d}{2})^2} + \frac{Q_B}{4\pi\epsilon_0(\frac{d}{2})^2}$$

$$= 1725,646 + 2300,86$$

$$= 4026,5 \frac{V}{m}$$

(9)



$$S = 10 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$R = 1 \text{ m}$$

$$i = \frac{e}{R}$$

$$e = -\frac{d\phi}{dt} = -\frac{\Delta\phi}{\Delta t}$$

$$\phi = B \cdot S$$

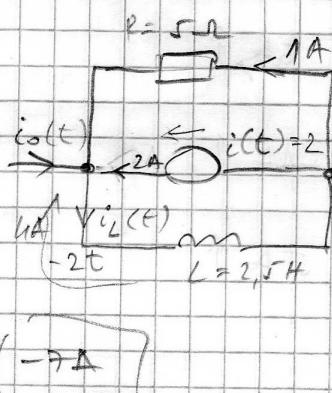
$$\left| \frac{\Delta\phi}{\Delta t} \right| = \frac{10 \cdot 10^{-4}}{2} = \underbrace{5 \cdot 10^{-4}}_e \text{ A}$$

$$\Delta\phi = \phi_{B=1T} - \phi_{B=0}$$

$t=2s \quad t=4s$

$$\Delta\phi = \phi(t=2) - \underbrace{\phi(t=4)}_0$$

(10)



$$i_L(t) \quad t = 2s$$

$$i_L(t) = -2t \text{ [A]}$$

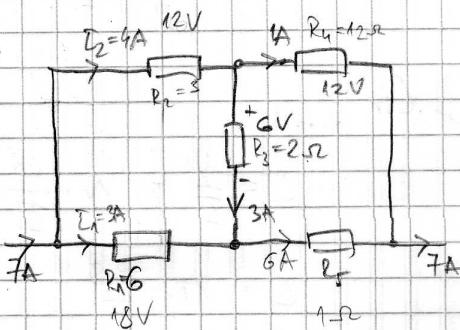
$$i_L(t=2s) = -2 \cdot 2 = -4 \text{ A}$$

$$\frac{di}{dt} = -2 \text{ A}$$

$$u_L(t) = L \cdot \frac{di}{dt} = 2.5 \cdot (-2) = -5 \text{ V}$$

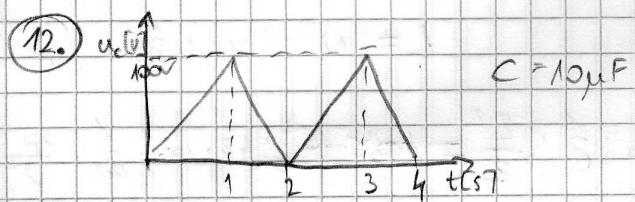
(13)

(11.)



$$P_{R_4} = ? = 36W$$

(12.)



$$C = 10 \mu F$$

$$W = \frac{C \cdot U^2}{2}$$

$$\text{iff } C \cdot \frac{du}{dt} = 10 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 100 = 10^{-3}$$

$$P = U \cdot I$$

$$P = U \cdot I = 100 \cdot 10^{-3} = 100 \mu W$$

(13.)

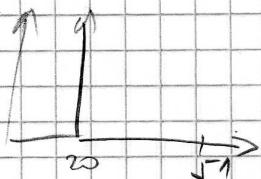
20 %

0,00392  $\alpha$ 

~~$$1,2 \cdot \frac{\alpha}{100} = \beta_{23} + \beta_{20} \cdot \alpha \cdot 20$$~~

$$1,2 = 1 + \alpha \cdot 20$$

$$\alpha = \frac{0,2}{20} = 0,01$$



$$\sqrt{-1 + 20} = \sqrt{39}$$

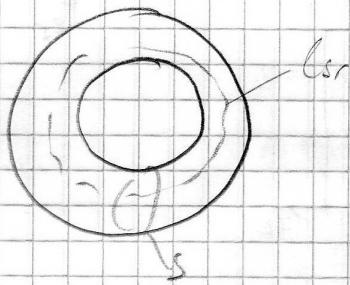
14.

$$l_{sr} = 20 \text{ mm}$$

$$S = 1 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$N = 400$$

$$I = 0,5 \text{ A}$$



$$L = \frac{\Psi}{I} = N \cdot \frac{\Phi}{I}$$

$$L = N \cdot \frac{BS}{I}$$

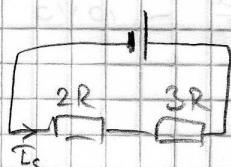
$$W = L \cdot \frac{I^2}{2}$$

$$L = \frac{N^2 \cdot S \cdot \mu_0}{2} \frac{NZ}{\ell}$$

$$L = N^2 \cdot S \cdot \mu_0 \cdot \frac{1}{\ell}$$

$$W = N^2 \cdot S \cdot \mu_0 \cdot \frac{1}{\ell} \cdot \frac{I^2}{2} = 400^2 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot \frac{1}{0,2} \cdot \frac{0,5^2}{2}$$

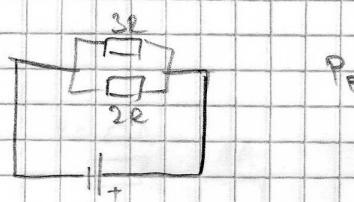
15.



$$P_S$$

$$I_S = \frac{U}{5R}$$

$$P_S = U \cdot \frac{U}{5R} = \frac{U^2}{5R}$$



$$P_P$$

$$E_P = \frac{U}{1,2R}$$

$$P_P = U \cdot \frac{U}{1,2R} = \frac{U^2}{1,2R}$$

$$\frac{P_S}{P_P}$$

$$\frac{P_S}{P_P} = \frac{\frac{U^2}{5R}}{\frac{U^2}{1,2R}} = \frac{1,2R}{5R} = 0,24$$