

$$15) \quad y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 6y(t) = u(t)$$

A) TOTALNI ODZIV  $[y_{\text{TOTALNI}}(t) = \underbrace{y_{\text{HOMOGENI}}(t)}_{y_H(t)} + \underbrace{y_{\text{PARTIKULARNI ili PRISILNO}}(t)}_{y_p(t)}]$

pobuda:  $u(t) = (12t+16)\mu(t) \quad y_p(t)$

početni uvjeti u  $0^-$ :  $y(0^-) = 3, y'(0^-) = -8$

homogena jev:  $y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 6y(t) = 0 \quad y_H(t) = Ce^{\lambda t}$   
 (prirodni  
odziv)  $C\lambda^2 e^{\lambda t} + 5C\lambda e^{\lambda t} + 6Ce^{\lambda t} = 0 \quad y_H'(t) = C\lambda e^{\lambda t}$

$$Ce^{\lambda t}(\lambda^2 + 5\lambda + 6) = 0 \quad | : Ce^{\lambda t} \quad y_H''(t) = C\lambda^2 e^{\lambda t}$$

$$\lambda^2 + 5\lambda + 6 = 0 \quad m \cdot n = 1 \cdot 6 = 6 \quad \begin{matrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix} \quad \lambda^2 + 3\lambda + 2\lambda + 6 = 0$$

$$m=1 \quad m+n=5 \quad m=6 \quad \lambda(\lambda+3) + 2(\lambda+3) = 0$$

$$2 \cdot 3 = 6 \quad \checkmark \quad (\lambda+3)(\lambda+2) = 0$$

$$2+3=5 \quad \checkmark \quad \lambda_1 = -3, \lambda_2 = -2$$

$$y_H(t) = C_1 e^{-3t} + C_2 e^{-2t}$$

$$y_{+}(t) = C_1 e^{-3t} + C_2 e^{-2t}$$

partikularne rješenje:  $y_p(t) = (12t + 16) \mu(t) \Rightarrow y_p(t) = k_0 + k_1 t$   
 $y_p$  (priljubi od zw)

$$y_p'(t) = 0 + k_1$$

$$y_p''(t) = 0$$

$$0 + 5(0 + k_1) + 6(k_0 + k_1 t) = 12t + 16$$

$$5k_1 + 6k_0 + 6k_1 t = 12t + 16 \Rightarrow 5k_1 + 6k_0 = 16 \Rightarrow 5 \cdot 2 + 6k_0 = 16$$

$$6k_1 = 12 \Rightarrow k_1 = 2 \quad 6k_0 = 6$$

$$y_p(t) = 1 + 2t$$

$$k_0 = 1$$

totalni odziv:

$$y_T(t) = y_{+}(t) + y_p(t) = C_1 e^{-3t} + C_2 e^{-2t} + 1 + 2t$$

\* nizunapre potetnih mjerita u  $o^+$  i  $o^-$  (radi obraćanja  $C_1$  i  $C_2$ ):  
nizunapre (2) reda  $y^{(2)}(t) \Rightarrow$  treba mjeriti  $y(o^+)$  i  $y'(o^+) \Rightarrow$

$y(0^+)$  se va căuta în sărăbătoarea de formule:

$$\Delta Y = b_0 u(0^+)$$

(principiu:  $y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 6y(t) = 0 \cdot u''(t) + 0 \cdot u'(t) + u(t)$ )

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} a_0=1 & a_1=5 & a_2=6 & b_0=0 & b_1=0 & b_2=1 \end{array}$$

$$\underbrace{y(0^+) - y(0^-)}_{\Delta Y} = 0 \cdot u(0^+) \Rightarrow y(0^+) = y(0^-)$$

$$b_0 \qquad \qquad \qquad y(0^+) = 3$$

$y(0^+)$  se va căuta în:  $\Delta Y^{(1)} + a_1 \Delta Y = b_0 u^{(1)}(0^+) + b_1 u(0^+)$

$$\underbrace{y'(0^+) - y'(0^-)}_3 + a_1 \underbrace{(y(0^+) - y(0^-))}_3 = \underbrace{b_0 u'(0^+)}_0 + \underbrace{b_1 u(0^+)}_0$$

$$y'(0^+) = y'(0^-) \quad y'(0^+) = -8$$

$$y_T(0^+) = 3 = C_1 e^{-3 \cdot 0} + C_2 e^{-2 \cdot 0} + 1 + 2 \cdot 0 = \underbrace{C_1 + C_2 + 1}_3 = 3 \Rightarrow C_1 = 2 - C_2 = 2 - (-4) = 6$$

$$(y_T'(t) = -3C_1 e^{-3t} - 2C_2 e^{-2t} + 0 + 2)$$

$$y_T'(0^+) = -8 = -3C_1 e^{-3 \cdot 0} - 2C_2 e^{-2 \cdot 0} + 2 = \underbrace{-3C_1 - 2C_2 + 2}_{-3(2-C_2)-2C_2+2} = -8$$

$$-3(2 - C_2) - 2C_2 + 2 = -8$$

$$-6 + 3C_2 - 2C_2 + 2 = -8 \Rightarrow C_2 = -4$$

$$y_{TOT}(t) = [6e^{-3t} - 4e^{-2t} + 1 + 2t] u(t)$$

b) MIENI SUSTAV  $\Rightarrow$  početni uvjeti  $y(0^+)$  i  $y'(0^+) = 0$

$$y_T(t) = C_1 e^{-3t} + C_2 e^{-2t} + 1 + 2t$$

$$y(0^+) = 0 = C_1 e^{-3 \cdot 0} + C_2 e^{-2 \cdot 0} + 1 - 2 \cdot 0 = \underbrace{C_1 + C_2 + 1}_{=0} = \Rightarrow C_1 = -1 - C_2 = -1 - (-5) = 4$$

$$y'(0^+) = 0 = -3C_1 e^{-3 \cdot 0} - 2C_2 e^{-2 \cdot 0} + \underbrace{0}_{1'} + 2 = \underbrace{-3C_1 - 2C_2 + 2}_{=0}$$

$$-3(-1 - C_2) - 2C_2 + 2 = 0$$

$$3 + 3C_2 - 2C_2 + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 = -5$$

$$y_{\text{MIENI}}(t) = [4e^{-3t} - 5e^{-2t} + 1 + 2t] u(t)$$

c) NEPOBUDENI SUSTAV  $\Rightarrow u(t) = 0$

$$y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 6y(t) = 0 \quad u(t)$$

$$y_H(t) = y_{\text{NEPL}}(t) = C_1 e^{-3t} + C_2 e^{-2t}$$

$$y'_H(t) = -3C_1 e^{-3t} - 2C_2 e^{-2t}$$

$$\text{tf. } y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 6y(t) = 0 \cdot u''(t) + 0 \cdot u'(t) + 0 \cdot u(t)$$
$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$$
$$a_0 = 1 \quad a_1 = 5 \quad a_2 = 6 \quad b_0 = 0 \quad b_1 = 0 \quad b_2 = 0$$

određivanje pol. vr. krova u a)

$$\Delta y = b_0 u(0^+)$$

$$y(0^+) - y(0^-) = 0 \cdot u(0^+)$$

$$y_H(t) = y_{NEP}(t) = C_1 e^{-3t} + C_2 e^{-2t}$$

$$y_H'(t) = -3C_1 e^{-3t} - 2C_2 e^{-2t}$$

$$y_H(0^+) = 3 = C_1 e^{-3 \cdot 0} + C_2 e^{-2 \cdot 0} = \underbrace{C_1 + C_2}_{=3} = 3 \Rightarrow C_1 = 3 - C_2$$

$$y_H'(0^+) = -8 = -3C_1 e^{-3 \cdot 0} - 2C_2 e^{-2 \cdot 0} = -3C_1 - 2C_2 = -8$$

$$-3(3 - C_2) - 2C_2 = -8$$

$$-9 + 3C_2 - 2C_2 = -8 \Rightarrow C_2 = 1$$

$$C_1 = 3 - 1 = 2$$

$$y_{NEP}(t) = [2e^{-3t} + e^{-2t}] u(t)$$

\* pravilen:  $y_{TOTALNI}(t) = y_{HOMOGENO}(t) + y_{PARTIKULARNO}(t)$ , ali vrijedi i  
 (PRIRODNI) (PRISILNI)

$$y_{TOTALNI}(t) = y_M(t) + y_{NEPOBUDEMI}(t)$$

$$\text{a)} \quad y_{TOT}(t) = [6e^{-3t} - 4e^{-2t} + 1 + 2t] u(t)$$

$$\text{b)} + c) \Rightarrow y_{TOT}(t) = y_M(t) + y_N(t) = [4e^{-3t} - 5e^{-2t} + 1 + 2t] u(t) + [2e^{-3t} + e^{-2t}] u(t) = \\ = [6e^{-3t} - 4e^{-2t} + 1 + 2t] u(t)$$

$$\Delta y = b_0 u(0^+)$$

$$y(0^+) - y(0^-) = 0 \cdot u(0^+)$$

$$y(0^+) = y(0^-) = 3$$

$$\Delta y^{(n)} + a_1 \Delta y = b_0 y^{(n)}(0^+) + b_1 u(0^+)$$

$$y'(0^+) - y'(0^-) + 5(y(0^+) - y(0^-)) = 0 \cdot u(0^+) + 0 \cdot u(0^+) \\ 3 - 3 = 0$$

$$y'(0^+) = y'(0^-) = -8$$

d) IMPULSNI ODZIV  $\Rightarrow$  probudu  $y(t) = g(t)$  (Difranc impuls)

$$y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 6y(t) = g(t)$$

prvo se traži imp. odz. "temeljnog sustava" ( $h_A(t)$ ), a zatim i imp. odz. zadelanog sustava

$$y(t) \rightarrow h_A(t)$$

$$\text{homogeni jed: } h_A''(t) + 5h_A'(t) + 6h_A(t) = 0 \quad (h_A(t) = Ce^{st})$$

$$\text{rješi a)} \Rightarrow h_A(t) = y_H(t) = [c_1 e^{-3t} + c_2 e^{-2t}] u(t)$$

za sustav drugog reda (li kada imamo  $c_1$  i  $c_2$  u  $h_A(t)$ , vrlo je lako)

$$\text{vrlo je lako } h_A'(0^+) = 1, h_A(0^+) = 0$$

$$\text{tj. kada imamo: } h_A(t) = c_1 e^{-3t} \Rightarrow h_A(0^+) = 1$$

$$= c_1 e^{-3t} + c_2 e^{-2t} \Rightarrow h_A'(0^+) = 1, h_A(0^+) = 0$$

$$h_A(0^+) = 0 = c_1 e^{-3 \cdot 0} + c_2 e^{-2 \cdot 0} = \underbrace{c_1 + c_2 = 0}_{\Rightarrow c_1 = -c_2 = -1}$$

$$(h_A'(t) = -3c_1 e^{-3t} - 2c_2 e^{-2t})$$

$$h_A'(0^+) = 1 = -3c_1 e^{-3 \cdot 0} - 2c_2 e^{-2 \cdot 0} = \underbrace{-3c_1 - 2c_2 = 1}_{-3(-c_2) - 2c_2 = 1}$$

$$h_A(t) = [-e^{-3t} + e^{-2t}] u(t)$$

$$3c_2 - 2c_2 = 1$$

$$c_2 = 1$$

Iz "temelj. sust."  $h_A(t)$ , npr. od 2. h(t) dobije se formulom:

$$h(t) = b_0 h_A''(t) + b_1 h_A'(t) + b_2 h_A(t)$$

a naša je jednačina:  $y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 6y(t) = 0 \cdot u''(t) + 0 \cdot u'(t) + 1 \cdot u(t)$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

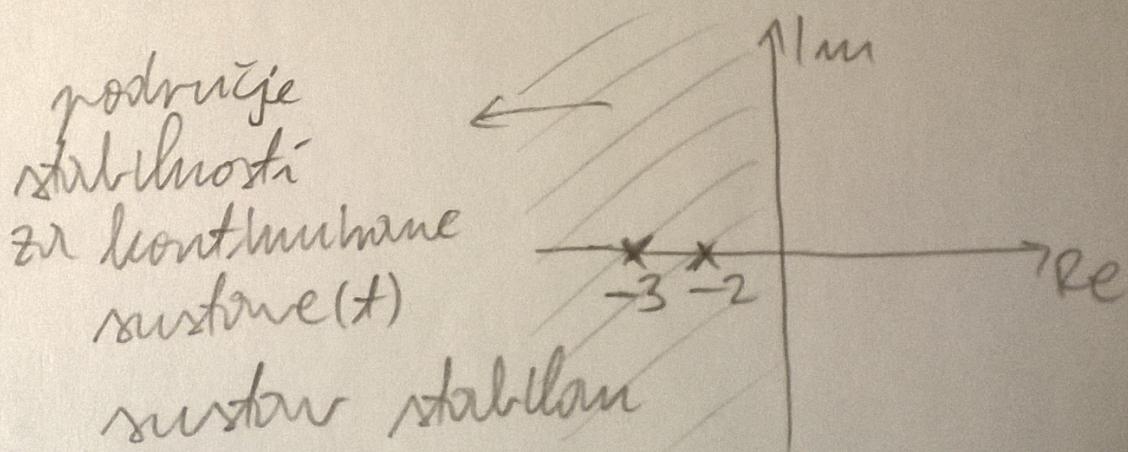
$$b_0 \quad b_1 \quad b_2$$

$$h(t) = 0 \cdot h_A''(t) + 0 \cdot h_A'(t) + 1 \cdot h_A(t) = [e^{-2t} - e^{-3t}] u(t)$$

stabilnost slijesti iz podatka o realnom dijelu množstava razvijenih prijenome funkcije:

$$H(\Delta) = \frac{b_2 \Delta^0}{a_0 \Delta^2 + a_1 \Delta^1 + a_2 \Delta^0} = \frac{1}{\Delta^2 + 5\Delta + 6} = \frac{1}{(\Delta+3)(\Delta+2)}$$

"polovi": razvijenje = 0  $\Rightarrow (\Delta+3)(\Delta+2)=0 \Rightarrow \Delta_1=-3, \Delta_2=-2$



6. a) MIRNI SUSTAV  $\Rightarrow y(0^+) = y'(0^+) = 0$