
Signali i sustavi
Pismeni ispit – 7. rujna 2016.

1. **(20 bodova)** Zadan je vremenski diskretan signal $f(n) = \cos(\frac{4\pi}{3}n) - \sin(\frac{4\pi}{3}n)$.
 - a) **(6 bodova)** Izračunajte snagu signala postupkom u vremenskoj domeni.
 - b) **(7 bodova)** Odredite DTFS zadanog signala.
 - c) **(7 bodova)** Izračunajte snagu signala postupkom u frekvencijskoj domeni.
2. **(20 bodova)** Zadani su vremenski kontinuirani signali $f_1(t) = \cos(4t)$ i $f_2(t) = e^{-4|t|}$ te neka je $f_3(t) = f_1(t)f_2(t)$.
 - a) **(6 bodova)** Odredite CTFT (u generaliziranom smislu) kontinuiranog signala f_1 .
 - b) **(7 bodova)** Odredite CTFT kontinuiranog signala f_2 .
 - c) **(7 bodova)** Odredite CTFT zadanog signala f_3 koristeći teorem o konvoluciji signala u frekvencijskoj domeni.
3. **(20 bodova)** Vremenski diskretan kauzalan LTI sustav zadan je jednadžbom diferencija $y(n) + \frac{1}{4}y(n-1) = 2u(n) + u(n-1)$ te početnim uvjetom $y(-1) = 2$.
 - a) **(10 bodova)** Odredite odziv sustava na pobudu $u(n) = 4(\frac{1}{2})^n \mu(n)$ pomoću Z transformacije.
 - b) **(10 bodova)** Odredite odziv sustava na pobudu $u(n) = 4(\frac{1}{2})^{n-1} \mu(n-1)$ pomoću Z transformacije.
4. **(20 bodova)** Vremenski kontinuiran kauzalan LTI sustav zadan je diferencijalnom jednadžbom $y'(t) + 3y(t) = 3u'(t) + u(t)$.
 - a) **(6 bodova)** Odredite prijenosnu funkciju sustava te ispitajte stabilnost sustava.
 - b) **(7 bodova)** Odredite i skicirajte amplitudno frekvencijsku karakteristiku sustava.
 - c) **(7 bodova)** Odredite prisilni odziv sustava na svevremensku pobudu $u(t) = 2\cos(4t) + 2\sin(4t)$.
5. **(20 bodova)** Vremenski kontinuiran kauzalan LTI sustav bez nula zadan je odzivom nepobuđenog sustava $y_{np}(t) = 2t + 1$ i odzivom mirnog sustava $y_m(t) = 4t^2 \mu(t)$ na kauzalnu pobudu $u(t) = \mu(t)$.
 - a) **(6 bodova)** Odredite diferencijalnu jednadžbu sustava (minimalni red).
 - b) **(7 bodova)** Odredite impulsni odziv sustava.
 - c) **(7 bodova)** Odredite totalni odziv sustava na kauzalnu pobudu $u(t) = e^{-2t} \mu(t)$.

$$1. f(n) = \cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}n\right) - \sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}n\right)$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{4\pi}{3} \quad N_0 = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{4\pi}{3}} = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$$

a)

$$P = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} |x(n)|^2$$

N_0 mora biti cijeli broj

$$\boxed{N_0 = 3}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{3} \sum_{n=0}^2 |x(n)|^2 = \frac{1}{3} \left(|\cos(0) - \sin(0)|^2 + \left| \cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right) \right|^2 + \left| \cos\left(\frac{8\pi}{3}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{8\pi}{3}\right) \right|^2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(\left| 1 - 0 \right|^2 + \left| \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right|^2 + \left| -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right|^2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left(1 + \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} + \frac{3}{4} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{4} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cdot 3 = 1$$

b) DTFs

$$f(n) = \cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}n\right) - \sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}n\right) = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] e^{j\frac{4\pi}{3}kn/N}$$

$$= \frac{e^{j\frac{4\pi}{3}n} + e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{3}n}}{2} - \frac{e^{j\frac{4\pi}{3}n} - e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{3}n}}{2j}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{\frac{2\pi j n + 2\pi}{N}} + e^{\frac{2\pi j n - 2\pi}{N}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} e^{j\pi} \left(e^{\frac{2\pi j n + 2\pi}{N}} - e^{\frac{2\pi j n - 2\pi}{N}} \right)$$

$$X_2 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$X_{-2} = X_{-2+N} = X_1 = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}} \\ = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) P &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} |x_k|^2 = \sum_{k=0}^2 |x_k|^2 = \left| \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}} \right|^2 \\
 &= \left| \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} j \right|^2 + \left| \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} j \right|^2 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}}^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}}^2 \\
 &= \underline{\underline{1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2. f_1(t) = \cos(4t) \quad f_2(t) = e^{-4|t|} \quad f_3(t) = f_1(t)f_2(t)$$

a) sluzbene formule str. 3

$$\cos(\omega_0 t) \rightarrow \pi [\delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \delta(\omega + \omega_0)]$$

$$\omega_0 = 4$$

$$\cos(4t) \rightarrow \pi [\delta(\omega - 4) + \delta(\omega + 4)]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b) F_2(\omega) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-4|t|} e^{-j\omega t} dt = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-4t} e^{-j\omega t} dt + \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{4t} e^{-j\omega t} dt \\
 &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{(-4-j\omega)t} dt + \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{(4-j\omega)t} dt \\
 &= \left. \frac{-1}{4+j\omega} e^{(-4-j\omega)t} \right|_0^{\infty} + \left. \frac{1}{4-j\omega} e^{(4-j\omega)t} \right|_{-\infty}^0 \\
 &= \frac{-1}{4+j\omega} (0 - 1) + \frac{1}{4-j\omega} (1 - 0) = \frac{1}{4+j\omega} + \frac{1}{4-j\omega} \\
 &= \frac{4-j\omega + 4+j\omega}{(4-j\omega)(4+j\omega)} = \underline{\underline{\frac{8}{16+\omega^2}}} = \underline{\underline{F_2(\omega)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2.c) f_1(t)f_2(t) \longrightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F_1(x)F_2(w-x) dx$$

$$F_1(w) = \pi [\delta(w-4) + \delta(w+4)]$$

$$F_2(w) = \frac{8}{16+w^2}$$

$$F_3(w) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \pi [\delta(x-4) + \delta(x+4)] \cdot \frac{8}{16+(w-x)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(x-4) \frac{8}{16+(w-x)^2} dx + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(x+4) \frac{8}{16+(w-x)^2} dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{8}{16+(w-4)^2} + \frac{8}{16+(w+4)^2} \right] = \frac{4}{16+w^2-8w+16} + \frac{4}{16+w^2+8w+16}$$

$$= \frac{4}{w^2-8w+32} + \frac{4}{w^2+8w+32} = 4 \cdot \frac{w^2+8w+32 + w^2-8w+32}{(w^2-8w+32)(w^2+8w+32)}$$

$$= 4 \cdot \frac{2(w^2+32)}{w^4+8w^3+32w^2-8w^3-64w^2-256w+32w^2+256w+1024}$$

$$= \frac{8 \cdot (w^2+32)}{w^4+1024} = F_3(w)$$

$$3. \quad y(n) + \frac{1}{4} y(n-1) = 2u(n) + u(n-1) \quad \text{uvjet } y(-1) = 2$$

a) $u(n) = 4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$ odzív pomocí z -transform.

$$Y(z) + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{z} Y(z) + Y(-1) \right) = 2U(z) + U(z) \frac{1}{z}$$

$$Y(z) \left(\frac{1}{4z} + 1 \right) + \frac{1}{2} = U(z) \left(z + \frac{1}{z} \right)$$

$$Y(z) \frac{4z+1}{4z} = U(z) \frac{2z+1}{z} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} U(z) &= 4 \cdot \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} \\ \text{formule?} \end{aligned}}$$

$$Y(z) \frac{4z+1}{4z} = 4 \cdot \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{z + \frac{1}{2}}{z} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= 8 \cdot \frac{z + \frac{1}{2}}{z - \frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2} = 8 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{z - \frac{1}{2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{15}{2} + \frac{8}{z - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Y(z) = \frac{15}{2} \cdot \frac{4z}{4z+1} + \underbrace{\frac{8 \cdot 4z}{(4z+1)(z-\frac{1}{2})}}_{\begin{array}{l} Az - \frac{1}{2}A + Bz + \frac{1}{4}B = z \Rightarrow \\ A+B=1 \\ -\frac{1}{2}A + \frac{1}{4}B = 0 \end{array}} = \frac{15}{2} \cdot \frac{z}{z + \frac{1}{4}} + 8 \cdot \frac{z}{(z + \frac{1}{4})(z - \frac{1}{2})}$$

$$= \frac{15}{2} \cdot \frac{z}{z + \frac{1}{4}} + 8 \cdot \left(\frac{A}{z + \frac{1}{4}} + \frac{B}{z - \frac{1}{2}} \right) = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{z}{z + \frac{1}{4}} + 8 \cdot \left(\frac{\frac{1}{3}}{z + \frac{1}{4}} + \frac{\frac{2}{3}}{z - \frac{1}{2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{15}{2} \cdot \frac{z}{z + \frac{1}{4}} - \frac{32}{3} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{z + \frac{1}{4}} + \frac{32}{3} \cdot \frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{z - \frac{1}{2}} = y(z)$$

$$y(n) = \frac{15}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right)^n - \frac{32}{3} \left[\left(-\frac{1}{4} \right)^n - \delta(n) \right] + \frac{32}{3} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^n - \delta(n) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Y(n) &= \frac{15}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n - \frac{32}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n + \cancel{\frac{32}{3} \delta(n)} + \frac{32}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - \cancel{\frac{32}{3} \delta(n)} \\
 &= -\frac{19}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n + \frac{32}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n
 \end{aligned}$$

3.b) $u(n) = 4 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u(n-1)$

$$u(n) = u_a(n-1)$$

$$u(z) = \frac{1}{z} \cdot 4 \cdot \frac{z}{z-\frac{1}{2}} - 0 = \frac{4}{z-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Y(z) \cdot \frac{4z+1}{4z} = \frac{4}{z-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{z+\frac{1}{2}}{z} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{8(z+\frac{1}{2})}{z(z-\frac{1}{2})}$$

$$Y(z) = 8 \cdot \frac{z+\frac{1}{2}}{z(z-\frac{1}{2})} \cdot \frac{z}{z+\frac{1}{4}} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{z}{z+\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$= 8 \cdot \frac{z+\frac{1}{2}}{(z-\frac{1}{2})(z+\frac{1}{4})} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{z}{z+\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$= 8 \cdot \left(\frac{A}{z-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{B}{z+\frac{1}{4}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{z}{z+\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$= 8 \cdot \frac{\frac{4}{3}}{z-\frac{1}{2}} + 8 \cdot \frac{-\frac{1}{3}}{z+\frac{1}{4}} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{z}{z+\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$\begin{cases}
 A z + \frac{1}{4} A + B z - \frac{1}{2} B = z + \frac{1}{2} \\
 A + B = 1 \\
 \frac{1}{4} A - \frac{1}{2} B = \frac{1}{2} \\
 \hline
 A = \frac{4}{3} \quad B = -\frac{1}{3}
 \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{64}{3} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{z - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{32}{3} \cdot \frac{-\frac{1}{4}}{z + \frac{1}{4}} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{6}{z + \frac{1}{4}}$$

$$y(n) = \frac{64}{3} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^n - \delta(n) \right] + \frac{32}{3} \left[\left(-\frac{1}{4} \right)^n - \delta(n) \right] - \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right)^n$$

$$= \frac{64}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^n - \frac{64}{3} \delta(n) + \frac{32}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right)^n - \frac{32}{3} \delta(n) - \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right)^n$$

$$\boxed{= \frac{64}{6} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right)^n + \frac{64}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^n - 32 \delta(n) = y(n)}$$

$$4. \quad y'(t) + 3y(t) = 3u'(t) + u(t)$$

$$a) \quad sY(s) + 3Y(s) = 3su(s) + u(s)$$

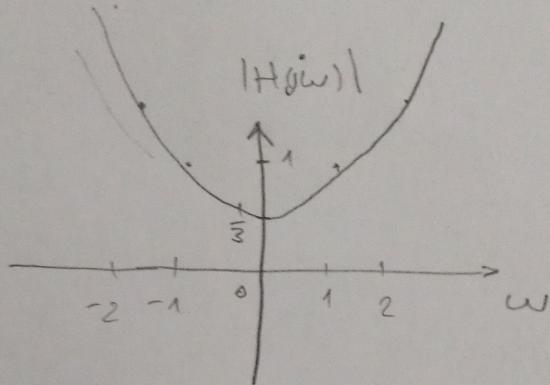
$$Y(s)(s+3) = u(s)(3s+1)$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{u(s)} = \frac{3s+1}{s+3} = H(s) \rightarrow \text{stabilan}$$

$s = -3 < 1$

$$b) \quad H(j\omega) = \frac{-3j\omega+1}{j\omega+3}$$

$$|H(\omega)| = \sqrt{\frac{9\omega^2+1}{\omega^2+9}}$$



c) prisilni na sverremenensku pobudu $u(t) = 2\cos(4t) + 2\sin(4t)$

$$|H(4j)| = \sqrt{\frac{9 \cdot 4^2 + 1}{4^2 + 9}} = \sqrt{\frac{145}{25}} \approx 2,41$$

$$\angle H(4j) = \arctg \frac{3}{1} - \arctg \frac{1}{3} = \arctg 3 - \arctg 1 \approx 0,46365$$

$$y_p(t) = |H(4j)| u(t + \angle H(4j))$$

$$y_p(t) = 2,41 \cdot [2 \cdot \cos(4t + 0,46365) + 2 \sin(4t + 0,46365)]$$

$$S. \quad Y_{np}(t) = 2t+1 \quad Y_m(t) = 4t^2 u(t) \quad u(t) = u(t)$$

a)

$$Y(t) = Y_m(t) + Y_{np}(t) = 4t^2 + 2t + 1 \quad \leftarrow \text{RED } j \in 2$$

NEMA NULA NEMA DERIVACIJE ULAZA

$$Y''(t) + AY'(t) + BY(t) = C u(t)$$

$$8 + A(8t+2) + B(4t^2+2t+1) = C$$

A i B moraju biti \neq jer s druge strane nema t ni t^2

$$\boxed{C=8}$$

$$\begin{cases} Y''(t) = 8u(t) \\ Y(0) = 1 \\ Y'(0) = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$Y(0) = 4 \cdot 0^2 + 2 \cdot 0 + 1 = 1,$$

$$Y'(t) = 8t+2 \Rightarrow Y'(0) = 8 \cdot 0 + 2 = 2$$

b) $y''(t) = 8u(t)$

$$s^2 Y(s) = 8u(s)$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{u(s)} = H(s) = \frac{8}{s^2} \rightarrow \boxed{s^2 u(t) = h(t)}$$

$$\text{c) } y''(t) = 8u(t)$$

$$u(t) = e^{-2t} \mu(t)$$

$$s^2 y(s) - sy(0) - y'(0) = 8u(s)$$

$$u(s) = \frac{1}{s+2}$$

$$s^2 y(s) - s + 1 - 2 = 8u(s)$$

$$s^2 y(s) = 8u(s) + s + 2$$

$$s^2 y(s) = 8 \cdot \frac{1}{s+2} + s + 2$$

$$y(s) = \frac{8}{s^2(s+2)} + \frac{1}{s} + \frac{2}{s^2} = \frac{A}{s^2} + \frac{B_3}{s^2} + \frac{C}{s+2} + \frac{1}{s} + \frac{2}{s^2}$$

$$= \frac{4}{s^2} - \frac{2s}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s+2} + \frac{2}{s^2} + \frac{1}{s}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{6}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s} + \frac{2}{s+2}$$

$$\boxed{y(t) = (6t - 1 + 2e^{-2t})\mu(t)}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} A(s+2) + B_3(s+2) + Cs^2 = 8 \\ As + 2A + Bs^2 + 2Bs + Cs^2 = 8 \\ B + C = 0 \\ A + 2B = 0 \\ 2A = 8 \\ A = 4 \quad B = -2 \quad C = 2 \end{array} \right.$$

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