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1. i.  $i_L(0) = 0.5A$

$$i_L(t) = i_{final} + (i_{init} - i_{final}) e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R} = \frac{100\mu H}{1\Omega} = 100\mu s$$

When switch is ON;

$$i_L(t) = \underbrace{i_{final}}_{\substack{\text{on, final} \\ \parallel \\ \frac{V_d}{R} = \frac{12V}{1\Omega} = 12A}} + (\underbrace{i_{L, init}}_{\parallel 0.5A} - i_{final}) e^{-t_{on}/\tau} ; t_{on} = 20\mu s$$

$$\Rightarrow i(t_{on}) = i(20\mu s) = 12 + (0.5 - 12) e^{-20\mu s / 100\mu s} = 2.58A$$

When switch is OFF;

$$i_L(t) = \underbrace{i_{L, final, off}}_{\parallel i_L(t_{on.})} + (\underbrace{i_{L, init, off}}_{\parallel i_L(t_{on.})} - i_{L, final, off}) e^{-t_{off}/\tau}$$
$$i_L(0) = i_L(T_s) \quad \frac{V_d - V_o - V_{D1}}{R} = \frac{12 - V_o - 0.8}{1\Omega} = 11.2 - V_o$$

$$0.5A = (11.2 - V_o) + (2.58 - 11.2 + V_o) e^{-20\mu s / 100\mu s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{V_o = 20.09V}$$

ii. Average diode current  $I_o = \frac{1}{T} \int_{t_{on}}^{T_s} i_L(t) dt$

$$\Rightarrow I_o = \frac{1}{T_s} \int_{t_{on}}^{T_s} [0.5A + (2.58 - 0.5) e^{-\frac{(t-20\mu s)}{100\mu s}}] dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{T_S} \left[ 10 \mu + 2.08 \int_{t_{on}}^{T_S} e^{-\frac{(t-20\mu s)}{100\mu s}} dt \right]$$

$$I_o = \frac{1}{T_S} \left[ 10 \mu + 37.7 \mu \right] = \frac{47.7 \mu}{40 \mu} = 1.19 A.$$

$$R_L = \frac{V_o}{I_o} = \frac{20.09V}{1.19 A} = 16.88 \Omega.$$

iii.  $i_{D1, ripple} = i_{L, max} - i_{L, min}$   
 $= i_L(t_{on}) - i_L(0)$   
 $= 2.58 - 0.5 = 2.08 A.$

$$\Rightarrow V_{ripple} = (i_{D1, ripple}) R_{ESR} = 0.0208 V$$

$$= 20.8 mV$$

2.  $D = 0.25$ .  $N_1 / N_2 = 6$   $V_{O2} = \frac{N_1}{N_2} V_o = 6V_o.$

a.  $\Delta_2 = D \frac{V_d}{V_{O2}} \frac{L_M}{L_M + L_L} \stackrel{\downarrow}{=} D \frac{V_d}{6V_o} \frac{L_M}{L_M + L_L}$

$$0.7 = (0.25) \frac{200}{6V_o} \frac{1200\mu H}{1300\mu H} \Rightarrow V_o = 10.989 V$$

b.  $\Delta_1 = D \frac{V_d}{V_Z - V_{O2}} \cdot \frac{L_L}{L_M + L_L} = (0.25) \cdot \frac{200}{V_Z - 65.9} \cdot \frac{100\mu H}{1300\mu H} = 0.02$

$$V_{O2} = \frac{N_1}{N_2} V_o = 65.93. \quad \Rightarrow V_Z = 258.2 V$$



$$c. P_z = V_z \frac{D \cdot T_s V_d}{L_M + L_L} \cdot \Delta_1 = 258.2 \cdot \frac{(0.25) \cdot 40 \mu s \cdot 200}{1300 \mu H} (0.02)$$

$$P_z = 7.94 W$$

$$d. I_o = \frac{1}{2 T_s} \left( \frac{D T_s V_d}{L_M + L_L} \right)^2 \left( \frac{L_M}{V_{oR}} - \frac{L_L}{V_z - V_{oR}} \right) \frac{N_1}{N_2}$$

$$= (12500) (2.367) (18.2 \mu - 0.52 \mu) 6.$$

$$= 3.14 A$$

$$R = \frac{V_o}{I_o} = \frac{20.09 V}{3.14 A} = 6.4 \Omega.$$