

第三章 变压器

3-1 解: (1) AA'-XX' , aa'-xx' 图略

$$K = \frac{1100}{110} = 10$$

$$\begin{cases} I_1 = \frac{5000}{1100} = 4.545(A) \\ I_2 = \frac{5000}{110} = 45.45(A) \end{cases}$$

(2) A-X-A'-X , a-x-a'-x'

$$K = \frac{1100 \times 2}{110 \times 2} = 10, \begin{cases} I_1 = \frac{5000}{1100 \times 2} = 2.27(A) \\ I_2 = \frac{5000}{110 \times 2} = 22.7(A) \end{cases}$$

(3) AA'-XX', a-x-a'-x'

$$K = \frac{1100}{110 \times 2} = 5, \begin{cases} I_1 = \frac{5000}{1100} = 4.545(A) \\ I_2 = \frac{5000}{110 \times 2} = 22.7(A) \end{cases}$$

(4) A-A'-X-X', aa'-xx'

$$K = \frac{1100 \times 2}{110} = 20, \begin{cases} I_1 = \frac{5000}{1100 \times 2} = 2.27(A) \\ I_2 = \frac{5000}{110} = 45.45(A) \end{cases}$$

3-2 解:

$$I_{1N} = \frac{S_N}{\sqrt{3}U_{1N}} = \frac{1600}{\sqrt{3} \times 110} = 84(A) \quad I_{1\emptyset} = I_{1N} = 84(A)$$

$$I_{2N} = \frac{S_N}{\sqrt{3}U_{2N}} = \frac{1600}{\sqrt{3} \times 11} = 8.4(A) \quad I_{2\emptyset} = \frac{I_{2N}}{\sqrt{3}} = 4.85(A)$$

3-3 解: 图略

3-4 解:

$$Z_1 = 0.1 + j0.36 = 0.374 \angle 74.5^\circ (\Omega)$$

$$Z_m = 5.5 + j63.5 = 63.74 \angle 85^\circ (\Omega)$$

$$\dot{I}_0 = \frac{U_{1N}}{Z_1 + Z_m} = \frac{1000 \angle 0^\circ}{5.6 + j63.88} = \frac{1000 \angle 0^\circ}{64.1 \angle 85^\circ} = 15.6 \angle -85^\circ (A)$$

$$\dot{I}_0 Z_1 = 15.6 \angle -85^\circ \times 0.374 \angle 74.5^\circ = 5.83 \angle -10.5^\circ (V)$$

$$\dot{I}_{1N} Z_1 = \frac{200000}{1000} \angle -30^\circ \times 0.374 \angle 74.5^\circ = 74.8 \angle -44.5^\circ (V)$$

$$-\dot{E}_{10} = \dot{I}_0 Z_m = 15.6 \angle -85^\circ \times 63.74 \angle 85^\circ = 994.3 \angle 0^\circ (V)$$

$$\text{或 } \dot{E}_{10} = 994.3 \angle -180^\circ$$

$$-\dot{E}_{1N} = \dot{U}_{1N} - \dot{I}_{1N} Z_1 = 1000 \angle 0^\circ - 200 \angle -30^\circ \times 0.374 \angle 74.5^\circ$$

$$= 1000 \angle 0^\circ - 74.8 \angle -44.5^\circ = 946.65 - j52.43 = 948.1 \angle -3.17^\circ$$

$$\text{或 } \dot{E}_{1N} = 948.1 \angle -176.83^\circ (V)$$

以上数据说明 \dot{E}_{10} 、 \dot{E}_{1N} 分别同 U_{1N} 相比，在大小相位上差别不大，故 $U_{1N} \approx E_{10} = E_{1N} \propto \phi_m$
 U_1 不变， E_1 、 ϕ_m 基本不变。

3-5 解：（1）直接输入 $P_1 = \left(\frac{E_s}{R_s+R}\right)^2 R = \left(\frac{8.5}{72+8}\right)^2 \times 8 = 0.09 \text{ (W)}$

经变压器 $P_2 = Z_2^2 R = \left(\frac{E_s}{R_s+R} K\right)^2 R = \left(\frac{8.5}{72+8} \times 3\right)^2 \times 8 = 0.25 \text{ (W)}$

（2）经阻抗变换，令 $K^2 R = R_3$ 输出功率最大

$$K = \sqrt{\frac{72}{8}} = 3$$

（3）变压器作用：与阻抗匹配

3-6 解： $K = \frac{1000}{\sqrt{3}} / \frac{400}{\sqrt{3}} = 2.5$

$$Z_l = 0.96 + j0.48 = 1.07 \angle 26.57^\circ$$

$$Z'_l = K^2 Z_l = 6 + j3 = 6.71 \angle 26.57^\circ$$

$$I_1 = \frac{\frac{U_{1N}}{\sqrt{3}} \angle 0^\circ}{Z_l + Z'_l} = \frac{\frac{1000}{\sqrt{3}} \angle 0^\circ}{6.15 + j3.35} = \frac{\frac{1000}{\sqrt{3}} \angle 0^\circ}{7 \angle 28.58^\circ}$$

$$= 82.48 \angle -28.58^\circ \text{ (A)}$$

$$I_2 = K I'_1 = -K I_1 = -206.2 \angle -28.58^\circ = +206.2 \angle 151.4^\circ \text{ (A)}$$

$$\dot{U}_2 = \sqrt{3} I_2 Z_l = \sqrt{3} \times 206.2 \angle 151.4^\circ \times 1.07 \angle 26.57^\circ = 382 \angle 178^\circ \text{ (V)}$$

$$S_1 = \sqrt{3} U_{1N} I_1 = \sqrt{3} \times 1000 \times 82.48 = 142.885 \text{ (KVA)}$$

$$S_2 = \sqrt{3} U_2 I_1 = \sqrt{3} \times 382 \times 206.2 = 136.427 \text{ (KVA)}$$

$$P_1 = \sqrt{3} U_{1N} I_1 \cos \varphi_1 = \sqrt{3} \times 1000 \times 82.48 \cos 28.58^\circ = 125.448 \text{ (KW)}$$

$$Q_1 = \sqrt{3} U_{1N} I_1 \sin \varphi_1 = \sqrt{3} \times 1000 \times 82.48 \sin 28.58^\circ = 68.34 \text{ (K}\varnothing\text{)}$$

$$P_2 = \sqrt{3} U_2 I_2 \cos \varphi_2 = \sqrt{3} \times 382 \times 206.2 \cos 26.57^\circ = 122 \text{ (KW)}$$

$$Q_2 = \sqrt{3} U_2 I_2 \sin \varphi_2 = \sqrt{3} \times 382 \times 206.2 \sin 26.57^\circ = 61 \text{ (K}\varnothing\text{)}$$

3-7 解：（1）原版电压是 35kv

$$r_K = \frac{P_{cu}}{I_{1N}^2} = \frac{9500}{(600/3.5)^2} = 32.33$$

$$X_K = \sqrt{Z_K^2 - r_K^2} = \sqrt{132.7^2 - 32.33^2} = 128.7$$

$$Z_K = 32.33 + j128.7 = 132.7 \angle 75.9^\circ \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}$$

$$r_1 = \frac{1}{2} r_K = 16.17 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}, \quad X_1 = \frac{1}{2} X_K = 64.35 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}$$

$$Z_1 + Z_m = \frac{U_{1N}}{I_0} = \frac{3500}{\left(\frac{600}{35}\right) \times 0.055} = 37121.2$$

$$r_1 + r_m = (Z_1 + Z_m) \cos \varphi_2 = 37121.2 \times 0.1 = 3712$$

$$X_1 + X_m = (Z_1 + Z_m) \sin \varphi_2 = 37121.2 \times 0.995 = 36935$$

$$r_m = 3712 - 16.17 = 3695.8$$

$$X_m = 36935 - 64.35 = 36871$$

$$Z_m = 3695.8 + j36871 = 37056 \angle 84.28^\circ \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}$$

（2）

$$Z'_l = K^2 Z_l = \left(\frac{35}{6.3}\right)^2 \times 80 \angle 40^\circ = 2469 \angle 40^\circ = 1891.4 + j1587$$

$$I_1 = \frac{35000 \angle 0^\circ}{Z_K + Z'_l} = \frac{35000 \angle 0^\circ}{1923.7 + j1715.7} = \frac{35000 \angle 0^\circ}{2577.6 \angle 41.7^\circ} = 13.58 \angle -41.7^\circ (\text{A})$$

$$I_2 = K I'_2 = -K I_l = -\left(\frac{35}{6.3}\right)^2 \times 13.58 \angle -41.7^\circ = 75.44 \angle 138.3^\circ (\text{A})$$

$$\dot{U}_2 = I_2 Z_l = 75.44 \angle -138.3^\circ \times 80 \angle 40^\circ = 6035 \angle 178.3^\circ$$

3-8 解: “T” $Z'_2 = (380/220)^2 \times (0.035 + j0.055) = 0.1044 + j0.1641 = 0.1945$

$$Z'_l = (380/220)^2 \times (4 + j3) = 11.934 + j8.9504 = 14.917 \angle 36.87^\circ$$

$$Z_m = 30 + j310 = 311.448 \angle 84.47^\circ$$

$$Z_{\text{总}} = Z_1 + \frac{Z_m(Z'_2 + Z'_l)}{Z_m + Z'_2 + Z'_l}$$

图略

式中 $Z'_2 + Z'_l = 0.1044 + j0.1641 + 11.934 + j8.9504 = 12.038 + j9.1145 = 15.1 \angle 37.13^\circ$

$$Z_m(Z'_2 + Z'_l) = 311.448 \angle 84.47^\circ \times 15.1 \angle 37.13^\circ = 4702.86 \angle 121.6^\circ$$

$$Z_m + Z'_2 + Z'_l = (30 + 0.1044 + 11.934) + j(310 + 0.1641 + 8.9504) = 42.038 + j319.115 = 321.87 \angle 82.5^\circ$$

$$\frac{Z_m(Z'_2 + Z'_l)}{Z_m + Z'_2 + Z'_l} = \frac{4702.86 \angle 121.6^\circ}{321.87 \angle 82.5^\circ} = 14.61 \angle 39.1^\circ$$

$$Z_{\text{总}} = Z_1 + \frac{Z_m(Z'_2 + Z'_l)}{Z_m + Z'_2 + Z'_l} = (0.14 + j0.22) + (11.338 + j9.214) = 11.478 + j9.434 = 14.89 \angle 39.4^\circ$$

$$I_1 = \frac{\dot{U}_{1N}}{Z_{\text{总}}} = \frac{380 \angle 0^\circ}{14.87 \angle 39.4^\circ} = 25.55 \angle -39.4^\circ = 19.74 - j16.22$$

$$I_0 = \frac{U_{1N}}{Z_1 + Z_m} = \frac{380 \angle 0^\circ}{(0.14 + j0.22) + (30 + j310)} = \frac{380 \angle 0^\circ}{30.14 + j310.22} = \frac{380 \angle 0^\circ}{311.68 \angle 84.45^\circ}$$

$$= 1.219 \angle -84.45^\circ = 0.118 - j1.213$$

$$I'_2 = I_0 - I_1 = (0.118 - j1.213) - (19.74 - j16.22) = -19.62 + j15.01 = -(19.62 - j15.01) = -24.7 \angle -37.4^\circ = 24.7 \angle 142.6^\circ$$

$$I_2 = K I'_2 = \left(\frac{380}{220}\right) \times 24.7 \angle 142.6^\circ = 42.66 \angle 142.6^\circ$$

$$\dot{U}_2 = I_2 Z_l = 42.66 \angle 142.6^\circ \times 5 \angle 36.87^\circ = 213.3 \angle 179.47^\circ$$

$$P_1 = U_{1N} I_1 \cos \varphi_1 = 380 \times 25.55 \times \cos 39.4^\circ = 7502.5 (\text{W})$$

$$P_2 = U_2 I_2 \cos \varphi_2 = 213.3 \times 42.66 \times \cos 36.87^\circ = 7279.5 (\text{W})$$

$$\eta = \frac{P_2}{P_1} \times 100\% = \frac{7279.5}{7502.5} \times 100\% = 97\%$$

图略

$$P_{Fe} = I_0^2 r_m = 1.219^2 \times 30 = 44.58 (\text{W})$$

$$P_{Cu} = 25.5^2 \times 0.14 + 42.66^2 \times 0.035 = 155.1 (\text{W})$$

解: “—”

$$I_1 = -I'_2 = \frac{\dot{U}_{1N}}{Z_1 + Z'_2 + Z'_l}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z_1 + Z'_2 + Z'_l &= (0.14 + j0.22) + (0.1044 + j0.1641) + (11.934 + j8.9504) \\ &= 12.18 + j9.3345 = 15.345 \angle 37.466^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$I_1 = -I'_2 = \frac{380 \angle 0^\circ}{15.345 \angle 37.466^\circ} = 24.76 \angle -37.466^\circ$$

$$I_2 = -KI'_2 = \left(\frac{380}{220}\right) \times 24.76 \angle -37.466^\circ = 42.77 \angle -37.466^\circ = 42.77 \angle 142.5^\circ$$

$$I_0 = 0$$

$$\dot{U}_2 = I_2 I_l = 42.77 \angle 142.5^\circ \times 5 \angle 36.87^\circ = 213.87 \angle 179.4^\circ$$

$$P_1 = U_{1N} I_1 \cos \varphi_1 = 380 \times 24.76 \times \cos 37.466^\circ = 7467.9 \text{ (W)}$$

$$P_2 = U_2 I_2 \cos \varphi_2 = 213.87 \times 42.77 \times \cos 36.87^\circ = 7317.8 \text{ (W)}$$

$$\eta = \frac{P_2}{P_1} \times 100\% = \frac{7317.8}{7467.9} \times 100\% = 98\%$$

$$P_{Fe} = 0$$

$$P_{cu} = I_1^2 r_1 + I_2^2 r_2 = 24.76^2 \times 0.14 + 42.77^2 \times 0.035 = 149.85 \text{ (W)}$$

比较: $I_{1T} > I_{1-} \quad (25.55 > 24.76) \quad \because \text{忽略 } I_0$

$$I_{2T} > I_{2-} \quad (42.66 < 42.77) \quad \because \begin{cases} I_{1T} \text{大} \rightarrow I_1 Z_1 \rightarrow E_2 \text{小} \rightarrow I_{2T} \text{小} \\ I_{1-} \text{小} \rightarrow I_{2-} \text{小} \end{cases} \quad \text{故二}$$

相差无几者

$$U_{2T} > U_{2-} \quad (213.3 < 213.87) \quad \because I_{2T} > I_{2-}$$

$$P_{1T} > P_{1-} \quad (7502.5 > 7467.9) \quad \because P_{ce} \text{存}$$

$$P_{2T} < P_{2-} \quad (7279.5 < 7317.8) \quad \because P_{Fe} = 0 \quad \therefore P_{2-} \text{大}$$

$$\eta_T < \eta_- \quad (97\% < 98\%) \quad \because P_{Fe} = 0 \quad \therefore \eta_- \text{大}$$

3-9 解:

$$K = \frac{10000}{\sqrt{3} \times 400} = 14.434$$

$$Z_0 = \frac{U_{20}}{I_{20}/\sqrt{3}} = \frac{400}{65\sqrt{3}} = 10.66 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}$$

$$r_0 = \frac{P_0}{3(I_{20}/\sqrt{3})^2} = \frac{3700}{65^2} = 0.876$$

$$\because Z_0 = Z_2 + Z_m \approx Z_m \quad r_0 = r_2 + r_m \approx r_m$$

$$\therefore X_m = \sqrt{Z_m^2 - r_m^2} = \sqrt{10.66^2 - 0.876^2} = 10.624 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}$$

折回原边:

$$Z'_m = K^2 Z_m = 2221 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}$$

$$X'_m = K^2 X_m = 2213.4 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}$$

$$r'_m = K^2 r_m = 182.5 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}$$

有图

$$Z_K = \frac{U_K}{\sqrt{3} I_K} = \frac{450}{\sqrt{3} \times 35} = 7.423$$

$$r_K = \frac{P_K}{3I_K^2} = \frac{3500}{3 \times 35^2} = 2.041 \quad r_1 \approx r_2' = 1.2 \ (\Omega)$$

$$X_K = \sqrt{Z_K^2 - r_K^2} = \sqrt{7.423^2 - 2.041^2} = 7.137 \quad X_1 \approx X_2' = 3.57 \ (\Omega)$$

折标 75°C:

$$r_1 \approx r_2' = \frac{235 + 75}{235 + 30} \times 1.02 = 1.193 \ (\Omega)$$

3-10 解:

$$I_{1N} = \frac{750000}{\sqrt{3} \times 10000} = 43.3 \text{ (A)} \quad \sin \varphi_2 = 0.6 \quad \beta = 1$$

整理:

$$\Delta U_{\%} = \frac{I_{1N}(r_K \cos \varphi_2 + X_K \sin \varphi_2)}{U_{1N}/\sqrt{3}} \times 100\% = \frac{43.3 \times (2.386 \times 0.8 + 7.137 \times 0.6)}{1000/\sqrt{3}} = 4.64\%$$

$$U_2 = (1 - \Delta U)U_{2N} = (1 - 0.0464) \times 400 = 381.44 \text{ (V)}$$

$$\eta = \left(1 - \frac{P_{K75^\circ} + P_0}{S_N \cos \varphi_2 + P_{K75^\circ} + P_0}\right) \times 100\% = \left(1 - \frac{13.42 + 3.7}{750 \times 0.8 + 13.42 + 3.7}\right) \times 100\% = 97.2\%$$

式中

$$P_{K75^\circ} = 3I_{1N}^2 r_{K75^\circ} = 3 \times 43.3^2 \times 2.386 = 13.42 \text{ (KW)}$$

容性:

$$\Delta U_{\%} = \frac{43.3 \times (2.386 \times 0.8 - 7.137 \times 0.6)}{1000/\sqrt{3}} = -1.78\%$$

$$U_2 = (1 + 0.0178) \times 400 = 407.12 \text{ (V)}$$

$\eta = 91.72\%$ (算的可能有误)

图略

3-11 解:

$$K = \frac{6000}{\sqrt{3} \times 400} = 8.66 \quad Z_l = 0.11662 \ (\Omega)$$

$$I_{1N} = \frac{5600000}{\sqrt{3} \times 6000} = 538.88 \text{ (A)} \quad \varphi_2 = t_g^{-1} \frac{0.06}{0.1} = 30.96^\circ$$

$$\cos \varphi_2 = 0.8575$$

(1)

$$Z_K = \frac{U_K}{\sqrt{3}I_{1N}} = \frac{280}{\sqrt{3} \times 538.85} = 0.3 \ (\Omega)$$

$$r_K = \frac{p_{K75^\circ}}{3I_{1N}^2} = \frac{56000}{3 \times 538.85^2} = 0.0643 \ (\Omega)$$

$$X_K = \sqrt{Z_K^2 - r_K^2} = \sqrt{0.3^2 - 0.0643^2} = 0.293 \ (\Omega)$$

$$Z_l' = K^2 Z_l = 8.66^2 \times (0.1 + j0.06) = 7.5 + j4.5$$

$$I_1 = \frac{U_1}{Z_K + Z_l'} = \frac{6000/\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{(0.0643 + 7.5)^2 + (0.293 + 4.5)^2}} = 386.85 \text{ (A)}$$

$$I_2 = \sqrt{3} K I_1' = \sqrt{3} \times 8.66 \times 386.85 = 5802.75 \text{ (A)}$$

$$\beta = \frac{I_1}{I_{1N}} = \frac{386.85}{538.88} = 0.72$$

$$U_2 = \frac{I_2}{\sqrt{3}} Z_l = \frac{5602.75}{\sqrt{3}} \times 0.11662 = 390.7 \text{ (V)}$$

$$\eta = \left(1 - \frac{P_0 + \beta^2 P_{K75^\circ}}{\beta S_N \cos \varphi_2 + P_0 + \beta^2 P_{K75^\circ}} \right) \times 100\%$$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{18 + 0.72^2 \times 56}{0.72 \times 5600 \times 0.8575 + 18 + 0.72^2 \times 56} \right) \times 100\% = 98.66\%$$

(2)

$$\beta_m = \sqrt{\frac{P_0}{P_{K75^\circ}}} = \sqrt{\frac{18}{56}} = 0.567$$

3-12 解: 据题意,

$$\Delta U_{\%} = \frac{U_{2N} - U_2}{U_{2N}} = \beta I_{1N} \left(\frac{r_K \cos \varphi_2 + X_K \sin \varphi_2}{U_{1N}} \right) \times 100\% = 0$$

$$\therefore r_K \cos \varphi_2 = -X_K \sin \varphi_2$$

$$\because -\sin \varphi_2 < 0 \quad \varphi_2 < 0 \quad \text{负载为容性}$$

式中:

$$Z_K = \frac{2610}{\frac{92.38}{\sqrt{3}}} = 16.23 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}$$

$$r_K = \frac{53000}{3 \times 92.38} = 2.07 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)}$$

$$I_{1N} = \frac{5600}{\sqrt{3} \times 3600} = 92.38 \text{ (A)}$$

$$\varphi_2 = -t_g^{-1} \frac{2.07}{16.23} = -7.3^\circ$$

3-13 解:

$$K = \frac{10/\sqrt{3}}{0.4/\sqrt{3}} = 25$$

$$I_{1N} = \frac{750}{\sqrt{3} \times 10} = 43.3 \text{ (A)} \quad I_{2N} = \frac{750}{\sqrt{3} \times 0.4} = 1082.56 \text{ (A)}$$

$$Z'_l = 25^2 \times (0.2 + j0.07) = 125 + j43.75$$

(1)

$$I_1 = \frac{\frac{10000}{\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{(1.4 + 125)^2 + (6.48 + 43.75)^2}} = 42.45 \text{ (A)}$$

$$I_2 = K I'_2 = K I_1 = 25 \times 42.45 = 1061.25 \text{ (A)}$$

(2)

$$U_2 = \sqrt{3} I_2 Z_l = \sqrt{3} \times 1061.25 \times \left(\sqrt{0.2^2 + 0.07^2} \right) = 389.5 \text{ (V)}$$

(3)

$$\varphi_2 = t_g^{-1} \frac{X_l}{r_l} = t_g^{-1} \frac{0.07}{0.2} = 19.29^\circ$$

$$\cos \varphi_2 = 0.944 \quad \sin \varphi_2 = 0.33$$

$$\varphi_1 = t_g^{-1} \frac{X_K + X'_l}{r_K + r'_l} = t_g^{-1} \frac{6.48 + 43.75}{1.4 + 125} = 21.67^\circ$$

$$\cos \varphi_1 = 0.929 \quad \sin \varphi_1 = 0.369$$

$$P_1 = \sqrt{3} \times 10 \times 42.45 \times 0.929 = 683.3 \text{ (KW)}$$

$$Q_1 = \sqrt{3} \times 10 \times 42.45 \times 0.369 = 271.3 \text{ (K}\varnothing\text{)}$$

$$P_2 = \sqrt{3} \times 389.5 \times 1061.25 \times 0.944 = 675.7 \text{ (KW)}$$

$$Q_2 = \sqrt{3} \times 389.5 \times 1061.25 \times 0.33 = 236.3 \text{ (K}\varnothing\text{)}$$

(4)

$$\eta = \frac{P_2}{P_1} 100\% = \frac{675.7}{683.3} \times 100\% = 99\%$$

3-14 图略

3-15 图略

3-16 图略

3-17 解:

$$K = \frac{220}{180} = 1.22$$

(1)

$$I_1 = \frac{I_2}{K} = \frac{180}{220} \times 400 = 327.27 \text{ (A)}$$

$$I = I_2 - I_1 = 400 - 327.27 = 72.73 \text{ (A)}$$

(2)

$$S_1 = 220 \times 327.27 = 72 \text{ (KVA)} \quad S_2 = 72 \text{ (KVA)}$$

$$S'_2 = U_2 I = 180 \times 72.73 = 13.09 \text{ (KVA)}$$

$$S''_2 = U_2 I_1 = 180 \times 327.27 = 58.909 \text{ (KVA)}$$