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1 HashTable

Folgend ist die Dokumentation der Aufgabenstellung HashTable angeführt.

Als Vorlage soll das zur Verfügung gestellte Template verwendet werden.

Die Implementierung soll innerhalb des Templates (*.hpp) erfolgen und nicht in eine *.cpp Datei ausgelagert werden.

Als Container soll ein *vector* verwendet werden, der wiederum als Werte eine Liste enthält die letztendlich die Werte vom Typ V enthält.

Es soll ein *vector* verwendet werden da dieser es erlaubt mittels *operator[]* auf die Elemente des Containers zuzugreifen. Somit ist es möglich mittels Indexierung über den ermittelten Hash Index auf die *vector* Elemente zuzugreifen.

Falls der *load factor* den maximal erlaubten *load factor* überschreitet soll der *vector* um den Faktor 1.5 vergrößert werden.

Falls der *load factor* den minimal erlaubten *load factor* unterschreitet soll der *vector* um den Faktor 0.5 verkleinert werden, jedoch nur wenn die definierte minimale Kapazität nicht bei der Verkleinerung unterschritten wird. (Sollte 10 sein, steht aber frei)

Für die Behandlung der Kollision soll der Chaining Mechanismus verwendet werden, wobei die Elemente mit demselben Hash Index in der Liste miteinander verkettet werden. Da der *vector* bereits *list* Elemente enthält kann hierbei einfach über *table[idx].push_front(..)* ein Element hinzugefügt werden. Bevor ein Element hinzugefügt wird muss ermittelt werden ob sich dieses Element nicht bereits in der Chain befindet, da ansonsten Duplikate auftreten würden.

Für die Implementierung von operator== sei folgendes angemerkt.

Zwei Hashtables sind logisch gleich wenn einer der beiden folgenden Bedingungen erfüllt ist:

- 1. Es handelt sich um dieselbe Instanz
- 2. Beide Hashtables haben dieselbe Größe und beinhalten dieselben Elemente.

Die beiden Methoden *insert* und *erease* sollen so implementiert werden, sodass keine Aktion ausgeführt wird wenn ein Element entweder bereits vorhanden ist (*insert*) oder nicht vorhanden ist (*erease*). Es sollen keine Fehler gemeldet werden.

Hilfsmethoden sowie die verwendeten Container sollen innerhalb des *private* Bereichs gehalten werden. Zugriffe sollen ausschließlich über, die zur Verfügung gestellten Schnittstellen erfolgen.

1.1 Implementierung

1.1.1 hashtable.hpp

Folgend ist die Implementierung der Aufgabenstellung angeführt.

```
#define hashtable hpp
#include <cassert>
#include <vector>
#include <list>
#include <iostream>
#include <ioterator>
#include <iomanip>
#include <formality>
#include <climits>
#include <math.h>
#include <bitset>
#include <algorithm>
#include <sstream>
using namespace std:
template<typename V, typename H, typename C>
class hashtable:
 * Overloaded output operator
return os;
} /* operator << */
template<typename V, typename H, typename C>
class hashtable {
      friend std::ostream & operator <<<V, H, C>(std::ostream & os, const hashtable<V, H, C> &ht);
public:
      typedef V value_type;
typedef H hash_function_type;
typedef C key_equal_function_type;
typedef unsigned int size_t;
typedef value_type const * const_pointer;
typedef value_type const & const_reference;
typedef std::ptrdiff_t difference_type;
typedef const_pointer pointer;
typedef const_pointer pointer;
typedef std::size_t size_type;
      Nate:
size_t currentCapacity;
hash_function_type hasher;
key_equal_function_type equals;
double maxLoadFactor;
double minLoadFactor;
               int MIN_CAPACITY = 10;
       int elementCount = 0;
       vector<list<value_type>> table;
       ^{\star} This method calculates the hash index for the bakeed table depending on the current set capacity. 
 ^{\star} @param
                  const V& value: the value to calculates hash index for
                 the calculated hash index
      int calculateHashIdx(const V& value) const {
      return hasher(value) % currentCapacity;
} /* calculateHashIdx */
        * Validates if an rehash of the backed values is necessary.
      void validateForReHash() {
   double currentLoad = load_factor();
   double factor = 0;
            if ((currentLoad < minLoadFactor)
    && ((currentCapacity * 0.5) > MIN_CAPACITY)) {
            factor = 0.5;
} else if (currentLoad > maxLoadFactor) {
            factor = 1.5;
} /* if */
      if (factor != 0) {
    rehash(currentCapacity * factor);
} /* if */
} /* validateForReHash */
public:
```

```
/** $^{\prime}$ Default constructor which initializes all members but the buckets.
clear();
} /* hashtable */
 * No dynamic members therefore nothing to do.
virtual ~hashtable() {
// nothing to do
} /* ~hashtable */
void clear() {
    elementCount = 0;
table.clear();
    if (currentCapacity < MIN_CAPACITY) {
   currentCapacity = MIN_CAPACITY;
} /* if */</pre>
table.resize(currentCapacity);
} /* clear */
 * Inserts the value in the given list if this value is not managed by this list. Does nothing otherwise.
   @param:
         const V& value: the value to inserted
void insert(const V &value) {
    validateForReHash();
size_t idx = calculateHashIdx(value);
     table[idx].push_front(value);
elementCount++;
} /* if */
} /* insert */
/**
 * Deletes the value from the hashtable if this value is managed by this hashtable. Does nothing otherwise.
 * @param:
        const V& value: the value to be removed from the hastable
vvoid erase(const V &value) {
    size_t idx = calculateHashIdx(value);
    list<string>& valueList = table[idx];
    auto it = find(valueList.begin(), valueList.end(), value);
    if (it != valueList.end()) {
      valueList.remove(value);
elementCount--;
/* if */
     validateForReHash();
} /* erase */
 * Answers thee question if this hashtable contains the given value
   @param
         const V& value: the values to be searched in the table
         true if this value is managed by this hastable, false otherwise
bool contains (const V &value) const {
    size_t idx = calculateHashIdx(value);
list<string> valueList = table[idx];
auto it = find(valueList.begin(), valueList.end(), value);

return (it != valueList.end());
} /* contains */
 * Rehashes the hashtable entries and rebuilds the map with the new has indexes
 * @param:
         the new buckets
void rehash(size t newCapacity) {
     currentCapacity = newCapacity;
vector<list<value_type>> oldData(table);
     table.clear();
table.resize(currentCapacity);
    } /* rehash */
 * Gets the current load factor
 * @return
         the current load factor
*/
double load_factor() const {
    size_t curSize = size();
    return (curSize > 0) ? ((double) (size()) / (currentCapacity)) : 0.0;
} /* load_factor */
```

```
* Gets the current size.
 * @return
  * the current size
size t size() const {
return elementCount;
} /* size */
  * Returns the current capacity
     @return
            the current capacity
size t capacity() {
return currentCapacity;
} /* capacity */
/**  
    * Answers the question if this hashtable is empty
            true if this instance has no entries, false otherwise
bool empty() const {
return size() == 0;
} /* empty */
  * hashtables are logically equal if the fit one of the following requirements.
* 1. Same instance
    1. Same instance
2. Other instance
             a. Same sizeb. Contain same elements
             const hashtable& other: the other instance to compare with
  * @return
             true if the hastables are logically equal, false otherwise
bool operator ==(const hashtable &other) const {
   bool result = false;
       // same instance
if (this == (&other)) {
             result = true;
      // Other instance has same size
else if (size() == other.size()) {
  int i = 0;
  result = true;
  // check if other contains same elements
  while ((result) && (i < other.table.size())) {</pre>
                   ie ((result) && (i < other.table.size())) {
  auto it = other.table[i].begin();
  while ((result) && (it != other.table[i].end())) {
     result = contains((*it));
     it++;
  } /* while */
  i++;
  * while */</pre>
      } /* while */
} /* if */
return result;
} /* operator== */
 typedef std::iterator<std::bidirectional_iterator_tag, value_type,</pre>
             difference_type, const_pointer, const_reference> iterator_base;
 class const_iterator: public iterator_base {
public:
    typedef typename iterator_base::difference_type difference_type;
    typedef typename iterator_base::iterator_category iterator_category;
    typedef typename iterator_base::pointer pointer;
    typedef typename iterator_base::reference reference;
    typedef typename iterator_base::value_type value_type;
private:
    int idx = 0;
    contractors();
}
public:
      const vector<list<value_type>>& table;
list<string> values;
const bool isEnd;
const bool reverse;
       typename list<value_type>::const_iterator listIt;
       void prepareIterator() {
            d prepareIterator() {
  if (isEnd) {
    idx = (table.size() - 1);
    values = table.at(idx);
    listIt = values.end();
}
                   if (reverse) {
    setNextIterator();
             } else {
  idx = 0;
                   values = table.at(idx);
listIt = values.begin();
                   if (!reverse) {
                          setNextIterator();
                   }
            }
```

```
void setNextIterator() {
   if (isEnd) {
      while ((idx != 0) && (listIt == values.begin())) {
                               idx--;
values = table.at(idx);
                               listIt = values.end();
                  } else {
    while ((idx != (table.size() - 1)) && (listIt == values.end())) {
                              idx++;
values = table.at(idx);
listIt = values.begin();
                        }
                  }
            }
      public:
            bool operator ==(const_iterator const & rhs) const {
   return (idx == rhs.idx) && (listIt == rhs.listIt);
            pool operator !=(const_iterator const & rhs) const {
    return (idx != rhs.idx) && (listIt != rhs.listIt);
            1
            reference operator *() const {
    return *listIt;
            }
            pointer operator ->() const {
                  return listIt;
            const_iterator & operator ++() {
    // List still has elements
    if (listIt != values.end()) {
        listIt++;
    }
}
                   // End reached therefore start form new
if ((listIt != values.end()) && (idx < table.size())) {</pre>
                        ((listit := values.end())
idx++;
values = table[idx];
listIt = values.begin();
setNextIterator();
                   return (*this);
            const_iterator & operator --() {
   // List still has elements
   if (listIt != values.begin()) {
                         listIt--;
                   // list end reached
if ((listIt != values.begin()) && (idx != 0)) {
                         values = table[idx];
listIt = values.end();
                         setNextIterator();
                   return (*this);
            }
            const_iterator operator ++(int) {
  const_iterator res(*this);
  ++(*this);
                   return res;
            const_iterator operator --(int) {
  const_iterator res(*this);
  --(*this);
                  return res;
      };
      typedef const_iterator iterator;
      const_iterator begin() const {
      return const_iterator(table);
} /*begin */
      const_iterator end() const {
      return const_iterator(table, true);
} /* end */
     const_iterator rbegin() const {
    return const_iterator(table, false, true);
} /* rbegin */
      const_iterator rend() const {
    return const_iterator(table, true, true);
} /* rend */
#endif // hashtable_hpp
```

1.1.2 main.cpp

Folgend ist die Main Source angeführt, die die Tests Funktionen ausführt.

```
/*
  * main.cpp
  * This is the main which invokes the tests.
  *
  * Created on: Mar 27, 2015
  * Author: Thomas Herzog
  */
#include "test/hashtableTests.hpp"
#include "ide listener.h"
#include "xml_listener.h"
#include "cute_runner.h"

using namespace std;
using namespace cute;
static void runSuite(int argc, char const *argv[]) {
    suite setTestSuite, bagTestSuite;
    xml_file_opener xmlfile(argc, argv);
    xml_listener<ide_listener<>> lis(xmlfile.out);
    setTestSuite = createTestSuite();
    makeRunner(lis, argc, argv)(setTestSuite, "AllTests");
} /* runSuite */
int main(int argc, char const *argv[]) {
    runSuite(argc, argv);
} /* main */
```

1.1.3 hashtableTests.hpp

Folgend ist die Spezifikation der Tests angeführt.

```
/*
 * hashtableTests.hpp
 * This header file specifies the test for the hashtable implementation
.
 * Created on: Apr 3, 2015

* Author: Thomas Herzog
#ifndef HASHTABLETESTS_HPP
#define HASHTABLETESTS HPP
#include <cute.h>
#include "../hashtable.hpp"
cute::suite createTestSuite();
void test_insert_new();
void test_insert_duplicate();
void test_erease_existing();
void test_erease_not_existing();
void test_contains_true();
void test_contains_false();
void test_clear_empty();
void test clear full();
void test_increase_load_factor();
void test_decrease_load_factor();
void test_equal_operator_same_instance();
void test_equal_operator_different_instance_true();
void test_equal_operator_different_instance_false();
#endif /* HASHTABLETESTS_HPP_ */
```

1.1.4 hashTableTests.cpp

Folgend ist die Implementierung der hashtableTests.hpp angeführt.

```
/* $^{\prime}$ hashtableTests.cpp $^{\prime}$ This is the implementation of the specification hashtableTests.hpp .
     Created on: Apr 3, 2015
Author: Thomas Herzog
#include "hashtableTests.hpp"
using namespace std;
using namespace cute;
suite createTestSuite() {
      te createTestSuite() {
    suite testSuite;
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_insert_new));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_insert_duplicate));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_erease_existing));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_erease_nexisting));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_erease_nexisting));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_erease_nexisting));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_contains_true));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_clear_empty));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_clear_full));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_clear_full));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_decrease_load_factor));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_equal_operator_same_instance));
    testSuite.push back(CUTE(test_equal_operator_different_instance_false));
    return testSuite;
return testSuite;
} /* createTestSuite */
----" << endl;
} /* printTable */
 d test_insert_new() {
hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(10);
      printTable(ht, "before insert");
       ht.insert(string("Hello"));
      ht.insert(string("you"));
ht.insert(string("C++"));
      printTable(ht, "after insert");
      ASSERT_EQUAL(3, ht.size());
* test_insert_new */
void test_insert_duplicate() {
   hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(10);
       printTable(ht, "before insert");
      ht.insert(string("Hello"));
ht.insert(string("Hello"));
ht.insert(string("you"));
ht.insert(string("you"));
ht.insert(string("C++"));
ht.insert(string("C++"));
       ht.insert(string("C++"));
       printTable(ht, "after insert");
       ASSERT_EQUAL(3, ht.size());
* test_insert_duplicate */
void test_erease_existing() {
      hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(10);
       string s("C++");
       ht.insert(string("Hello"));
ht.insert(string("you"));
      ht.insert(s);
      printTable(ht, "before erease");
      ht.erase(s);
      printTable(ht, "after erease");
ASSERT_EQUAL(2, ht.size());
} /* test_erease_existing */
void test_erease_not_existing() {
   hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(10);
      string s("not-existing");
ht.insert(string("Hello"));
ht.insert(string("you"));
ht.insert(string("C++"));
       printTable(ht, "before erease");
```

```
ht.erase(s);
     printTable(ht, "after erease");
     ASSERT EQUAL(3, ht.size()):
) /* test erease not existing */
void test_contains_true() {
   hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(10);
     string s("C++");
     ht.insert(string("Hello"));
ht.insert(string("you"));
     ht.insert(s);
     printTable(ht, "");
     ASSERT EQUAL(true, ht.contains(s));
} /* test_contains_true */
void test_contains_false() {
    hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(10);
     string s("not-existing");
ht.insert(string("Hello"));
ht.insert(string("you"));
ht.insert(string("C++"));
     printTable(ht, "");
ASSERT_EQUAL(false, ht.contains(s));
} /* test_contains_false */
void test_clear_empty() {
     hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(10);
     printTable(ht, "before clear");
     ht.clear();
     printTable(ht, "after clear");
ASSERT_EQUAL(0, ht.size());
} /* test_clear_empty */
void test_clear_full() {
   hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(10);
     ht.insert(string("Hello"));
     ht.insert(string("you"));
ht.insert(string("C++"));
     printTable(ht, "before clear");
     printTable(ht, "after clear");
ASSERT_EQUAL(0, ht.size());
} /* test_clear_full */
void test_increase_load_factor() {
   hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(10);
      for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
           stringstream ss;
ss << "Element_" << i;
           ht.insert(ss.str());
ASSERT_EQUAL(33, ht.capacity());
} /* test_increase_load_factor */
void test_decrease_load_factor() {
   hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(30);
      for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
           stringstream ss;
ss << "Element_" << i;
ht.insert(ss.str());</pre>
     for (int i = 0; i < 20; ++i) {
    stringstream ss;
    ss << "Element_" << i;
    ht.erase(ss.str());</pre>
     ASSERT EQUAL (16, ht.capacity());
} /* test decrease load factor */
void test_equal_operator_same_instance() {
   hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht(10);
     ht.insert(string("Hello"));
ASSERT_EQUAL(true, ht == ht);
} /* test_equal_operator_same_instance */
```

```
void test_equal_operator_different_instance_true() {
   hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht1(10);
   hashtable<string ("Hello"));
   ht1.insert(string("Hello"));
   ht2.insert(string("Hello"));

   ASSERT_EQUAL(true, ht1 == ht2);
} /* test_equal_operator_different_instance_true */
void test_equal_operator_different_instance_false() {
   hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht1(10);
   hashtable<string, std::hash<string>, std::equal_to<string>> ht2(10);
   ht1.insert(string("Hello"));
   ht2.insert(string("You too"));

   ASSERT_EQUAL(false, ht1 == ht2);
} /* test_equal_operator_different_instance_false*/
```

1.2 Tests

Folgend sind die Tests angeführt.

```
#beginning AllTests 13
#starting test_insert_new
Hashtable content: before insert
Hashtable content: after insert
hash-key: 3 - Hello
hash-key: 4 - you
hash-key: 6 - C++
_____
#success test insert new OK
#starting test insert duplicate
Hashtable content: before insert
Hashtable content: after insert
hash-key: 3 - Hello
hash-key: 4 - you
hash-key: 6 - C++
_____
#success test_insert_duplicate OK
#starting test erease existing
Hashtable content: before erease
hash-key: 3 - Hello
hash-key: 4 - you
hash-key: 6 - C++
Hashtable content: after erease
hash-key: 3 - Hello
hash-key: 4 - you
_____
#success test erease existing OK
#starting test_erease_not_existing
Hashtable content: before erease
hash-key: 3 - Hello
hash-key: 4 - you
hash-key: 6 - C++
Hashtable content: after erease
hash-key: 3 - Hello
hash-key: 4 - you
hash-key: 6 - C++
#success test erease not existing OK
```

```
#starting test contains true
Hashtable content:
hash-key: 3 - Hello
hash-key: 4 - you
hash-key: 6 - C++
_____
#success test contains true OK
#starting test contains false
Hashtable content:
hash-key: 3 - Hello
hash-key: 4 - you
hash-key: 6 - C++
#success test_contains_false OK
#starting test clear empty
Hashtable content: before clear
Hashtable content: after clear
_____
#success test clear empty OK
#starting test clear full
Hashtable content: before clear
hash-key: 3 - Hello
hash-key: 4 - you
hash-key: 6 - C++
Hashtable content: after clear
#success test clear full OK
#starting test_increase_load_factor
#success test increase load factor OK
#starting test_decrease_load_factor
#success test_decrease_load_factor OK
#starting test equal operator same instance
#success test_equal_operator_same_instance OK
#starting test_equal_operator_different_instance_true
#success test_equal_operator_different_instance_true OK
#starting test equal operator different instance false
#success test_equal_operator_different_instance_false OK
#ending AllTests
```