

Aerial Imagery Object Detection

A Tensorflow / Faster-RCNN
Transfer Learning Tutorial

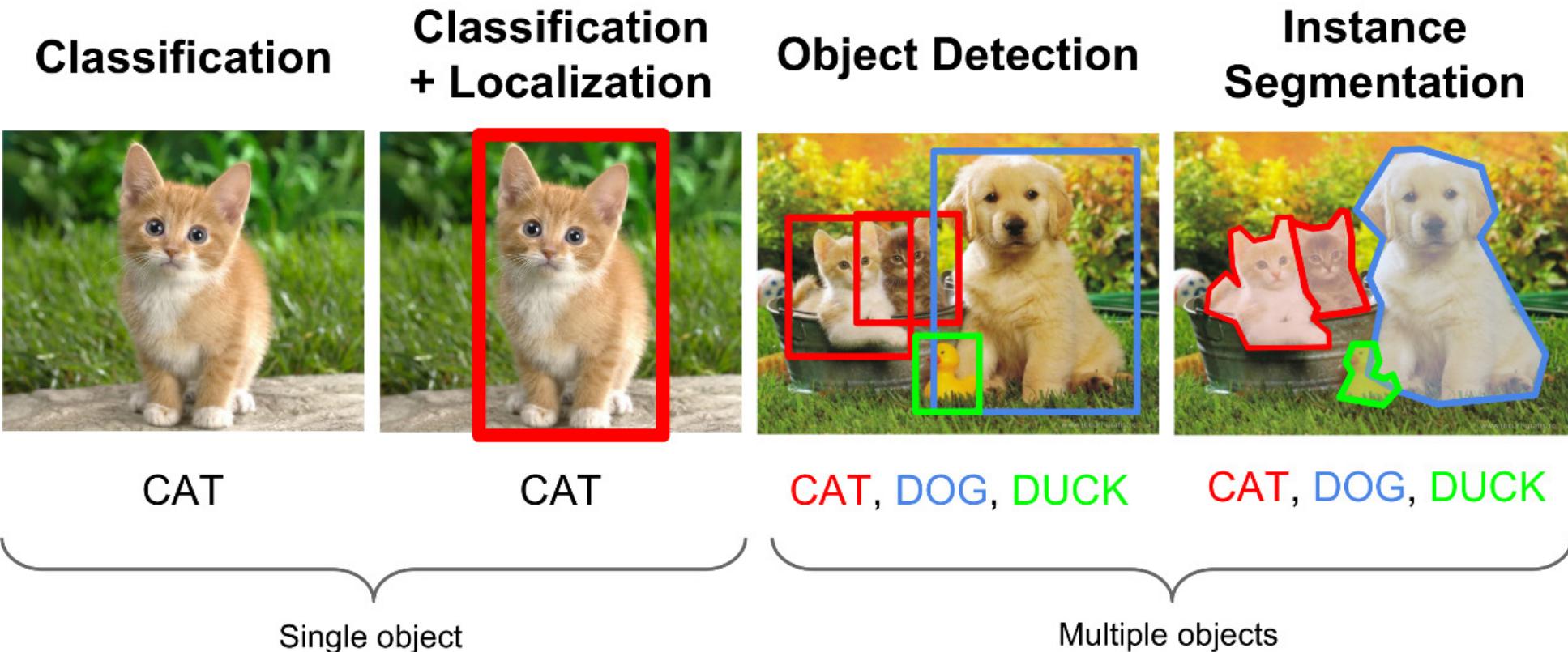
GeoPython 2019



Adrian Meyer
Data Scientist
FHNW



Image Classification Typology



SolAI – Detection of Solar Systems

IGEO/FHNW and Federal Office for Energy (BFE)

 Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Bundesamt für Energie BFE
Bundesamt für Meteorologie und Klimatologie MeteoSchweiz
Bundesamt für Landestopografie swisstopo

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D | F | I | E

 Dach  Fassade

Wie viel **Strom** oder **Wärme** kann mein **Dach** produzieren?

Suchen Sie Ihre Adresse...
...ODER LOKALISIEREN SIE SICH ↗

Noch nicht lokalisiert

Bitte lokalisieren Sie sich, suchen Sie eine Adresse oder klicken Sie in der Karte auf ein Dach.

Suchen Sie Ihre Adresse...
50 km

Vollbild | Problem melden

CNES, Spot Image, swisstopo, NPOC | BFE



SolAI – Detektion von Solaranlagen

IGEO/FHNW und Bundesamt für Energie (BFE)

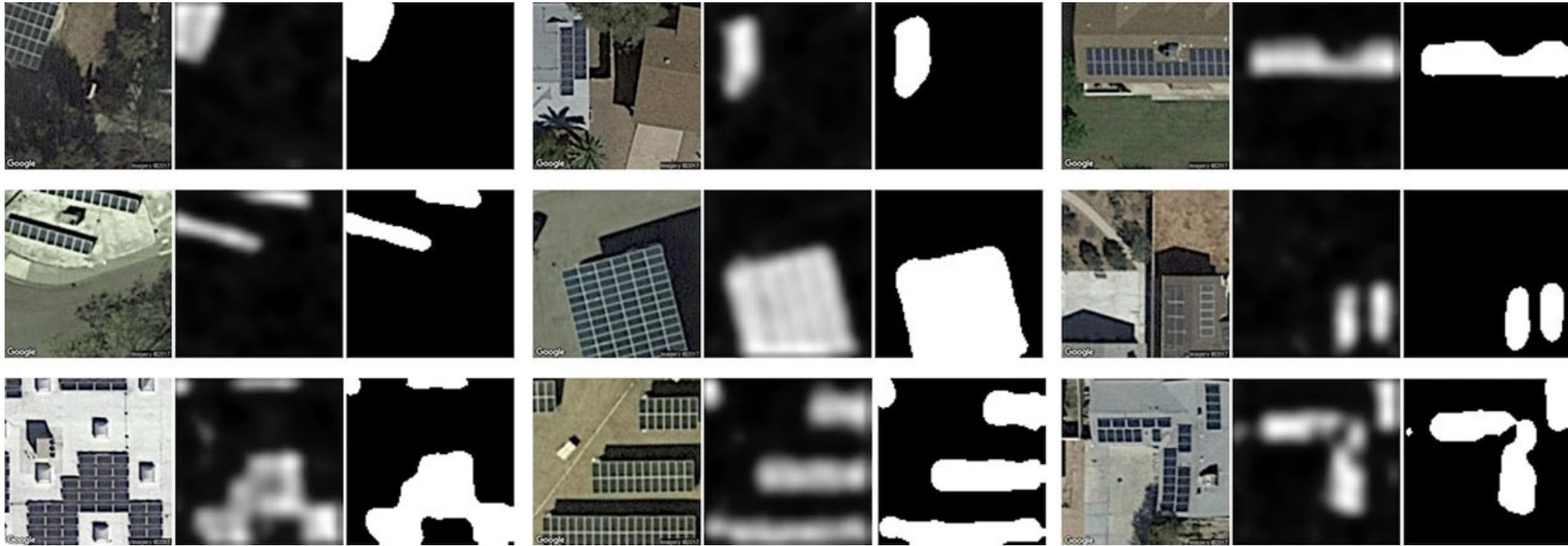
Images: DeepSolar/Stanford

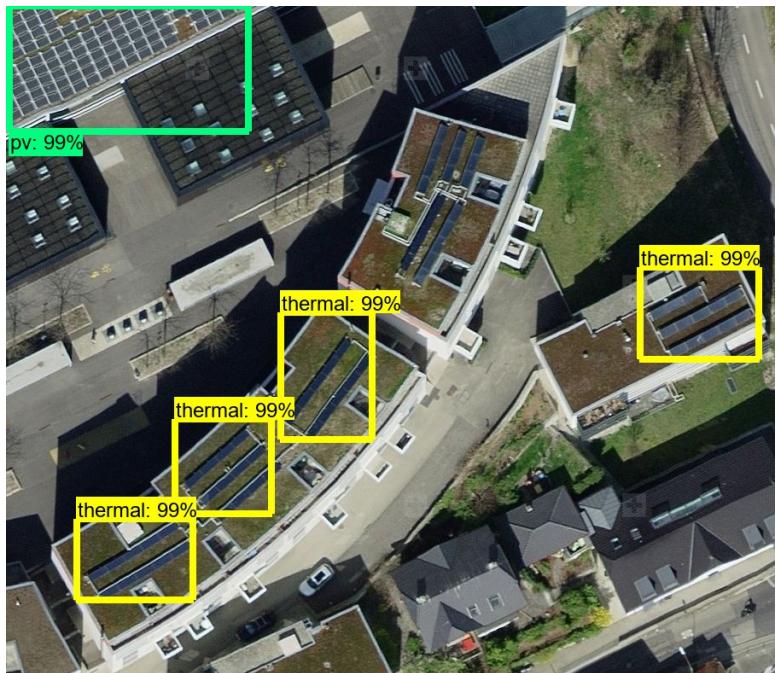
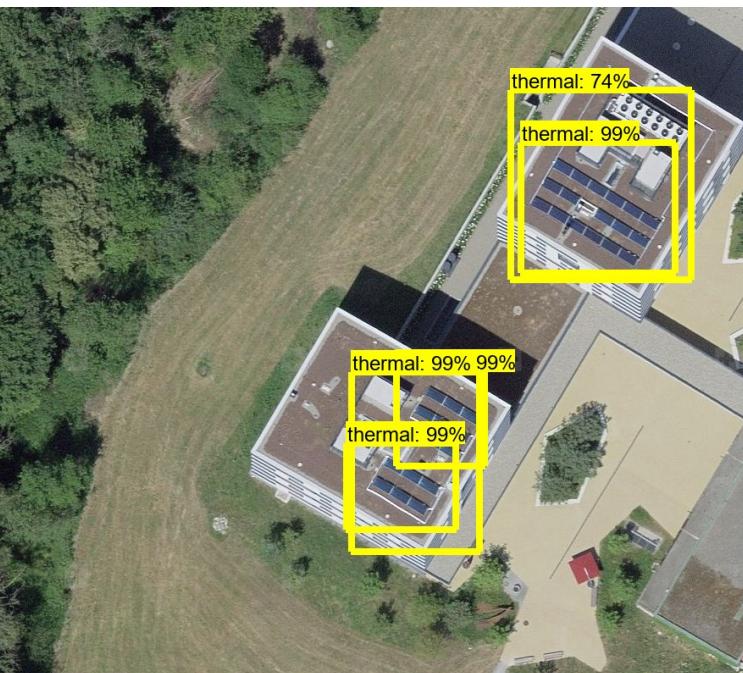
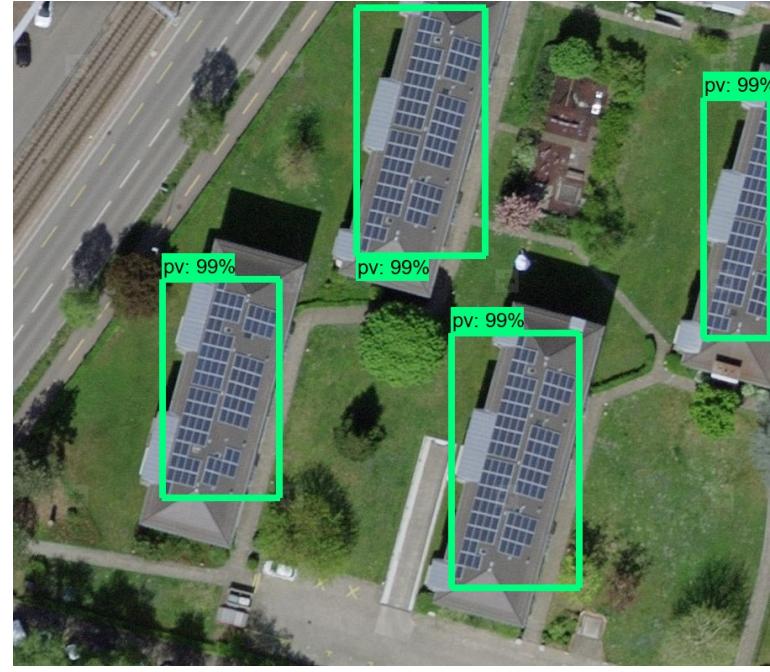
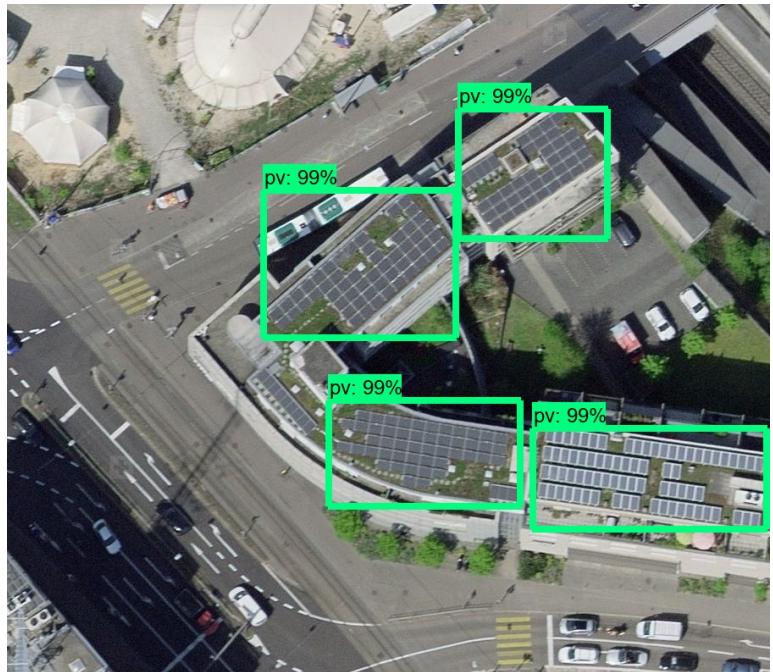


SolAI – Detektion von Solaranlagen

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Images: DeepSolar/Stanford





Download Tutorial Files

Go to <https://colab.research.google.com>

Use **Github** > Enter organization: **fhnw-ivgi**

Checkout the Faster-RCNN Tutorial notebook from the master branch by clicking on it.

Alternative Links:

- Notebook (ipynb)
<https://tinyurl.com/solardetect>
- Dataset (JPG Tiles and Annotations)
<https://tinyurl.com/solardataset>

EXAMPLES RECENT GOOGLE DRIVE GITHUB UPLOAD

Enter a GitHub URL or search by organization or user Include private repos

fhnw-ivgi 

Repository: FHNW-IVGI/workshop_geopython2019 ▾ Branch: master ▾

Path

 Ex.01_LandUse/LandUseClassification.ipynb  

 [FasterRCNN_Tutorial_MeyerA.ipynb](#)  

[Open notebook](#)

NEW PYTHON 3 NOTEBOOK ▾ CANCEL

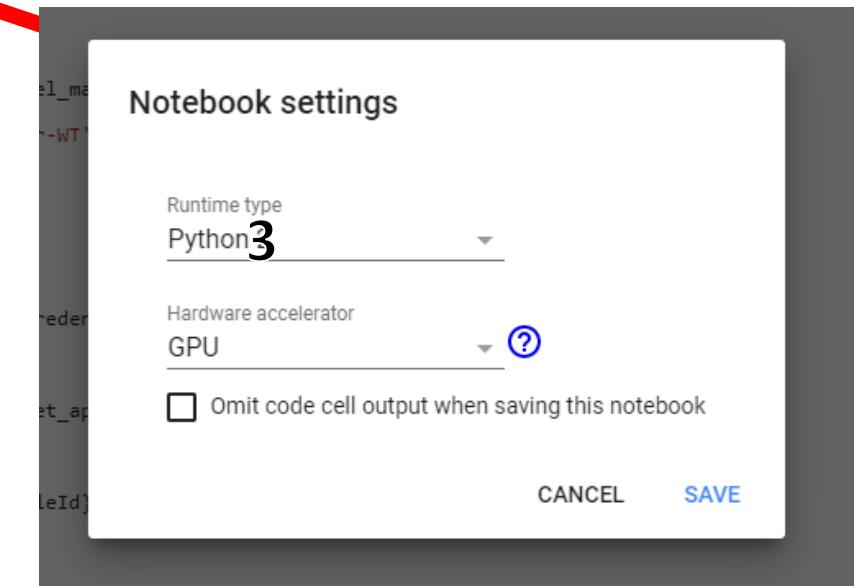
Alternative: Upload ipynb Notebook on Google Colab

The screenshot shows the Google Colab interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: EXAMPLES, RECENT (which is selected), GOOGLE DRIVE, GITHUB, and UPLOAD. A red arrow points from the URL in the top right towards the UPLOAD tab. Below the navigation bar is a table listing recent notebooks:

Title	First opened	Last opened	Actions
Welcome To Colaboratory	2 days ago	0 minutes ago	
newdata.ipynb	0 minutes ago	0 minutes ago	
FasterRCNN-Tutorial-PureCode.ipynb	2 hours ago	2 hours ago	
Untitled1.ipynb	2 hours ago	2 hours ago	
Object detection	2 days ago	22 hours ago	

At the bottom of the screen, there is a modal for creating a new notebook. The modal has two buttons: "NEW PYTHON 3 NOTEBOOK" (highlighted with a blue box) and "NEW PYTHON 2 NOTEBOOK". Below the buttons, there is a note: "To execute the code in the above cell, select it with a click or keyboard shortcut "Command/Ctrl+Enter".

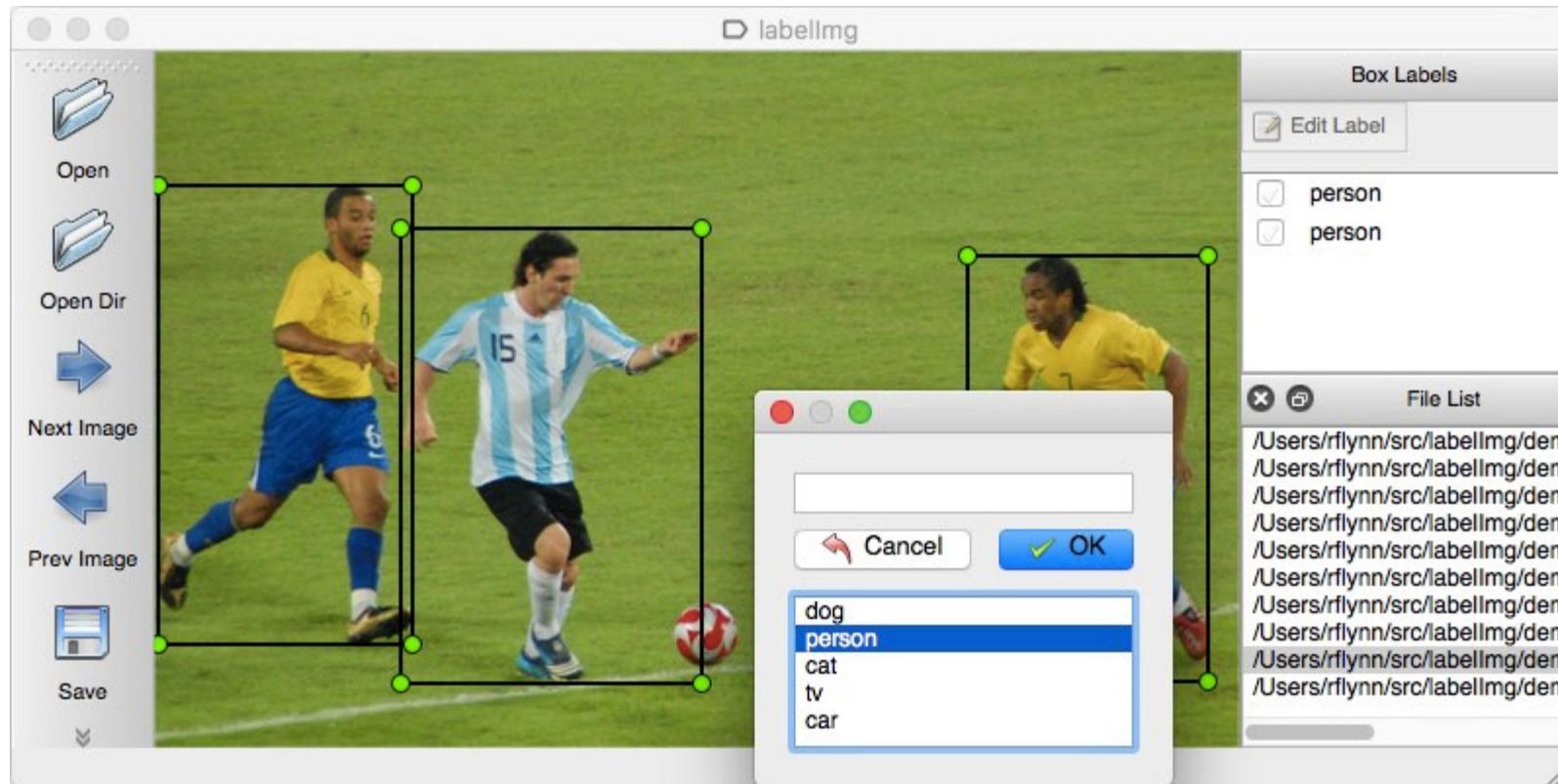
<https://colab.research.google.com/>



Demo

<https://colab.research.google.com/>

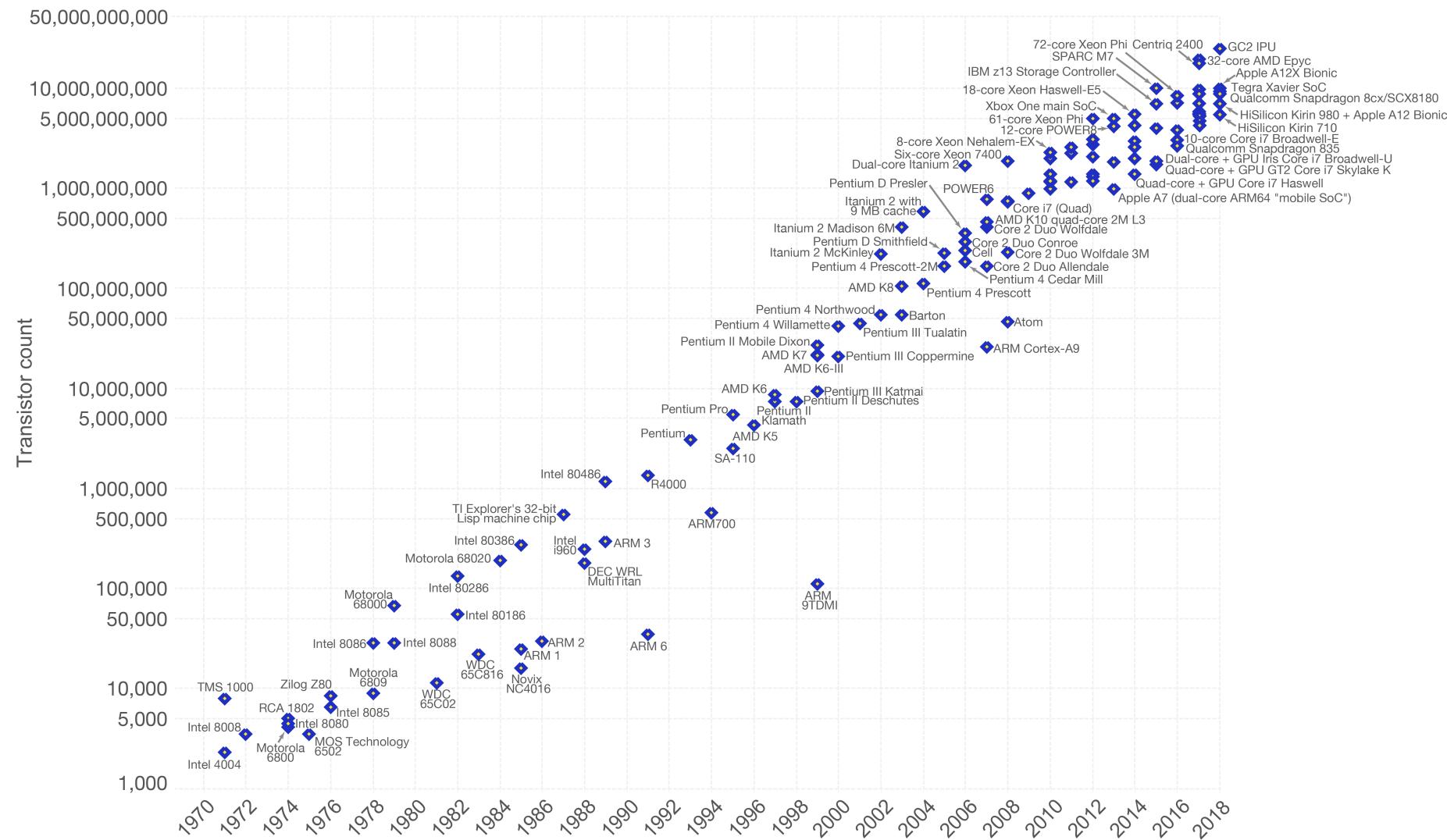
Annotations with Label IMG



- <https://github.com/tzutalin/labelImg>

Moore's Law – The number of transistors on integrated circuit chips (1971-2018)

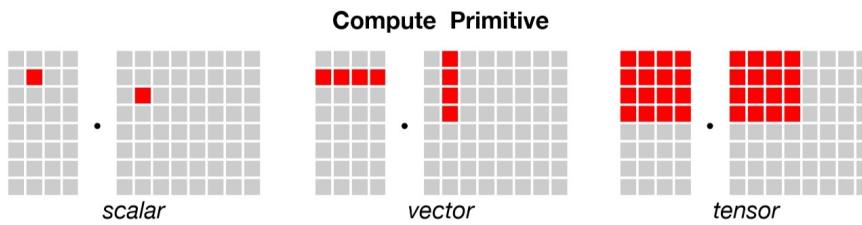
Moore's law describes the empirical regularity that the number of transistors on integrated circuits doubles approximately every two years. This advancement is important as other aspects of technological progress – such as processing speed or the price of electronic products – are linked to Moore's law.



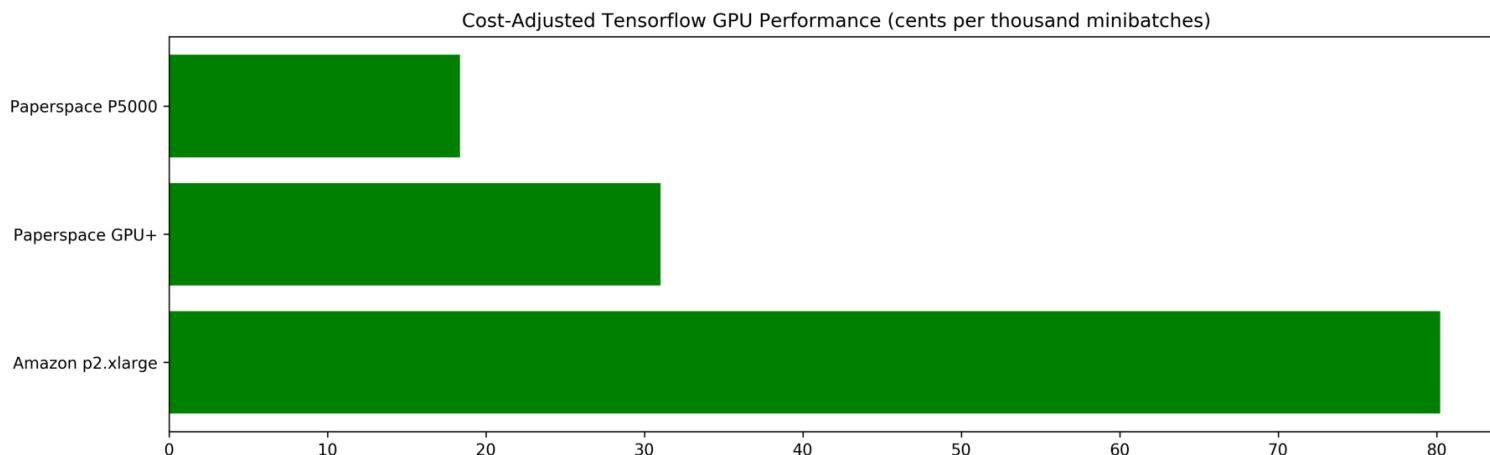
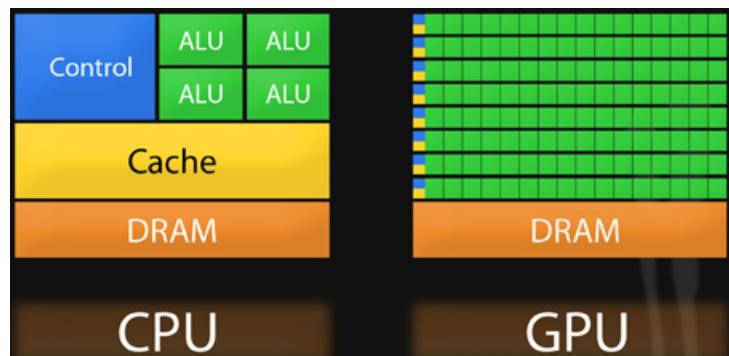
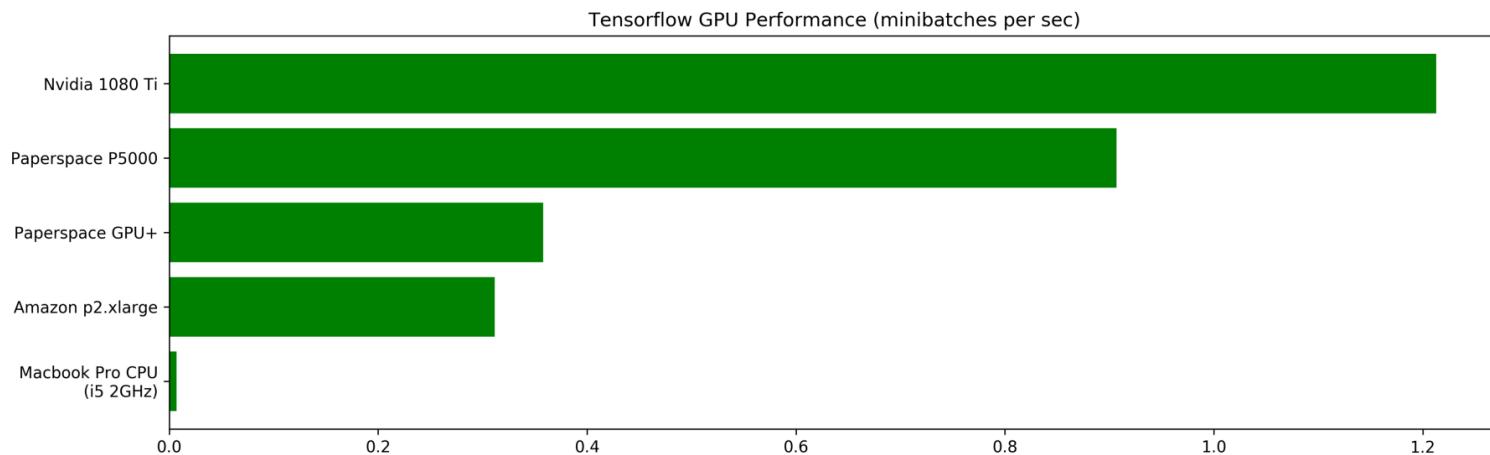
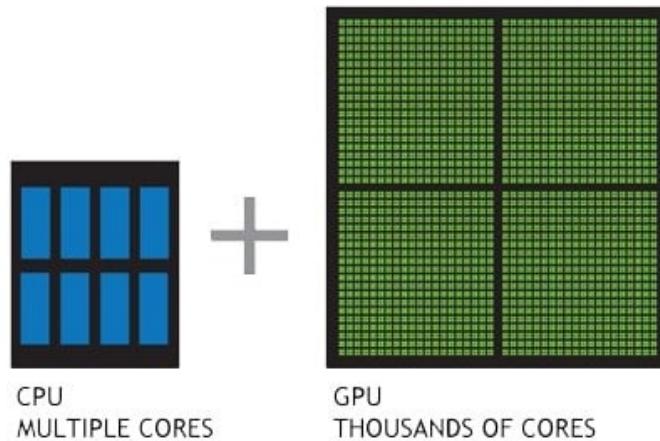
Data source: Wikipedia (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transistor_count)

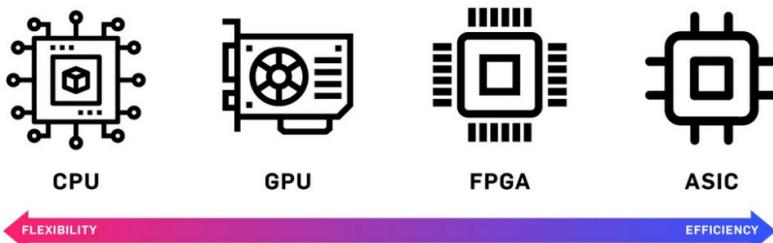
The data visualization is available at OurWorldInData.org. There you find more visualizations and research on this topic.

Licensed under CC-BY-SA by the author Max Roser.



Hardware





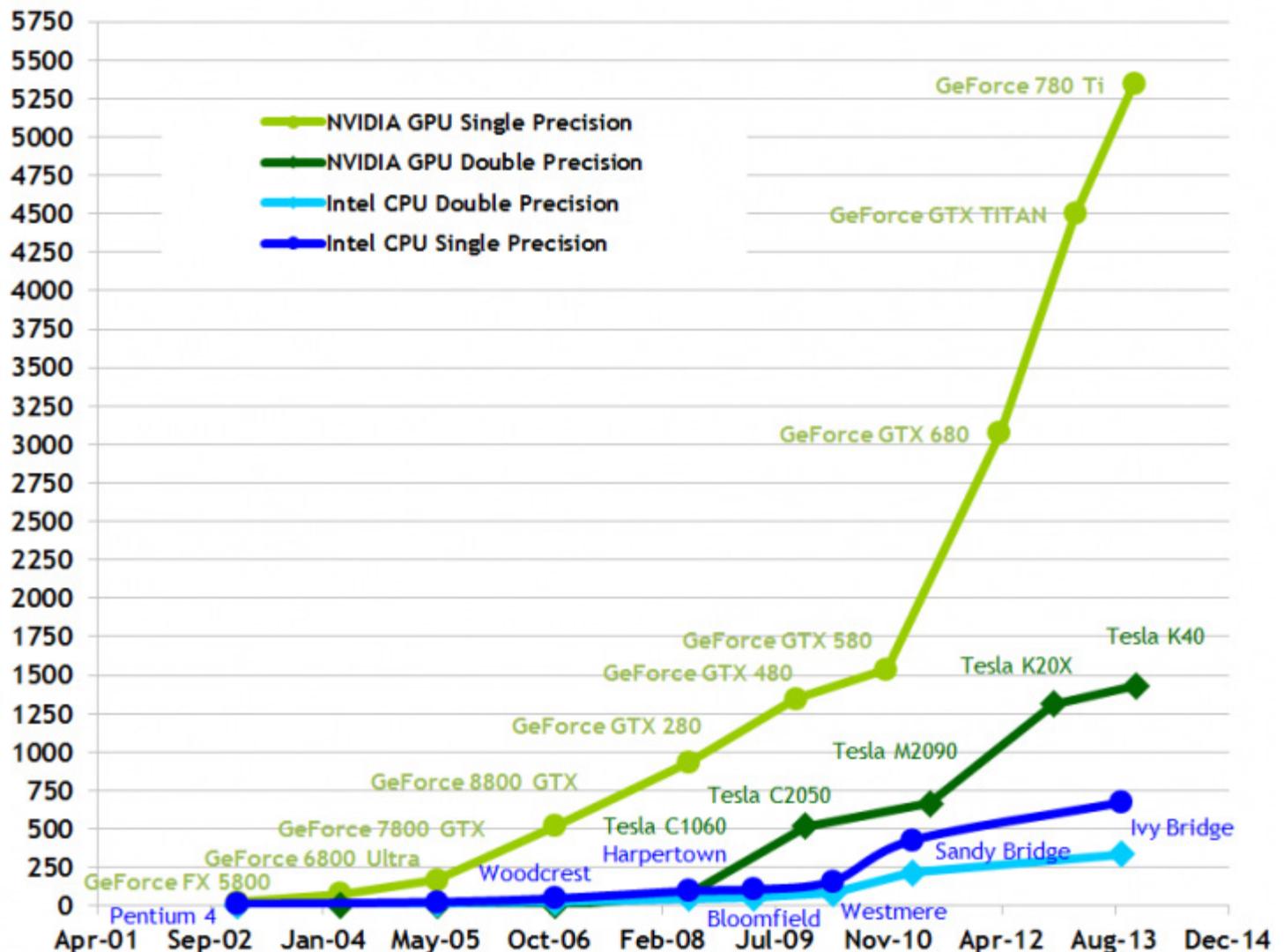
- CPU**
 - Small models
 - Small datasets
 - Useful for design space exploration

- GPU**
 - Medium-to-large models, datasets
 - Image, video processing
 - Application on CUDA or OpenCL

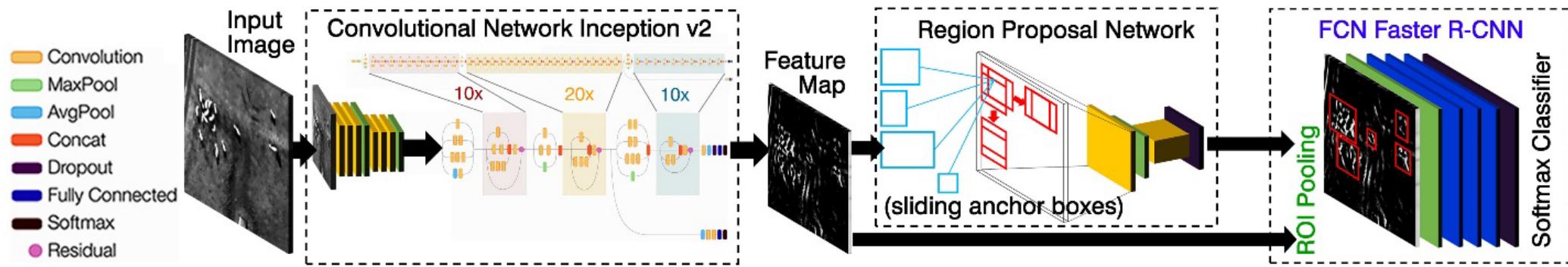
- TPU**
 - Matrix computations
 - Dense vector processing
 - No custom TensorFlow operations

- FPGA**
 - Large datasets, models
 - Compute intensive applications
 - High performance, high perf./cost ratio

Theoretical GFLOP/s

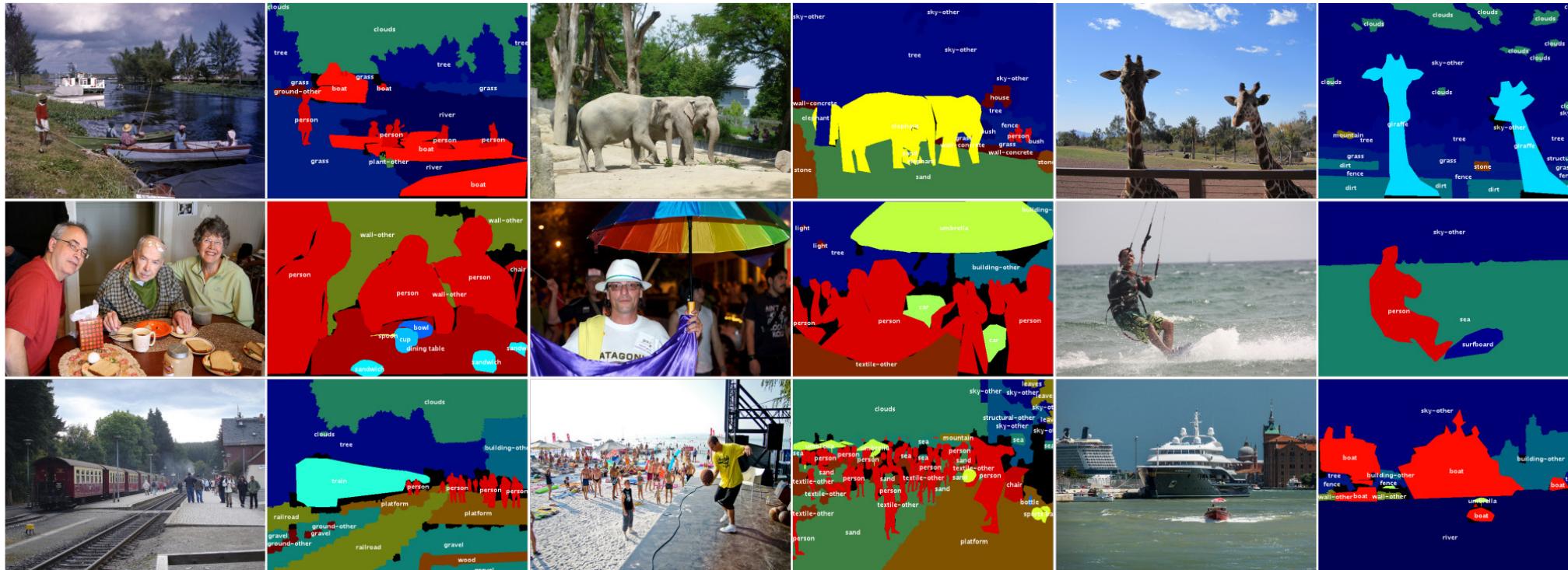
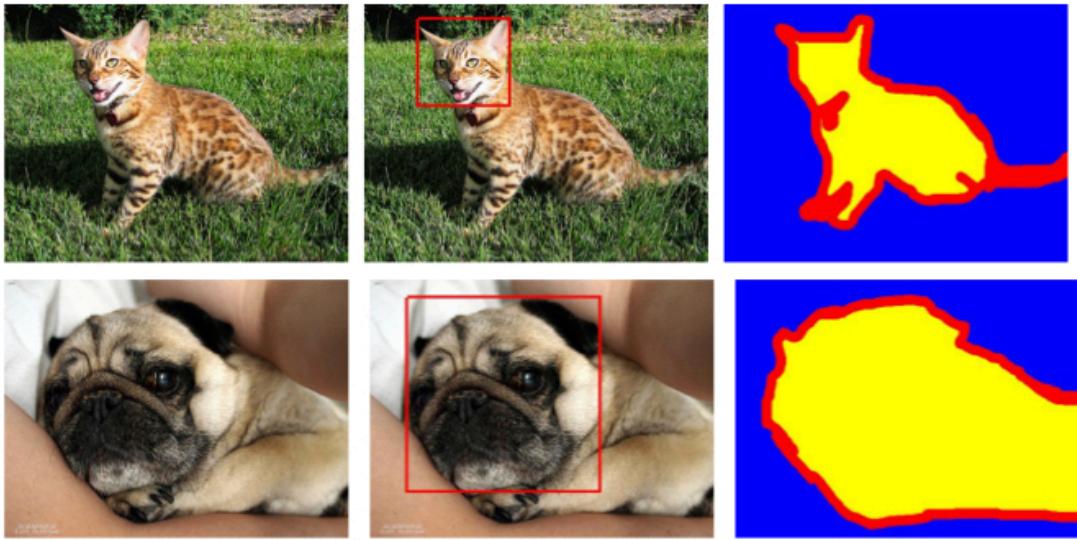


Faster R-CNN

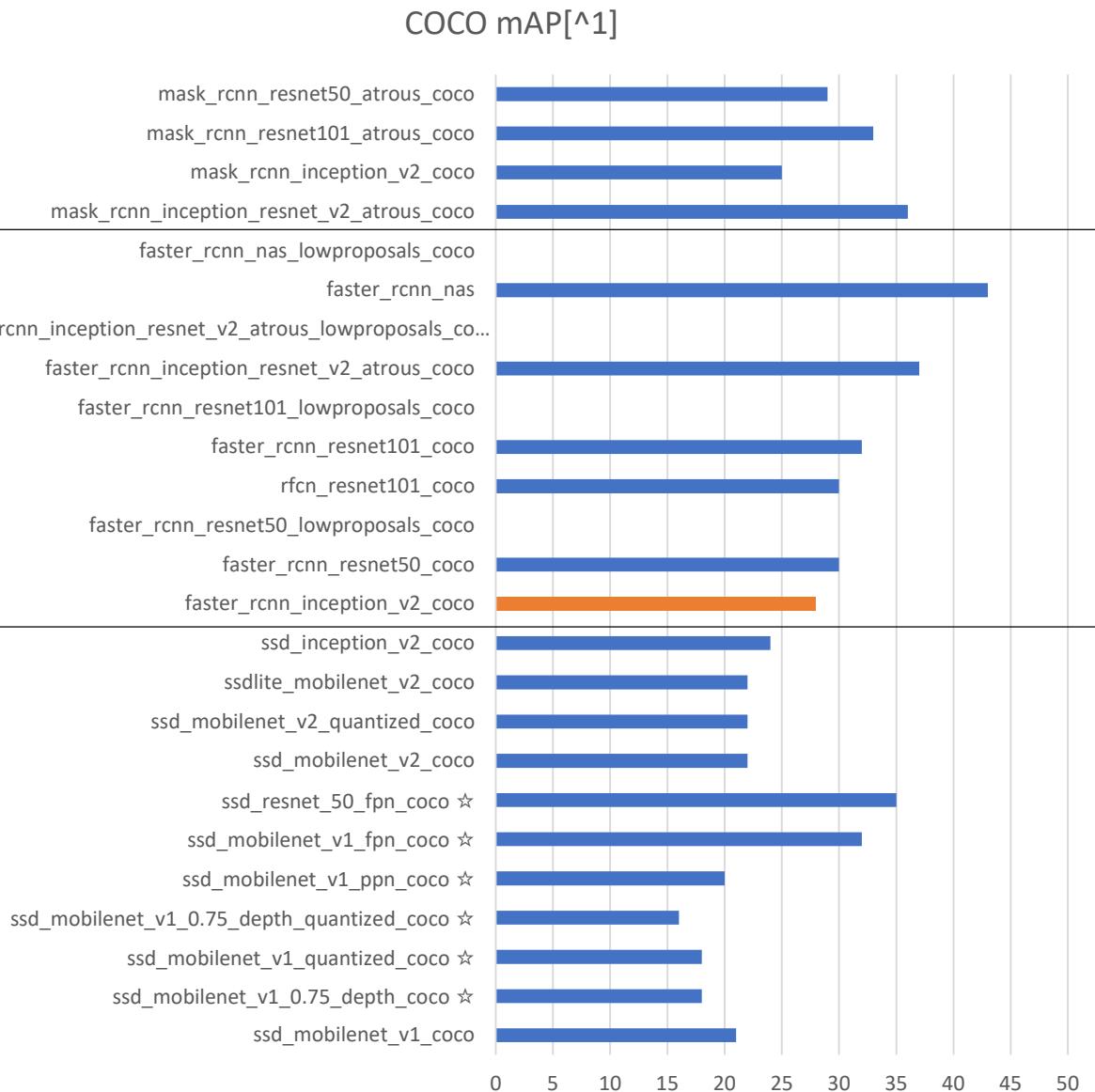
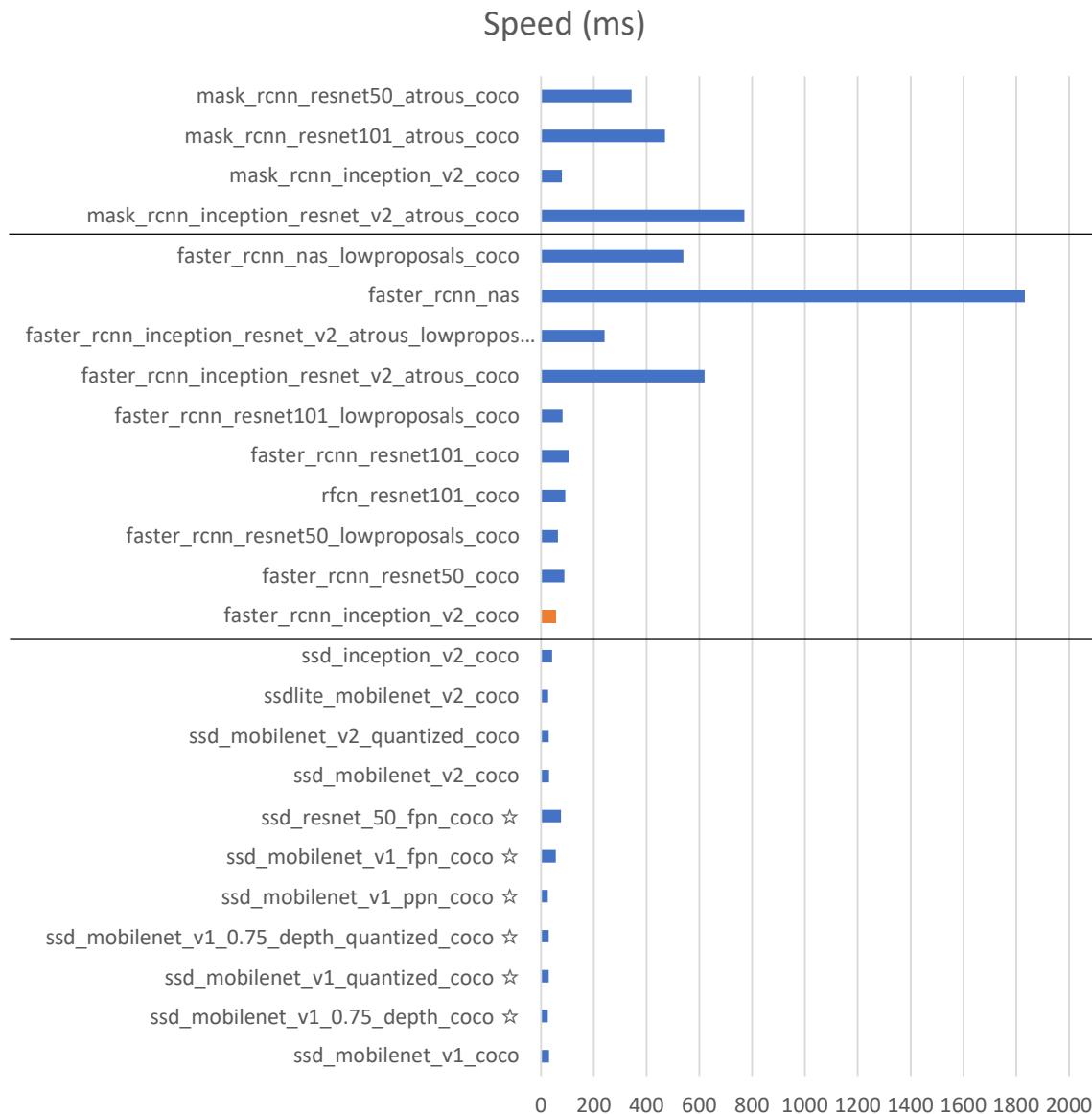


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=llBhBSgoWPs>

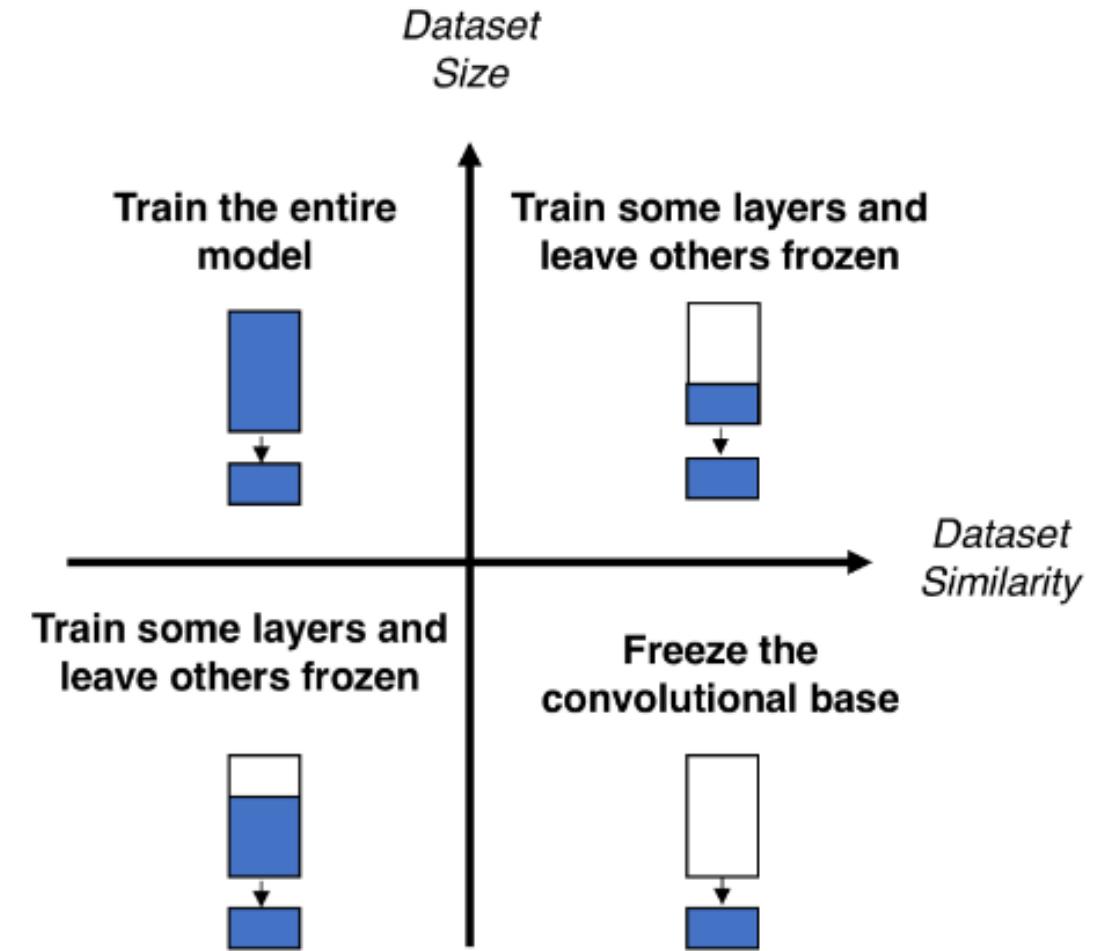
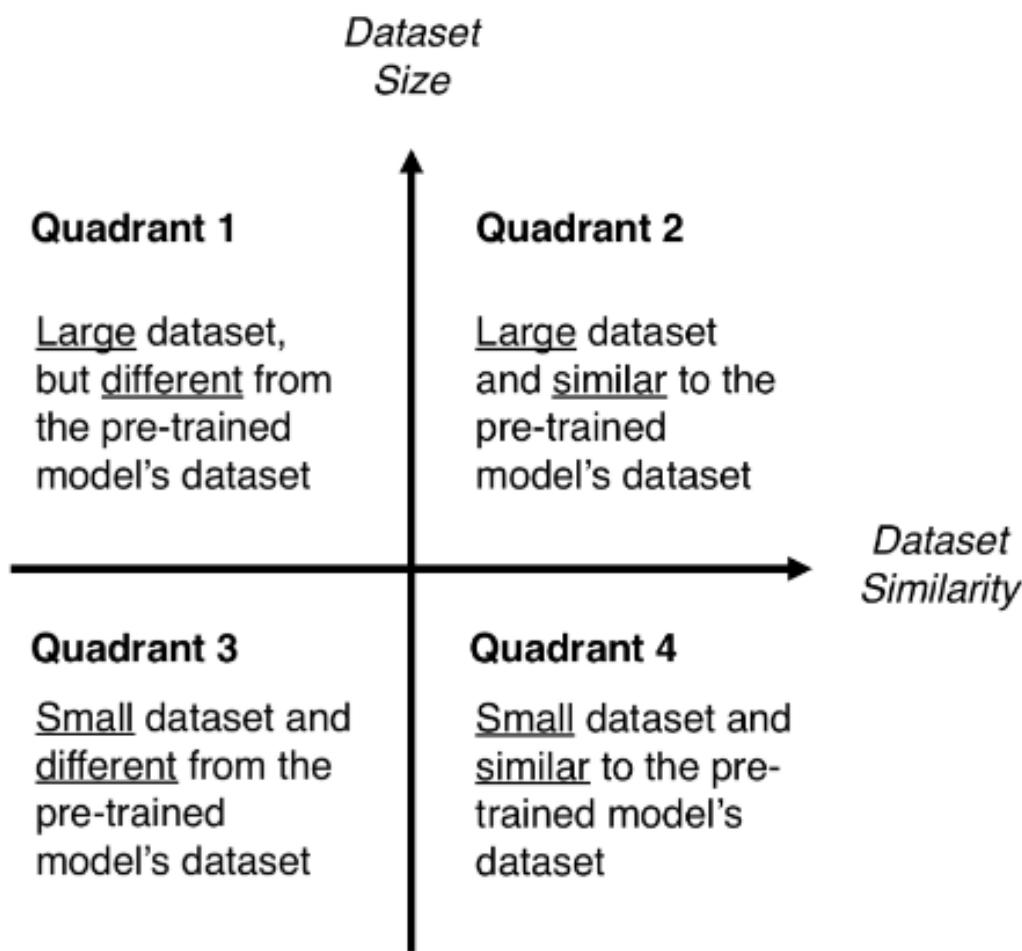
MS COCO / Oxford Pets



Tensorflow Object Detection Model Zoo

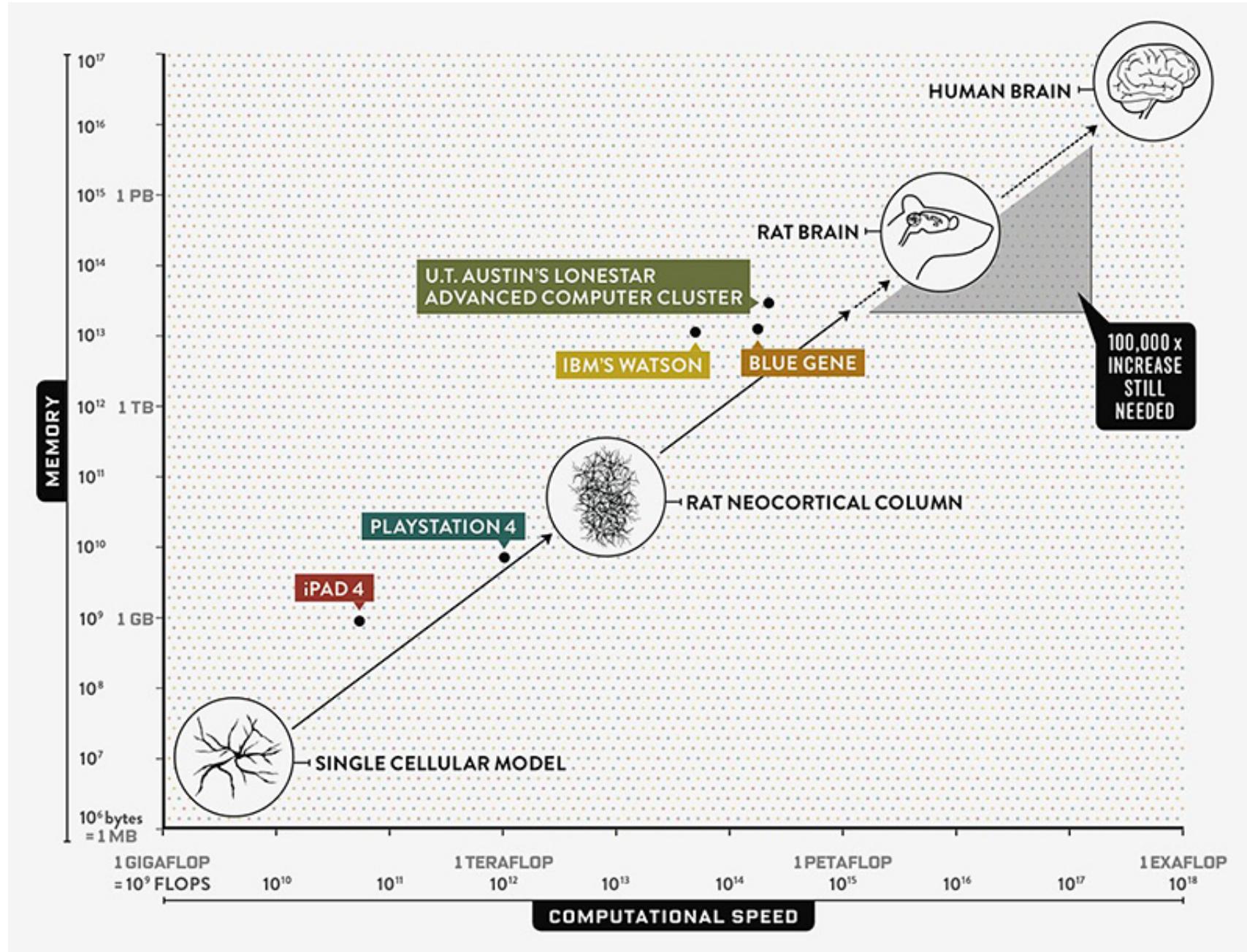


Pretrained Models

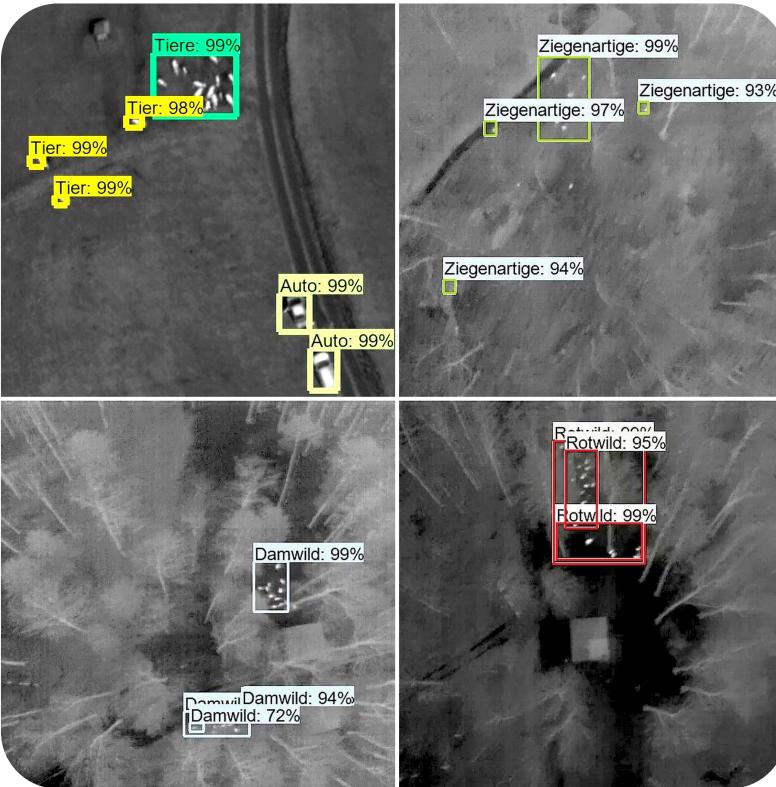


Computing Power

<https://www.visualcapitalist.com/visualizing-trillion-fold-increase-computing-power/>



Use Case: Wildlife Monitoring



June 26, 2019

	Auditorium / other	Room 1	Room 2
09:00		Accelerating distances calculations using GPU (Serhii Hulkó) Spatial data in real-time apps with Python (Dmitry Karpov)	Getting Data out of CAD and into Python (Joseph Kaelin, Martin Pike) Geomapping with Pyecharts(Echarts.js) (Chenfu Wang)
10:00	Coffee Break		
11:00		Automated and reproducible object Working with 3D city models in Python (Balázs Dukai) Site planning with Geopandas and CARTO (Giulia Carella)	Sporty Python (Hans-Jörg Stark) Raspberry Pi & Camera (Hans-Jörg Stark) Analyzing geospatial data using GeoPandas (Marvin Bensch)
12:00	Lightning Talks		
13:00	Lunch		
14:00		Open source web-based tool for quality Using Tensorflow for Infrared UAV-based Wildlife Detection (Adrian Meyer) Digital Farming: Fertilise Variably Based on Satellite Data (Aragats)	PyViz for Mapping Global Shipping ipyleaflet - A Jupyter-Leaflet bridge enabling interactive maps in Jupyter PySnooper - Never use print for debugging again (Ram Rachum)
15:00	Closing Session & Raffle (Martin Christen)		



Thank you!

