

Unbiased Estimator for Fourth Moments

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1 Hybrids

Before considering unbiased estimator for the fourth moments, we introduce more hybrids moments in addition to Online Appendix M of Ref. [1].

$$\begin{aligned}
 E[x_1 x_2 \bar{\mathbf{x}}^2] &= \frac{1}{n^2} E[x_1 x_2 (\sum_{i=1}^n x_i)^2] \\
 &= \frac{1}{n^2} E[x_1 x_2 (x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \sum_{i=3}^n x_i^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + 2x_1 (\sum_{i=3}^n x_i) + 2x_2 (\sum_{i=3}^n x_i) + \sum_{i=3}^n \sum_{j=i+1}^n x_i x_j)] \\
 &= \frac{2}{n^2} E[x_1^3 x_2] + \frac{n-2}{n^2} E[x_1 x_2 x_3^2] + \frac{2}{n^2} E[x_1^2 x_2^2] + \frac{4(n-2)}{n^2} E[x_1^2 x_2 x_3] \\
 &\quad + \frac{(n-2)(n-3)}{n^2} E[x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4] \tag{1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{2}{n^2} (\mathcal{S}(\mathbf{x}) + 3\sigma^2(\mathbf{x})\mu + \mu^3)\mu + \frac{5(n-2)}{n^2} (\sigma^2(\mathbf{x}) + \mu^2)\mu^2 + \frac{2}{n^2} (\sigma^2(\mathbf{x})^2 + \mu^2)^2 \\
 &\quad + \frac{(n-2)(n-3)}{n^2} \mu^4 \\
 &= \frac{2}{n^2} \mathcal{S}(\mathbf{x})\mu + \frac{5}{n} \sigma^2(\mathbf{x})\mu^2 + \frac{2}{n^2} \sigma^4 + \mu^4 \\
 E[x_1^2 x_2 \bar{\mathbf{x}}] &= \frac{1}{n} E[x_1^2 x_2 (\sum_{i=1}^n x_i)] \\
 &= \frac{1}{n} E[x_1^3 x_2 + x_1^2 x_2^2 + (n-2)x_1^2 x_2 x_3] \\
 &= \frac{1}{n} (\mathcal{S}(\mathbf{x}) + 3\sigma^2(\mathbf{x})\mu + \mu^3)\mu + \frac{1}{n} (\sigma^2(\mathbf{x}) + \mu^2)^2 + \frac{n-2}{n} (\sigma^2(\mathbf{x}) + \mu^2)\mu^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{n} \mathcal{S}(\mathbf{x})\mu + \frac{(n+3)}{n} \sigma^2(\mathbf{x})\mu^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sigma^4 + \mu^4. \tag{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

2 Square of variance, $\sigma_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}^4(\mathbf{x})$

Expression for square of variance, $\sigma_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}^4(\mathbf{x})$, given on p. 9 in Online Appendix M of Ref. [1] is not correct. The correct expression is

$$\begin{aligned}
\sigma_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}^4(\mathbf{x}) &= E[(x_i - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^2(x_j - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^2] \\
&= E\left[\frac{1}{n} \sum (x_i - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^2 \cdot \frac{1}{n} \sum (x_j - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^2\right] \\
&= \frac{1}{n^2} E\left[\sum_i \sum_j (x_i - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^2(x_j - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^2\right] \\
&= \frac{1}{n^2} E\left[\sum_i (x_i - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^4\right] + \frac{1}{n^2} E\left[\sum_i \sum_{j \neq i} (x_i - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^2(x_j - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^2\right] \\
&= \frac{1}{n} E[(x_1 - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^4] + \frac{n-1}{n} E[(x_1 - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^2(x_2 - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^2] \\
&= \frac{1}{n} E[(x_1 - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^4] + \frac{n-1}{n} E[x_1^2 x_2^2 - 4x_1^2 x_2 \bar{\mathbf{x}} + 2x_1^2 \bar{\mathbf{x}}^2 + 4x_1 x_2 \bar{\mathbf{x}}^2 - 4x_1 \bar{\mathbf{x}}^3 + \bar{\mathbf{x}}^4] \\
&= \frac{1}{n} \mathcal{K}_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{n-1}{n} (\sigma^2(\mathbf{x}) + \mu^2)^2 \\
&\quad - \frac{4(n-1)}{n} \left[\frac{1}{n} \mathcal{S}(\mathbf{x}) \mu + \frac{(n+3)}{n} \sigma^2(\mathbf{x}) \mu^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sigma^4 + \mu^4 \right] \\
&\quad + \frac{2(n-1)}{n} \left[\frac{1}{n^2} \mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{2(n+1)}{n^2} \mathcal{S}(\mathbf{x}) \mu + \frac{n+5}{n} \sigma^2(\mathbf{x}) \mu^2 + \frac{n-1}{n^2} \sigma^4 + \mu^4 \right] \\
&\quad + \frac{4(n-1)}{n} \left[\frac{2}{n^2} \mathcal{S}(\mathbf{x}) \mu + \frac{5}{n} \sigma^2(\mathbf{x}) \mu^2 + \frac{2}{n^2} \sigma^4 + \mu^4 \right] \\
&\quad - \frac{4(n-1)}{n} \left[\frac{1}{n^3} \mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{4}{n^2} \mathcal{S}(\mathbf{x}) \mu + \frac{6}{n} \sigma^2(\mathbf{x}) \mu^2 + \frac{3(n-1)}{n^3} \sigma^4 + \mu^4 \right] \\
&\quad + \frac{n-1}{n} \left[\frac{1}{n^3} \mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{4}{n^2} \mathcal{S}(\mathbf{x}) \mu + \frac{6}{n} \sigma^2(\mathbf{x}) \mu^2 + \frac{3(n-1)}{n^3} \sigma^4 + \mu^4 \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{n} \mathcal{K}_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{(n-1)(2n-3)}{n^4} \mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{(n-1)(n^3 - 2n^2 - 3n + 9)}{n^4} \sigma^4(\mathbf{x}) \\
&= \frac{n-1}{n^3} \left[(n-1) \mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x}) + (n^2 - 2n + 3) \sigma^4(\mathbf{x}) \right].
\end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

In the last line in Eq. (3), we use the expression for the fourth sample central moment:

$$\mathcal{K}_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}(\mathbf{x}) = E[(x_i - \bar{\mathbf{x}})^4] = \frac{n-1}{n^3} \left[(n^2 - 3n + 3) \mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x}) + (6n - 9) \sigma^4(\mathbf{x}) \right], \tag{4}$$

which is given on p. 8 in Online Appendix M of Ref. [1].

3 Unbiased estimator for $\sigma^4(\mathbf{x})$, $\mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x})$, and fourth cumulant

By solving Eqs. (3) and (4), we obtain the unbiased estimators for the square of the variance, the fourth central moment, and the fourth cumulant as

$$\sigma^4(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{n}{(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)} \left[(n^2 - 3n + 3) \sigma_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}^4(\mathbf{x}) - (n-1) \mathcal{K}_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}(\mathbf{x}) \right] \tag{5}$$

$$\mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{n}{(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)} \left[(n^2 - 2n + 3) \mathcal{K}_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}(\mathbf{x}) - (6n - 9) \sigma_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}^4(\mathbf{x}) \right] \tag{6}$$

$$\kappa_4(\mathbf{x}) = \mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x}) - 3\sigma^4(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{n^2}{(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)} \left[(n+1) \mathcal{K}_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}(\mathbf{x}) - 3(n-1) \sigma_{\bar{\mathbf{x}}}^4(\mathbf{x}) \right], \tag{7}$$

respectively.

4 Numerical tests

We test numerically the above expressions for the Bernoulli distribution $\mathcal{B}(p = 3/4)$ and the normal distribution $\mathcal{N}(\mu = 2, \sigma = 3/2)$. We evaluate Eqs. (1)–(7) for the sample size $n = 4, 8, 16, 32, \dots, 1024$. For each sample size, we take the average over 65536 sample sets and estimate the error bar. The results are shown in Figs. 1–7.

References

- [1] Klements, B. *Modeling with Data: Tools and Techniques for Scientific Computing* (Princeton University Press, Princeton, 2009). URL <http://modelingwithdata.org>.

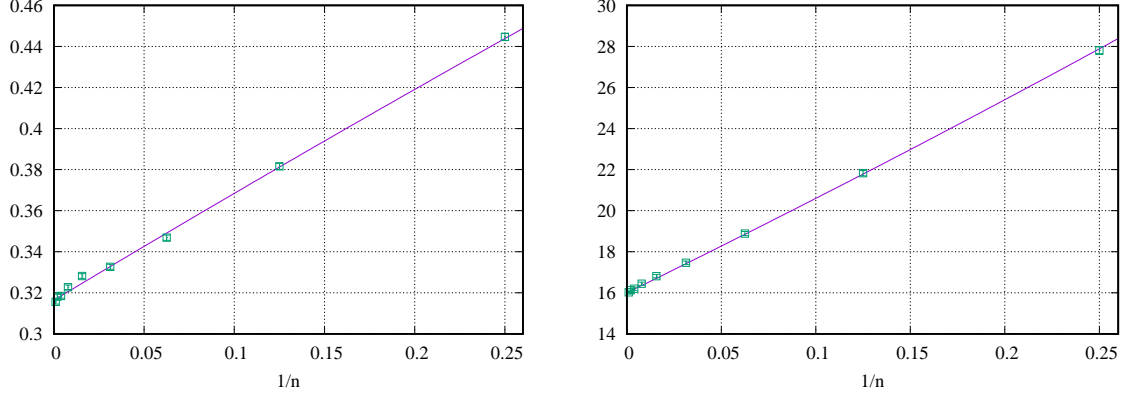


Figure 1: Sample-size dependence of $E[x_1 x_2 \bar{x}^2]$ for the Bernoulli distribution $\mathcal{B}(p = 3/4)$ (left) and the normal distribution $\mathcal{N}(\mu = 2, \sigma = 3/2)$ (right). The green squares denotes the numerical results and the purple line denotes Eq. (1) calculated by using the exact moments.

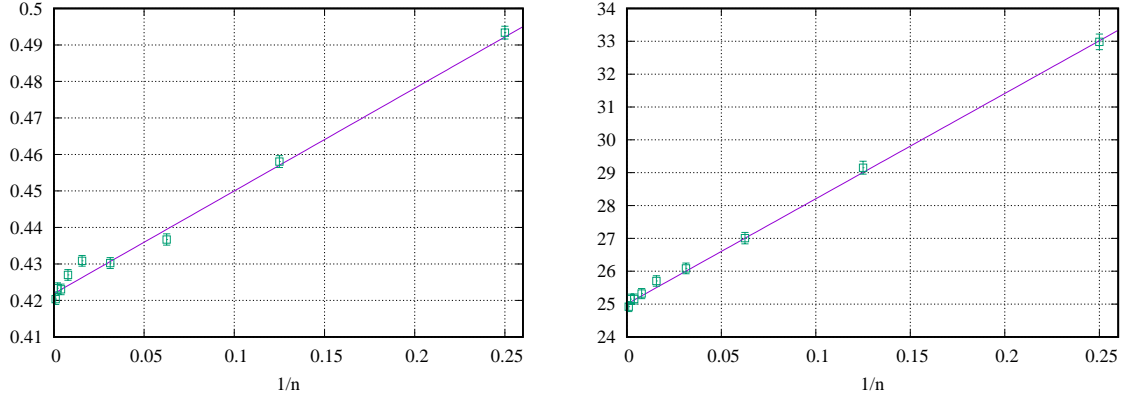


Figure 2: Sample-size dependence of $E[x_1^2 x_2 \bar{x}]$ for the Bernoulli distribution $\mathcal{B}(p = 3/4)$ (left) and the normal distribution $\mathcal{N}(\mu = 2, \sigma = 3/2)$ (right). The green squares denotes the numerical results and the purple line denotes Eq. (2) calculated by using the exact moments.

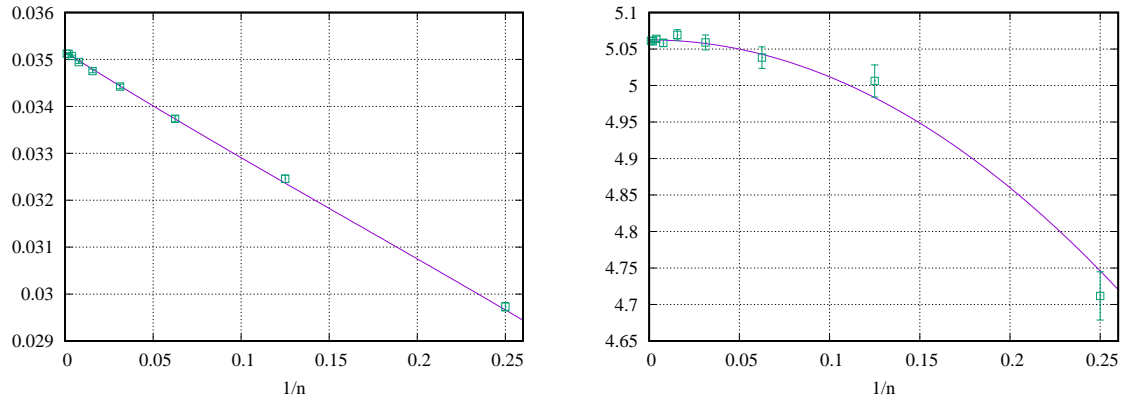


Figure 3: Sample-size dependence of $\sigma_{\mathbf{x}}^4(\mathbf{x})$ for the Bernoulli distribution $\mathcal{B}(p = 3/4)$ (left) and the normal distribution $\mathcal{N}(\mu = 2, \sigma = 3/2)$ (right). The green squares denotes the numerical results and the purple line denotes Eq. (3) calculated by using the exact moments.

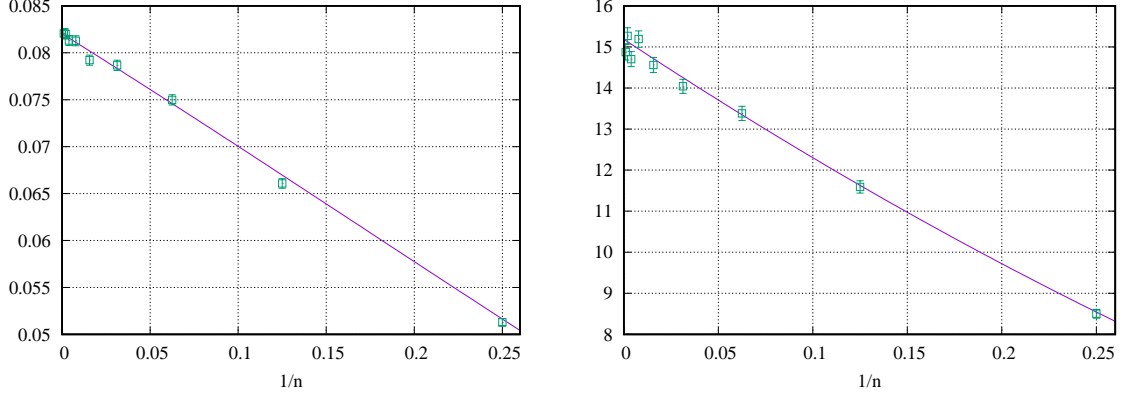


Figure 4: Sample-size dependence of $\mathcal{K}_{\mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{x})$ for the Bernoulli distribution $\mathcal{B}(p = 3/4)$ (left) and the normal distribution $\mathcal{N}(\mu = 2, \sigma = 3/2)$ (right). The green squares denotes the numerical results and the purple line denotes Eq. (4) calculated by using the exact moments.

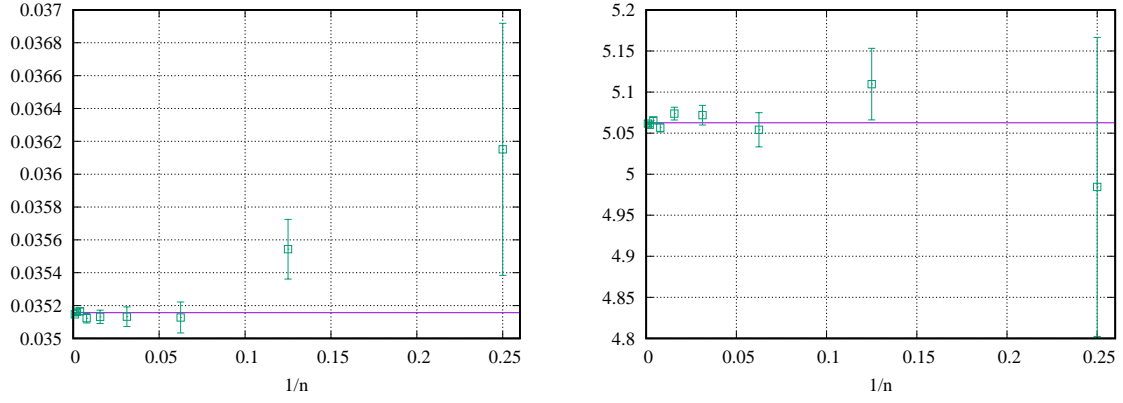


Figure 5: Results for the square of the variance, $\sigma^4(\mathbf{x})$, by using the unbiased estimator (5) for the Bernoulli distribution $\mathcal{B}(p = 3/4)$ (left) and the normal distribution $\mathcal{N}(\mu = 2, \sigma = 3/2)$ (right). The green squares denotes the numerical results and the purple line denotes the exact value.

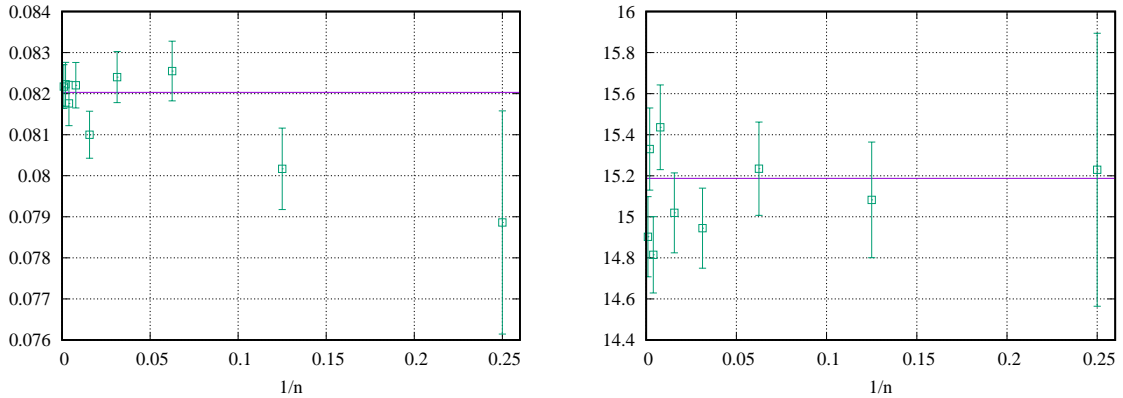


Figure 6: Results for the fourth central moment, $\mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x})$, by using the unbiased estimator (6) for the Bernoulli distribution $\mathcal{B}(p = 3/4)$ (left) and the normal distribution $\mathcal{N}(\mu = 2, \sigma = 3/2)$ (right). The green squares denotes the numerical results and the purple line denotes the exact value.

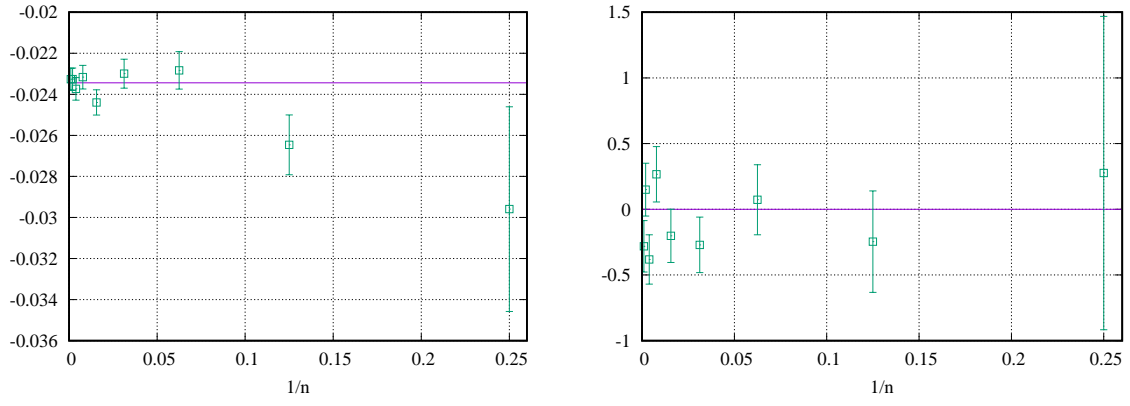


Figure 7: Results for the fourth cumulant, $\kappa_4(\mathbf{x})$, by using the unbiased estimator (6) for the Bernoulli distribution $\mathcal{B}(p = 3/4)$ (left) and the normal distribution $\mathcal{N}(\mu = 2, \sigma = 3/2)$ (right). The green squares denotes the numerical results and the purple line denotes the exact value.