

Q1

Determine all real numbers α such that, for every positive integer n , the integer $[\alpha] + [2\alpha] + \cdots + [n\alpha]$ is a multiple of n . (Note that $[z]$ denotes the greatest integer less than or equal to z . For example, $[-\pi] = -4$ and $[2] = [2.9] = 2$.)

What is X?