



SMART CONTRACT SECURITY AUDIT

FLUUS

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May, 2023

Website: soken.io

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	2
Disclaimer	3
Procedure	4
Terminology	5
Limitations	5
Basic Security Recommendation	5
Token Contract Details for 25.04.2023	6
Audit Details	6
Social Profiles	7
Project Website Overview	8
Project Website SSL Certification	8
Project Website Optimization for Desktop	9
Project Website Optimization for Mobile	9
Contract Function Details	10
Vulnerabilities checking	12
Security Issues	13
Conclusion for project owner	15
Whitepaper of the project	17
FLUUS Token Distribution	18
Soken Contact Info	19

Disclaimer

This is a comprehensive report based on our automated and manual examination of cybersecurity vulnerabilities and framework flaws of the project's smart contract.

Reading the full analysis report is essential to build your understanding of project's security level. It is crucial to take note, though we have done our best to perform this analysis and report, that you should not rely on the our research and cannot claim what it states or how we created it.

Before making any judgments, you have to conduct your own independent research.

We will discuss this in more depth in the following disclaimer - please read it fully.

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Security analysis is based only on the smart contracts. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.

Procedure

Our analysis contains following steps:

1. Project Analysis;
2. Manual analysis of smart contracts:
 - Deploying smart contracts on any of the network(Ropsten/Rinkeby) using Remix IDE
 - Hashes of all transaction will be recorded
 - Behaviour of functions and gas consumption is noted, as well.
3. Unit Testing:
 - Smart contract functions will be unit tested on multiple parameters and under multiple conditions to ensure that all paths of functions are functioning as intended.
 - In this phase intended behaviour of smart contract is verified.
 - In this phase, we would also ensure that smart contract functions are not consuming unnecessary gas.
 - Gas limits of functions will be verified in this stage.
4. Automated Testing:
 - Mythril
 - Oyente
 - Manticore
 - Solgraph

Terminology

We categorize the finding into 4 categories based on their vulnerability:

- Low-severity issue — less important, must be analyzed
- Medium-severity issue — important, needs to be analyzed and fixed
- High-severity issue —important, might cause vulnerabilities, must be analyzed and fixed
- Critical-severity issue —serious bug causes, must be analyzed and fixed.

Limitations

The security audit of Smart Contract cannot cover all vulnerabilities. Even if no vulnerabilities are detected in the audit, there is no guarantee that future smart contracts are safe. Smart contracts are in most cases safeguarded against specific sorts of attacks. In order to find as many flaws as possible, we carried out a comprehensive smart contract audit. Audit is a document that is not legally binding and guarantees nothing.

Basic Security Recommendation

Unlike hardware and paper wallets, hot wallets are connected to the internet and store private keys online, which exposes them to greater risk. If a company or an individual holds significant amounts of cryptocurrency in a hot wallet, they should consider using MultiSig addresses. Wallet security is enhanced when private keys are stored in different locations and are not controlled by a single entity.

More info: <https://medium.com/soken-labs/how-to-gnosis-multisig-46b1386ba8e5>

Token Contract Details for 25.04.2023

Contract Name: **ERC1967Proxy**

Deployed address: **0xDBabd6c54D43361E457A06D677341049AC23EFac**

Total Supply: **1,000,000,000**

Token Tracker: **FLUUS**

Decimals: **18**

Token holders: **9**

Transactions count: **11**

Top 100 holders dominance: **100.00%**

Audit Details



Project Name: **FLUUS**

Language: **Solidity**

Compiler Version: **v0.8.9**

Blockchain: **Avalanche**

Social Profiles

Project Website: <https://www.fluus.com/>

Project Twitter: <https://twitter.com/itsFLUUS>

Project Telegram: <https://t.me/itsFLUUS>

Project Discord: <https://discord.com/invite/hKZpzwu9AE>

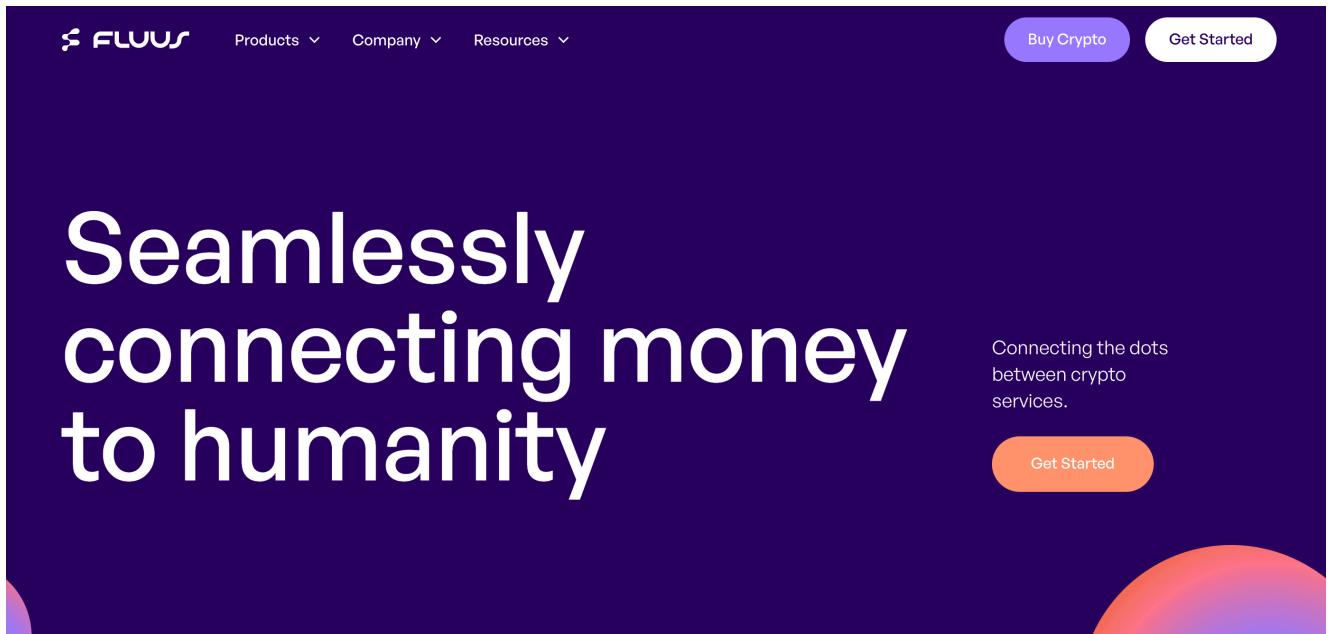
Project LinkedIn: <https://www.linkedin.com/company/itsfluus/>

Project Instagram: <https://www.instagram.com/itsFLUUS/>

Project Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/itsFLUUS>

Project Youtube: <https://www.youtube.com/@itsFLUUS>

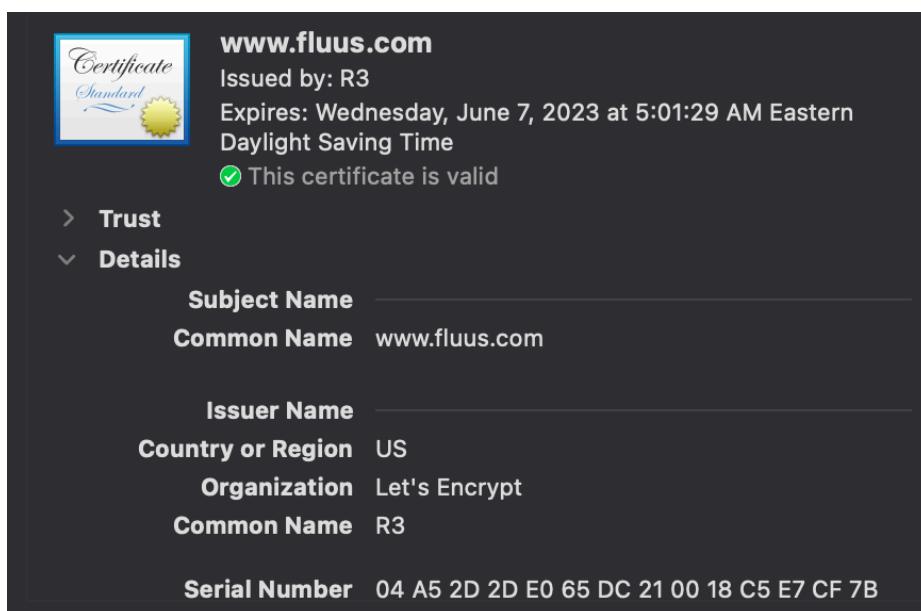
Project Website Overview



The screenshot shows the Fluus website homepage with a dark purple background. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Fluus logo, "Products", "Company", "Resources", "Buy Crypto" (in a purple button), and "Get Started". The main headline reads "Seamlessly connecting money to humanity". To the right of the headline is a subtext "Connecting the dots between crypto services." and another "Get Started" button. The Fluus logo features a stylized "F" icon followed by the word "FLUUS".

- ✓ JavaScript errors hasn't been found.
- ✓ Malware pop-up windows hasn't been detected.
- ✓ No issues with loading elements, code, or stylesheets.

Project Website SSL Certification



The screenshot displays the SSL certificate information for the website www.fluus.com. The certificate is issued by R3 and is valid until Wednesday, June 7, 2023 at 5:01:29 AM Eastern Daylight Saving Time. The certificate is marked as valid. The subject name is www.fluus.com, and the issuer name is Let's Encrypt. The serial number is 04 A5 2D 2D E0 65 DC 21 00 18 C5 E7 CF 7B.

Subject Name	Common Name
www.fluus.com	www.fluus.com

Issuer Name
Let's Encrypt

Country or Region	Organization
US	Let's Encrypt

Common Name
R3

Serial Number
04 A5 2D 2D E0 65 DC 21 00 18 C5 E7 CF 7B

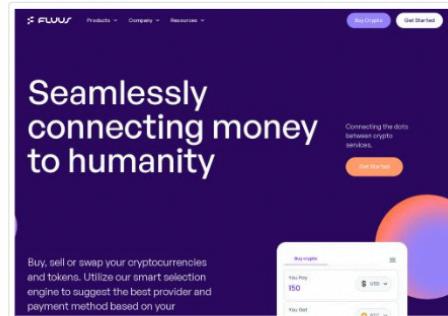
Project Website Optimization for Desktop



Performance

Values are approximate and subject to change. [The performance level is calculated directly from these metrics.](#) [Show calculator](#)

▲ 0–49 ■ 50–89 ● 90–100



INDICATORS

[Expand](#)

● First Contentful Paint

0.6 sec.

▲ Total Blocking Time

390 ms

● Speed Index

0.7 sec.

● Largest Contentful Paint

0.6 sec.

● Cumulative Layout Shift

0.008

Project Website Optimization for Mobile



Performance

Values are approximate and subject to change. [The performance level is calculated directly from these metrics.](#) [Show calculator](#)

▲ 0–49 ■ 50–89 ● 90–100



INDICATORS

■ First Contentful Paint

2.0 sec.

▲ Total Blocking Time

3040 ms

■ Speed Index

4.2 sec.

● Largest Contentful Paint

2.0 sec.

■ Cumulative Layout Shift

0.239

Contract Function Details

- + BeaconProxy
 - [Int] _beacon
 - [Int] _implementation
 - [Int] _setBeacon
- + UpgradeableBeacon
 - [Pub] implementation
 - [Pub] upgradeTo
 - [Prv] _setImplementation
- + ERC1967Proxy
 - [Int] _implementation
- + TransparentUpgradeableProxy
 - [Ext] admin
 - [Ext] implementation
 - [Ext] changeAdmin
 - [Ext] upgradeTo
 - [Ext] upgradeToAndCall
 - [Int] _admin
 - [Int] _beforeFallback
- + ProxyAdmin
 - [Pub] getProxyImplementation
 - [Pub] getProxyAdmin
 - [Pub] changeProxyAdmin
 - [Pub] upgrade
 - [Pub] upgradeAndCall
- + IBeacon
 - [Ext] implementation
- + Proxy
 - [Int] _delegate
 - [Int] _implementation
 - [Int] _fallback
 - [Int] _beforeFallback
- + ERC1967Upgrade
 - [Int] _getImplementation
 - [Prv] _setImplementation
 - [Int] _upgradeTo
 - [Int] _upgradeToAndCall

- [Int] _upgradeToAndCallSecure
- [Int] _upgradeBeaconToAndCall
- [Int] _getAdmin
- [Prv] _setAdmin
- [Int] _changeAdmin
- [Int] _getBeacon
- [Prv] _setBeacon

+ Address

- [Int] isContract
- [Int] sendValue
- [Int] functionCall
- [Int] functionCall
- [Int] functionCallWithValue
- [Int] functionCallWithValue
- [Int] functionStaticCall
- [Int] functionStaticCall
- [Int] functionDelegateCall
- [Int] functionDelegateCall
- [Prv] _verifyCallResult

+ StorageSlot

- [Int] getAddressSlot
- [Int] getBooleanSlot
- [Int] getBytes32Slot
- [Int] getUint256Slot

+ Ownable

- [Pub] owner
- [Pub] renounceOwnership
- [Pub] transferOwnership

+ Context

- [Int] _msgSender
- [Int] _msgData

Vulnerabilities checking

Issue Description	Checking Status
Compiler Errors	Completed
Delays in Data Delivery	Completed
Re-entrancy	Low
Transaction-Ordering Dependence	Completed
Timestamp Dependence	Completed
Shadowing State Variables	Completed
DoS with Failed Call	Completed
DoS with Block Gas Limit	Completed
Outdated Complier Version	Completed
Assert Violation	Completed
Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Completed
Integer Overflow and Underflow	Completed
Function Default Visibility	Completed
Malicious Event Log	Completed
Math Accuracy	Completed
Design Logic	Completed
Fallback Function Security	Completed
Cross-function Race Conditions	Completed
Safe Zeppelin Module	Completed

Security Issues

1) Missing Payable in Call Function: Critical Line #782

The contract is using a `.call()` method to make external calls along with passing some Ether as `msg.value`. Since the function `functionCallWithValue` is not marked as `payable`, the transaction will fail.

Recommendation:

If the function needs to pass some Ether as `msg.value` inside a function, make sure to set that function as `payable`. No changes are required if the use case is to send Ether from the contract's balance.

2) Presence of Overpowered Role: Informational Lines #124-127, #346-348, #357-359, #369-371, #991-994, #1000-1004

The overpowered owner (i.e., the person who has too much power) is a project design where the contract is tightly coupled to their owner (or owners); only they can manually invoke critical functions. Due to the fact that this function is only accessible from a single address, the system is heavily dependent on the address of the owner. In this case, there are scenarios that may lead to undesirable consequences for investors, e.g., if the private key of this address is compromised, then an attacker can take control of the contract.

Recommendation:

We recommend designing contracts in a trust-less manner. For instance, this functionality can be implemented in the contract's constructor.

Another option is to use a MultiSig wallet for this address. For systems that are provisioned for a single user, you can use [[Ownable.sol](#)]. For systems that require provisioning users in a group, you can use [[@openzeppelin/Roles.sol](#)] or [[@hq20/Whitelist.sol](#)].

Conclusion for project owner

Critical, high and informational-severity issues exist within smart contracts.

NOTE: Please check the disclaimer above and note, that audit makes no statements or warranties on business model, investment attractiveness or code sustainability.

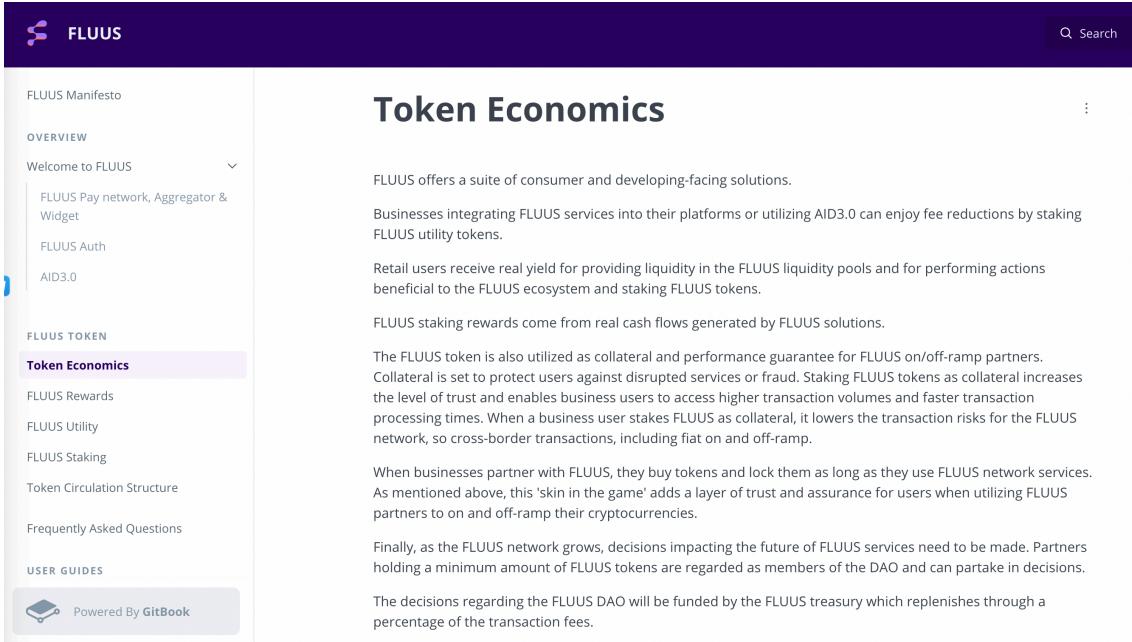
SECURITY REPORT FOR COMMUNITY

FLUUS

 soken

Whitepaper of the project

The whitepaper of FLUUS project has been verified on behalf of Soken team.



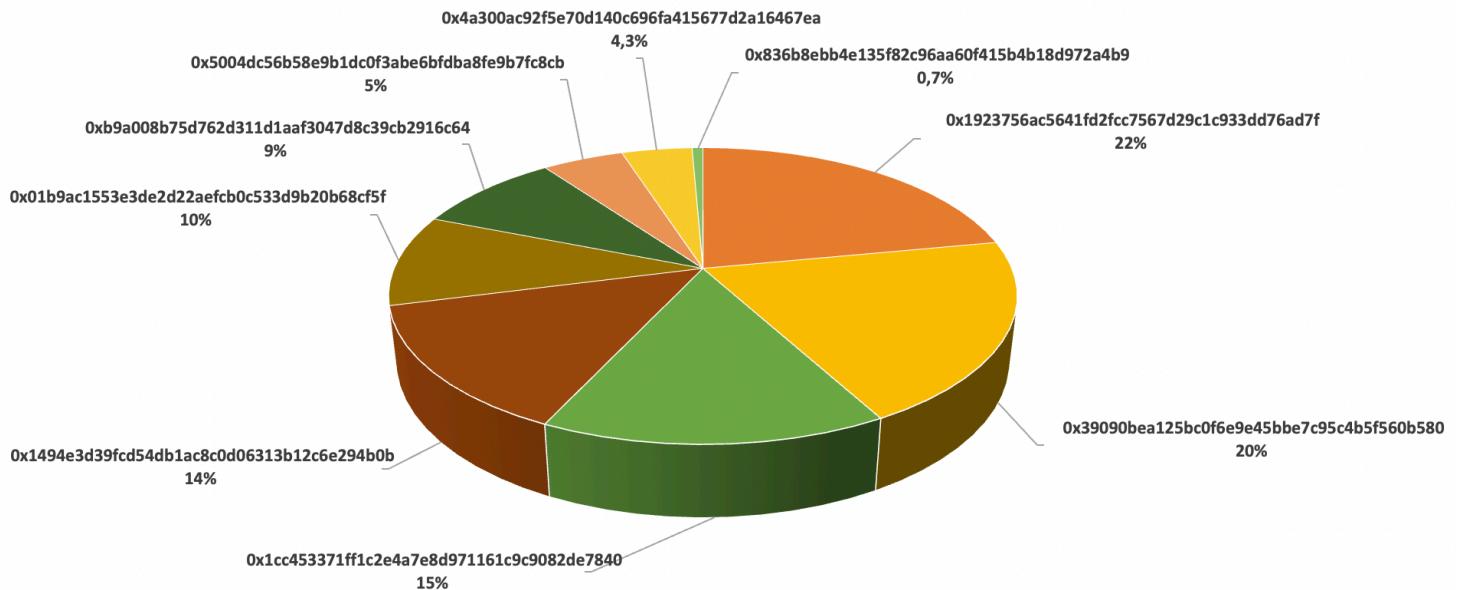
The screenshot shows the 'Token Economics' section of the FLUUS whitepaper. The left sidebar contains navigation links for 'FLUUS Manifesto', 'OVERVIEW' (with 'Welcome to FLUUS' expanded), 'FLUUS TOKEN' (with 'Token Economics' selected), 'FLUUS Rewards', 'FLUUS Utility', 'FLUUS Staking', 'Token Circulation Structure', and 'Frequently Asked Questions'. The right main content area is titled 'Token Economics' and discusses FLUUS token staking rewards, its use as collateral, and its role in the DAO. A footer at the bottom left indicates the page is 'Powered By GitBook'.

Token Economics

FLUUS offers a suite of consumer and developing-facing solutions. Businesses integrating FLUUS services into their platforms or utilizing AID3.0 can enjoy fee reductions by staking FLUUS utility tokens. Retail users receive real yield for providing liquidity in the FLUUS liquidity pools and for performing actions beneficial to the FLUUS ecosystem and staking FLUUS tokens. FLUUS staking rewards come from real cash flows generated by FLUUS solutions. The FLUUS token is also utilized as collateral and performance guarantee for FLUUS on/off-ramp partners. Collateral is set to protect users against disrupted services or fraud. Staking FLUUS tokens as collateral increases the level of trust and enables business users to access higher transaction volumes and faster transaction processing times. When a business user stakes FLUUS as collateral, it lowers the transaction risks for the FLUUS network, so cross-border transactions, including fiat on and off-ramp. When businesses partner with FLUUS, they buy tokens and lock them as long as they use FLUUS network services. As mentioned above, this 'skin in the game' adds a layer of trust and assurance for users when utilizing FLUUS partners to on and off-ramp their cryptocurrencies. Finally, as the FLUUS network grows, decisions impacting the future of FLUUS services need to be made. Partners holding a minimum amount of FLUUS tokens are regarded as members of the DAO and can partake in decisions. The decisions regarding the FLUUS DAO will be funded by the FLUUS treasury which replenishes through a percentage of the transaction fees.

Whitepaper link: <https://fluus.gitbook.io/fluus/fluus-token/token-economics>

FLUUS Token Distribution



FLUUS Top 10 Holders

Rank	Address	Quantity (Token)	Percentage
1	0x1923756ac5641fd2fcc7567d29c1c933dd76ad7f	220,000,000	22.0000%
2	0x39090bea125bc0f6e9e45bbe7c95c4b5f560b580	200,000,000	20.0000%
3	0x1cc453371ff1c2e4a7e8d971161c9c9082de7840	150,000,000	15.0000%
4	0x1494e3d39fc54db1ac8c0d06313b12c6e294b0b	140,000,000	14.0000%
5	0x01b9ac1553e3de2d22aefcb0c533d9b20b68cf5f	100,000,000	10.0000%
6	0xb9a008b75d762d311d1aa3047d8c39cb2916c64	90,000,000	9.0000%
7	0x5004dc56b58e9b1dc0f3abe6bfdb8fe9b7fc8cb	50,000,000	5.0000%
8	0x4a300ac92f5e70d140c696fa415677d2a16467ea	43,333,334	4.3333%
9	0x836b8eb4e135f82c96aa60f415b4b18d972a4b9	6,666,666	0.6667%

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