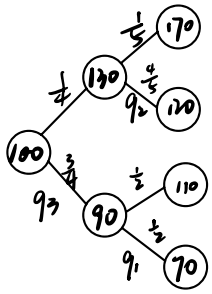


1. (a) $q = \frac{S_+ - S_0 e^{r \Delta t}}{S_+ - S_-}$ $r=0 \Delta t=0$

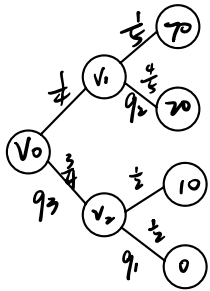


$$q_1 = \frac{110 - 90}{110 - 70} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$q_2 = \frac{170 - 120}{170 - 120} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$q_3 = \frac{130 - 100}{130 - 90} = \frac{3}{4}$$

(b) call option $K=100$.

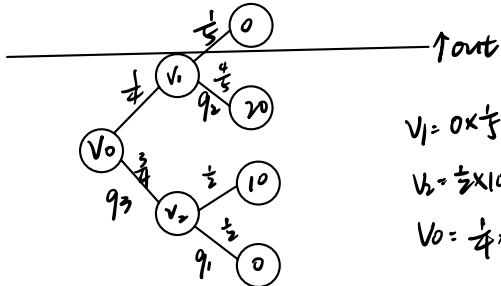


$$V_1 = \frac{1}{5} \times 70 + \frac{4}{5} \times 20 = 30$$

$$V_2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 + \frac{1}{2} \times 0 = 5$$

$$V_0 = \frac{1}{4} \times 30 + \frac{3}{4} \times 5 = 11.25$$

(c) up-and-out call $K=100$ $X=130$.

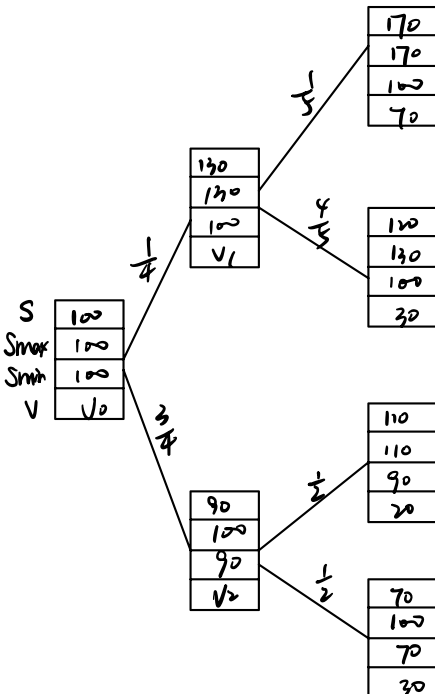


$$V_1 = 0 \times \frac{1}{5} + 20 \times \frac{4}{5} = 16$$

$$V_2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 + \frac{1}{2} \times 0 = 5$$

$$V_0 = \frac{1}{4} \times 16 + \frac{3}{4} \times 5 = 7.75$$

2. (a). look-back Smax-Smin.



$$V_1 = \frac{1}{5} \times 70 + \frac{4}{5} \times 30 = 38$$

$$V_2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 20 + \frac{1}{2} \times 30 = 25$$

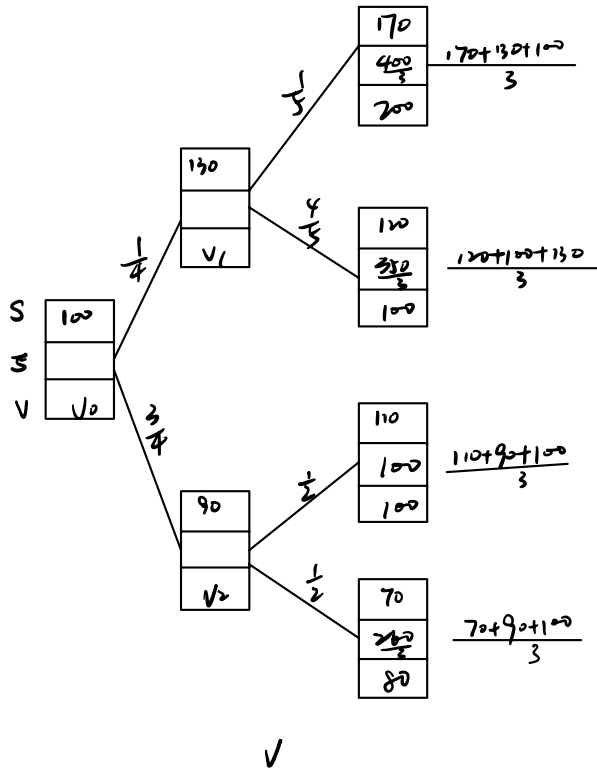
$$V_0 = \frac{1}{4} \times 38 + \frac{3}{4} \times 25 = 28.25$$

$$(b) \quad b = e^{-\delta t} \frac{V_+ - V_-}{S_+ - S_-} \quad \delta = 0$$

$$= \frac{38 - 25}{130 - 90} = 0.325$$

In order to hedge, Mr. Smith should short 0.325 shares of stock.

3. Asian option.



$$V_1 = 200 \times \frac{1}{3} + 100 \times \frac{2}{3} = 120$$

$$V_2 = 100 \times \frac{1}{2} + 80 \times \frac{1}{2} = 90$$

$$V_0 = \frac{1}{4} \times 120 + \frac{3}{4} \times 90 = 97.5$$