

**2021-22 First Semester**  
**MATH1083 Calculus II (1002&1003)**

Assignment 9

Due Date: 2pm 28/Apr/2021(Friday). [Please pay attention to the deadline]

- Write down your **Chinese name** and **student number**. Write neatly on **A4-sized** paper and **show your steps**.
- **Late submissions or answers without details will not be graded.**

1. Use **definition** to find  $f_x(x, y)$  and  $f_y(x, y)$  for

$$f(x, y) = xy^2 - x^3y$$

2. If  $f(x, y) = \sqrt[3]{x^3 + y^3}$ ,

(a) find  $f_x(x, y)$ .

(b) find  $f_x(0, 0)$  and  $f_y(0, 0)$ .

3. Determine the set of points at which the function is continuous

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{x^2 + xy + y^2} & (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0 & (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$$

4. Find the equation of the tangent plane to the surfaces at the specified points  $P$ :

(a)  $z = x \sin(2x + y)$ ,  $P = (1, -1, \sin 1)$

(b)  $xy + yz + zx = 11$ ,  $P = (1, 2, 3)$

5. Find all the second partial derivatives of function  $f(x, y) = \ln(x^2 - y^2)$

6. Use implicit differentiation to find  $\partial z / \partial x$  and  $\partial z / \partial y$  for

$$e^z = xyz$$

7. Find the directional derivative of  $f = \sin x e^{2y}$  at the point  $P = (0, 0)$  in the direction of the point  $Q = (1, 1)$  and find the direction in which the function changes fastest at the point  $R = (0, 1)$ .

8. Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of  $f(x, y) = 4x^2 - 2xy + 6y^2 - 8x + 2y + 3$  on the set  $D = \{(x, y) | 0 \leq x \leq 2, -1 \leq y \leq 3\}$

9. Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to find the minimum value of

$$f(x, y) = xy$$

subject to the constraint

$$g(x, y) = 4x^2 + y^2 - 8 = 0$$