

Lab Topic:Voip Phone System

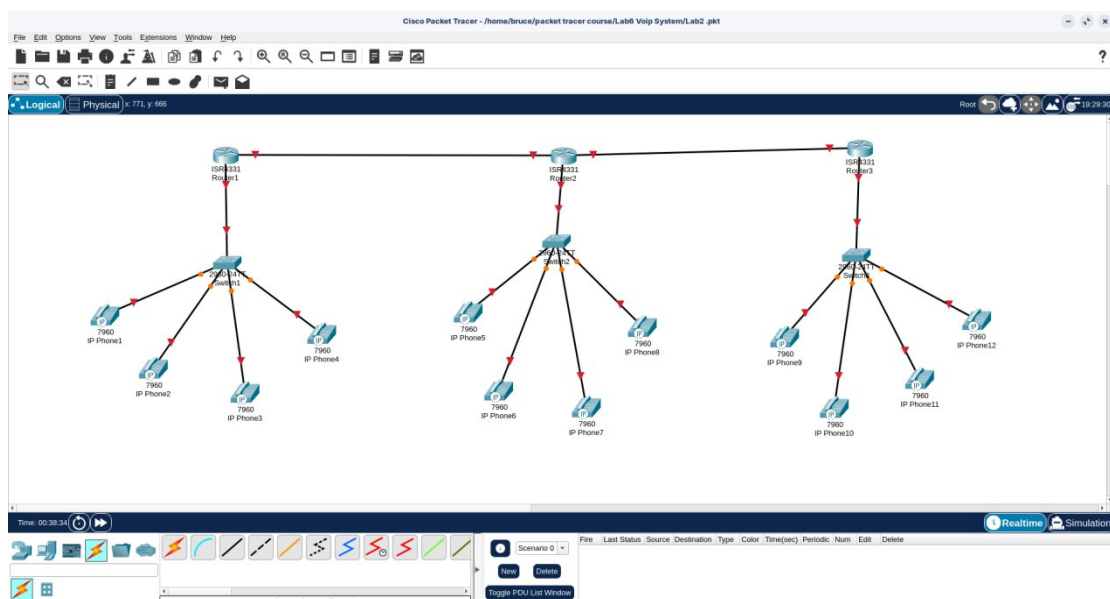
The main objective of this lab is to simulate and configure an efficient telephony system using the simulation software Cisco Packet Tracer.

For the well-being of this lab we will use some of the following devices on Cisco Packet Tracer:

1. We will need to add 3 Routers (e.g. 2811 with Cisco IOS Unverified Communication image) But any other switch is good.
2. 3 switches (2960 model) that we gonna have 3 telephone networks
3. Now to each of our networks we gonna add 4 IP Phones which will make a total of 12 IP phones on our topology in which in each network will have.
4. After the topology set up configure the connection between the Routers and the IP phones in each network.
5. Assign a number to each IP phone in each network if necessary add the user name to each phone user for easy identification.
6. With each network okay now you will now configure the connection between each router and permit each phone from each network to communicate with one another.

Note:For the interconnection between the routers add to router 2 the NIM-ES2-4 provides four switching ports.

Lab Structure



As seen from the above images our lab screenshot shows it inactive and so it needs to be configured so let's start reeling business

Step 1: Assign IP Addresses

A. Assign IPs to Routers and Switches

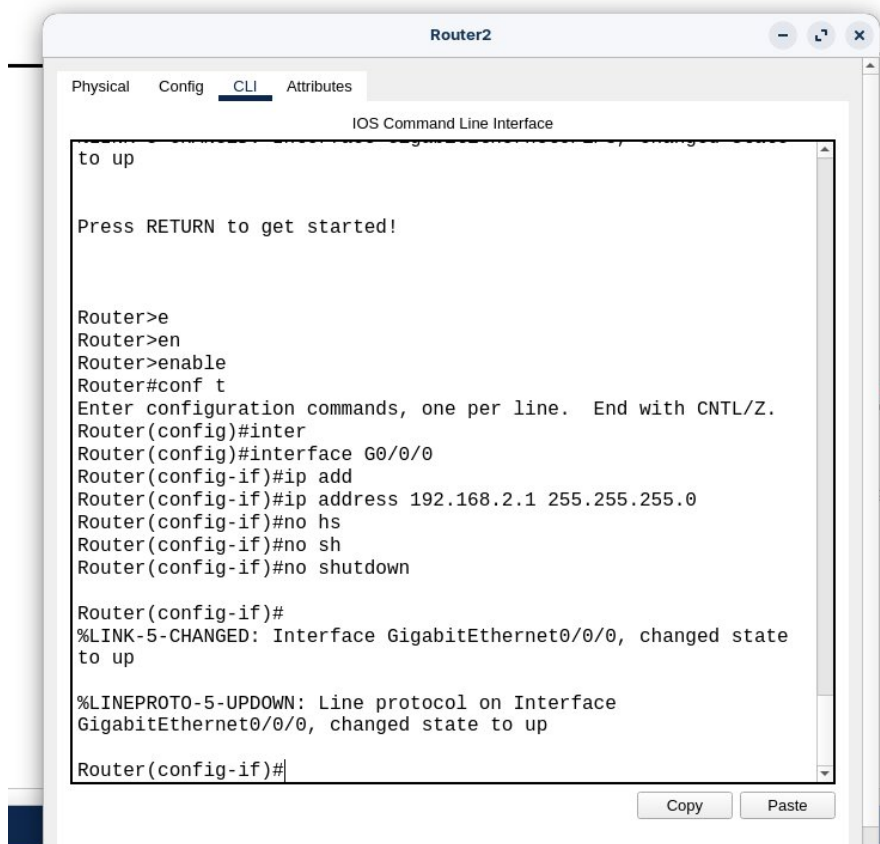
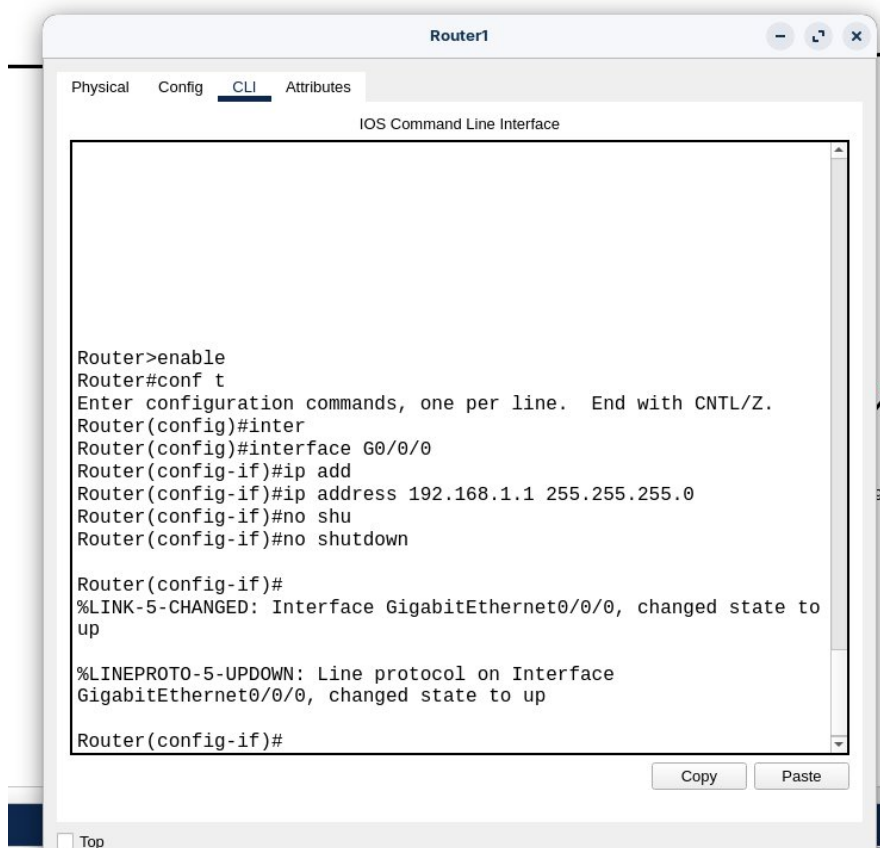
- **Routers:** Assign IP addresses to each router interface (the ones connecting to switches and other routers).
- **Switches:** Switches are Layer 2, so they don't need an IP unless you want to manage them (optional).

Example IP Plan

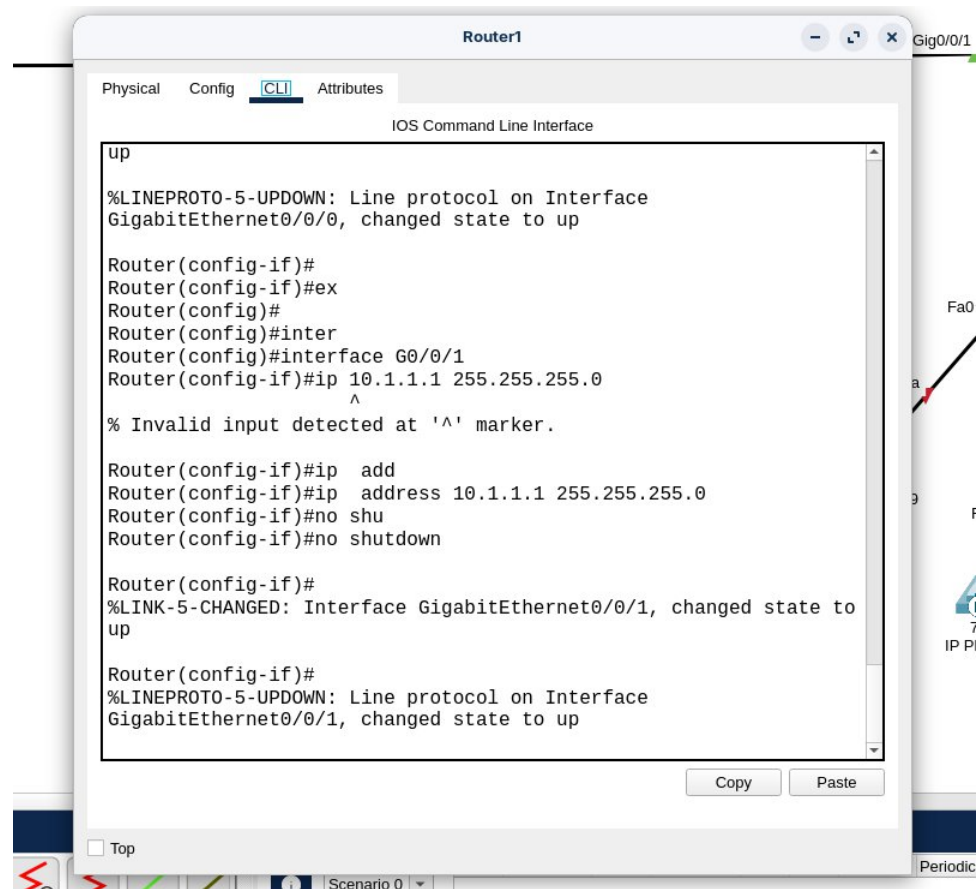
You can use the following (adjust as needed):

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask
Router1	G0/0	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0
Router2	G0/0	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0
Router3	G0/0	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0
Router1	G0/1	10.1.1.1	255.255.255.0
Router2	G0/1	10.1.1.2	255.255.255.0
Router3	G0/1	10.1.1.3	255.255.255.0

- **Connect G0/0 to the switch for each group of phones.**



Just do the same for Router3



For this also repeat that for the router2 and router3 for the G0/1 interfaces in each.

Step2 :Assign IPs to Iphones

- Each phone should be in the same subnet as it router LAN's interface.
- Exemple for Router1 phones w gonna have.

1. Phone 1:192.168.1.10
2. Phone 2:192.168.1.11
3. Phone 3: 192.168.1.12
4. Phone 4:192.168.1.13

Then repeat i will repeat this operation for Router2 and Router3

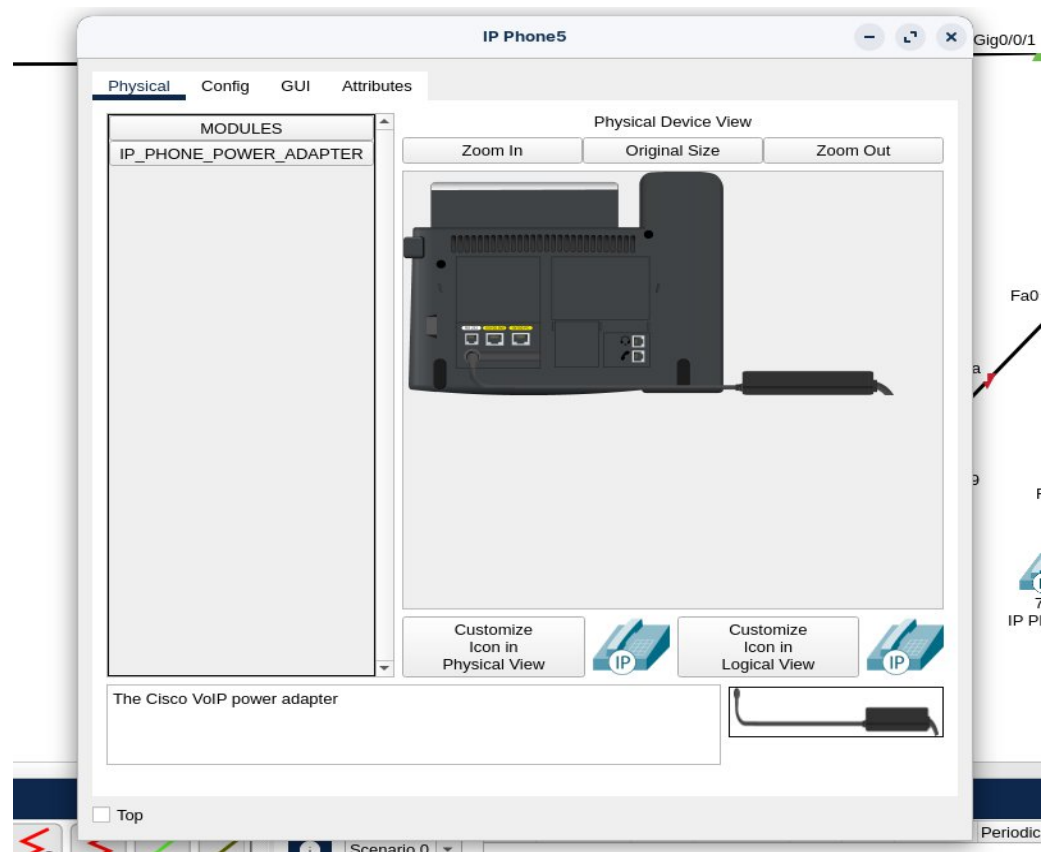
Then for Router 2 we have

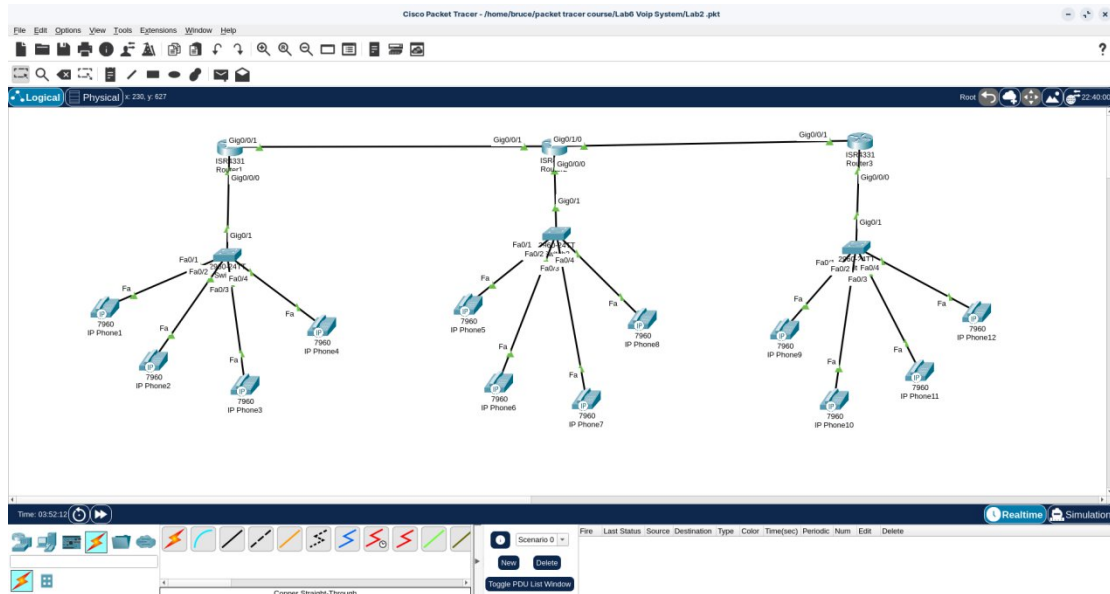
5. Phone 1:192.168.2.10
6. Phone 2:192.168.2.11
7. Phone 3: 192.168.2.12
8. Phone 4:192.168.2.13

How to this

1. Put on the IP phones by adding to each the power module.
2. Click on our IP Phones
3. Go to the **config** Tab
4. Assign the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway (the router's LAN IP).

All this will be seen on the image below





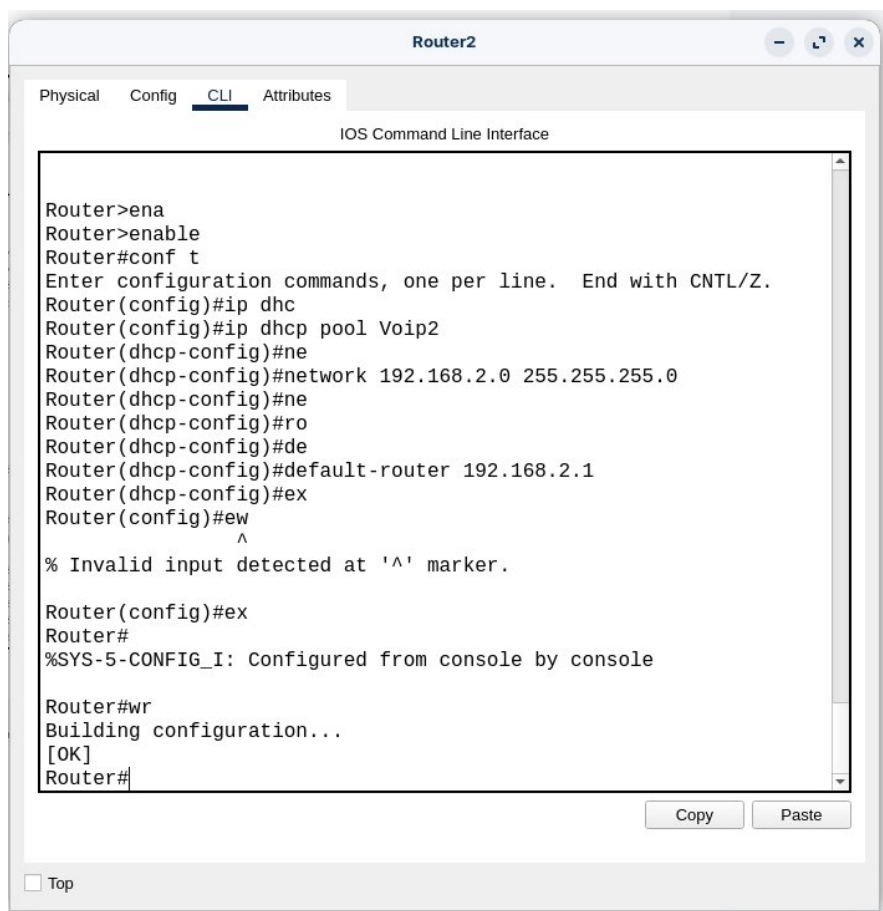
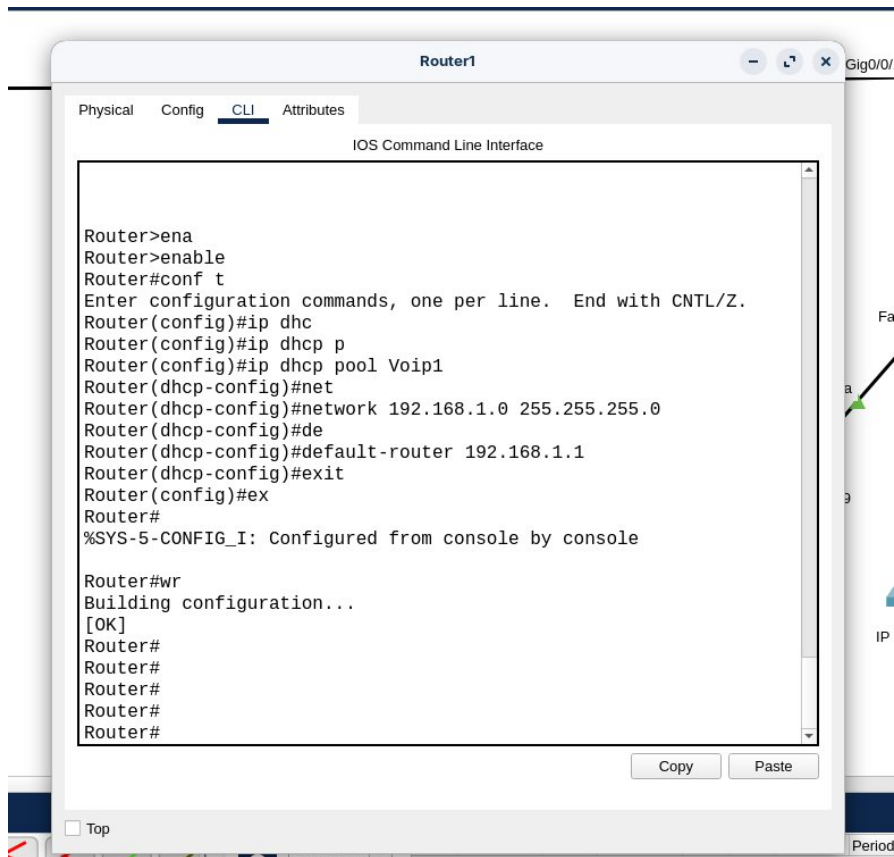
After putting on all the IP Phones we gonna the image about.

Step 3:Configure DHCP (optional)

But i prefer using Dhcp for this lab intern of using static phone address.

For setting DHCP configuartion we gonna type the following commands and repeat that for each routers let start with Router 1.

1. Go to Router CLI
2. type the following

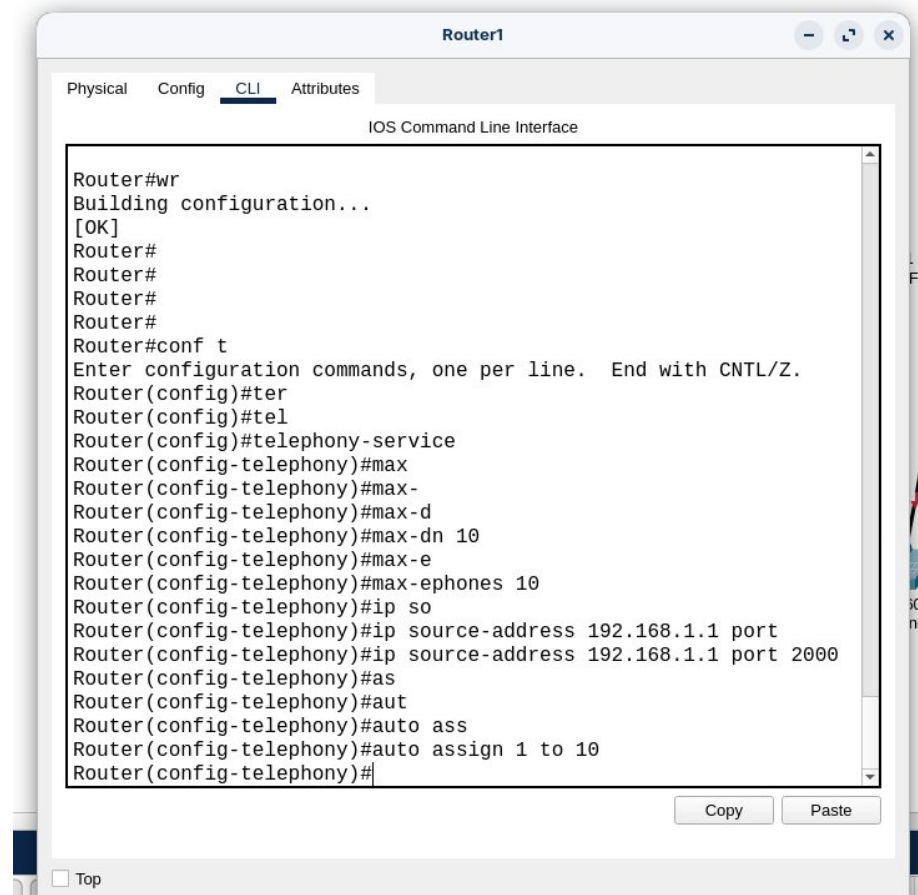


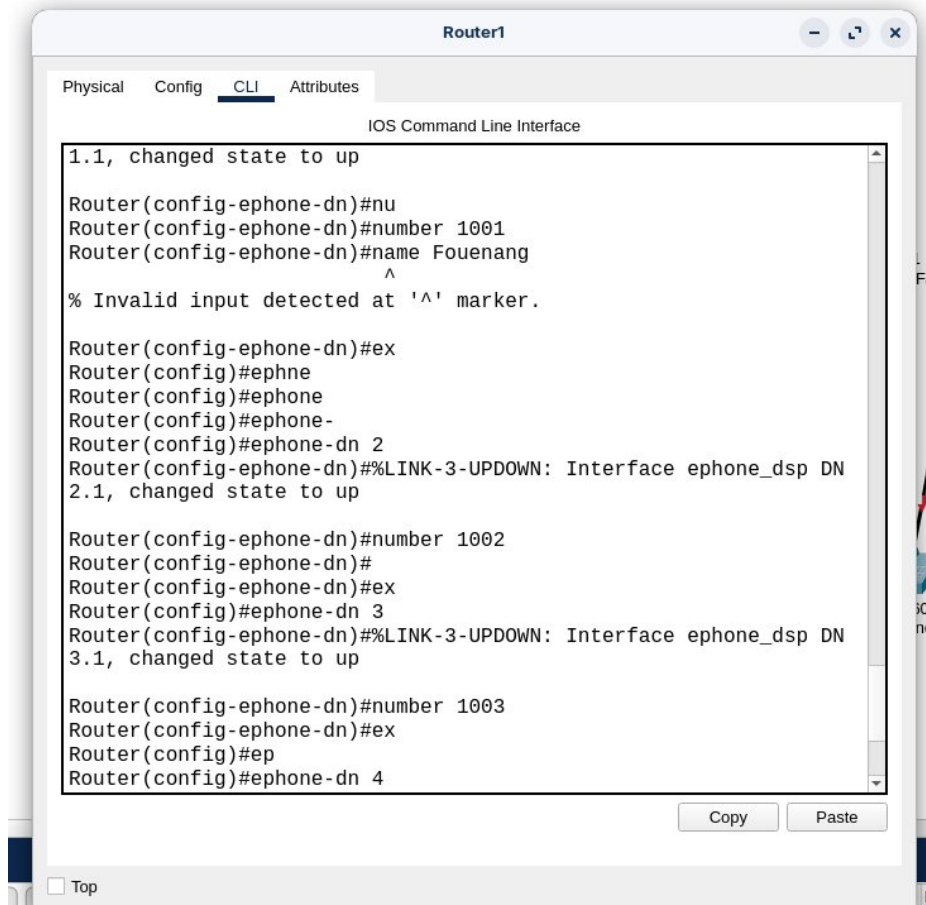
Do the same for Router 3.

Step 4: Add a Call manager (CUCM Express) on Routers

1. On each router, go to the config tab and type telephony
2. Enable the telephony services on each Router

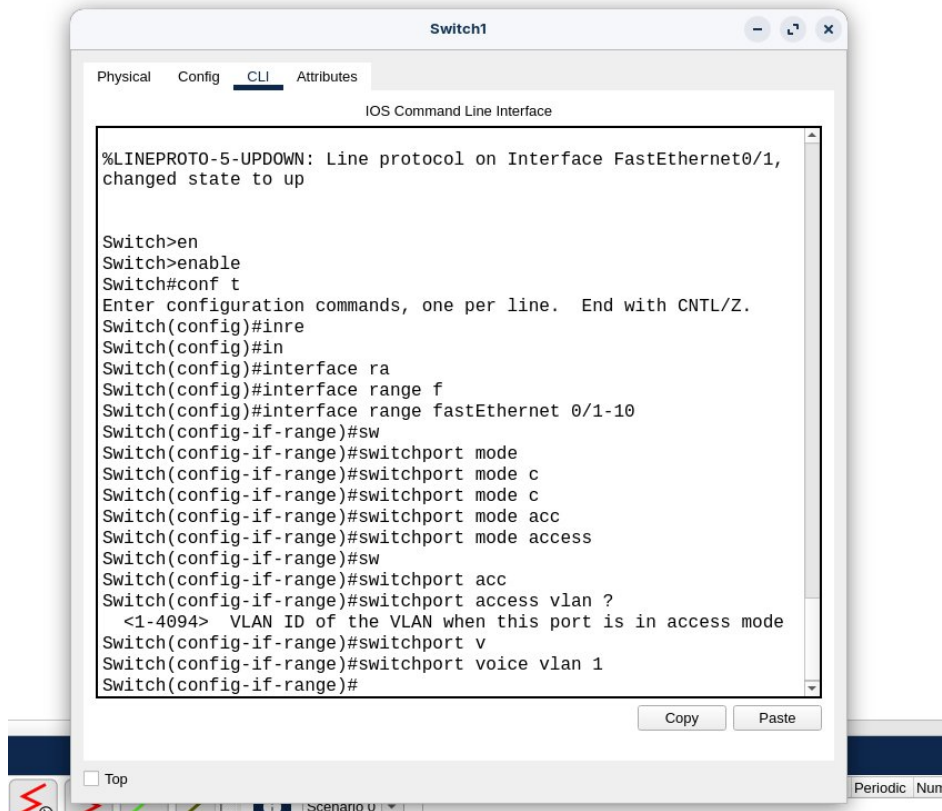
So the following will happen.



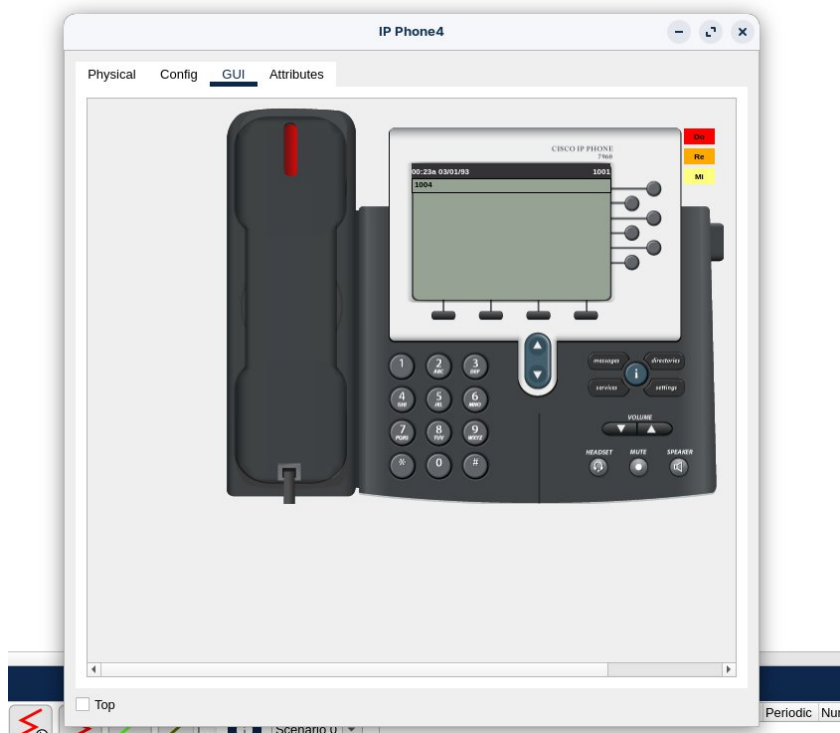


Step5:Configure switchport Voice

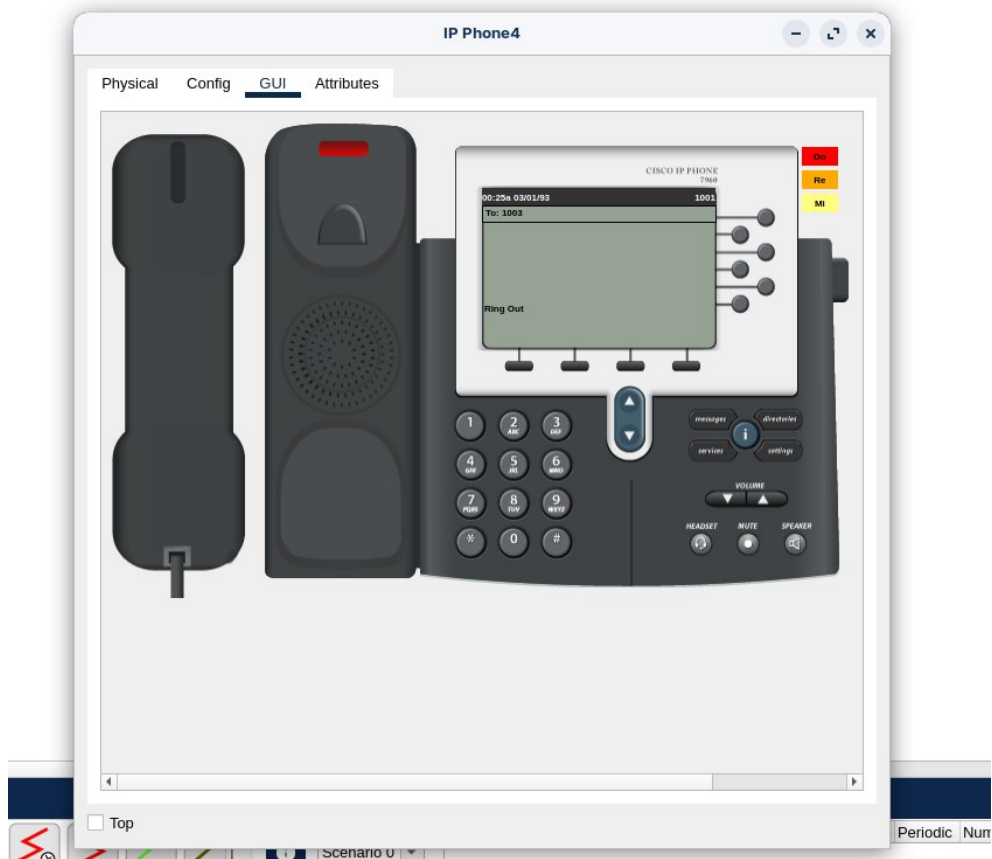
For all this to work we need to configure Vlan access for our phones on our swicthes



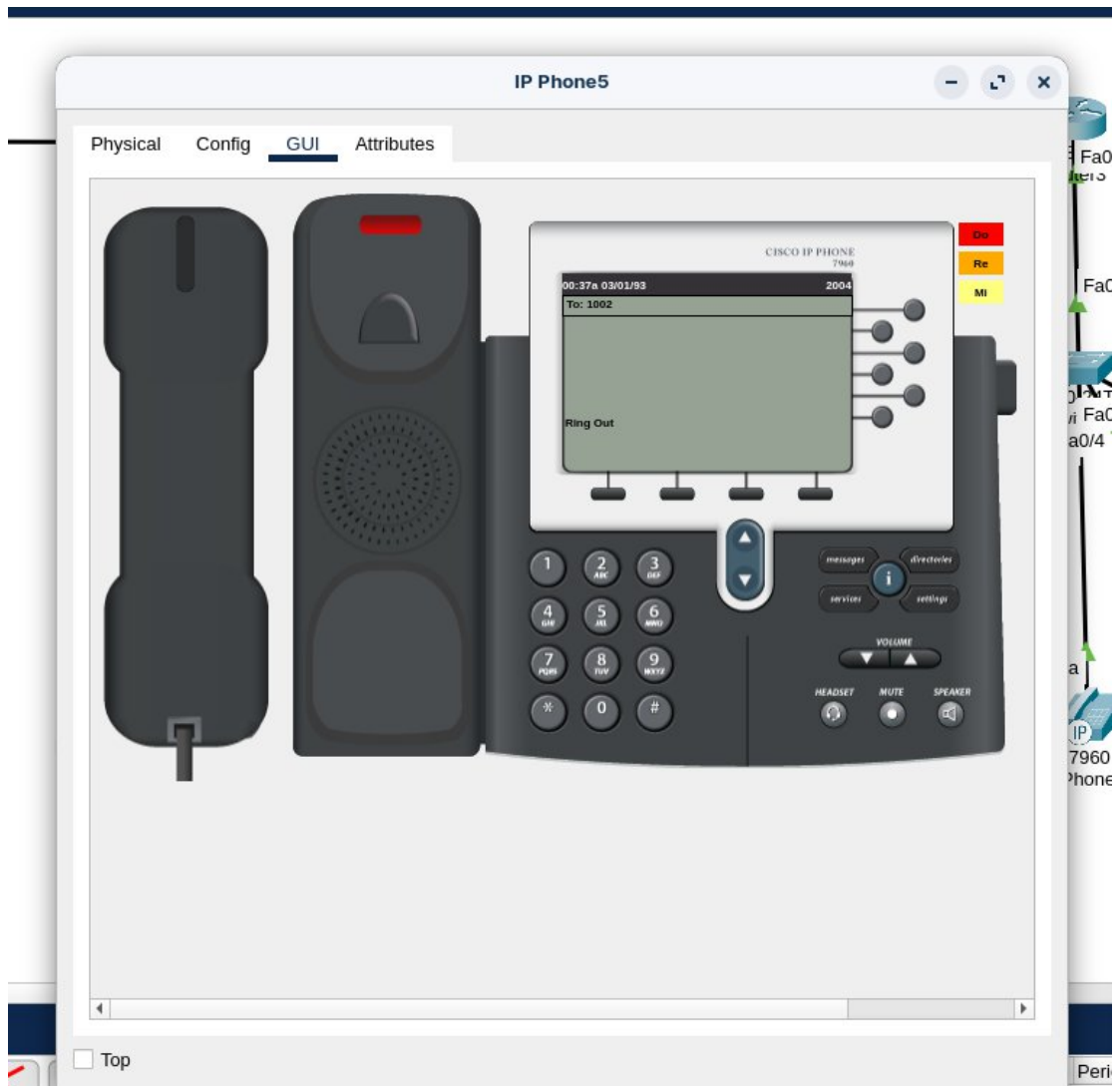
Repeat the operation for other switches and we will be able to call each other on our telephone networks.

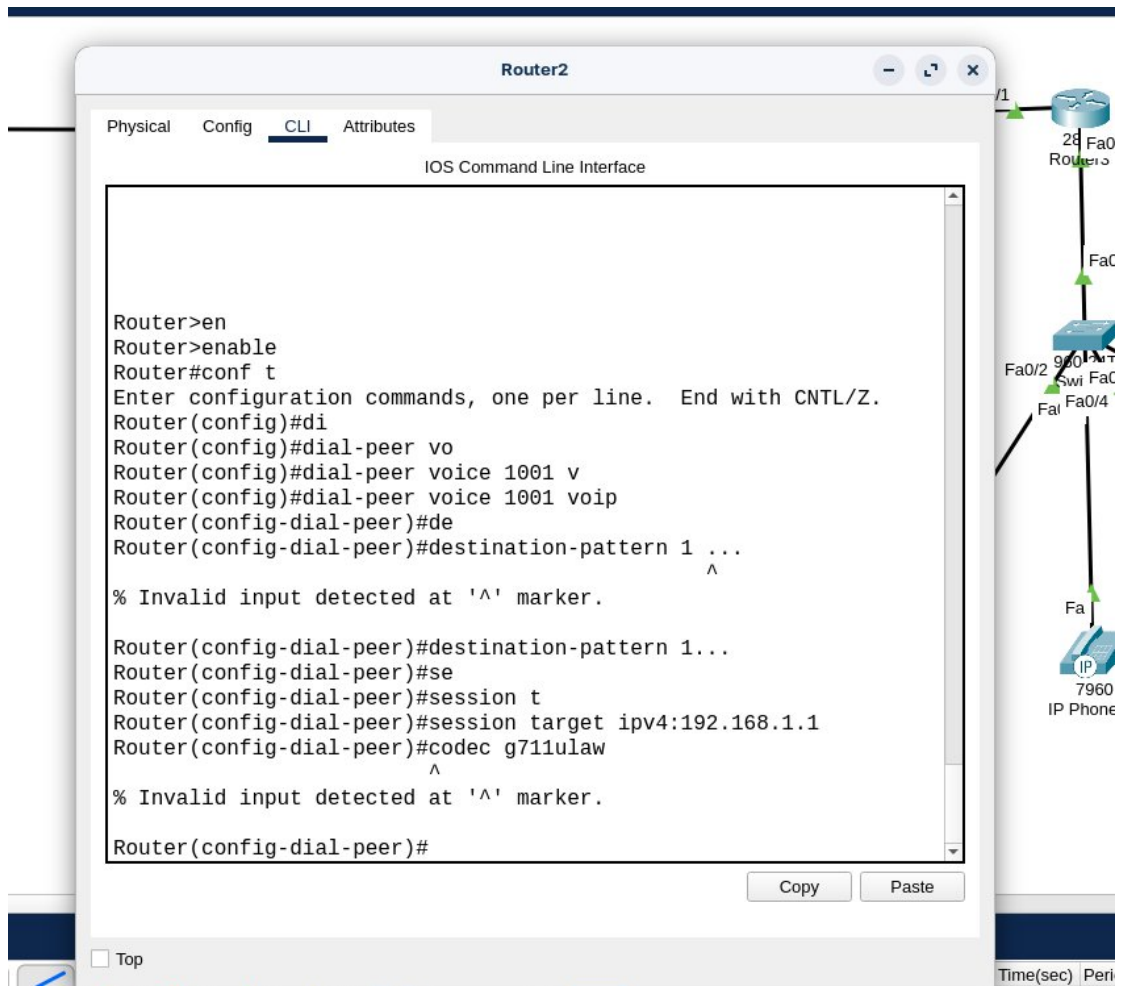


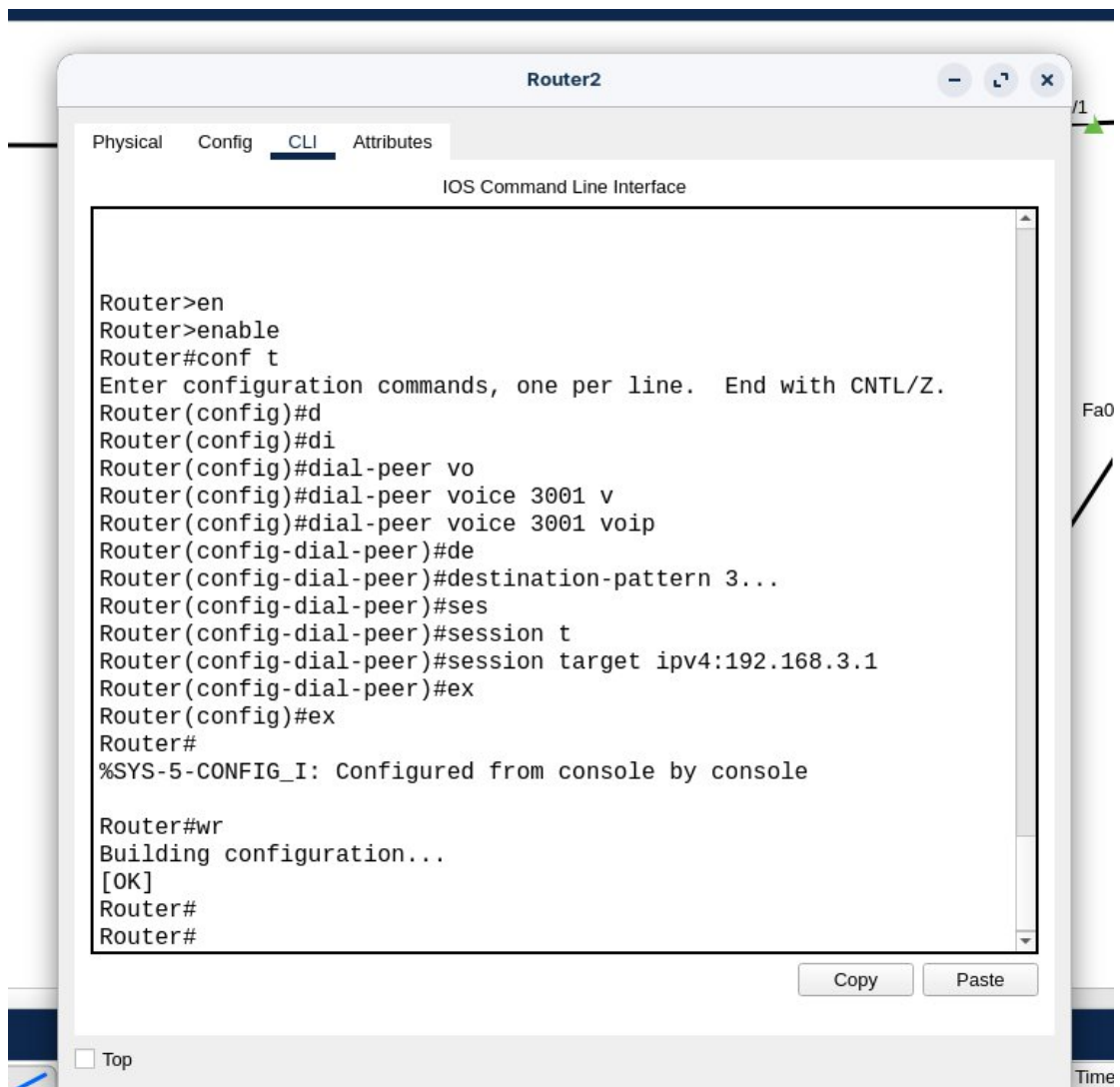
When the Number is been compose.



Chrome Ringing and also phone connection will pass like that







Repeat the operation of all the destinations and all the Routers.