



THE PEAK OF DATA
INTEGRATION
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Powering up your FME Workspaces with Python



Your Trainers

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Agenda

- Introduction to Python
- Python and FME
 - Scripted Parameter
 - Startup/ Shutdown Scripts
 - Python Transformer
 - FME Connection Manager
 - Handling list attributes
 - Using group by
- Outlook

Environment & Materials

- Remote Desktop Image
 - FME Desktop 2022
 - Training-Data
- Exercise Handout
- FME Python Cheat Sheet

Training Image

Virtual Machine:

If you haven't set up a VM, please go to
<http://fme.ly/ucvm>

Username: administrator

Password: FME2022learnings

A person stands on the peak of a rugged, rocky mountain, arms raised in a 'V' shape, celebrating a triumph. They are wearing a dark jacket and a red backpack. The background is a vast, hazy mountain range under a soft, golden light, suggesting sunrise or sunset. The overall mood is one of achievement and exploration.

Let's explore FME and Python

What is Python?

- Python is a scripting language.
 - Object oriented
 - No compiling or linking
 - Fast (“quick & dirty”) programming and prototyping
- Name: Developer van Rossum is a huge fan of Monty Python’s Flying Circus

Why Python?

- Free, powerful and flexible
- Platform independent
- Automatic Garbage Collecting
- Capable of being integrated
 - e.g. FME, ArcGIS, Blender
- Extensive documentation
 - www.python.org

Time for some actual Python

Python Basics

- Get a python shell with

```
#> <FME dir>/fme.exe python
```
- Run a script with

```
#> <FME dir>/fme.exe my_script.py
```
- Basics

```
> 1+1
> "1" * 5
> dir()
> values = [1,2,3,4,5]
> print(values)
```

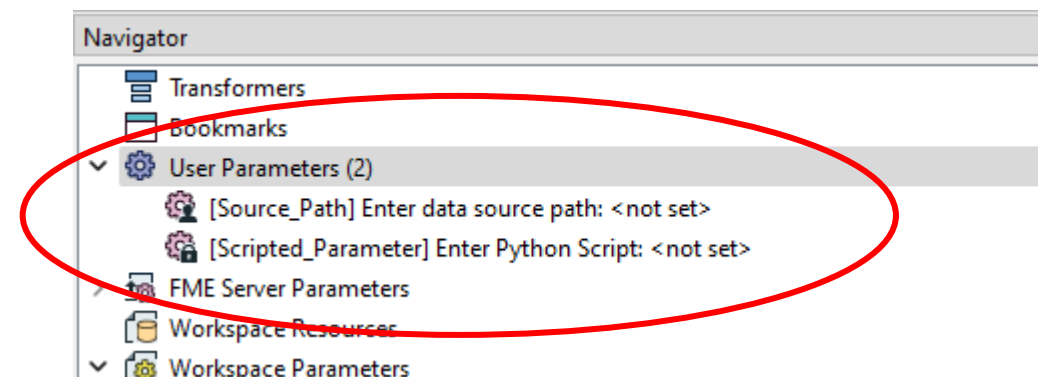
Setup and Basics

Connect to your personal trainings instance

Try out some basic Python commands

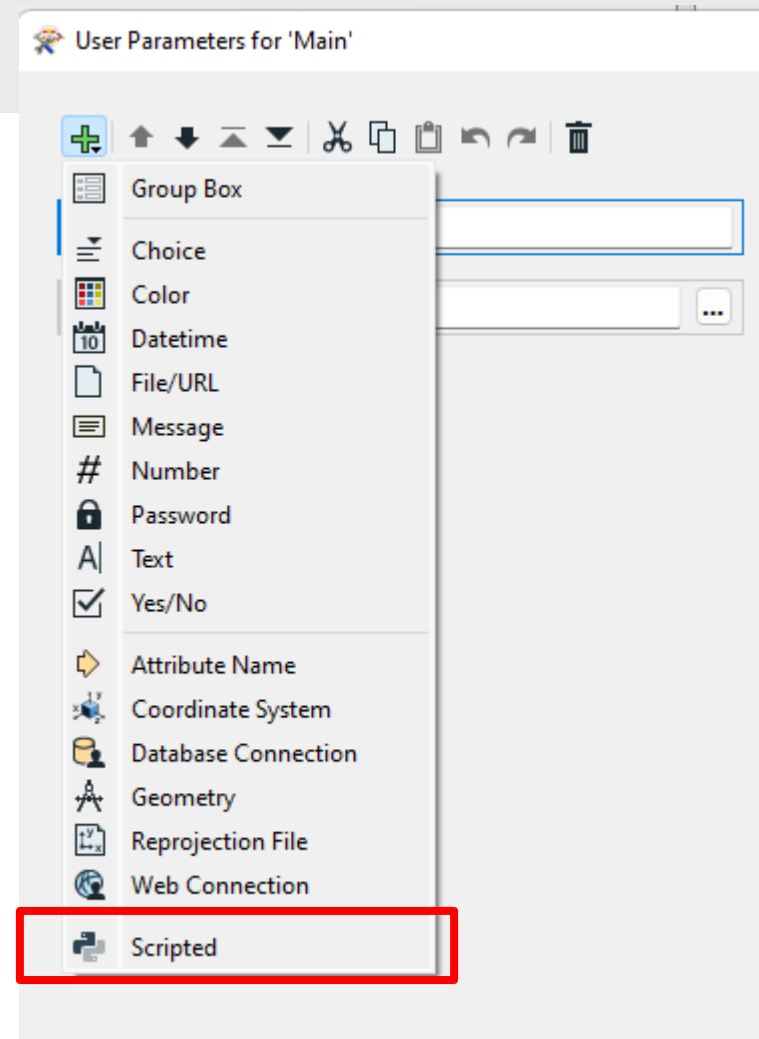
Published Parameters

- Published Parameter are parameters which are set before runtime.
- Examples:
 - Reader- / Writer file sources/ targets
 - Coordinate systems
 - Transformer parameters
 - Workspace Settings
 - Logfile



Scripted Parameter

- Value is either Python or TCL script
- Order of execution:
 - Scripted Parameter
 - Startup Script
 - FME Process
 - Shutdown Script
- Allows usage as Reader parameter



Scripted Parameter

- Last line with `return` statement to hand value to FME process
- Access of Published Parameter
 - New: `fme.macroValues['Parameter_Name']`
 - Old: `FME_MacroValues['Parameter_Name']`

Scripted Parameter / INI File

Demo:

Use Python Parameters to read configs from an INI file.

FME Objects & Plugin API

- FME Objects API
 - Library containing FME functionality
- Plugin API
 - Develop Readers, Writers, Formats
 - Uses FME Objects
- Documentation
 - <https://docs.safe.com/fme/html/fmepython/index.html>
 - Python FME Objects / Python FME Webservices API
 - <https://safe.com/documentation>

fmeobjects

- Central Module `fmeobjects`
- Code statement: `import fmeobjects`
- Many classes for different FME aspects:
 - *FMEFeature*, *FMEGeometry*, *FMELogfile*, ...

FMELogFile()

- Create your own log messages (also on FMEServer!)
- Create a logger object
- `logger = fmeobjects.FMELogfile()`
- Don't forget to import fmeobjects
- Create a log message
- `logger.logMessageString(message, severity)`

Using print()

- `print('Info message', [file=sys.stdout])`
- `print('Warn message', [file=sys.stderr])`
- => Only for rapid debugging
- Use `fmeobjects.FMELogFile()` optimal

Severity Types

Optional: Log-Level (FME Severity Level)

```
self.logger.logMessageString('Message', fmeobjects.FME_WARN)
```

0	FME_INFORM	black
1	FME_WARN	blue
2	FME_ERROR	red
...		

Exercise 2

Python Startup Script

Problem:

To clarify things you want to add your own custom log messages to the FME Logfile.

Solution:

Use the logger facility `FMELogFile()` and create messages with different log levels.

Shutdown Script

- Runs after the process has finished with either SUCCESS or FAILURE
- Post-Processing
 - Everything FME related is done by then
- Use cases
 - Move / copy / pack result
 - Call external modules (e.g. arcpy)
 - Custom logging

Shutdown Script

- Access published parameters and FME system parameters with the module `fme`
 - `fme.cpuTime`, `fme.cpuUserTime`, `fme.featuresRead`, `fme.failureMessage`, `fme.logFileName`, `fme.macroValues`, `fme.status`, ...
 - All shutdown script variables
 - https://docs.safe.com/fme/html/FME_Desktop_Documentation/FME_Desktop/Configuration/FME_END_PYTHON.htm
- You can't use `fmeobjects.FMELogfile()` !
 - Simple workaround:

```
with open(fme.logFileName, "a") as logfile:  
    logfile.write("Processing Shutdown Script\n")
```

fmeobjects - FME Feature

```
import fmeobjects  
  
# Instantiate a new feature  
  
myFeature = fmeobjects.FMEFeature()
```


fmeobjects - FME Feature

```
myFeature.setAttribute("Identification", 123)
```

```
myFeature.setAttribute("Name", "FME Lizard")
```

```
myFeature.setAttribute("List", ["FME Desktop", "FME Server"])
```

fmeobjects - FME Feature

```
myFeature.removeAttribute("Name")
```

```
myFeature.removeAttrsWithPrefix("Any Prefix")
```

Working with geometries

- Two steps to create a feature with a geometry
 - Create geometry
 - Apply geometry to a FME feature

Step 1:

- Create a point geometry

```
point = fmeobjects.FMEPoint(0,0)
```

- Create a line geometry

```
line = fmeobjects.FMELine()  
line.appendPoints([(-20,-20), (20,-20)])
```

Working with geometries

Step 2: Assign geometry to Feature

```
feature = fmeobjects.FMEFeature()  
feature.setGeometry(point)
```

```
feature2 = fmeobjects.FMEFeature()  
feature2.setGeometry(point)
```

More Feature Functions

- `getAllCoordinates()`
- `getGeometryType()`
- `getDimension()`
- `getCoordSys()`
- ...

Coffee Break

A person wearing a red backpack and dark clothing stands on the peak of a jagged, rocky mountain. Their arms are raised in a 'V' shape, signifying triumph or achievement. The background is a vast, hazy landscape of rolling mountain ranges under a soft, golden light, suggesting dawn or dusk. The overall mood is one of accomplishment and a sense of reaching a summit.

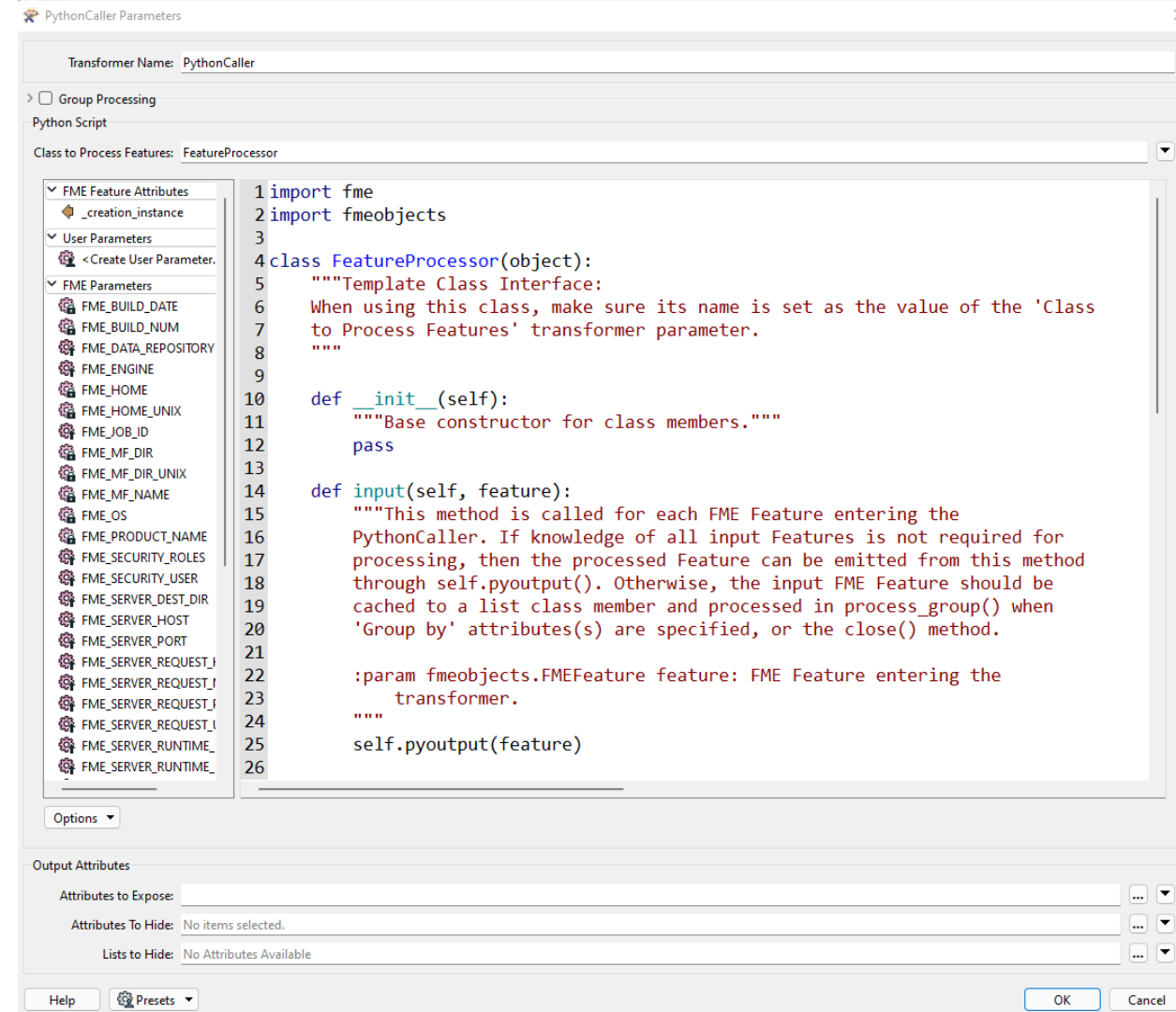
Python Transformer

- Both Transformers allow Python code execution during the FME process.
- Implement your code
 - Directly in Transformer
 - As external script file, e.g. myPythonLogic.py
- Use the PythonCaller to manipulate existing features (has an input port)
- Use PythonCreator to create features from scratch

Python Transformer

Variant A: Use FME Editor for source code

- FME Editor uses spaces indentation!
- Syntax-Highlighting
- Easy access of Parameters (Published, Private, System) Search & Replace
- But: No IntelliSense!



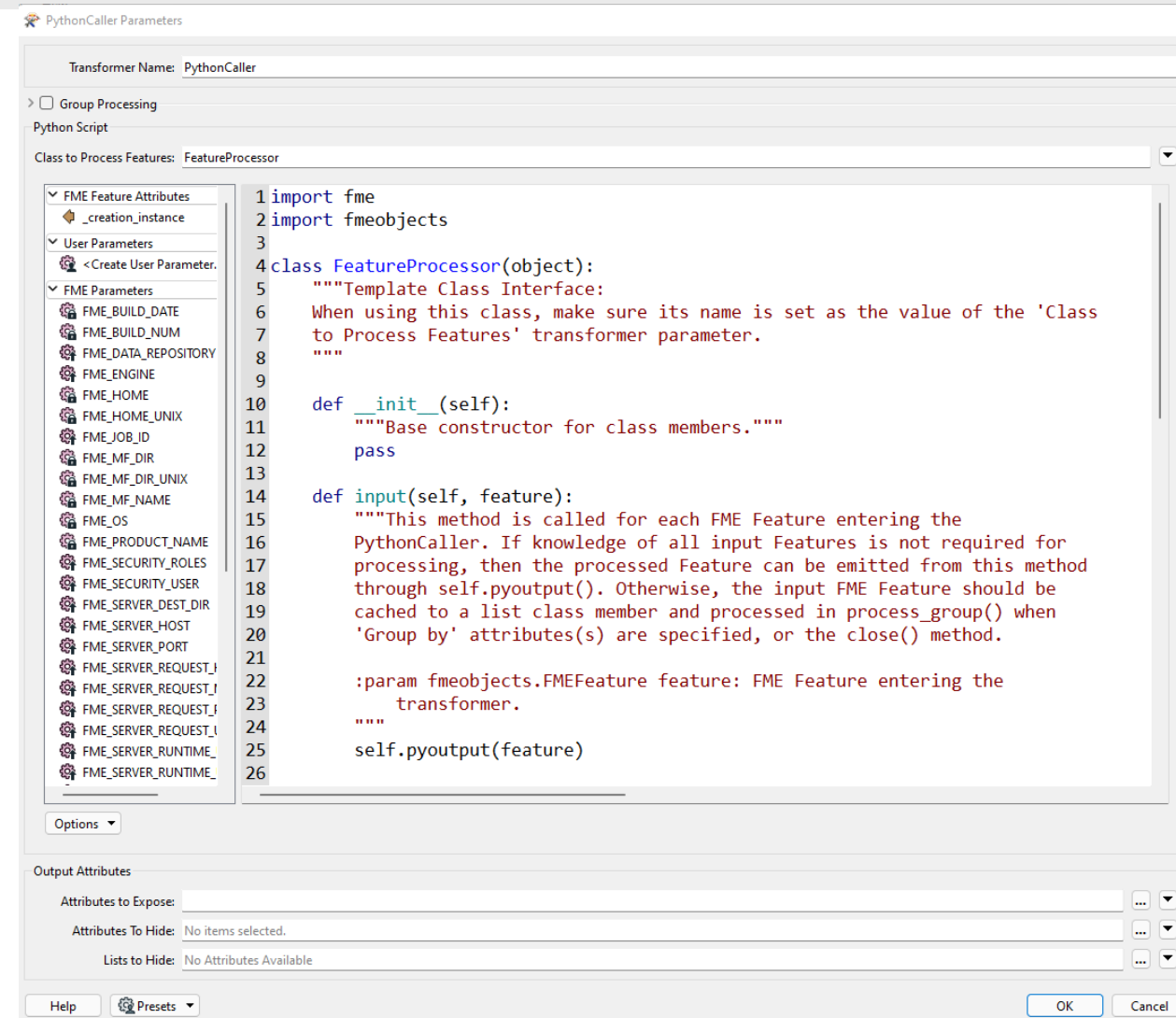
Python Transformer

Variant B: External Script Files

- Class to process features `module_name.Class => module_name.py`
 - Benefit: You can use your favorite editor or IDE
 - Search path:
 - `<fme_install>\FME\transformers`
 - `<fme_install>\FME\python`
 - Directory of workspace file (*.fmw) (`$FME_MF_DIR`)
 - Add your own dirs with `sys.path.append` ! -> Startup Script

Python Transformer

- Python Script
 - Pythonscript-/ Code
- Class to Process Features
- Attributes to Expose
- Attributes to Hide
- Lists to Hide



Class

- Defined by the keyword `class`
- Constructor / function with reference to object
- FME hands over feature via `input(self, feature)`
- FME calls `close(self)` after last feature

```
import fme
import fmeobjects

class FeatureProcessor(object):

    def __init__(self):
        pass

    def input(self, feature):
        self.pyoutput(feature)

    def close(self):
        pass

    def process_group(self):
        pass

    def has_support_for(self, support_type):
        pass
```

Class

- Return feature handle to FME with `self.pyoutput()`
- Usable in both `input()` and `close()` method
 - Never access the feature object after `pyoutput()`!
 - Keyword `pass`
 - If a method is empty otherwise

```
import fme
import fmeobjects

class FeatureProcessor(object):

    def __init__(self):
        pass

    def input(self, feature):
        self.pyoutput(feature)

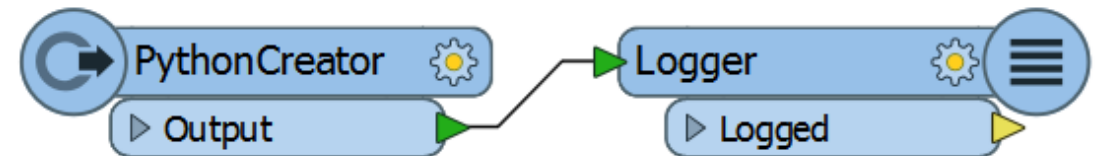
    def close(self):
        pass

    def process_group(self):
        pass

    def has_support_for(self, support_type):
        pass
```

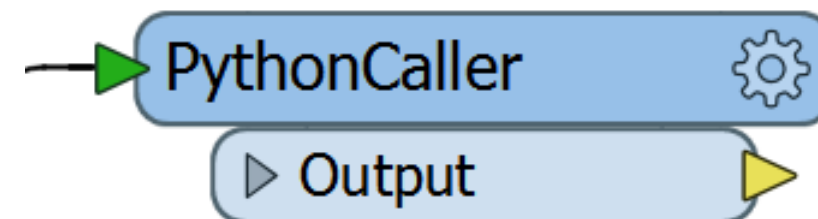
PythonCreator

- No input port!
- Usage
 - More control over creation of features compared to Creator transformer
 - Create your own Reader



PythonCaller

- Consumes FME features:
 - Attribute manipulation
 - Geometry manipulation
- Usage
 - Run any python code
 - Create advanced „Custom“ Transformers
 - Detailed logging, filtering or creation of features



Group by Processing

- Available in many transformer including PythonCaller
- Switches the transformer from „feature-by-feature“ to „feature-group-by-feature-group“ processing
- Can be memory intensive
- But avoids „FeatureFilter“ + multiple identical Transformers situations

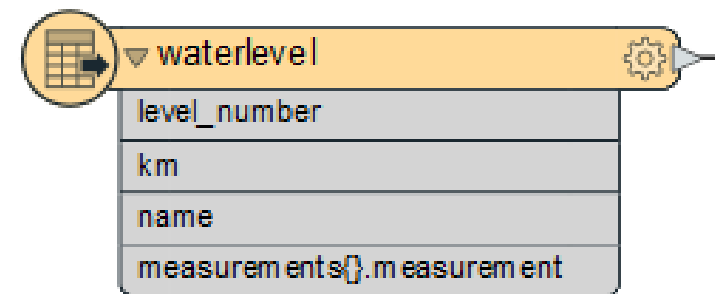
Exercise 3

Calculate Statistics

Use different PythonCaller methods to calculate your own statistics over different features

Lists in FME

- Multiple values „in“ a single attribute per feature
- Note the difference
 - Notation via {} in FME
 - Notation via [] in Python
- `setAttribute()` / `getAttribute()` performs mapping



Attributes (16)

fme_feature_type (string: UTF-8)	waterlevel
fme_geometry (string: windows-1252)	fme_aggregate
fme_type (string: UTF-8)	fme_no_geom
km (64 bit real)	35
level_number (64 bit real)	9610015
measurements{0}.measurement (string: UTF-8)	534cm
measurements{1}.measurement (string: UTF-8)	541.3cm
measurements{2}.measurement (string: UTF-8)	527.49cm

FME Lists in Python

```
feature.getAttribute('measurements{}.measurement')  
feature.setAttribute('measurements{}.measurement', [21,22,23])
```

```
feature.getAttribute('measurements{2}.measurement')  
feature.setAttribute('measurements{2}.measurement', 123)
```

```
i = 2  
feature.getAttribute('measurements{' + str(i) + '}.measurement')
```

Loops with FME Lists in Python

```
# „Normal“ for-Loop
```

```
myList = feature.getAttribute('_list{}._creation_instance')  
for element in myList:  
    print(element)
```

```
# Iteration with index
```

```
myList = feature.getAttribute('_list{}._creation_instance')  
for i,element in enumerate(myList):  
    print(i,element)
```

Working with list attributes

Problem:

Non numeric list elements can't be processed by some list transformers

Solution:

Use Python to iterate over the list elements and clean up the values

Named Connections

- Preferable storage of user credentials to external services
- Well integrated into FME Server
- Encrypted password storage
- Keeps confidential data out of workspace files

Exercise 5

Use the FME Connection Manager

Use the new FME Webservice API in Python to access user credential from a FME Web Connection

Using additional Libraries

- Check if already included
- User standalone Python interpreter and PIP
- Use FME PIP
- <Danger>
 - Version conflicts possible

Python Plugin SDK

- Samples and Documentation
`<FMEHOME>\pluginbuilder`

Reader/Writer Plugin

- You'll need:
 - Your Code => <FMEHOME>\plugins
 - Formatsinfo File => <FMEHOME>\formatsinfo
 - Metafile
 - (Schema file)

Plugin Transformer

- FMX-File
- Pluginsinfo File
- Code



Python is a powerful way to
extent FME
Don't reinvent the wheel



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Thank You!

Feel free to contact us during the conference!

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THANK YOU!

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