Задача 1

```
a)
               select LastName from Reader where Address LIKE '%MockBa%';
       б)
               select distinct Book. Author, Book. Title
               from Book bk
               join Borrowing br on bk.ISBN = br.ISBN
               join Reader rd on br.ReaderNr = rd.ID
               where rd.LastName = 'Иваанов' and rd.FirstName = 'Иван';
       B)
               select ISBN from BookCat
               where CategoryName = 'Горы'
               minus
               select ISBN from BookCat
               where CategoryName = 'Путешествия';
       \Gamma)
               select Reader.LastName, Reader.FirstName
               from Reader rd join Borrowing br on rd.ID = br.ReaderNr
               where CURRENT_DATE > br.ReturnDate;
       д)
               select Reader.LastName, Reader.FirstName
               from Reader rd join Borrowing br on rd.ID = br.ReaderNr
               where not rd.LastName = 'Иванов' and not rd.FirstName = 'Иван' and
                      br.ISBN in
                              (select distinct ISBN
                              from Reader rd1 join Borrowing br1 on rd1.ID = br1.ReaderNr
                              where rd1.LastName = 'Иванов' and rd1.FirstName = 'Иван');
       Задача 2
       a)
               π<sub>TrainNr</sub> ( σ<sub>CityNameFrom='MockBa'</sub> ^ CityNameTo='T<sub>Bepb</sub>' (
                      \piFromStation,ToStation,TrainNr,Departure,Arrival,CityNameFrom,CityName as CityNameTo (
                      OStation.Name=Connection.ToStation (
                              πFromStationToStationTrainNr,Departure,Arrival,CityName as CityNameFrom
                              σ<sub>Station.name=Connection.FromStation</sub> (
                                     Station×Connection
                              ))×Station
                      ))
       б) На основе пункта найдём все маршруты с трансферами из Москвы в Санкт-
Петербург.
       AllTransfers =
               остиуNameFrom='Mocква' ^ CityNameTo='Cанкт-Петербург' (
```

Задача 3

Назовём объединяемые отношения R и S. Атрибуты, по которым будет происходить объединение, назовём CommonAttr. Оставшиеся атрибуты для R и S назовём RAttr и SAttr соответственно.

```
Тогда: InnerJoin = \pi_{CommonAttr,RAttr,SAttr} (\sigma_{R.CommonAttr=S.CommonAttr} (S×R)) Left = (R - \pi_{CommonAttr,RAttr} (InnerJoin)) × (null, ..., null) Right = (null, ..., null) × (S - \pi_{CommonAttr,SAttr} (InnerJoin)) LeftJoin = Left \cup InnerJoin \cup Right OuterJoin = Left \cup InnerJoin \cup Right
```