



Seville, a gorgeous beamer theme

That was the title and this is the subtitle

Conference Presentation 2023

John Doe

University of L^AT_EX

✉ john@doe.com

🏠 tug.org




📄 [arXiv](https://arxiv.org)

🐙 [GitHub](https://github.com)


🐦 [@Twitter](https://twitter.com)

Seville looks

Seville is a beamer theme inspired by Matthias Vogelgesang's beautiful Metropolis theme.

This theme uses the Noto font by Google , the Font Awesome 5 icons , and the Academicons .

The logo is borrowed from Graficatessen.

Colors are taken from the Solarized palette .

Text can be *alerted*, **bold**, or *emphasized*.

Presentations using this theme must be compiled with Lua \LaTeX .

Beamer blocks¹

Block

This is the look of a normal beamer block.

Alert!

This is an alerted block.

Example

This is how an example block looks like with this theme.

¹There are also predefined math block environments: *definition*, *example*, *theorem*, *proof*, *corollary*, *lemma*, *fact*, *proposition*, and *remark*.

Lists

We have lists, with numbers or symbols, and three indentation levels.

1. Carrots.

a. Orange.

i. Long.

ii. Short.

b. Purple.

2. Onions.

3. Lettuce.

- Carrots.

- Orange.

- Long.

- Short.

- Purple.

- Onions.

- Lettuce.

Citations

Citations like [Knuth, 1973] contain links to the reference list.
Click on it!

It also works with several papers in the same citation
command, like [Dirac, 1981, Knuth, 2016].

You can also credit theorems with citations.

Theorem ([Einstein, 1905])

This theorem was proved by Einstein. Click on the red citation
too!

References

- ☰ Dirac, P. A. M. (1981).
The Principles of Quantum Mechanics.
International series of monographs on physics. Clarendon Press.
- ☰ Einstein, A. (1905).
Zur Elektrodynamik bewegter Körper. (German) [On the electrodynamics of moving bodies].
Annalen der Physik, 322(10):891–921.
- ☰ Knuth, D. (Accessed: 01–09–2016).
Knuth: Computers and typesetting.
- ☰ Knuth, D. E. (1973).
Fundamental Algorithms, chapter 1.2.
Addison-Wesley.