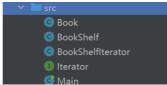
软件体系结构 作业09

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1 针对Iterator的例子,将存储Book用的数组换成其他 Collection并运行。

换成了 ArrayList存储



```
public class Book {
    String name;
    public Book(String str) {
        name = str;
    }
}
public interface Iterator {
    public abstract boolean hasNext();
    public abstract Book next();
}
public class BookShelfIterator implements Iterator{
    BookShelf bookShelf;
    int idx = 0;
    public BookShelfIterator (BookShelf b){
        bookShelf = b;
    public boolean hasNext(){
        return idx < bookShelf.getLength();</pre>
    }
    public Book next(){
        return bookShelf.getBookAt(idx++);
    }
}
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class BookShelf {
    ArrayList<Book> book = new ArrayList<>();
```

```
public void addBook(Book b){
        book.add(b);
    }
    public int getLength(){
        return book.size();
    }
    public Book getBookAt(int i){
        if(i >= book.size()) return null;
        return book.get(i);
    }
    public Iterator getIterator(){
        return new BookShelfIterator(this);
    }
}
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        BookShelf bookShelf = new BookShelf();
        bookShelf.addBook(new Book("The Witcher"));
        bookShelf.addBook(new Book("C++ Primer Plus"));
        bookShelf.addBook(new Book("Effective C++"));
        bookShelf.addBook(new Book("Effective Modern C++"));
        Iterator itr = bookShelf.getIterator();
        while(itr.hasNext()){
            System.out.println(itr.next().name);
        }
   }
}
```

运行结果:

2 针对Iterator的例子,设计一个Specified的Iterator并运行。

```
设计了一个倒序的 Iterator

public class BookShelfIterator implements Iterator{

BookShelf bookShelf;
int idx = 0;
public BookShelfIterator (BookShelf b){
 bookShelf = b;
 idx = bookShelf.getLength();
}

public boolean hasNext(){
 return idx > 0;
}

public Book next(){
 return bookShelf.getBookAt(--idx);
}
```

运行结果:

```
运行: ■ Main ×

►:\MyJava\jdk17\bin\java.exe "-javaagent:E:\MyJava\IntelliJ IDEA

Effective Modern C++

Effective C++

C++ Primer Plus

The Witcher

进程已结束,退出代码0
```

还有一种方法,或者通过Override实现的Iterator

```
import java.util.Iterator;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        BookShelf bookShelf = new BookShelf();
        bookShelf.addBook(new Book("The Witcher"));
        bookShelf.addBook(new Book("C++ Primer Plus"));
        bookShelf.addBook(new Book("Effective C++"));
        bookShelf.addBook(new Book("Effective Modern C++"));
```

```
//
          Iterator itr = bookShelf.getIterator();
        Iterator<Book> itr = new Iterator<Book>() {
            int idx = 0;
            @Override
            public boolean hasNext() {
                return idx < bookShelf.getLength();</pre>
            }
            @Override
            public Book next() {
                return bookShelf.getBookAt(idx++);
            }
        };
        while(itr.hasNext()){
            System.out.println(itr.next().name);
        }
    }
}
```

运行结果:

```
运行: ■ Main ×

E:\MyJava\jdk17\bin\java.exe "-javaagent:E:\MyJava\IntelliJ IDEA

The Witcher
C++ Primer Plus
Effective C++
Effective Modern C++

进程已结束,退出代码0
```