

# Visum to LinTim Interface

## Summary

This "Visum to LinTim" interface provides several python files and PTV Visum procedure sequences for reformatting Visum files into a format compatible with LinTim and vice versa. This makes it possible to combine infrastructure and demand modelling in PTV Visum with creating solutions for public transportation (PuT) supply in LinTim and comprehensive evaluation back in PTV Visum (see fig. 1).



Figure 1: workflow using PTV Visum and LinTim for public transport planning

LinTim "is a scientific software toolbox that has been under development since 2007, giving the possibility to solve the various planning steps in public transportation". For further information we refer to the LinTim documentation on <a href="https://www.lintim.net/">https://www.lintim.net/</a>. This document is meant to be a short guide for users who completed the modelling of their network in PTV Visum and want to create solutions for PuT supply with LinTim.

For using LinTim to solve plannings steps in PuT, first a LinTim dataset has to be created. The procedure sequence VIS25\_Gateway\_Visum2Lintim.xml generates files which can be read in LinTim to define a dataset. Further there's a second procedure sequence VIS25\_Gateway\_Lintim2Visum.xml to reformat LinTim's timetable output as file according to the PuT supply hierarchy of PTV Visum.

#### Folder Structure

Due to several dependencies and files being read or moved, we recommend the folder structure as shown in fig. 2. Otherwise you have to adjust the python script which sets the project directory in both procedure sequences and several other code snippets. Each scenario has a basic version file (without PuT supply) in the subfolder "Version". From this multiple instances can be derived. Each instance can have multiple solutions for PuT supply. Greyshaded folders are generated as required.

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<sup>1</sup>https://www.lintim.net/

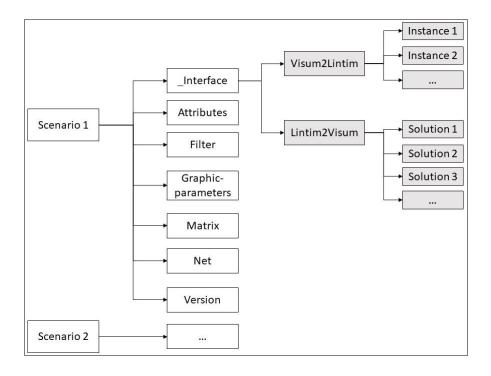


Figure 2: recommended (implemented) folder structure

### Procedure sequence VIS25\_Gateway\_Visum2Lintim.xml

The procedure sequence VIS25\_Gateway\_Visum2Lintim.xml creates all necessary files to import the network model in LinTim. These files are:

- infrastructure.net contains information about links, nodes, stops and zones
- config.net contains general settings for LinTim
- walk\_times.att contains walk times between stops and zones as well as between zones and zones
- od. att contains demand for all origin-destination pairs on zone level
- veh units.att contains settings of transport systems

If the model contains existing PuT supply of transport systems which are not considered for optimization, following files are created additionally:

- visum-fixed-lines.net
- visum-fixed-times.net

The procedure sequence contains two main parts: general settings and file generation (see figure 3). More details are provided in the next subsections.

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Number: 60	Procedure		Reference object(s)
1	Group VIS20_Gateway_Visum2Lintim		
2	Group set project directory		3
3	Run script		
4	Group create necessary UDAs		5
6	Group ### General Settings ###		7 - 21
22	Group ### Create Files for LinTim #####		
23	Group infrastructure.net, fixed-lines.net, walk_times.att		24 - 27
28	Group demand: od.att		29 - 30
31	Group Calculate walk time		32 - 60

Figure 3: Overview of procedure sequence VIS25\_Gateway\_Visum2Lintim.xml

#### General Settings

In this group all attributes used in LinTim are set. Table 1 shows attributes which define general settings. As already mentioned multiple instances can be distinguished. Instances can vary in minor changes only for public transport planning, e.g. net reduction or variations of connectors or terminals. Attributes regarding parameters for the utility function are shown in table 2.

Further the characteristics of transport systems need to be exported. They are set in PTV Visum  $\rightarrow Lists \rightarrow PuT$  operation  $\rightarrow vehicle\ units$ .

On stop point level there are three attributes necessary, see table 3.

#### File Generation

All necessary files are generated while running the procedure sequence, in particular:

- → Save attributes of transport systems in veh\_units.att (run internal script, step 25)
- → Save values nodes, zones, links and stop points in *infrastructure.net*, further save active PuT supply as fixed lines in *visum-fixed-lines.net* (Links, Lines, Line routes, Line route items, Vehicle journeys) and *visum-fixed-times.net* (Links, Lines, Line routes, Line route items, Time profiles, Time profile items, Vehicle journeys) (run script *Export VisumInfrastructureLintim.py*, step 26)
- $\rightarrow$  Save general attributes and parameters for the utility function in *config.net* (run internal script, step 27)

Export Demand *od.att*:

- $\rightarrow$  Save relevant demand matrix (needs to be defined) as *od.mtx*, using \$O-Format (step 29)
- $\rightarrow$  Change header of od.mtx and save matrix as od.att (run internal script, step 30)

Export of walk times walk times.att:

 $\rightarrow$  Run group Calculate walk time.

Table 1: general settings

attribute	example value	explanation
scenario_name	"01_example"	Scenario prefix / folder
		name
instance_name	"I1"	instance prefix
$lintim\_period\_length$	3600	Length of period in
		timetable [s]
$lintim\_time\_units\_per\_minute$	60	
$lintim\_base\_unit\_for\_headway$	1	Factor for headway
$lintim\_tsys\_for\_adapting$	"B"	Transport system for which
		PuT supply will be de-
		signed. Other transport
		systems are only considered
		as fixed PuT supply
$lintim\_defdwelltime$	20	Default dwell time for PuT
		supply to be designed [s]
$lintim\_prepreptime$	90	Default layover time for
		PuT supply to be designed
		[s]
$lintim\_postpreptime$	90	Default layover time for
		PuT supply to be designed
		[s]

Table 2: parameters for utility function

attribute	example value	explanation
lintim_walktime_utility	1.5	
$lintim\_transfer\_utility$	5	
$lintim\_min\_transfertime$	180	Lower bound for transfer
		time [s] Take care, this
		counts also as walking (e.g.
		is multiplied with 1.5)

attribute	example value	explanation
is_Terminal	True	defines if stop is possible
		terminal for lines
$is\_Transfer$	True	defines if stop is possible
		transfer station for lines
${\bf DefDwellTime}$	20	Lower bound for dwell time
		[s]

Table 3: necessary attributes stop points

#### Some Notes on "Visum to LinTim"

- Stop points have to be node-based stop points in PTV Visum. In LinTim the set of stop points is a subset of given nodes.
- Make sure, your infrastructure is non-directed, e.g. a link has the same length and run time as it's opposite direction.
- Each link has an attribute "internal\_volume". If it is above zero for a link, this link will necessarily become part of the resulting line net.
- At the moment, a line cannot skip stops. You have to consider this while modelling the infrastructure.
- Don't use "-" in names of fixed lines. LinTim uses "-" as a separator.
- Make sure your fixed timetable is periodic between 7 8 o'clock. LinTim deals with periodic timetables and this time interval is used for transformation.

# Generation of PuT supply solution in LinTim based on exported Visum files

This section contains a short step-by-step instruction how to create a timetable for your dataset. Be aware that LinTim contains lots of algorithms, objective functions and parameters which you have to consider. Also it's possible that the default settings won't lead to a feasible solution. For further details, such as the meaning of variables and the possibility to change settings, use the LinTim documentation <a href="https://www.lintim.net/">https://www.lintim.net/</a>.

- copy all files from the folder  $Visum2Lintim \rightarrow instance\ name$  to a lintim dataset folder.
- change default settings by creating a file  $basis \rightarrow Private-Config.cnf$  in your dataset, which contains the following statements

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```
- sl_model; all
- sl_forbidden_edges; true
- lpool_restrict_forbidden_edges; true
- lc_respect_fixed_lines; true
- lc_respect_forbidden_edges; true
- tim_respect_fixed_times; true
```

To create a new dataset, use the dataset template folder in LinTim to ensure the existence of required makefiles. You can create a solution typing the following commands in your *Ubuntu terminal*.

- make sure your dataset folder is set as directory in the ubuntu terminal
- make config-fill-config-from-visum
- make ptn-read-infrastructure-from-visum
- make od-read-node-od-from-visum
- (make ptn-preprocess-walking )
- make sl-stop-location
- make od-distribute-from-nodes
- make ptn-regenerate-load
- make lpool-line-pool
- make lc-read-fixed-lines-from-visum
- make lc-line-concept
- make ean
- make tim-read-fixed-times-from-visum
- make tim-timetable
- make tim-transform-to-visum

To reimport the resulting PuT supply in PTV Visum, copy the dataset folder into your Visum folder structure  $\_Interface \rightarrow Lintim2Visum$  and rename it.

attribute	example value	explanation	
scenario_name	"01_example"	Scenario prefix / folder	
		name	
$instance\_name$	"I1"	instance prefix	
$lintim\_version\_name$	"A_2b_1_2_2"	name of solution / folder	
		name in $\_Interface \rightarrow$	
		Lintim 2 Visum	

Table 4: attributes to set for import of PuT supply

## Procedure sequence VIS25\_Gateway\_Lintim2Visum.xml

The procedure sequence VIS25\_Gateway\_LinTim2Visum imports the PuT supply solution generated in Lintim. This is achieved by generation of a .net file containing lines, line routes, line route items, time profiles, time profile items and vehicle journeys. Furthermore a .gpax file is created to set the graphic parameters of lines. These files are named based on the solution name (lintim\_version\_name + file extension).

- → Adjust parameters mentioned in table 4 (Group "set attributes")
- $\rightarrow$  Run procedure sequence, in particular
  - Generate & load *lintim\_version\_name.net file* file containing elements of PuT supply (run script *LinTimToVisumNetPublicTransport.py* in step 13).
  - Generate & load *lintim\_version\_name.gpax* file containing graphic parameters (run script *LinTimToVisumNetPublicTransport.py* in step 16).
- $\rightarrow \ \, \text{Save solution as } \textbf{scenario\_name} + \textbf{instance\_name} + \textbf{lintim\_version\_name}. \text{ver}$