FOSE1025 — Scientific Computing

Week 7 Lecture 1: Cleaning Data

Diego Mollá

Department of Computer Science Macquarie University

FOSE1025 2022H1

Programme

- Cleaning Text Data in Excel
- Cleaning Data in MATLAB

Reading

- LinkedIn Learning Excel 2016: Cleaning up Your Data https://www.linkedin.com/learning/excel-2016-cleaning-up-your-data
- MATLAB Characters and Strings https://au.mathworks.com/help/matlab/characters-andstrings.html

Programme

- Cleaning Text Data in Excel
- Cleaning Data in MATLAB

Text as Unstructured Data

- Much of the information you find is input in text.
- People can understand text very easily . . .
- ... but not machines!
- Text is often called a kind of unstructured data.
- Excel and MATLAB can help find structure from text.





Watch these LinkedIn Learning Videos for Excel



Macquarie University students have access to free videos from LinkedIn Learning. To access these, login using your student credentials. Watch these videos:

Use Text Functions:

https://www.linkedin.com/learning/excel-2016-cleaning-up-your-data/use-text-functions

Use CONCAT and TEXTJOIN functions to combine data:

https://www.linkedin.com/learning/excel-2016-cleaning-up-your-data/use-the-concat-and-textjoin-da

functions-to-combine-data

Combine data via concatenation

https://www.linkedin.com/learning/excel-2016-cleaning-up-your-data/combine-data-via-concatenation

Split data into columns

https://www.linkedin.com/learning/excel-2016-cleaning-up-your-data/split-data-into-columns-with-the-

text-to-columns-feature

Using Flash Fill

https://www.linkedin.com/learning/excel-2016-cleaning-up-your-data/use-flash-fill-for-faster-combining-up-your-data/use-flash-fill-fo

and-splitting



Some Useful Text Functions

CH-05.xlsx From https://www.linkedin.com/learning/excel-2016-cleaning-up-your-data/use-text-functions

	Name	Description
-	LOWER PROPER UPPER	Converts all text to lowercase Capitalizes only letters than start the entry or follow a space or punctuation Converts all text to uppercase
	REPLACE SUBSTITUTE REPT	Replaces characters within text, based on content, not on character position Replaces characters within text, based on character position, not on content Repeats text a given number of times
	LEFT MID RIGHT	Returns the leftmost characters from a text value Returns a specific number of characters from a text string starting at the position you specify Returns the rightmost characters from a text value
	FIND SEARCH EXACT	Finds one text value within another (case-sensitive) Finds one text value within another (not case-sensitive) Checks to see if two text values are identical
	LEN TEXT VALUE	Returns the number of characters in a text string Formats a number and converts it to text Converts a text argument to a number
	CLEAN TRIM	Removes all nonprintable characters from text Removes spaces from text
	CONCATENATE CONCAT DOLLAR FIXED	Joins several text items into a cell (on older Excel versions) Joins several text items into a cell (on newer Excel versions) Converts a number to text, using the \$ (dollar) currency_format Formats a number as text with a fixed number of decimals
		Diana Mallé W07L1, Classina 6/20

Concatenating Text

Several ways to concatenate text:

Using the & operator

```
=A1 & " " & B1
```

CONCAT (in Excel versions from 2016, Mobile, Web)

```
=CONCAT("Stream population for ", A2, " ",
A3, " is ", A4, "/mile.")
=CONCAT(B2:C8)
```

- CONCATENATE (in older Excel versions)
- TEXTJOIN (in Excel versions from 2019, Web joins text using a text delimiter)

```
=TEXTJOIN(" ",TRUE, "The", "sun", "will", "come", "up", "tomorrow.")
=TEXTJOIN(", ", TRUE, A2:A8)
```



Parsing Text Using Text to Columns Feature

- Some columns have complex text that needs to be parsed.
- Excel can parse the text of a column and split it into several columns.
- On Excel Online, look at the "Data" tab

CH-05.xlsx; watch the video https://www.linkedin.com/learning/excel-2016-cleaning-up-your-data/split-data-into-columns-with-the-text-to-columns-feature



The Magic of Flash Fill

- Flash Fill is one of Excel's most powerful and least known features.
- Uses AI techniques to try to predict how you want to parse the text.
- Looks like magic, and sometimes might not work for your task.

 $CH-05.xlsx;\ watch\ the\ video\ https://www.linkedin.com/learning/excel-2016-cleaning-up-your-data/use-flash-fill-for-data/use-flash-fla$

faster-combining-and-splitting



Programme

- Cleaning Text Data in Excel
- Cleaning Data in MATLAB

MATLAB's Column Types I

https://au.mathworks.com/help/matlab/data-types.html

- All values of a MATLAB table column are of the same type.
- Common types in MATLAB are:

Numeric

- double This is the default numerical type. It is what is called double-precision floating point.
- There are other types that you can use to represent integers (with or without sign) and other numerical types.

MATLAB's Column Types II

https://au.mathworks.com/help/matlab/data-types.html

Text

- string Starting in MATLAB's version R2016b, this is the preferred way to store text. It's called "string arrays".
- char Available in all MATLAB versions but not recommended from MATLAB version R2016b. It's called "character arrays".

Dates and Time

- datetime MATLAB stores dates and times using the same format
- We will look at MATLAB's dates and times in a subsequent lecture.

MATLAB's Column Types III

https://au.mathworks.com/help/matlab/data-types.html

Categorical

- Use this type (instead of, say, string, if you know that the column has a finite set of possible values.)
- For example, C = categorical({'R','G','B','B','G','B'}) creates a categorical array with six elements that belong to the categories R, G, or B.

Examining the Type of a Table Column

File: mlb_players.csv

- MATLAB's summary function gives a summary of a table.
- It reports various information, including the types of all of its columns.

Try This

- Use (or generate) the live script that imports the file mlb_players.csv and stores the generated table in the variable mlb_players.csv.
- Add this command to the live script (without ";" at the end): summary (mlb_players)

Text or string?

Depending on what part of MATLAB you use, it may say that a column type is "Text" or "string". Both are the same!

If using the text import tool you may see that the column type is "text".



If using summary you may see that the same column type is "string".

>> summary(mlb_players)

Variables:

Name: 1035×1 string

Team: 1035×1 categorical

Setting the Type in a Table Column



File: mlb_players.csv

- A common problem with MATLAB (and Excel) is that the default settings when reading a CSV file might not be correct.
 - For example, by default, readtable may store text as a character array, not a string array.
- If we use MATLAB's import tool we can specify the data type (see lecture week 6).
 - Check how the generated script defines options to the readtable function.
- We can also change the data type after the table has been created.

```
mlb.Team = categorical(mlb.Team);
mlb.Name = string(mlb.Name);
```

https://au.mathworks.com/help/matlab/data-type-conversion.html

Filtering Data in an Array



- MATLAB can identify what values meet a particular condition.
- For example, to find what elements in an array "ages" are larger than 10:

```
>> ages = [1 2 5 34 2 32];
>> ages > 10
ans =
1x6 logical array
0 0 0 1 0 1
```

- The result is a filter represented as a logical array: each element is either 0 ("false") or 1 ("true").
- We can now select all elements whose corresponding logical array indicates true.

```
>> ages(ages > 10)
ans =
34 32
```

Filtering Data in a Table

File trees.csv

 The same process can be used to select rows whose columns meet a particular condition.

```
>> trees.Girth_in_ > 15
ans =
    31x1 logical array
0 0 0 ... 1 1 1
>> wide_trees = trees(trees.Girth_in_ > 15, :)
```

- We can combine multiple filters by using Boolean operators.
- Can you tell what's the output of the following?

```
>> trees = readtable("trees.csv");
>> filtera = trees.Girth_in_ > 10;
>> filterb = trees.Girth_in_ < 15;
>> filterc = trees.Height_ft_ > 70;
>> result = trees(filtera & filterb | filterc, :)
```

Take-home Messages

Excel

- Fixing problems from manual data input.
- Importing text.
- Text to columns feature.
- Flash Fill.

MATLAB

- Changing data types.
- Text functions.
- Filtering data.

What's Next

- Friday 8 April: Communicator hurdle
- 2 weeks without classes, time to catch up!
- Week 8 lecture: Transforming Data