## Scilab Textbook Companion for Elementary Heat Power by H. L. Solberg<sup>1</sup>

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# **Book Description**

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Scilab numbering policy used in this document and the relation to the above book.

Exa Example (Solved example)

**Eqn** Equation (Particular equation of the above book)

**AP** Appendix to Example(Scilab Code that is an Appednix to a particular Example of the above book)

For example, Exa 3.51 means solved example 3.51 of this book. Sec 2.3 means a scilab code whose theory is explained in Section 2.3 of the book.

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## Chapter 1

## Matter and energy

## Scilab code Exa 1.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
5 m=500 //lb
6 rate=10 //ft/s^2
7 //calculations
8 F1=m/g *rate
9 ms=m/g
10 F2=ms*rate
11 //results
12 printf("Force in case 1 = %.1f lbf",F1)
13 printf("\n Force in case 2 = %.1f lbf",F2)
```

### Scilab code Exa 1.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
```

```
3 //Initialization of variables
4 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
5 g2=32.0 //ft/s^2
6 rate=10 //ft/s^2
7 w1=500 //lbf
8 //calculations
9 fd1=w1*g2/g
10 F=fd1/g2 *rate
11 ms=w1/g
12 F2=ms*rate
13 //results
14 printf("Net weight of body in case 1 = %.1 f lbf",F)
15 printf("\n Force in case 2 = %.1 f lbf",F2)
```

## Scilab code Exa 1.3 Example 3

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 g=32.174 //ft/s^2
5 m=500 //lbm
6 rate=10 //ft/s^2
7 //calculations
8 F=1/g *m*rate
9 //results
10 printf("Force required = %.1f lbf",F)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 1.4 Example 4

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 g1=32.174 //ft/s^2
```

```
5 gc=g1
6 g2=30 //ft/s^2
7 m=100 //lbm
8 //calculations
9 w1=g1/gc *m
10 w2=g2/gc *m
11 //results
12 printf("Weight in case 1 = %d lbf", w1)
13 printf("\n Weight in case 2 = %.1f lbf", w2)
```

## Scilab code Exa 1.5 Example 5

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 ge=32.174 //ft/s^2
5 gm=5.47 //ft/s^2
6 we=50 //lbm
7 //calculations
8 wm=we*gm/ge
9 //results
10 printf("In case a, it will weigh the same, weight = %d lbm", we)
11 printf("\n In case b, weight = %.1f lbf", wm)
```

### Scilab code Exa 1.6 Example 6

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
5 p1=100 //psig
6 p2=29.0 //in of Hg
```

```
7 //calculations
8 BP=p2*0.491
9 AP=BP+p1
10 //results
11 printf("Absolute pressure = %.2f psia", AP)
```

## Scilab code Exa 1.7 Example 7

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
5 Pb=29.5 //in of Hg
6 Pv=10 //in of Hg
7 //calculations
8 AP=(Pb-Pv)*0.491
9 //results
10 printf("Absoulte pressure = %.2f psia",AP)
```

## Scilab code Exa 1.8 Example 8

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
5 v1=1 //cu ft
6 p1=100 //psia
7 //calculations
8 v2=2*v1
9 W=144*p1*(v2-v1)
10 //results
11 printf("Work done = %d ft-lb", W)
```

## Scilab code Exa 1.9 Example 9

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
5 v1=1 //cu ft
6 p1= 100 //psia
7 p2=50 //psia
8 v2=3 //cu ft
9 //calculations
10 pa=(p1+p2)/2
11 W=pa*(v2-v1)*144
12 //results
13 printf("Work done = %d ft-lb", W)
```

### Scilab code Exa 1.10 Example 10

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
5 p1=100 //psia
6 p2=25 //psia
7 v2=2 //cu ft
8 //calculations
9 W=p1*144*v2 - p2*144*v2
10 //results
11 printf("Work done = %d ft-lb", W)
```

## Scilab code Exa 1.11 Example 11

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
5 n=100 //rpm
6 p1=100 //psia
7 p2=25 //psia
8 v2=2 //cu ft
9 //calculations
10 W=p1*144*v2 - p2*144*v2
11 Hp=W*n/33000
12 //results
13 printf("Horsepower developed = %.1 f hp", Hp)
```

## Scilab code Exa 1.12 Example 12

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P=50 //hp
5 m=30 //lb
6 E=19000 //Btu/lb
7 //calculations
8 eta= P*2545/(m*E) *100
9 //results
10 printf("Efficiency = %.1f percent",eta)
```

## Chapter 2

## **Fuels and Combustion**

## Scilab code Exa 2.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 x1=0.135
5 \text{ x} 2 = 0.056
6 veca=[32.5 48.4 5.6 13.5]
7 B1=11788
8 //calculations
9 \text{ vecb=veca/}(1-x1)
10 vecc=veca/(1-x1-x2)
11 B2=B1/(1-x1)
12 B3=B1/(1-x1-x2)
13 \text{ vecb}(4) = 0
14 \text{ vecc}(3) = 0
15 \text{ vecc}(4) = 0
16 // results
17 printf("In Moisture free case, ")
18 format('v',6); vecb
19 disp(vecb)
20 printf("In Moisture and Ash free case, ")
21 format('v',6); vecc
```

#### Scilab code Exa 2.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 y1=13.5
5 x1=0.135
6 x2=0.056
7 veca=[66 1.5 1.1 5.6 5.9 19.9]
8 //calculations
9 vecb=[veca y1]
10 \text{ vecb}(5) = \text{vecb}(5) - 1/9*y1
11 vecb(6) = vecb(6) - 8/9*y1
12 \text{ vecc=vecb}/(1-x1)
13 vecd=vecb/(1-x1-x2)
14 \text{ vecd}(4) = 0
15 \text{ vecd}(7) = 0
16 \text{ vecc}(7) = 0
17 \text{ s1=sum (vecc)}
18 \text{ s2=sum}(\text{vecd})
19 //results
20 printf("With moisture as a separate item, ")
21 format ('v',6); vecb
22 disp(vecb)
23 printf("In Moisture free case, ")
24 format('v',4); vecc
25 disp(vecc)
26 printf("In Moisture and Ash free case, ")
27 format('v',5); vecd
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.3 Example 3

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 H=5.9
5 0=19.9
6 H2=4.4
7 02=7.9
8 //calculations
9 Ha1=H-0/8
10 Ha2=H2-02/8
11 //results
12 printf("Available hydrogen in case 1 = %.1f percent by weight", Ha1)
13 printf("\n Available hydrogen in case 1 = %.1f percent percent by weight", Ha2)
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.4 Example 4

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 // Initialization of variables
4 H1=0.059
5 01=0.199
6 H2=0.044
7 02=0.079
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.5 Example 5

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 H1=0.059
5 01=0.199
6 C=0.66
7 S=0.011
8 //calculations
9 Qh1= 11.52*C+34.56*(H1-01/8)+4.32*S
10 //results
11 printf("Theoretical air required = %.2 f lb of air per lb of coal ",Qh1)
```

### Scilab code Exa 2.6 Example 6

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 mf=10000 //lb
5 mr=700 //lb
6 Cr=0.20
```

```
7 \text{ } \text{Cco2} = 14.1
8 \text{ Co} 2 = 5.1
9 \text{ Cco} = 0.1
10 Cf = 0.66
11 //calculations
12 Cn2=100-(Cco2+Co2+Cco)
13 Ci=mf*Cf
14 Ca=mr*Cr
15 Cb = (Ci - Ca) / mf
16 Cb2=((mf*Cf)-mr*Cr)/(mf)
17 veca=[Cco2 Co2 Cco Cn2]
18 vecb=veca
19 vecb(1) = vecb(1) *44
20 \text{ vecb}(2) = \text{vecb}(2) *32
21 \text{ vecb}(3) = \text{vecb}(3) *28
22 \text{ vecb}(4) = \text{vecb}(4) *28
23 sumvec=sum(vecb)
24 \text{ Lbc} = \text{Cco}2 * 12 + \text{Cco}*12
25 Gc=sumvec/Lbc
26 \text{ Gf} = \text{Gc} * \text{Cb}
27 // results
28 printf ("Carbon in the dry products combustion = \%.3 f
        lb per lb of fuel",Cb)
29 printf("\n In case 2, Carbon in the dry products
       combustion = \%.3 f lb per lb of fuel", Cb2)
30 printf("\n Dry gaseous products of combstion per lb
       of coal = \%.2 f lb ", Gf)
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.7 Example 7

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 mf=10000 //lb
5 mr=700 //lb
```

```
6 \text{ Cr} = 0.20
7 \text{ } \text{Cco2} = 14.1
8 \text{ Co} 2 = 5.1
9 \text{ Cco} = 0.1
10 \text{ Cf} = 0.66
11 //calculations
12 Cn2=100-(Cco2+Co2+Cco)
13 \quad Ci = mf * Cf
14 \quad Ca=mr*Cr
15 Cb = (Ci - Ca) / mf
16 Cb2=((mf*Cf)-mr*Cr)/(mf)
17 veca=[Cco2 Co2 Cco Cn2]
18 vecb=veca
19 vecb(1) = vecb(1) *44
20 \text{ vecb}(2) = \text{vecb}(2) *32
21 \text{ vecb}(3) = \text{vecb}(3) *28
22 \text{ vecb}(4) = \text{vecb}(4) *28
23 Cbb1=Cb*Cco*12/(Cco2*12 + Cco*12)
24 \text{ Cbb2} = \text{Cb}*(\text{veca}(3) / (\text{veca}(3) + \text{veca}(1)))
25 //results
26 printf("In case 1, Carbon burned per lb of fuel = \%
        .5f lb per lb of fuel", Cbb1)
27 printf("\n In case 2, Carbon burned per lb of fuel =
        \%.5\,\mathrm{f} lb per lb of fuel",Cbb2)
```

### Scilab code Exa 2.8 Example 8

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 H=4.4/100
5 M=13.5/100
6 H2=0.059
7 //calculations
8 pro=M+9*H
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.9 Example 9

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 Gf=11.57 //lb per lb of fuel
5 \text{ H}=4.4/100
6 M = 13.5/100
7 \text{ mr} = 700
8 \text{ mf} = 10000
9 mc=1 //lb
10 //calculations
11 pro=M+9*H
12 mrf=mr/mf
13 Aa=Gf+pro+mrf-mc
14 //results
15 printf ("Actual air supplied = \%.2 f lb of air
      supplied per lb of fuel", Aa)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 2.10 Example 10

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 Gf=11.57 //lb per lb of fuel
5 H=4.4/100
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.11.a Example 11

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 Gf=11.57 //lb per lb of fuel
5 tg=500 //F
6 ta=70 //F
7 //calculations
8 Q1=0.24*Gf*(tg-ta)
9 //results
10 printf("Heat loss = %d Btu per lb of fuel",Q1)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 2.11.b Example 12

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 Co=0.1
5 Co2=14.1
```

```
6 Cb=0.646
7 //calculations
8 Q2=Co/(Co+Co2) *Cb*10160
9 //results
10 printf("Heat loss = %d Btu per lb of fuel",Q2)
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.11c Example 13

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 mf=10000 //lb
5 mr=700 //lb
6 Cr=0.2
7 //calculations
8 Q3=mr*Cr/mf *14600
9 //results
10 printf("Heat loss = %d Btu per lb of fuel",Q3)
```

### Scilab code Exa 2.11d Example 14

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 M=0.135
5 tg=500 //F
6 ta=70 //F
7 //calculations
8 Q4=M*(1089+0.46*tg-ta)
9 //results
10 printf("Heat loss = %.1f Btu per lb of fuel",Q4)
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.11e Example 15

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 Per=0.044 //percentage
5 tg=500 //F
6 ta=70 //F
7 //calculations
8 Q5=9*Per*(1089+0.46*tg-ta)
9 //results
10 printf("Heat loss = %.1f Btu per lb of fuel",Q5)
```

## Chapter 3

## **Internal Combustion Engines**

## Scilab code Exa 3.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 // Initialization of variables
4 re=6
5 k=1.4
6 // calculations
7 nt=1-1/re^(k-1)
8 ntt=nt*100
9 // results
10 printf("Thermal efficiency = %.1f percent",ntt)
```

## Scilab code Exa 3.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 d=3.25 //in
5 str=4 //in
```

```
6 v=6 //cu in
7 //calculations
8 Dp=d^2 *%pi*str/4
9 r=(Dp+v)/v
10 //results
11 printf("Compression ratio = %.2f",r)
```

## Scilab code Exa 3.3 Example 3

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 per=20
5 Dp=100
6 //calculations
7 r=Dp/per +1
8 //results
9 printf("Compression ratio = %d ",r)
```

## Scilab code Exa 3.4 Example 4

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 r=16
5 rc=4
6 k=1.4
7 //calculations
8 etat=1-1/r^(k-1) *((rc^k -1)/(k*(rc-1)))
9 eta=etat*100
10 //results
11 printf("Thermal efficiency = %.1f percent",eta)
```

12 disp("The answer is a bit different due to rounding off error in the textbook")

## Scilab code Exa 3.5 Example 5

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 F=200 //lb
5 area=1.65 //sq. in
6 len=3.5 //in
7 //calculations
8 ord=area/len
9 mep=ord*F
10 //results
11 printf("MEP of an engine = %.1f psi",mep)
```

### Scilab code Exa 3.6 Example 6

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 Pi=90 //psi
5 L=5/12 //ft
6 r=5 //in
7 x=1.5 //ft
8 rpm=1500 //rpm
9 //calculations
10 A=%pi*x*x
11 N=rpm*4/2
12 Ihp=Pi*L*A*N/33000
13 //results
14 printf("IHP of cylinder = %d", Ihp)
```

## Scilab code Exa 3.7 Example 7

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 r=4 //ft
5 n=300 //rpm
6 F=60 //lb
7 //calculations
8 Bhp=2*%pi*r*F*n/33000
9 //results
10 printf("Bhp of the engine = %.1f", Bhp)
```

## Scilab code Exa 3.8 Example 8

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 C=1/4000
5 F=125 //lb
6 n=3500 //rpm
7 //calculations
8 Bhp=F*n*C
9 //results
10 printf("Bhp developed by the engine = %.1f",Bhp)
```

### Scilab code Exa 3.9 Example 9

```
1 clc
```

```
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 r=1.75 //ft
5 F1=72 //lb
6 F2=24 //1b
7 n=500 / rpm
8 \text{ m=1.8} // \text{lb}
9 mi=15 //min
10 Qh = 20000 / Btu/lb
11 //calculations
12 Bhp=2*%pi*r*F1*n/33000
13 Fhp=2*%pi*r*F2*n/33000
14 Ihp=Bhp+Fhp
15 \text{ Fc=m*60/mi}
16 Bsfc=Fc/Bhp
17 Isfc=Fc/Ihp
18 etam=Bhp/Ihp *100
19 etabt=Bhp*2545/(Fc*Qh)
20 etait=Ihp*2545/(Fc*Qh)
21 //results
22 printf ("Thermal efficiency = %d percent", etam)
23 printf("\n Brake thermal effficiency = \%.1f percent"
      ,etabt *100)
24 printf("\n Indicated thermal effficiency = \%.1 f
      percent", etait *100)
```

### Scilab code Exa 3.10 Example 10

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 bore=3 //in
5 str=4 //in
6 rpm=3000 //rpm
7 air=110 //cu ft per min
```

```
8 // calculations
9 pdv=bore*bore*%pi*str*2*bore/4
10 pde=pdv*rpm /2
11 req=air*1728
12 eff=req/pde *100
13 // results
14 printf("Volumetric efficiency = %.1f percent",eff)
```

## Scilab code Exa 3.11 Example 11

```
1 clc
2 clear
 3 //Initialization of variables
4 \times 1 = 11.5
 5 \text{ x} 2 = 4.1
6 x3=0.4
7 x4=2.3
8 x5=0.2
9 \times 6 = 81.5
10 \text{ yc} = 0.842
11 \text{ yh} = 0.158
12 \text{ basis}=1
13 bhp=100
14 burn=8.9 //gal/hr
15 \text{ sg} = 0.731
16 Qh=20750 //Btu/lbm
17 rate=66 //gpm
18 \text{ ex} = 1100 / F
19 air=70 //F
20 \text{ cp} = 0.254
21 h2=4330
22 h4=62000
23 h5=23700
24 //calculations
25 c1 = x1 * 44
```

```
26 c2=x2*28
 27 c3 = x3 * 32
28 c4 = x4 * 2
29 c5 = x5 * 16
30 c6 = x6 * 28
 31 \quad \text{summ} = c1 + c2 + c3 + c4 + c5 + c6
 32 \quad carbon=x1*12 + x2*12+x5*12
 33 hydrogen=x4*2+x5*4
 34 lbdrygas=summ/carbon *yc
 35 lbfuel=carbon/yc
 36 \quad lbH=lbfuel*yh
37 lbH2=lbH-hydrogen
38 \quad 1b3 = 1bH2 * 9
39 lbwater=1b3/lbfuel
40 lbair=lbdrygas+lbwater-basis
41 bsfc=burn*sg*8.33/bhp
 42 fuelmin=bsfc*bhp/60
 43 energy=2545/bsfc
44 per1=energy/Qh
45 Ec=rate*8.33*10
 46 Eclb=Ec/fuelmin
 47 per2=Eclb/Qh
 48 dryloss=(ex-air)*cp*lbdrygas
49 per3=dryloss/Qh
50 \text{ hv2=h2*c2/lbfuel}
51 \text{ hv4=h4*c4/lbfuel}
52 \text{ hv5=h5*c5/lbfuel}
53 \text{ hv} = \text{hv} + \text{hv} + \text{hv} = \text{hv} + \text{hv} = \text{hv} + \text{hv} = \text{hv} = \text{hv} + \text{hv} = \text{hv} = \text{hv} + \text{hv} = 
 54 per4=hv/Qh
 55 \text{ eh2=lbwater*}(1066+0.5*ex-air)
 56 \text{ per5=eh2/Qh}
57 \text{ rad} = 1017
 58 \text{ per6=rad/Qh}
59 //results
60 printf("Air supplied per lb of fuel = %.1f lb air
                             per lb fuel", lbair)
61 printf("\n Percentage of energy supplied utilized in
                                  Btu = \%.2 f percent", per1*100)
```

- 62 printf("\n Percentage of energy absorbed by coolant = %.2 f percent",per2\*100)
- 63 printf("\n Energy lost in sensible heat =  $\%.2 \, f$  percent", per3\*100)
- 64 printf("\n Energy supplied in combustiles in exhaust = %.2 f percent", per4\*100)
- 65 printf("\n Energy supplied in water formed by combustion = %.2f percent",per5\*100)
- 66 printf("\n Energy supplied unaccounted for = %.2 f percent", per6\*100)

## Chapter 5

## **Steam Generation**

## Scilab code Exa 5.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 x=0.98
5 vg=26.80
6 vf=0.01672
7 //calculations
8 vx=x*vg+(1-x)*vf
9 //results
10 printf("Specific volume of wet steam = %.6 f cu ft per lb", vx)
```

## Scilab code Exa 5.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 hf=167.99 //Btu/lb
```

```
5 hg=4.5 //Btu/lb
6 //calculations
7 hc=hf+hg
8 //results
9 printf("Enthalpy of water = %.1 f Btu/lb",hc)
```

## Scilab code Exa 5.3 Example 3

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 x=0.97
5 hg=1187.2 //Btu/lb
6 hf=298.40 //Btu/lb
7 hfg=888.8 //Btu/lb
8 //calculations
9 hx1=x*hg+(1-x)*hf
10 hx2=hf+x*hfg
11 hx3=hg-(1-x)*hfg
12 //results
13 printf("\n In case 1, enthalpy = %.1 f Btu/lb",hx1)
14 printf("\n In case 2, enthalpy = %.1 f Btu/lb",hx2)
15 printf("\n In case 3, enthalpy = %.1 f Btu/lb",hx3)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 5.4 Example 4

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 h1=1172 //Btu/lb
5 hf1=355.36 //Btu/lb
6 hfg1=843 //Btu/lb
7 //calculations
```

```
8 h2=h1
9 x1= (h2-hf1)/hfg1
10 //results
11 printf("Quality of steam = %.1 f percent", x1*100)
```

## Scilab code Exa 5.5 Example 5

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P=200 //psia
5 x=0.95
6 m=1//lb
7 //calculations
8 disp("From mollier chart,")
9 hx=1156 //Btu/lb
10 sx=1.495 //Btu/lb F
11 //results
12 printf("Enthalpy = %d Btu/lb",hx)
13 printf("\n entropy = %.3 f Btu/lb F",sx)
```

### Scilab code Exa 5.6 Example 6

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P=200 //psia
5 T=600 //F
6 m=1 //lb
7 //calculations
8 disp("From mollier chart,")
9 hx=1322 //Btu/lb
10 sx=1.676 //Btu/lb F
```

```
// results
printf("Enthalpy = %d Btu/lb",hx)
printf("\n entropy = %.3 f Btu/lb F",sx)
```

## Scilab code Exa 5.7 Example 7

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P=200 //psia
5 T=260 //F
6 //calculations
7 disp("From mollier chart,")
8 hx=1174 //Btu/lb
9 x1=2.8
10 y1=100-x1
11 //results
12 printf("Quality = %.1 f percent",y1)
```

### Scilab code Exa 5.8 Example 8

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P=200 //psia
5 T=500 //F
6 //calculations
7 disp("From mollier chart,")
8 hi=1269 //Btu/lb
9 hf=1063 //Btu/lb
10 dh=hi-hf
11 y1=91
12 //results
```

```
13 printf("Quality = %.1f percent",y1)
14 printf("\n Change in enthalpy = %d Btu/lb",dh)
```

## Scilab code Exa 5.9 Example 9

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P=200 //psia
5 Ts=260 //F
6 Tf=220 //F
7 m=10000 //lb
8 Pc=20 //psia
9 //calculations
10 disp("From mollier charts,")
11 hf=188 //Btu/lb
12 h2=1172 //Btu/lb
13 Q=m*(h2-hf)
14 //results
15 printf("Heat absorption = %d Btu/hr",Q)
```

## Scilab code Exa 5.10 Example 10

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 m=150000 //lb
5 P1=1000 //psia
6 Ts=900 //F
7 Tf=200 //F
8 //calculations
9 disp("From mollier charts,")
10 h2=1448.2 //Btu/lb
```

```
11 hf=167.99 //Btu/lb
12 correc=2.2 //Btu/lb
13 hc=hf+correc
14 Q=m*(h2-hc)
15 //results
16 printf("Heat absorption = %d Btu/hr",Q)
17 disp("The answer is a bit different due to rounding off error in textbook")
```

#### Scilab code Exa 5.11 Example 11

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 \text{ m} = 150000 // \text{lb}
5 P1 = 1000 // psia
6 \text{ Ts} = 900 //F
7 Tf = 200 //F
8 //calculations
9 disp("From mollier charts,")
10 h2=1448.2 / Btu/lb
11 hf = 167.99 //Btu/lb
12 \text{ correc=2.2 } //Btu/lb
13 hc=hf+correc
14 Q = m * (h2 - hc)
15 \text{ output=Q/1000}
16 //results
17 printf("Output of the steam generating unit = %d kB/
      hr", output)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 5.12 Example 12

```
1 clc
```

```
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 \text{ m} = 150000 // \text{lb}
5 P1 = 1000 //psia
6 \text{ Ts} = 900 //F
7 Tf = 200 //F
8 \text{ m2} = 21000 // \text{lb}
9 HV=12000 //Btu/lb
10 //calculations
11 disp("From mollier charts,")
12 h2 = 1448.2 //Btu/lb
13 hf=167.99 //Btu/lb
14 correc=2.2 //Btu/lb
15 hc=hf+correc
16 \ Q=m*(h2-hc)
17 output=Q
18 inpu=m2*HV
19 eta=output/inpu
20 //results
21 printf ("Efficiency of the steam generating unit = \%
      .1f percent", eta*100)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 5.13 Example 13

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 hv=11780 //Btu/lb
5 steam=55000 //lb/hr
6 coal=6480 //lb
7 x1=0.66
8 x2=0.044
9 x3=0.079
10 x4=0.015
11 x5=0.11
```

```
12 z1 = 14.5
13 z2=0.2
14 z3=4.4
15 z4 = 80.9
16 \text{ xash} = 0.076
17 \text{ xmois} = 0.115
18 \text{ yc} = 0.21
19 refuse=622 //lb/hr
20 \text{ cp=0.24}
21 \text{ tg=} 400 \text{ //F}
22 \text{ ta=70} / F
23 Qco=10160 //Btu/lb
24 Qc=14600 //Btu/lb
25 //calculations
26 disp("From steam tables,")
27 hf = 269.6 //Btu/lbm
28 hfg=1.5 //Btu/lbm
29 h1=hf+hfg
30 \text{ h}2=1196.5
31 Qb=h2-h1
32 \text{ h}3 = 1407.7 //Btu/lbm}
33 \ Qs = h3 - h2
34 h4=h3-h1
35 \text{ out=steam}*h4/1000
36 eff=steam*h4/(coal*hv)
37 //Energy balance
38 \quad Ci = coal * x1
39 Cr=refuse*yc
40 Cb=(Ci-Cr)/coal
41 lbt= z1*44+z2*28+z3*32+z4*28
42 \quad 1bC = z1 * 12 + z2 * 12
43 \text{ dry=lbt/lbC} *Cb
44 \quad loss1=dry*cp*(tg-ta)
45 \quad loss2=z2*12/(lbC) *Cb*Qco
46 \quad loss3=Cr*Qc/coal
47 \; loss4=xmois*(1089+0.46*tg-ta)
48 \quad loss5=x2*9*(1089+0.46*tg-ta)
49 \quad loss6=steam*h4/coal
```

- 50 //results
- 51 printf("Heat absorbed in the boiler = %.2f Btu per
  lb of steam generated",Qb)
- 52 **printf**("\n Heat absorbed in the superheater = %.2 f Btu/lb of steam", Qs)
- 53 printf("\n Heat absorbed in steam generating = %.2 f Btu/lb of steam generated", h4)
- 54 printf("\n Output of steam generating unit = %d kB", out)
- 55 printf("\n Efficiency of steam generating unit = %.1 f percent", eff\*100)
- 56 printf("\n Carbon burned to CO and CO2 = %.2 f lb of C per lb of fuel", Cb)
- 57 printf("\n Dry products of combustion = %.2 f lb per
   lb of fuel",dry)
- 58 printf("\n Loss due to sensible heat in dry gaseous
   products of combustion = %d Btu/lb of fuel",loss1
  )
- 60 printf("\n Loss due to C in refuse = %.1f Btu/lb of fuel",loss3)
- 61 **printf**("\n Loss due to evaporating moisture in fuel = %.1 f Btu/lb of fuel",loss4)
- 62 printf("\n Loss due to water vapor formed from H = % .1f Btu/lb of fuel",loss5)
- 63 printf("\n Energy absorbed in generating steam = %d Btu/lb of fuel",loss6)
- 64 disp("The answers are a bit different due to rounding off error in the textbook")

# Steam power plant cycles

# Scilab code Exa 6.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P1 = 200 //psia
5 \text{ T1} = 600 //\text{F}
6 \text{ P2=2} // \text{psia}
7 J = 778
8 //calculations
9 disp("from mollier charts,")
10 h1 = 1322 //Btu/lb
11 h2=974 //Btu/lb
12 vf2=0.01623 //cu ft per lb
13 hf2=94 //Btu/lb
14 t2=126 / F
15 Wtj=h1-h2
16 \quad Qout=h2-hf2
17 Wp = (P1 - P2) * vf2
18 Wpj = Wp/J
19 h3=hf2+Wpj
20 Qin=h1-h3
21 etat=((h1-h2)-Wpj)/(h1-(hf2+Wpj))
```

#### Scilab code Exa 6.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 B=70 //F
5 P1 = 140 // psia
6 x = 0.986
7 P2=14.7 // psia
8 \text{ ms} = 2000 // \text{lb/hr}
9 Ihp=80
10 //calculations
11 disp("From mollier charts,")
12 \text{ hc}=38 \text{ //Btu/lb}
13 hf = 324.82 / Btu/lb
14 hfg=868.2 //Btu/lb
15 h1=hf+x*hfg
16 Qin=ms*(h1-hc)
17 eta=Ihp*2545*100/(Qin)
18 Qw = Ihp * 2545
19 Qr=Qin-Qw
20 \text{ per=Qr/Qin } *100
21 //results
22 printf ("Heat input to the boiler = \%d Btu/hr", Qin)
23 printf("\n Cycle efficiency = \%.1f percent", eta)
24 printf("\n Heat rejected to waste = \%d Btu/hr or \%.1
      f percent of Qin", Qr, per)
25 disp ("The answer is a bit different due to rounding
```

#### Scilab code Exa 6.3 Example 3

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 B=70 //F
5 P1 = 140 / psia
6 x = 0.986
7 P2=14.7 // psia
8 \text{ ms} = 2000 // \text{lb/hr}
9 Ihp=80
10 //calculations
11 disp("From mollier charts,")
12 \text{ hc}=180 \text{ //Btu/lb}
13 hf = 324.82 / Btu/lb
14 hfg=868.2 //Btu/lb
15 h1=hf+x*hfg
16 Qin=ms*(h1-hc)
17 eta=Ihp*2545*100/(Qin)
18 Qw = Ihp * 2545
19 Qr = Qin - Qw
20 \text{ per=Qr/Qin } *100
21 //results
22 printf("Heat input to the boiler = %d Btu/hr",Qin)
23 printf("\n Cycle efficiency = \%.2 f percent", eta)
24 printf("\n Heat rejected to waste = \%d Btu/hr or \%.2
      f percent of Qin", Qr, per)
25 disp ("The answer is a bit different due to rounding
      off error in textbook")
```

#### Scilab code Exa 6.4 Example 4

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 m=1.24 //lb
5 HV=11300 //Btu/lb
6 //calculations
7 HR=m*HV
8 eff=3413/HR
9 //results
10 printf("Plant heat rate = %d Btu/kw hr", HR)
11 printf("\n Overall efficiency = %.1f percent", eff *100)
```

# Steam turbines

# Scilab code Exa 7.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P1 = 200 // psia
5 T1 = 500 // psia
6 \text{ m=1} // \text{lb} / \text{s}
7 P4 = 140 // psia
8 P11=1 // psia
9 x = 0.808
10 //calculations
11 disp("From mollier charts,")
12 h1 = 1268.9 / Btu/lb
13 \text{ h}4 = 1234.7 //Btu/lb}
14 V4=223.8*sqrt(h1-h4)
15 \text{ v4=3.584 } //\text{cu ft/lb}
16 \quad A4 = m * v4 / V4
17 h11 = 907.4 //Btu/lb
18 V11=223.8*sqrt(h1-h11)
19 vf = 0.01614 //cu ft /lb
20 vg=333.6 //cu ft/lb
21 \text{ vfg=vg-vf}
```

```
22 v11=x*vg
23 A11=m*v11/V11
24 //results
25 printf("Area of nozzle = %.5 f sq ft", A4)
26 printf("\n Area of nozzle = %.4 f sq ft", A11)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 7.4 Example 4

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P1 = 200 // psia
5 T1 = 500 //F
6 \text{ P2=1} // \text{psia}
7 alpha=20 //degrees
8 n = 3600
9 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
10 //calculations
11 disp("From mollier charts,")
12 V1 = 4240 / fps
13 Vb=V1*cosd(alpha) /2
14 R = Vb * 60/(n * 2 * \%pi)
15 work=1/32.2 *(V1*cosd(alpha))*Vb
16 eff=work/(V1^2 /(2*g)) *100
17 //results
18 printf("Blade velocity = %d fps", Vb)
19 printf("\n Blade radius = \%.1 \, f ft",R)
20 printf("\n Work done = \%d ft-lb per lb of steam",
      work)
21 printf("\n Blade efficiency = \%.1f percent", eff)
22 disp("The answers are a bit different due to
      rounding off error in textbook.")
```

#### Scilab code Exa 7.5 Example 5

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P1 = 200 // psia
5 \text{ T1} = 500 //\text{F}
6 \text{ P2=1} // \text{psia}
7 alpha=20 // degrees
8 n = 3600
9 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
10 Vb = 1200 // fps
11 //calculations
12 disp("From mollier charts,")
13 V1 = 4240 // fps
14 V1x = 3980 //fps
15 V2x = -1580 //fps
16 \text{ work} = 1/32.2 * (V1x - V2x) * Vb
17 eff=work/(V1^2 /(2*g)) *100
18 //results
19 printf("\n Work done = \%d ft-lb per lb of steam",
      work)
20 printf("\n Blade efficiency = \%.1f percent", eff)
21 disp("The answers are a bit different due to
      rounding off error in textbook.")
```

#### Scilab code Exa 7.6 Example 6

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P1=200 //psia
5 T1=500 //F
6 P2=1 //psia
7 alpha=20 //degrees
```

```
8 n=3600
9 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
10 //calculations
11 disp("From mollier charts,")
12 V1=2450 //fps
13 Vb=V1*cosd(alpha) /2
14 R=Vb*60/(n*2*%pi)
15 work=1/32.2 *(V1*cosd(alpha))*Vb
16 w3=3*work
17 //results
18 printf("Blade velocity = %d fps",Vb)
19 printf("\n Blade radius = %.2 f ft",R)
20 printf("\n Work done = %d ft-lb per lb of steam",w3)
21 disp("The answers are a bit different due to rounding off error in textbook.")
```

#### Scilab code Exa 7.7 Example 7

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P1 = 200 // psia
5 T1 = 500 / F
6 \text{ P2=1} // \text{psia}
7 alpha=20 // degrees
8 n = 3600
9 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
10 \text{ stage=2}
11 //calculations
12 disp("From mollier charts,")
13 V1 = 4240 // fps
14 Vb=V1*cosd(alpha) /(2*stage)
15 R=Vb*60/(n*2*\%pi)
16 \text{ V1x} = 3980 // \text{fps}
17 V2x = -1990 // fps
```

```
18 work1=1/g *(V1x-V2x)*Vb
19 work2=1/g *(-V2x)*Vb
20 wt=work1+work2
21 //results
22 printf("Blade velocity = %d fps",Vb)
23 printf("\n Blade radius = %.2 f ft",R)
24 printf("\n Total Work done = %d ft-lb per lb of steam",wt)
25 disp("The answers are a bit different due to rounding off error in textbook.")
```

## Scilab code Exa 7.8 Example 8

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 alpha=20 // degrees
5 n = 3600
6 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
7 V1 = 500 / fps
8 //calculations
9 Vb=V1*cosd(alpha)
10 \quad V1x = Vb
11 work=1/32.2 *(V1x)*Vb
12 //results
13 printf("Blade velocity = %d fps", Vb)
14 printf("\n Work done = \%d ft-lb per lb of steam",
15 disp("The answers are a bit different due to
      rounding off error in textbook.")
```

#### Scilab code Exa 7.9 Example 9

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 pow=1000 //kw
5 \text{ ms} = 16000 // lb/hr
6 P = 200 // psia
7 T = 540 / F
8 //calculations
9 disp("From mollier charts,")
10 h1 = 1290 / Btu/hr
11 h2 = 940 / Btu/hr
12 dh=h1-h2
13 \text{ rate} = 3413/dh
14 act=ms/pow
15 //results
16 printf ("Ideal steam rate = \%.2 \,\mathrm{f} lb per kw hr", rate)
17 printf("\n Actual steam rate = %d lb per kw hr",act)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 7.10 Example 10

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P=200 //psia
5 T=540 //F
6 pow=1000 //kw
7 ms=16000 //lb/hr
8 //calculations
9 disp("From mollier charts,")
10 h1=1290 //Btu/hr
11 h2=940 //Btu/hr
12 dh=h1-h2
13 hf2=83 //Btu/lb
14 etat=(h1-h2)/(h1-hf2)
15 act=pow*3413/(ms*(h1-hf2))
```

# Steam engines

## Scilab code Exa 8.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 \text{ area1=2.7}
5 len=3.4
6 \text{ scale=60}
7 \text{ area2} = 2.75
8 \text{ dia}=12 // \text{ft}
9 d2=2.5 //ft
10 L = 15/12 // ft
11 n = 250 / rpm
12 F=600 //lb
13 r = 3 / ft
14 //calculations
15 Ah=dia^2 *%pi/4
16 \text{ Ac}=(dia^2 -d2^2)*\%pi/4
17 Pih=area1/len *scale
18 Pic=area2/len *scale
19 Hihp=Pih*L*Ah*n/33000
20 Cihp=Pic*L*Ac*n/33000
21 Tihp=Hihp+Cihp
```

```
Bhp=2*%pi*r*F*n/33000
Fhp=Tihp-Bhp
deff=Bhp/Tihp *100
//results
printf("Ihp = %.1 f ihp", Tihp)
printf("\n Bhp = %.1 f bhp", Bhp)
printf("\n Fhp = %.1 f fhp", Fhp)
printf("\n Fhp = %.1 f fhp", Fhp)
frintf("\n Efficiency = %.1 f percent", eff)
disp("The answer is a bit different due to rounding off error in the textbook.")
```

## Scilab code Exa 8.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 Ihp=101.1
5 \text{ Bhp} = 85.7
6 \text{ md} = 3000 // lb / hr
7 \text{ h1} = 1172 //Btu/hr
8 h2 = 180 //Btu/hr
9 h3 = 1025 / Btu/hr
10 //calculations
11 eta1=Ihp*2545/(md*(h1-h2)) *100
12 eta2=Bhp*2545/(md*(h1-h2)) *100
13 etat=(h1-h3)/(h1-h2) *100
14 engeff=eta1/etat *100
15 \text{ rate1} = \text{md/Ihp}
16 rate2=md/Bhp
17 h22=h1-2545/rate1
18 //results
19 printf ("Actual thermal efficiency based upon Ihp = \%
      .2 f lb per ihp hr", eta1)
20 printf("\n Actual thermal efficiency based upon Bhp
      =\%.2 \,\mathrm{f} lb per ihp hr", eta2)
```

# **Pumps**

# Scilab code Exa 9.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 // Initialization of variables
4 h=200 //ft
5 gam=64 //lb per cu ft
6 // calculations
7 P=h*gam/144
8 // results
9 printf("Pressure = %.1f psi",P)
```

# Scilab code Exa 9.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P=20 //psi
5 gam=62.4 //lb per cu ft
6 //calculations
```

```
7 h=P*144/gam
8 //results
9 printf("height = %.1 f ft",h)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.3 Example 3

```
clc
clear
//Initialization of variables
h=3/12 //ft
gam=63.4 //lb per cu ft
gam2=0.075 //lb per cu ft
//calculations
P=h*gam
h2=P/gam2
//results
printf("Air height required = %d ft of air",h2)
disp("The answer is a bit different due to roundoff error in textbook.")
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.4 Example 4

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 dif=4 //in
5 gam=62.4 //lb per cu ft
6 density=13.6 //g/cc
7 //calculations
8 pv=dif*1/12 *density*gam/144 - dif/12 *gam/144
9 hv=pv*144/gam
10 //results
11 printf("velocity pressure = %.2f psi",pv)
```

```
12 printf("\n velocity head = \%.1 f ft of water ",hv)
```

## Scilab code Exa 9.5 Example 5

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 dif=4 //in
5 gam=62.4 //lb per cu ft
6 gam2=0.08 //lb per cu ft
7 //calculations
8 pv=dif*1/12 *gam/144
9 hv=pv*144/gam2
10 //results
11 printf("velocity pressure = %.3f psi",pv)
12 printf("\n velocity head = %.1f ft of air ",hv)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.6 Example 6

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 hw=3/12 //ft
5 gam1=62.4 //lb/ft^3
6 gam2=0.07 //lb/ft^3
7 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
8 //calculations
9 p=hw*gam1
10 hg=p/gam2
11 V=sqrt(2*g*hg)
12 //results
13 printf("velocity of gas = %.1 f fps",V)
```

## Scilab code Exa 9.7 Example 7

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 h = 4 / i n
5 \text{ den=13.6} //g/cc
6 \text{ Ar} = 1/9
7 A1=12 // sq in
8 gam=62.4 //lb/ft^3
9 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
10 //calculations
11 dh = (h*den-h)/12
12 Vr=1/Ar
13 V22=2*g*dh/(1-Ar^2)
14 V2=sqrt(V22)
15 \text{ A2=A1*Ar}
16 \text{ v2=1/gam}
17 ms = A2 * V2 / (v2 * 144)
18 //results
19 printf("Flow rate of water = \%.1 \, \text{f lb/sec}", ms)
```

## Scilab code Exa 9.8 Example 8

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 mdot=8000 //lb/min
5 A1=1 //sq ft
6 A2=3/4 //sq ft
7 P2=50 //psi
8 P1=10 //psi
```

```
9 gam=62.4 //lb/ft^3
10 y2 = -2 //ft
11 y1 = -4 // ft
12 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
13 \text{ eff} = 0.7
14 // calculations
15 \text{ v=1/gam}
16 \text{ cap=mdot/8.33}
17 V1=mdot*v/A1 /60
18 \ V2 = mdot * v/A2 /60
19 ht= (y2-y1) + (V2^2 -V1^2)/(2*g) + (P2-P1)*144/gam
20 Hhp = mdot * ht / 33000
21 Php=Hhp/eff
22 / results
23 printf("Capacity = %d gpm", cap)
24 printf("\n Total dynamic head = \%.1 \, \text{f} ft", ht)
25 printf("\n Hydraulic hp = \%.1 \, \text{f hp}", Hhp)
26 printf("\n pump hp = \%.1 \, \text{f hp}", Php)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.9 Example 9

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 z=12 //ft
5 gam1=62.4 //lb/ft^3
6 sg=0.8
7 P2=100 //psia
8 P1=-10 //psia
9 mm=10000 //lb/min
10 //calculations
11 gam2=sg*gam1
12 p2g=P2*144/(gam2) +z
13 p1g=P1*144*0.491/(gam2)
14 ht=p2g-p1g
```

```
15 Hhp=mm*ht/33000
16 //results
17 printf("Total dynamic head = %.1 f ft of oil",ht)
18 printf("\n Hydraulic hp = %.1 f hp",Hhp)
```

## Scilab code Exa 9.10 Example 10

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 sr=2
5 //calculations
6 hr=sr^2
7 capr=sr
8 hpr=sr^3
9 //results
10 printf("head is %d times the original",hr)
11 printf("\n capacity is %d times the original",capr)
12 printf("\n power is %d times the original",hpr)
```

# Drafts fans blowers and compressors

## Scilab code Exa 10.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 hb=29 //in of Hg
5 \text{ sg} = 0.491
6 \text{ Ra} = 53.3
7 Ta=460+40 //R
8 \text{ Tg} = 540 + 460 / R
9 \text{ H} = 300 // \text{ft}
10 gam=62.4 //lb/cu ft
11 //calculations
12 pb=hb*sg*144
13 rhoa=pb/(Ra*Ta)
14 rhog=pb/(Ra*Tg)
15 dp=H*(rhoa-rhog)
16 D=dp/(gam)
17 //results
18 printf("Theoretical draft = %.1f psf",dp)
19 printf("\n Draft = \%.2 \, f ft H2O",D)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
 3 //Initialization of variables
4 md=15 //lb per lb of coal
5 x = 0.1
6 \text{ mss=1} // \text{basis}
7 rea=29 //in of Hg
8 \text{ sg} = 0.491
9 R = 53.3
10 T = 540 + 460 / R
11 V = 25 / fps
12 gam = 0.038 / lb / ft^3
13 //calculations
14 \text{ m=mss-mss*x+md}
15 \text{ ms=m}
16 rhog=rea*0.491*144/(R*T)
17 A=ms/(gam*V)
18 //results
19 printf("stack area = \%.1 \, f sq ft",A)
```

## Scilab code Exa 10.3 Example 3

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 p=144*29*0.491 //psf
5 R=53.3
6 T=70+460 //R
7 gamw=62.4 //lb/ft^3
```

```
8 gama=0.073 //lb/ft^3
9 \text{ hw} = 3/12 // \text{ft}
10 hw2=3.5/12 //ft
11 hv = 32.2 //ft/s^2
12 \text{ ms} = 9 // 1b
13 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
14 //calculations
15 rhoa=p/(R*T)
16 hs=hw*gamw/gama
17 ht=hw2*gamw/gama
18 hv=ht-hs
19 V=sqrt (2*g*hv)
20 \text{ msv} = \text{ms} * \text{V} * 60
21 \text{ mm=msv*gama}
22 \text{ airhp= ht*mm/}33000
23 / results
24 printf("Velocity head = %d ft of air",hv)
25 printf("\n velocity of air in the duct =\%.1\,\mathrm{f} fps", V
26 printf("\n volume = %d cu ft per min", msv)
27 printf("\n Mass flow rate = \%d lb/min",mm)
28 printf("\n Air hp = \%.1 \, \text{f hp}", airhp)
29 disp("The answers in the textbook are a bit
       different due to rounding off error in the
      textbook. Please use a calculator")
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.4 Example 4

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 A2=9 //sq ft
5 p2=3/12 *62.4 //psf
6 p1=-1/12 *62.4 //psf
7 ms=20000 //cfm
```

```
8 A1=16 //sq ft
9 gam=0.075 //lb/ft^3
10 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
11 inp=17 //hp
12 //calculations
13 V2=ms/60 *1/A2
14 V1=ms/60 *1/A1
15 ht=(p2-p1)/gam +(V2^2 -V1^2)/(2*g)
16 airhp=ht*ms*gam/33000
17 eta=airhp/inp *100
18 //results
19 printf("Total head = %.1 f ft of air",ht)
20 printf("\n Air hp = %.1 f hp",airhp)
21 printf("\n Effifciency = %.1 f percent",eta)
```

## Scilab code Exa 10.5 Example 5

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 n1 = 400 / rpm
5 \text{ mv1} = 10000 // lb
6 \text{ mv2} = 15000 // lb
7 h1=2 //in of water
8 \text{ hp1=4} //\text{hp}
9 //calculations
10 \quad n2 = mv2/mv1 \quad *n1
11 h2=h1*(n2/n1)^2
12 \text{ hp2=hp1 } *(n2/n1)^3
13 //results
14 printf("The speed = %d rpm",n2)
15 printf("\n The pressure = \%.1 f in of water", h2)
16 printf("\n Power = \%.1 f hp", hp2)
```

## Scilab code Exa 10.6 Example 6

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 m = 100000 // lb / hr
5 p1=1 //psia
6 x = 0.8
7 p2=14.7 // psia
8 t2=300 //F
9 //calculations
10 disp("from table A3 and A2")
11 h2=1192.8 //Btu/lb
12 hf = 69.7 / Btu/lb
13 hfg=1036.3 //Btu/lb
14 h1=hf+x*hfg
15 W=h2-h1
16 \text{ power=m*W}
17 \text{ hp=power}/2545
18 //results
19 printf("Power required = %d hp", hp)
```

## Scilab code Exa 10.7 Example 7

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 p1=14.7 //psia
5 t1=60 //F
6 p2=60 //psia
7 t2=440 //F
8 m=10 //lb/sec
```

```
9 //calculations
10 disp("From mollier charts,")
11 h2=216.3 //Btu/lb
12 h1=124.3 //Btu/lb
13 W21=h2-h1
14 power=W21*m
15 hp=power*3600/2545
16 cp=0.237
17 W212=cp*(t2-t1)
18 power2=W212*m
19 hp2=power2*3600/2545
20 //results
21 printf("Power required = %d hp",hp)
22 printf("\n Power required = %d hp",hp2)
23 printf("\n Work done = %.1 f Btu/lb",W212)
```

# Feed water heaters and condensers

## Scilab code Exa 11.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 \text{ m1} = 1000 // lb / hr
5 \text{ m}2 = 5000 // \text{lb/hr}
6 \text{ m3} = 3000 // \text{lb/hr}
7 //calculations
8 disp("From mollier charts,")
9 h5 = 196.16 //Btu/lb
10 h1=38.04 //Btu/lb
11 h2=67.97 //Btu/lb
12 h3 = 117.89 / Btu/lb
13 h4=1156.3 //Btu/lb
14 \quad m4 = (m1*h1+m2*h2+m3*h3-(m1+m2+m3)*h5)/(h5-h4)
15 //results
16 printf("Pounds of steam entering the heater = %d lb/
      hr", m4)
```

## Scilab code Exa 11.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 P1 = 100 // psia
5 T1 = 400 / F
6 T2 = 70 / F
7 //calculations
8 disp("From mollier charts,")
9 h1=1227.6 //Btu/lb
10 h2 = 298.4 / Btu / lb
11 h3=279.9 / Btu/lb
12 \text{ h}4=38.04 //Btu/lb}
13 \text{ m1} = (h3-h4)/(h1-h2)
14 //results
15 printf("Mass of steam required = \%.2 f lb steam per
      lb water", m1)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 11.3 Example 3

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 h0=1260 //Btu/lb
5 msr=15 //lb
6 m4=15 //lb per hr per kw
7 t2=80 //F
8 t3=60 //F
9 //calculations
10 h1=h0-3413/msr
11 disp("from mollier charts,")
```

#### Scilab code Exa 11.4 Example 4

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 m4=8*1000000 //lb per hr
5 dt=12 //F
6 //calculations
7 disp("from mollier charts,")
8 dh4=950 //Btu/lb
9 m3=m4*(dh4)/dt
10 //results
11 printf("\n mass of cooling water = %.3e lb per hr", m3)
```

# The Gas turbine power plant

## Scilab code Exa 12.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 T1=80 //F
5 T2 = 460 / F
6 T3 = 1300 / F
7 T4 = 780 / F
8 //calculations
9 disp("from mollier charts,")
10 h1 = 129.1 //Btu/lb
11 h2 = 221.2 //Btu/lb
12 h3= 438.8 //Btu/lb
13 h4 = 301.5 //Btu/lb
14 \quad wcom=h2-h1
15 \text{ wcob=h3-h2}
16 wtur=h3-h4
17 eta=(wtur-wcom)/wcob *100
18 //results
19 printf("\n work done by compressor = \%.1 f btu input
      as work per lb of air compressed", wcom)
20 printf("\n Heat supplied in the combustor = \%.1f Btu
```

```
supplied per lb of air ",wcob)
21 printf("\n work done in the turbine = %.1 f Btu
    output as work per lb of air",wtur)
22 printf("\n Cycle efficiency = %.1 f percent",eta)
```

# Scilab code Exa 12.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 T1=80 //F
5 T2 = 460 / F
6 T = 700 / F
7 T3 = 1300 / F
8 T4 = 780 / F
9 //calculations
10 disp("from mollier charts,")
11 h1=129.1 //Btu/lb
12 \text{ h2} = 221.2 //Btu/lb}
13 h3= 438.8 //Btu/lb
14 \text{ h4} = 301.5 //Btu/lb}
15 \text{ wcom} = h2 - h1
16 wcob=h3-h2
17 \text{ wtur}=h3-h4
18 output = -wcom + wtur
19 h=281.1 //Btu/lb
20 \ Q=h3-h
21 \text{ eff=output/Q} *100
22 //results
23 printf("\n Heat supplied in the combustor = \%.1f Btu
       supplied per lb of air ",Q)
24 printf("\n Cycle efficiency = \%.1f percent", eff)
```

# Mechanical Refrigeration

#### Scilab code Exa 13.1 Example 1

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
5 disp("From mollier diagram from ammonia, values are
      found")
6 disp("part a")
7 h1=65 //Btu/lb
8 printf("enthalpy in case a = %d Btu/lb", h1)
9 h2=99 / Btu/lb
10 v2=0.93 //ft^3/lb
11 printf("\n In case 2, enthalpy and specific volume
      are %d Btu/lb and %.2f ft^3/lb respectively",h2,
      v2)
12 h3=583 / Btu/lb
13 v3=8.8 //ft^3/lb
14 \text{ s}3=1.275
15 printf("\n In case 3, enthalpy, specific volume and
      entropy are %d Btu/lb, %.2f ft<sup>3</sup>/lb and %.3f
      respectively", h3, v3, s3)
16 \text{ h}4 = 720 \text{ //Btu/lb}
```

```
17 v4=10.4 //ft^3/lb
18 s4=1.50
19 printf("\n In case 4, enthalpy, specific volume and
        entropy are %d Btu/lb, %.2f ft^3/lb and %.3f
        respectively",h4,v4,s4)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 13.2 Example 2

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 \text{ mr} = 3 //1b
5 \text{ mj} = 5 // \text{lb}
6 t2=67 //F
7 t1=60 // lb
8 \text{ ihp} = 7.25
9 //calculations
10 disp("From mollier charts,")
11 h4 = 709 / Btu/b
12 h3=618 / Btu/lb
13 energyin=ihp*2545/60
14 energyout=mr*(h4-h3) + mj*(t2-t1)
15 //results
16 printf ("Energy in = \%.1 \, \text{f Btu/min}", energyin)
17 printf("\n Energy out = %.1 f Btu/min", energyout)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 13.3 Example 3

```
1 clc
2 clear
3 //Initialization of variables
4 mr=3 //lb
5 hp=10 //hp
```

```
6  // calculations
7  h3=618  // Btu/lb
8  h1=131  // Btu/lb
9  Qe=mr*(h3-h1)
10  work=hp*2545/60
11  cop=Qe/work
12  // results
13  printf(" Coefficient of performance = %.2 f", cop)
```