# Scilab Textbook Companion for Statics And Strength Of Materials by I. J. Levinson<sup>1</sup>

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May 25, 2016

<sup>1</sup>Funded by a grant from the National Mission on Education through ICT, http://spoken-tutorial.org/NMEICT-Intro. This Textbook Companion and Scilab codes written in it can be downloaded from the "Textbook Companion Project" section at the website http://scilab.in

# **Book Description**

Title: Statics And Strength Of Materials

Author: I. J. Levinson

Publisher: Prentice Hall Inc.

Edition: 20

**Year:** 2002

**ISBN:** 9780138445065

Scilab numbering policy used in this document and the relation to the above book.

Exa Example (Solved example)

Eqn Equation (Particular equation of the above book)

**AP** Appendix to Example(Scilab Code that is an Appednix to a particular Example of the above book)

For example, Exa 3.51 means solved example 3.51 of this book. Sec 2.3 means a scilab code whose theory is explained in Section 2.3 of the book.

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## Introduction

## Scilab code Exa 1.1 chapter 1 example 1

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 20 //ft
4 angle= 30 //degrees
5 //CALCULATIONS
6 d= L*sind(angle)
7 //RESULTS
8 printf ('Desitance from foot of Ladder= %.2 f ft',d)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 1.2 chapter 1 example 2

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 a= 5
4 b= 12
5 angle= 60 //degrees
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 c= sqrt(a^2+b^2-2*a*b*cosd(angle))
```

```
8 //RESULTS 9 printf ('c = %.1f',c)
```

## Scilab code Exa 1.3 chapter 1 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 a= 5
4 b= 12
5 angle= 120 //degrees
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 c= sqrt(a^2+b^2-2*a*b*cosd(angle))
8 //RESULTS
9 printf ('c = %.1f',c)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 1.4 chapter 1 example 4

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 b= 12
4 angle1= 35 //degrees
5 angle2= 43 //degrees
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 angle3= 180-angle1-angle2
8 a= sind(angle2)*b/sind(angle3)
9 c= a*sind(angle1)/sind(angle2)
10 //RESULTS
11 printf ('c = %.2 f ',c)
12 printf (' \a=%.2 f .',a)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 1.5 chapter 1 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Wofaninch= 0.29 //lb
4 L= 3.5 //ft
5 width= 1.75 //ft
6 t= 1 //in
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 W= L*width*t*12*12*Wofaninch
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('W = %. f lb', W)
```

## Scilab code Exa 1.6 chapter 1 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 V= 30 //mph
4 //CALCULATIONS
5 Vinfps= V*5280*(1/60)*(1/60)
6 //RESULTS
7 printf ('v = %. f fps', Vinfps)
```

# Force Systems Components Resultants Equivalence

#### Scilab code Exa 2.3 chapter 2 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 f1= 20 //lb
4 f2= 40 //lb
5 alpha= 30 //degrees
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 R= sqrt(f1^2+f2^2+2*f1*f2*cosd(alpha))
8 angle= asind((f2*sind(180-alpha))/(R))
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('R = %.1 f lb',R)
11 printf (' \angle=%.1 f degrees',angle)
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.4 chapter 2 example 4

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
```

```
3 fx= 100 //lb
4 f1= 200 //lb
5 f2= 100 //lb
6 f3= 50 //lb
7 a1= 30 //degrees
8 a2= 45 //degrees
9 a3= 60 //degrees
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Rx= fx+f1*cosd(a1)-f2*cosd(a2)-f3*cosd(a3)
12 Ry= f1*sind(a1)+f2*sind(a2)-f3*sind(a3)
13 R= sqrt(Rx^2+Ry^2)
14 angle= atand(Ry/Rx)
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('R = %. f ',R)
17 printf ('\angle=\%.1 f degrees',angle)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 2.5 chapter 2 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ f1} = 100 // \text{lb}
4 f2 = 200 // lb
5 x1 = 2
6 x2 = -3
7 y1 = 3
8 y2 = 5
9 z1 = 4
10 z2 = -2
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 d1 = sqrt(x1^2+y1^2+z1^2)
13 d2 = sqrt(x2^2+y2^2+z2^2)
14 f1x = f1 * x1/d1
15 f1y = f1 * y1/d1
16 \text{ f1z= f1*z1/d1}
17 	ext{ } f2x = f2 * x2/d2
```

```
18 f2y= f2*y2/d2

19 f2z= f2*z2/d2

20 Rx= f1x+f2x

21 Ry= f1y+f2y

22 Rz= f1z+f2z

23 R= sqrt(Rx^2+Ry^2+Rz^3)

24 I1= Rx/R

25 I2= Ry/R

26 I3= Rz/R

27 //RESULTS

28 printf ('R = %.2 f lb',R)

29 printf ('\11=%.3 f',I1)

30 printf ('\12=%.3 f',I2)

31 printf ('\13=%.3 f',I3)
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.6 chapter 2 example 6

```
1 clc
 2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ F} = 100 // \text{lb}
4 x1 = 6 //in
5 \text{ x2} = 8 //\text{in}
6 x3 = 2 //in
 7 //CALCULATIONS
8 \text{ xab} = \text{sqrt}(x1^2+x2^2)
9 d = x3*x1/xab
10 \text{ M1= F*d}
11 Fx= F*x2/xab
12 Fy= F*x1/xab
13 \text{ M2= Fy*xab-Fx*x1}
14 M3 = Fy * x3
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('M1 = \%. f lb.in', M1)
17 printf (' \M2=\%. f lb.in', M2)
18 printf (' \M3=\%.f lb.in', M3)
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.7 chapter 2 example 7

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Fy1= 2 //kips
4 Fy2= 5 //kips
5 Fy3= 10 //kips
6 Fy4= 3 //kips
7 L= 5 //ft
8 Ry= Fy1+Fy2+Fy3+Fy4
9 x= (Fy1*L+Fy2*2*L+Fy3*3*L+Fy4*4*L)/Ry
10 //RESULTS
11 printf ('Ry= %.2 f kips',Ry)
12 printf (' \n x=\%.1 f ft to the right of O',x)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 2.8 chapter 2 example 8

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Fx1= -15 //lb
4 Fx2= 55 //lb
5 Fy1= 70 //lb
6 Fy2= -40 //lb
7 x1= 4 //in
8 x2= 3 //in
9 x3= 5 //in
10 y1= 4 //in
11 y2= 2 //in
12 //CALCULATIONS
13 Rx= Fx1+Fx2
14 Ry= Fy1+Fy2
```

```
15  R= sqrt(Rx^2+Ry^2)
16  angle= atand(Ry/Rx)
17  //RESULTS
18  printf ('R= %.2 f lb',R)
19  printf (' \n angle=%.1 f degrees',angle)
```

## Scilab code Exa 2.9 chapter 2 example 9

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Fy= 200 //lb
4 Fx= 100 //lb
5 y= 3 //in
6 x= 6 //in
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 M= Fy*x-Fx*y
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('Moment= %.2 f lb in',M)
```

# Center of Gravity

## Scilab code Exa 3.1 chapter 3 example 1

```
1 clc
 2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ W} = 3000 // \text{lb}
4 L = 10 //ft
5 \text{ Wf1} = 1200 // lb
6 \text{ Wf2} = 1500 // lb
7 angle= 30 //degrees
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 d1= Wf1*cosd(angle)*L/W
10 d2 = Wf2*L/W
11 xbc= d1/cosd(angle)
12 \text{ xab} = d2 - xbc
13 y= xab/tand(angle)
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('x = \%.2 \, \text{f} ft', d2)
16 printf ('\n y=\%.1f ft',y)
```

Scilab code Exa 3.2 chapter 3 example 2

```
1 clc
 2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ W4= 3 } // \text{lb}
 4 \text{ W3} = 5 //1b
 5 \text{ W2} = 2 //1b
 6 \text{ W1= } 6 \text{ } // \text{lb}
 7 \text{ x1} = 10 // \text{in}
8 \text{ x2} = 4 //in
 9 z = 5 //in
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 \quad W = W1 + W2 + W3 + W4
12 x = (W1*0+W2*0+W3*x2+W4*x1)/W
13 z = (W1*z+W2*0+W3*0+W4*0)/W
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('x = \%.2 \, \text{f} in',x)
16 printf ('\n z=\%.2f in',z)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 3.3 chapter 3 example 3

```
1 clc
 2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ W1} = 3 // \text{lb}
4 \text{ W2} = 5 // \text{lb}
5 \text{ x1} = 8 // \text{in}
6 \text{ x2} = 7 // \text{in}
7 y1 = 2 //in
8 \text{ y2} = 5 // \text{in}
9 z1 = 6 //in
10 z2 = 4 //in
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 \ W = W1 + W2
13 x = (W1 * x1 + W2 * x2)/W
14 y = (W1*y1+W2*y2)/W
15 z = (W1*z1+W2*z2)/W
16 //RESULTS
```

```
17 printf ('x = %.2 f in',x)
18 printf ('\n y=%.2 f in',y)
19 printf ('\n z=%.2 f in',z)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 3.4 chapter 3 example 4

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 9 //in
4 B= 16 //in
5 B1= 6 //in
6 d= 2 //in
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 x= ((L*(B-B1)*(L/2)+(1/2)*L*B1*(L/3)-(%pi/4)*d^2*(L /2)))/(L*(B-B1)+(1/2)*L*B1-(%pi/4)*d^2)
9 y= ((L*(B-B1)*((B-B1)/2)+(1/2)*L*B1*(B1/3+(B-B1))-(%pi/4)*d^2*((B-B1)/2)))/(L*(B-B1)+(1/2)*L*B1-(%pi/4)*d^2)
10 //RESULTS
11 printf ('x = %.2 f in to the right of y-axis',x)
12 printf ('\n y=%.2 f in above x axis',y)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 3.5 chapter 3 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Gt= 0.25 //in
4 St= 0.25 //in
5 Gw= 3.5 //lb/sq ft
6 Sw= 10 //lb/sq ft
7 Sb= 36 //in
8 Sb1= 18 //in
9 Sb2= 12 //in
```

```
10 Sb3= 6 //in
11 Sy1= 6 //in
12 Sy2= 12 //in
13 Sy3= 6 //in
14 Gb= 1 //ft
15 Sh= 24 //in
16 Gh= 1 //ft
17 //CALCULATIONS
18 W= ((Sb*Sh)/(12*12)-(Gh*Gb))*Sw+(Gh*Gb)*Gw
19 x= ((Sb*Sh)*Sw*(Sb/24)/(12*12)-(Gh*Gb)*Sw*((Sb1+(Sb2-2))/12)+(Gh*Gb)*Gw*((Sb1+(Sb2/2))/12))/W
20 //RESULTS
21 printf ('centre of gravity = %.2 f ft to the right of y-axis',x)
```

# Equilibrium

Scilab code Exa 4.3 chapter 4 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W= 100 //lb
4 a1= 30 //degrees
5 a2= 45 //degrees
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 A=[(cosd(a2)),(-cosd(a1));(sind(a2)),(sind(a1))]
8 b=[0;W]
9 c= A\b
10 Tbc= c(1,1)
11 Tab= c(2,1)
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Tbc= %.1 f lb',Tbc)
14 printf (' \n Tab=%.1 f lb',Tab)
```

Scilab code Exa 4.4 chapter 4 example 4

1 clc

```
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W1= 7000 //lb
4 W2= 1000 //lb
5 W3= 3000 //lb
6 x1= 6 //in
7 x2= 9 //in
8 x3= 10 //in
9 x4= 5 //in
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Rb= (W1*x1+W2*(x1+x2)+W3*(x1+x2+x3))/(x1+x2+x3+x4)
12 Ra= W1+W2+W3-Rb
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('Rb= %.1 f lb',Rb)
15 printf (' \n Ra=%.1 f lb',Ra)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 4.5 chapter 4 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Fc= 500 //lb
4 Fd= 1000 //lb
5 xc= 2 //in
6 xd= 8 //in
7 y= 6 //in
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 Ay= Fc+Fd
10 Bx= (Fc*xc+Fd*xd)/y
11 Ax= Bx
12 A= sqrt (Ax^2+Ay^2)
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('A= %. f lb', A)
15 printf (' \n B=%. f lb', Bx)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 4.6 chapter 4 example 6

```
1 clc
 2 //initialisation of variables
 3 W = -300 //1b
4 r = 4 //in
5 \text{ x1} = 2 // \text{ft}
6 	ext{ x2= 3 } // ft
7 x3 = 1 // ft
8 y1 = 1 //ft
9 x4 = 3 //in
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 F = -W*r/(y1*12)
12 By= -W*x1/(x1+x2)
13 Bz= -F*(x1+x2+x3+(x4/12))/(x1+x2)
14 \text{ Ay} = -W - By
15 \text{ Az} = -F - Bz
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ('Ay = \%.2 \, \text{f lb}', Ay)
18 printf (' \ \  By=%.2 f lb',By)
19 printf ('\n Az=\%.2 f lb', Az)
20 printf (' \ \ Bz=\%.2 f \ lb',Bz)
21 printf ('\n F=\%.2 f lb',F)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 4.7 chapter 4 example 7

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W= 500 //lb
4 r= 4 //in
5 Lx= 3 //in
6 Ly= 12 //in
7 Lz= 4 //in
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 Tbd= W*(sqrt((-Lx)^2+(-Ly)^2+(-Lz)^2))/Ly
```

```
10 Tcd= Lx*Tbd/(sqrt((-Lx)^2+(-Ly)^2+(-Lz)^2))
11 Tad= Lz*Tbd/(sqrt((-Lx)^2+(-Ly)^2+(-Lz)^2))
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Tbd= %. f lb', Tbd)
14 printf (' \n Tcd=%. f lb', Tcd)
15 printf (' \n Tad=%. f lb', Tad)
```

# Force Analysis of Structures

#### Scilab code Exa 5.1 chapter 5 example 1

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ Fc} = -1000 // \text{lb}
4 A= 60 // degrees
5 E1 = 60 // degrees
6 E2 = 60 // degrees
7 D= 60 // degrees
8 L1 = 10 //ft
9 L2 = 10 //ft
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Ax = 0
12 Ay = (-Fc)*L1*cosd(D)/(L1+L2)
13 Dy = -Fc - Ay
14 Fab= Ay/sind(A)
15 Fae= Fab*cosd(A)
16 Fbe= Fab*cosd(90-E1)/cosd(90-A)
17 Fbc= Fab*sind(90-A)+Fbe*sind(90-E1)
18 Fce= Fbc*cosd(90-(180-E2-D))/cosd(90-E2)
19 Fde= Fae+Fbe*cosd(E1)+Fce*cosd(E2)
20 Fcd= (-Fc-Fbc*cosd(90-E2-D))/cosd(90-E)
21 //RESULTS
```

```
22 printf ('Ax= %.3 f lb', Ax)
23 printf (' \n Ay=%.2 f lb', Ay)
24 printf (' \n Dy=%.3 f lb', Dy)
25 printf (' \n Fab=%.2 f lb(compression)', Fab)
26 printf (' \n Fae=%.2 f lb(tension)', Fae)
27 printf (' \n Fbe=%.2 f lb(tension)', Fbe)
28 printf (' \n Fbc=%.2 f lb(compression)', Fbc)
29 printf (' \n Fce=%.2 f lb(compression)', Fce)
30 printf (' \n Fde=%.2 f lb(tension)', Fde)
31 printf (' \n Fcd=%.2 f lb(compression)', Fcd)
```

## Scilab code Exa 5.2 chapter 5 example 2

```
1 clc
 2 //initialisation of variables
 3 W = -100 // lb
4 angle= 45 // degrees
5 x1 = 2 //ft
 6 \text{ x2} = 2 // \text{ft}
 7 y1 = 2 //ft
8 y2 = 4 //ft
9 Fx = 200 / 1b
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Cx = Fx * y1/y2
12 Bx = Fx + Cx
13 By= (y2*Bx+x1*(-W))/(x1+x2)
14 \text{ Cy} = \text{By}
15 \text{ Ax= Bx}
16 \text{ Ay= W+By}
17 //RESULTS
18 printf ('Ax= \%.3 f lb', Ax)
19 printf ( ' \n Ay=%.2 f lb ',Ay)
20 printf ('\n Bx=\%.3 f lb', Bx)
21 printf (' \ \ \  By=%.2 f lb',By)
22 printf (' \n Cx=\%.2 f lb', Cx)
```

23 printf ('  $\n$  Cy=%.2 f lb',Cy)

# **Friction**

## Scilab code Exa 6.1 chapter 6 example 1

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W= 100 //lb
4 Frictioncoefficient= 0.65
5 //CALCULATIONS
6 A1= atand(Frictioncoefficient)
7 //RESULTS
8 printf ('Maximum Incliantion= %.f degrees',A1)
```

## Scilab code Exa 6.2 chapter 6 example 2

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W= 100 //lb
4 Frictioncoefficient= 0.40
5 x= 3
6 y= 4
7 //CALCULATIONS
```

## Scilab code Exa 6.3 chapter 6 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 mus= 0.25
4 d= 0.5 //in
5 h= 3 //in
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 A=[1 -1; mus mus]
8 b= [0;1]
9 c= A\b
10 Na= c(1,1)
11 Nb= c(2,1)
12 d= -d*mus*Na+h*Na
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('minimu distance= %.2 f in',d)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 6.4 chapter 6 example 4

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Ft= 1000 //lb
4 a1= 5 //degrees
5 mu= 0.30
6 //CALCULATIONS
```

```
7 R1= Ft/cosd(a1+atand(mu))
8 F= R1*sind(a1+atand(mu)+atand(mu))/sind(90-atand(mu))
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('Forec required to start wedge= %.f lb',F)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 6.5 chapter 6 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W= 100 //lb
4 n1= 1/2
5 n2= 3/2
6 mus= 0.40
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 Ts1= W/(exp(mus*n1*2*%pi))
9 Ts2= W/(exp(mus*n2*2*%pi))
10 //RESULTS
11 printf ('Ts1= %.2 f lb', Ts1)
12 printf (' \n Ts2=%.2 f lb', Ts2)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 6.6 chapter 6 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 F= 20//lb
4 L1= 6 //in
5 L2= 12 //in
6 L3= 24 //in
7 mus= 0.60
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 A=[(1),(-exp(mus*%pi));(L1+L2),(L1)]
10 b=[0;F*(L1+L2+L3)]
```

```
11 c= A\b
12 TL= c(1,1)
13 Ts= c(2,1)
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('TL= %.2 f lb',TL)
16 printf (' \n Ts=%.2 f lb',Ts)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 6.7 chapter 6 example 7

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 24 //in
4 mu= 0.05
5 W= 2000 //lb
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 F= W*mu*2/d
8 //RESULTS
9 printf ('F= %.2 f lb',F)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 6.8 chapter 6 example 8

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 F= 800 //lb
4 muk= 0.10
5 Do= 5 //in
6 Di= 3 //in
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 M= 2*muk*F*((Do/2)^3-(Di/2)^3)/(3*((Do/2)^2-(Di/2)^2))
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('M= %. f lb in', M)
```

## Moment of Inertia

## Scilab code Exa 7.1 chapter 7 example 1

```
1 clc
 2 //initialisation of variables
 3 \text{ x1} = 3 // \text{in}
4 \times 2 = 3 //in
5 \text{ x3} = 3 // \text{in}
6 \text{ x4} = 3 // \text{in}
7 x5 = 5 //in
 8 \text{ x6} = 5 // \text{in}
9 x7 = 5 //in
10 x8= 5 //in
11 L1= 1 //in
12 L2= 1 //in
13 L3= 1 //in
14 L4= 1 //in
15 L5= 1 //in
16 \text{ L6} = 1 // \text{in}
17 L7 = 1 //in
18 L8= 1 //in
19 y= 7.5 //in
20 //CALCULATIONS
21 \text{ Ix1= x1*L1*(y)^2}
```

```
22  Ix2= x2*L2*(y-L2)^2
23  Ix3= x3*L3*(y-L3-L2)^2
24  Ix4= x4*L4*(y-L4-L3-L2)^2
25  Ix5= x5*L5*(y-L5-L4-L3-L2)^2
26  Ix6= x6*L6*(y-L6-L5-L4-L3-L2)^2
27  Ix7= x7*L7*(y-L7-L6-L5-L4-L3-L2)^2
28  Ix8= x8*L8*(y-L8-L7-L6-L5-L4-L3-L2)^2
29  Ix= Ix1+Ix2+Ix3+Ix4+Ix5+Ix6+Ix7+Ix8
30  //RESULTS
31  printf ('Ix= %. f in^4', Ix)
```

## Scilab code Exa 7.2 chapter 7 example 2

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Iy= 60 //in^4
4 A= 25 //sq in
5 x= 10 //in
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 Ia= Iy+ A*x^2
8 //RESULTS
9 printf ('I= %. f in^4', Ia)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 7.3 chapter 7 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 5 //in
4 B= 12 //in
5 Ix= 227 //in^4
6 Iy= 10 //in^4
7 A= 10.2 //sq in
8 //CALCULATIONS
```

```
9 Kx= sqrt(Ix/A)
10 Ky= sqrt(Iy/A)
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Radius of gyration wrt x= %.2 f in', Kx)
13 printf ('\n Radius of gyration wrt y=\%.2 f in', Ky)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 7.4 chapter 7 example 4

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L1= 8 //in
4 B1= 1 //in
5 L2= 1 //in
6 B2= 6 //in
7 L3= 8 //in
8 B3= 1 //in
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 Iy= (B1*L1^3/12)+(B2*L2^3/12)+(B3*L3^3/12)
11 Ix= (L1*B1^3/12)+L1*B1*((B2/2)+(B1/2))^2+(L2*B2^3/12)+(L3*B3^3/12)+L3*B3*((B2/2)+(B3/2))^2
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Ix= %.2 f in^4',Ix)
14 printf (' \n Iy=%.2 f in^4',Iy)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 7.5 chapter 7 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 H= 8 //in
4 b= 6 //in
5 d= 4 //in
6 H1= 5 //in
7 //CALCULATIONS
```

```
8  Ia1= ((b*H^3)/12)+b*H*d^2
9  Ia2= %pi*((d/2)^2)+%pi*((d/2)^2)*(H1)^2
10  I= Ia1-Ia2
11  //RESULTS
12  printf ('I= %.2 f in^4',I)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 7.6 chapter 7 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W= 64.4 //lb
4 I= 10 //slugft^2
5 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 m= W/g
8 k= sqrt(I/m)
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('k= %.2 f ft',k)
```

## Scilab code Exa $7.8\,$ chapter 7 example $8\,$

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d1= 18 //in
4 d2= 10 //in
5 d3= 4 //in
6 Wpercuin= 0.31 //lb
7 L1= 4 //in
8 L2= 8 //in
9 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 m1= %pi*(d1/2)^2*L1*Wpercuin/g
12 I1= m1*(d1/24)^2/2
```

```
13  m2= %pi*(d2/2)^2*L2*Wpercuin/g
14  I2= m2*(d2/24)^2/2
15  m3= %pi*(d3/2^2)*(L1+L2)*Wpercuin/g
16  I3= m3*(d3/24)^2/2
17  I= I1+I2-I3
18  //RESULTS
19  printf ('I= %.2 f slug ft^2',I)
```

## Chapter 8

### Concept of Stress

Scilab code Exa 8.1 chapter 8 example 1

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 F= -100 //lb
4 x1= 3 //in
5 y= 6 //in
6 x2= 24 //in
7 x3= 12 //in
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 Force= -F
10 Moment= -F*(x2+x1)
11 Torque= -F*y
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Force= %.2 f lb', Force)
14 printf (' \n Moment=%.2 f lb.in', Moment)
15 printf (' \n Torque=%.2 f lb.in', Torque)
```

Scilab code Exa 8.2 chapter 8 example 2

```
1 clc
 2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ F} = -5000 //1b
4 D= 250 //lb/ft
5 y1 = 4 //in
6 \text{ y2} = 2 // \text{in}
 7 y3 = 5 //in
8 \text{ y4} = 3 //\text{in}
9 x = 3 //in
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Ax = -D*y1
12 \text{ Ay} = -F
13 M = (D*y1*(y2+y3+y1/2))-F*x
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Ax= \%.2 f lb', Ax)
16 printf (' \n Ay=%.2 f lb', Ay)
17 printf ('\n M=\%.2f lb.in',M)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 8.3 chapter 8 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 P= 5 //kips
4 angle= 30 //degrees
5 //CALCULATIONS
6 Fn= P*sind(angle)
7 Ft= P*cosd(angle)
8 //RESULTS
9 printf ('Fn= %.2 f lb',Fn)
10 printf (' \n Ft=\%.2 f lb',Ft)
```

Scilab code Exa 8.4 chapter 8 example 4

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 p = 5 //tons
4 dt = 0.75 //in
5 \text{ db} = 0.5 //in
6 b = 0.5 //in
7 h = 2 //in
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 Sc= p*2000/((\%pi/4)*(dt^2))
10 Sr= p*2000/(b*h)
        p*2000/(2*(%pi/4)*db^2)
11 Sb=
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Stress in circular scetion= %.2f psi
      tension', Sc)
14 printf ('\n Stress in rectangular section=%.2f psi
      tension',Sr)
15 printf ('\n Stress in bolt=\%.2f psi tension', Sb)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 8.5 chapter 8 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 w= 8 //in
4 wperft= 35 //lb/ft
5 A= 10.3 //sq in
6 F1= 3 //tons
7 F2= 3 //tons
8 F3= -8 //tons
9 F4= -8 //tons
10 F5= -5 //tons
11 F6= -5 //tons
12 P1= 12 //in
13 Pb= 12 //in
14 //CALCULATIONS
15 Sa= (F1+F2)*2000/A
```

```
16 Sb= -(F3+F4+F1+F2)*2000/A

17 Sc= -(F3+F4+F1+F2+F5+F6)*2000/A

18 Sp= -(F3+F4+F1+F2+F5+F6)*2000/(P1*Pb)

19 //RESULTS

20 printf ('Stress in a= %.2 f psi tension',Sa)

21 printf ('\n Stress in b=%.2 f psi tension',Sb)

22 printf ('\n Stress in c=%.2 f psi tension',Sc)

23 printf ('\n Stress in plate=%.2 f psi tension',Sp)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 8.6 chapter 8 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ Ns} = 8000 // \text{psi}
4 Ss= 4000 // psi
5 \text{ Ws} = 25000 // \text{psi}
6 angle= 30 //degrees
7 L = 4 //in
8 b = 1 //in
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 P= Ns*L*b/((cosd(2*angle))^2)
11 P1= 2*Ss*L*b/(sind(2*angle))
12 Pts= Ws*L*b
13 e= P1/Pts
14 //RESULTS
15 if (P<P1)
       printf ('P= %.2 f lb',P)
16
17 else
       printf ('P1= %.2 f lb',P1)
18
19 end
20 printf ('\n efficiency of the joint=\%.2 \,\mathrm{f}',e)
```

Scilab code Exa 8.7 chapter 8 example 7

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 T = 15000 // psi
4 h1= 3 //in
5 \text{ h2} = 2.5 // in
6 t = 0.25 //in
7 r = 5/16 //in
8 d = 1 //in
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 P1= T*(h1-d)*t/2.18
11 P2= T*h2*t/1.7
12 if (P1<P2)
13
       printf ('Safe axial load= %.2 f lb',P1)
14 else
       printf ('Safe axial load= %.f lb',P2)
15
16
17 \text{ end}
```

#### Scilab code Exa 8.8 chapter 8 example 8

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 16 //ft
4 h= 24 //ft
5 P= 160 //lb/cu ft
6 hs1= 8 //ft
7 hs2= 8 //ft
8 hs3= 8 //ft
9 Tsmax= 5000 //psi
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 SW= P/1728
12 P8= SW*hs1*12
13 P16= SW*(hs1+hs2)*12
14 P24= SW*(hs1+hs2+hs3)*12
15 t8= (P8*d*12)/(2*Tsmax)
```

```
16 t16= P16*d*12/(2*Tsmax)
17 t24= P24*d*12/(2*Tsmax)
18 //RESULTS
19 printf ('t8= %.2 f in',t8)
20 printf ('\n t16=%.2 f in',t16)
21 printf ('\n t24=%.2 f in',t24)
```

### Chapter 9

## Concept of Strain

#### Scilab code Exa 9.1 chapter 9 example 1

```
1 clc
2 length=10 //ft
3 delta=0.024 //in
4 epsilon=delta/(length*12)
5 printf("Axial strain=%f in/in", epsilon)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.2 chapter 9 example 2

```
1 clc
2 drop=5 //in
3 width=8 //ft
4 deltaMB=sqrt((width*12/2)^2 +drop^2) - (width*12/2)
5 epsilon=deltaMB/(width*12/2)
6 printf("Strain in the wire= %f in/in", epsilon)
```

Scilab code Exa 9.4 chapter 9 example 4

```
1 clc
2 length=15 //in
3 \text{ tension} = 5000 //lb
4 UltStress=20000 //psi
5 \text{ delta=0.005 } //\text{in}
6 E=30*10^6 //psi
7 A1=tension/UltStress
8 A2=tension*length/(delta*E)
9 \text{ if } A1 >= A2
                then
        A = A1
10
11 else
12
        A = A2
13 end
14 Dia=sqrt(4*A/\%pi)
15 printf("diameter required= %f in", Dia)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.5 chapter 9 example 5

```
1 clc
2 L1=5
3 L2 = 10
4 T1 = 2.5
5 T2 = 5
6 T3=5
7 T4 = 5
8 T5 = 2.5
9 E=30*10^6 //psi
10 outDia=2 //in
11 inDia=1/8 //in
12 RE=(T1+T2+T3+T4+T5)/2 //kips
13 RA = RE
14 disp("From the figure 9.12")
15 GH = (RA * L2 - T2 * L1 - T1 * L2) / 4
16 printf("Stress in GH=%f kips",GH)
17 A=\%pi*(outDia^2-(outDia-2*inDia)^2)/4
```

```
18  delta=GH*10^3 *(L1*12)/(E*A)
19  printf("\n Deformation=%f in",delta)
20  sigma=GH*10^3 /A
21  printf("\n Stress=%d psi",sigma)
22  SF=65000/sigma
23  printf("\n Factor of safety=%f ",SF)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.6 chapter 9 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Es= 30*10^6 // psi
4 As= 1 //in^2
5 \text{ Ea} = 10*10^6 // psi
6 Aa = 2 // in^2
7 Ls= 10 // ft
8 La= 5 // ft
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 A = [(Ls/(Es*As)) (-La/(Ea*Aa)); 1 1]
11 b= [0;1]
12 c= A \setminus b
13 Fa= c(1,1)
14 Fb= c(2,1)
15 d= Fb*Ls
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ('distance= \%.2 \, f ft',d)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.7 chapter 9 example 7

```
1 clc
2 P=40000 //lb
3 L=15 //in
4 delta=0.0032 //in
```

```
5 dia=4 //in
6 axial=0.0032 //in
7 lateral=0.00022 //in
8 E=P*L/(delta*%pi*(dia/2)^2)
9 printf("Modulus of elasticity=%f psi",E)
10 Mu=lateral*L/(axial*dia)
11 printf("\n Poisson ratio= %f",Mu)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.8 chapter 9 example 8

```
1 clc
2 alpha=11.2*10^(-6) //in/in/F
3 E=15*10^6 //psi
4 L=60 //in
5 deltaT1=0.01 //in
6 T2=50 //F
7 deltaT=deltaT1/(alpha*L)
8 printf("The temperature increase necessary to cause free end to touch B=%f F", deltaT)
9 disp("From the geometry of the figure")
10 sigma=(alpha*L*T2-deltaT1)*E/L
11 printf("Stress in the rod=%d psi", sigma+1)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.9 chapter 9 example 9

```
1 clc
2 weight=25000 //Kg
3 A=2 //sq.in
4 alphaS=6.5*10^(-6) //in/in/F
5 alphaB=11.2*10^(-6) //in/in/F
6 Es=30*10^6 //psi
7 Eb=15*10^6 //psi
8 disp("From the figure, DeltaTs+DeltaPs=DeltaTb")
```

```
9 deltaT=weight/(Es*A*(alphaB-alphaS))
10 printf("Net temperature drop=%f F",deltaT)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.10 chapter 9 example 10

```
1 clc
2 S=5 //in
3 \text{ Al}=6 //\text{in}
4 alphaS=6.5*10^(-6) //in/in/F
5 alphaAl=13.1*10^(-6) //in/in/F
6 Es=30*10^6 //psi
7 EAl=10*10^6 / psi
8 As=1 //in^2
9 AA1=2 //in^2
10 T=50 / F
11 dia=1 //in
12 disp("From the figure, it is evident that DeltaPs+
     DeltaPAl=DeltaTs+DeltaTAl")
13 P=(alphaS*S*12*T + alphaAl*Al*12*T)/(S*12/(Es*As) +
     A1*12/(EA1*AA1))
14 printf ("Shearing force= %d lb",P)
15 T=P/(%pi*(dia/2)^2)
16 printf("\n The shear stress in the pin=%d psi",T)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 9.11 chapter 9 example 11

```
1 clc
2 edge=2 //in
3 height=3 //in
4 F=20000 //lb
5 deltaS=0.00234 //in
6 deltaA=0.00088 //in
7 E=F*height/(deltaA*edge*edge)
```

```
8 printf("Modulus of elasticity=%f psi",E)
9 G=F*height/(deltaS*edge*edge)
10 printf("\n Modulus of Rigidity=%f psi",G)
11 Mu=E/(2*G) -1
12 printf("\n Poisson ratio=%f ",Mu)
```

### Chapter 10

### Torsion

#### Scilab code Exa 10.1 chapter 10 example 1

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 50 //ft
4 Do= 2 //in
5 Di= 1.5 //in
6 Mt= 10000 //lb in
7 G= 12*10^6
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 Tmax= 16*Mt*Do/(%pi*(Do^4-Di^4))
10 angle= (Mt*L*12*32)*57.3/(G*%pi*(Do^4-Di^4))
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Maximum shearing strees= %.2 f psi', Tmax)
13 printf (' \n twist angle=%.2 f degrees', angle)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.2 chapter 10 example 2

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
```

```
3 d= 4 //ft
4 T= 5000 //psi
5 angle= 0.1 //degrees
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 T1= (%pi*d^3)*T/16
8 T2=angle*%pi*G*%pi*d^4/(180*12*32)
9 //RESULTS
10 if (T1<T2)
11    printf ('Safe torque= %.2 f lb in',T1)
12 else
13    printf ('Safe torque= %.2 f lb',T2)
14 end</pre>
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.3 chapter 10 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Ds = 1 //in
4 Db= 1.5 //in
5 Ls= 4 //in
6 Lb= 6 //in
7 Gs= 12*10^6 // psi
8 Gb= 6.4*10^6 // psi
9 T= 10000 // lb in
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 A = [(1), (1); (Ls*12/(Gs*Ds^4)), (-Lb*12/(Gb*Db^4))]
12 b=[T;0]
13 c= A \setminus b
14 Tab= c(1,1)
15 Tbc= c(2,1)
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ('Torque in section AB= \%.2 \,\mathrm{f} lb in', Tab)
18 printf ('\n Torque in section AB =%.2 f lb in', Tbc)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.4 chapter 10 example 4

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 T= 10000 //lb in
4 G= 12*10^6
5 Dab= 1.5 //in
6 Lab= 4 //in
7 Dcd= 1 //in
8 Lcd= 3 //in
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 F= T/2
11 Tab= F*Lab
12 angle= ((T*32*12*Lcd/(G*%pi*Dcd^4))+2*(Tab*32*12*Lab /(G*%pi*Dab^4)))*(180/%pi)
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('angle of twist= %.2 f degrees', angle)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.5 chapter 10 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Tallowable= 5000 //psi
4 power= 250 //hp
5 n= 1800 //rpm
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 T= 63000*power/n
8 d= (16*T/(%pi*Tallowable))^(1/3)
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('Torque= %.2 f lb in',T)
11 printf ('\n diameter=%.2 f in',d)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.6 chapter 10 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \, ds = 2 \, //in
4 n = 315 //rpm
5 \text{ Gs} = 12*10^6
6 Lab= 5 //in
7 Lbc= 15 //in
8 \text{ Pa} = 10 //\text{hp}
9 Pc = 40 //hp
10 Pb= 50 //hp
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 Tab= 63000*Pa/n
13 Tbc= 63000*Pc/n
14 angle= ((32*Tbc*Lbc*12/(%pi*ds^4*G))-(32*Tab*Lab
      *12/(%pi*ds^4*G)))*(180/%pi)
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('angle of twist of gear C releative to a= \%
      .2 f degrees', angle)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.7 chapter 10 example 7

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 k1= 6*10^6 //lb in/rad
4 k2= 3*10^6 //lb in/rad
5 k3= 2*10^6 //lb in/rad
6 T= 10000 //lb in
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 ke= 1/((1/k1)+(1/k2)+(1/k3))
9 angle= T*180/(ke*%pi)
```

```
10 //RESULTS
11 printf ('equivalent spring constant= %.2e lb in/rad'
          ,ke)
12 printf ('\n angle of twist d/a=%.2f degrees',angle)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.8 chapter 10 example 8

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 k1= 2*10^6 //lb in/rad
4 k2= 3*10^6 //lb in/rad
5 T= 20000 //lb in
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 ke= k1+k2
8 angle= T*180/(ke*%pi)
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('equivalent spring constant= %.2e lb in/rad', ke)
11 printf ('\n angle of twist at B=%.2f degrees', angle)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.10 chapter 10 example 10

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 di= 0.2 //in
4 dm= 2 //in
5 n= 10
6 F= 10 //lb
7 G= 12*10^6
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 k= G*di^4/(64*dm^3*n)
10 ke= 1/((1/(k+k))+(1/k)+(1/k))
11 delta= F/ke
```

```
//RESULTS
printf ('elongation= %.2 f in',delta)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 10.11 chapter 10 example 11

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 0.5 //in
4 n= 315 //rpm
5 t1= 5000 //psi
6 r1= 8 //in
7 r2= 4 //in
8 n1= 6
9 n2= 4
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 t2= r2*t1/r1
12 T= r1*n1*(%pi/4)*d^2*t1+r2*n2*(%pi/4)*d^2*t2
13 hp= T*n/63000
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Premissible horsepower= %.f hp',hp)
```

## Chapter 12

### Stresses in Beam

#### Scilab code Exa 12.1 chapter 12 example 1

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L = 20 // ft
4 b1= 12 //in
5 \text{ h1} = 4 // \text{in}
6 b2 = 4 //in
7 h2 = 12 //in
8 \text{ Fs} = 1200 // \text{psi}
9 La= 5 //ft
10 Lb= 15 // ft
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 Ina= b1*h1^3/12
13 P1= (Fs*Ina*4)/((h1/2)*12*La*3)
14 Ina1= b2*h2^3/12
15 P2= (Fs*Ina1*4)/((h2/2)*12*La*3)
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ('P max in first case= \%.2 f lb', P1)
18 printf ('\n P max in second case= \%.2\,\mathrm{f} lb',P2)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 12.2 chapter 12 example 2

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 b= 0.5 //in
4 h= 1/32 //in
5 d= 4 //ft
6 E= 30*10^6
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 stress= E*(h/2)/((d/2)*12)
9 Ina= b*h^3/12
10 M= stress*Ina/(h/2)
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('maximum stress= %.2 f psi', stress)
13 printf ('\n internal moment= %.2 f lb in', M)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 12.3 chapter 12 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ W} = 1000 // \text{lb} / \text{ft}
4 L = 10 //in
5 b1 = 4 //in
6 \text{ h1} = 1 // \text{in}
7 b2= 1 //in
8 h2 = 6 //in
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 Mmax = 12500 // lb ft
11 y = ((b1*h1*h1/2)+(b2*h2*((h2/2)+h1)))/(b1*h1+b2*h2)
12 Ina= (b1*h1^3/12)+b1*h1*(y-h1/2)^2+(b2*h2^3/12)+b2*
      h2*(h1+h2-y-(h2/2))^2
13 sigmat = Mmax * 12 * y / Ina
14 sigmac = Mmax*12*(h1+h2-y)/Ina
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('maximum tensile stress= %.2f psi', sigmat)
```

```
17 printf ('\n maximum compressive bending stress= \%.2\,\mathrm{f} psi', sigmac)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 12.4 chapter 12 example 4

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ st} = 1200 // psi
4 \text{ sc} = 100 // psi
5 h = 12 //in
6 b = 4 //in
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 I = b*h^3/12
9 P1= st*I/(b*12*(h/2))
10 P2= 2*sc*b*12/3
11 if (P1<P2)
        printf ('Safe value of p= \%. f lB', P1)
13 else
            printf ('Safe value of p= %.f lB',P2)
14
15
16 \text{ end}
```

#### Scilab code Exa 12.5 chapter 12 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W= 600 //lb/ft
4 L1= 8 //in
5 L2= 4 //in
6 b= 6 //in
7 h= 8 //in
8 t= 1 //in
9 //CALCULATIONS
```

```
10 R1= W*(L1+L2)*((L1+L2)/2)/L1
11 R2= W*(L1+L2)*(L1-(L1+L2)/2)/L1
12 Vmax= 3000 //lb
13 I= (b*h^3/12)-(L2*b^3/12)
14 Ay= b*L2*(L2/2)-L2*b/2*b/4
15 b= t+t
16 Tmax= Vmax*Ay/(I*b)
17 //RESULTS
18 printf ('maximum shear stress= %.2 f psi', Tmax)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 12.6 chapter 12 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ w} = 4000 // \text{lb} / \text{ft}
4 1 = 20 //ft
5 y = 0.96
6 \text{ A= } 4.18 //in^2
7 Icq= 5.6 //in^4
8 d = 28 //in
9 b = 0.5 //in
10 T = 8000 // psi
11 d1= 0.75 //in
12 //CALCULATIONS
13 \ V = w * 1/2
14 Ay = 2*A*((d/2)-y)
15 I= b*d^3/12+4*(Icq+A*((d/2)-y)^2)
16 p= (2*T*(\%pi/4)*d1^2*I)/(V*Ay)
17 //RESULTS
18 printf ('Rivet spacing= \%.2 \, \text{f} in',p)
```

Scilab code Exa 12.7 chapter 12 example 7

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ Es} = 30*10^6
4 Ew= 1.5*10^6
5 \text{ w} = 500 // \text{lb per ft}
6 \text{ span} = 12 // ft
7 t = 0.25 //in
8 h = 12 //in
9 n = 3
10 b= 5 //in
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 \text{ bw} = \text{Es}*t/\text{Ew}
13 Ina= n*b*h^3/12
14 M = (w * span * (h/2) * 12) / 4
15 S = M*(h/2)/I
16 \text{ Ss} = \text{Es} * \text{S} / \text{Ew}
17 bs = Ew*bw/Es
18 Ina1= n*t*h^3/12
19 Ss1= M*(h/2)/Ina1
20 \text{ Sw} = \text{Ew} * \text{Ss} 1 / \text{Es}
21 //RESULTS
22 printf ('Maximum bending stress in steel= \%.3 f psi',
23 printf ('\n Maximum bending stress in wood= \%.2 f
       psi',Sw)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 12.8 chapter 12 example 8

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Ss= 15000 //psi
4 Sa= 6000 //psi
5 Es= 30*10^6
6 Ea= 10*10^6
7 Sl= 16 //ft
```

```
8 ba= 3 //in
9 ha= 8 //in
10 hs= 1 //in
11 b= 1 //in
12 //CALCULATIONS
13 bs = (Ea/Es)*ba
14 Y = ((ba-b)*b*(hs/2)+(ha+b)*b*((ha/2)+(hs/2)))/(ba*b+
     ha*b)
15 I= (ba*hs^3/12)+ba*hs*(Y-(hs/2))^2+((b*ha^3/12)+b*ha
      *(ha-Y-(ha/2))^2
16 w1= Ss*I/(Y*(1/2)*ha*(ha)*12)
17 Ss= Es*Sa/Ea
18 w2 = Ss*I/((ha-Y)*(1/2)*ha*(ha)*12)
19 if (w1 < w2)
       printf ('Greatest uniformly distributed load= %
20
          .2 f lb per ft', w1)
21 else
22
       printf ('Greatest uniformly distributed load= %
          .2 f lb per ft', w2)
23
24 end
```

#### Scilab code Exa 12.9 chapter 12 example 9

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 M= 500000 //lb in
4 r= 15
5 n=3
6 b= 20 //in
7 l= 12 //in
8 As= 1 //in^2
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 At= r*As*n
11 x= (-2*At+sqrt((2*At)^2+8*At*b*1))/(2*1)
```

```
12 Ina= ((1*x^3)/3)+At*(b-x)^2
13 Scmax= M*x/Ina
14 Ssmax= r*M*(b-x)/Ina
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Maximum bending stress in concrete= %.3 f
        psi',Scmax)
17 printf ('\n Maximum bending stress in steel= %.2 f
        psi',Ssmax)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 12.10 chapter 12 example 10

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ Sc} = 800 // \text{psi}
4 Ss = 18000 // psi
5 ratio= 15
6 d = 5/8 //in
7 1 = 20 //in
8 b = 10 //in
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 x= Sc*ratio*l/(Ss+Sc*ratio)
11 As= b*x*(x/2)/((1-x)*ratio)
12 Ina= (b*x^3/3)+ratio*As*(1-x)^2
13 M = Sc * I/x
14 N= As/(\%pi*(d/2)^2)
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Number of steel bars required = %.2f', N)
17 disp("it rounds to 6 bars")
```

### Chapter 13

### **Deflection in Beams**

Scilab code Exa 13.1 chapter 13 example 1

```
1 clc
 2 //initialisation of variables
3 E = 1.5 * 10^6
4 F1 = -100 //lb
5 \text{ F2} = -100 // \text{lb}
6 \text{ x1} = 6 // \text{in}
7 \text{ x2= } 6 \text{ } //\text{in}
8 Ina= 64 //in^4
9 \text{ h1} = -600 // \text{lb} \text{ ft}
10 h2 = -1200 // lb ft
11 xa1 = 10 // in
12 \text{ xa2} = 8 //\text{in}
13 //CALCULATIONS
14 deltamax = ((1/2)*x1*xa1*h1+(1/2)*(x1+x2)*h2*xa2)
       *(1728)/(E*Ina)
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('maximum deflection= %.2 f in', deltamax)
```

Scilab code Exa 13.2 chapter 13 example 2

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 E= 1.5*10^6
4 I= 50 //in^4
5 delta= -1 //in
6 l= 8 //ft
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 w= -delta*8*E*I/(1^4*1728)
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('distributed weight= %.1f lb per ft',w)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 13.3 chapter 13 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ W} = 50 // \text{lb} / \text{ft}
4 x = 5 // ft
5 \text{ x1= 2 } // \text{ft}
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 \quad V = W * x
8 M = W * ((x/2) + x1) * x
9 M1 = W * x * (x + x1)
10 \text{ M2} = -\text{M}
11 M3 = -W * x * x / 2
12 EIdeltamax = ((1/2)*(x+x1)*M1*((x+x1)/3))+(x+x1)*M2
       *((x+x1)/2)+(1/3)*x*M3*(x/4)
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('maximum value of Eldeltax= %.1 f lb ft^3',
       EIdeltamax)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 13.5 chapter 13 example 5

```
1 clc
```

```
2 //initialisation of variables
3 w= 180 //lb/ft
4 l= 8 //ft
5 P= 1200 //lb
6 b= 6 //ft
7 E= 3*10^6
8 I= 64 //in^4
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 delta= ((w*l^4)/(8))+((P*b^2)*(3*l-b)/(6))
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('deflection of the free end= %.1 fbyEI ft', delta)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 13.6 chapter 13 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 P= 6 //kips
4 w= 3 //kips/ft
5 L1= 8 //ft
6 L2= 8 //ft
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 delta= (P*(L1+L2)^3/192)+(w*(L1+L2)^4/768)
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('midspan value of deflection= %.1f kip ft^3', delta)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 13.7 chapter 13 example 7

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 x1= 3 //ft
4 x2= 3 //ft
```

```
5 x3 = 3 //ft
6 x4 = 3 //ft
7 W1= 4 // kips
8 \text{ W2} = 8 // \text{kips}
9 1 = x1 + x2 + x3 + x4
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 b= x2+x3+x4
12 b1 = x4
13 \ a = x1
14 x = 1/2
15 P = (((W1*b*(1/b*(x-a)^3+(1^2-b^2)*x-x^3))/(6*1))+((
      W2*b1*x*(1^2-x^2-b1^2))/(6*1))*(48/1^3)
16 R1 = 3 + 2 - (P/2)
17 R2= P
18 R3 = 1+6-(P/2)
19 //RESULTS
20 printf ('R1= \%.3 f kips',R1)
21 printf ('\n R2=\%.2 f kips',R2)
22 printf ('\n R3=\%.3 f kips',R3)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 13.8 chapter 13 example 8

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 P= 680 //lb
4 K= 1000 //lb/in
5 L= 6 //ft
6 E= 30*10^6
7 Ina= 1.728 //in^4
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 A= [((L*12)^3/(3*E*Ina)),-(1/K);1,1]
10 b= [0;P]
11 c= A\b
12 Pb= c(1,1)
13 Ps= c(2,1)
```

```
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Force in the spring= %.2f psi',Ps)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 13.9 chapter 13 example 9

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 I= 1.5 //in^4
4 Da= 0.5 //in
5 E= 30*10^6
6 l= 60 //in
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 F= 6*Da*E*I/(1^3)
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('F= %.2 f lb',F)
```

### Chapter 14

# **Combined Loading**

#### Scilab code Exa 14.1 chapter 14 example 1

```
1 clc
 2 //initialisation of variables
3 h = 6 //in
4 \times 1 = 7 //in
5 \text{ x2= 1 } // \text{in}
6 x3 = 2 //in
7 P = 600 // 1b
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 By= P*(x1+x2+x3)/(x1+x2)
10 Bx = By *(x1+x2)/h
11 \text{ Fx= Bx}
12 \quad V = By - P
13 M = -P*(x2+x3)+By*x2
14 S1= -Fx/(x3*h)
15 I = x3*h^3/12
16 \text{ S2} = -M*12*(h/2)/I
17 \text{ Scmax} = \text{S1} - \text{S2}
18 \text{ Stmax} = \text{S1} + \text{S2}
19 //RESULTS
20 printf ('Maximum tensile stress at =\%.1\,\mathrm{f} psi', Scmax
```

```
21 printf (' \n Maximum compressive stress at = \%.1\,\mathrm{f} psi', Stmax)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 14.2 chapter 14 example 2

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 P= 10000 //lb
4 A= 11.77 //in^2
5 Z= 51.9 //in^3
6 x= 5 //ft
7 y= 12 //ft
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 S1= -P/A
10 S2= P*x*y/Z
11 Sc= S1-S2
12 St= S1+S2
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('Axial stress at c= %.1 f psi',Sc)
15 printf ('\n Axial stress at t= %.1 f psi',St)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 14.3 chapter 14 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 b= 6 //in
4 h= 12 //in
5 l= 20 //ft
6 P= 100000 //lb
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 S= -P/(b*h)
9 S1= l^2*6*12/(8*b*h^2)
10 w= -S/S1
```

```
//RESULTS
printf ('Safe distributed load= %.1 f lb per ft',w)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 14.4 chapter 14 example 4

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 b = 4 //in
4 h = 9 //in
5 1 = 6 //in
6 \text{ Mx} = 600 // lb
7 \text{ My} = 100 // \text{lb}
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 \text{ Zx= } b*h^3/(12*h/2)
10 Zy = b^3*h/(12*b/2)
11 S1= Mx*1*12/Zx
12 S2= My*b*12/Zy
13 \text{ Sb= } S1+S2
14 \text{ Sd} = -S1 - S2
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Maximum stress= %.1f psi (tension)',Sb)
17 printf ('\n Maximum stress=%.1f psi (compression)',
      Sd)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 14.5 chapter 14 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 2 //in
4 Px= -600 //lb
5 Py= 1200 //lb
6 x1= 2 //in
7 x2= 2 //in
```

```
8 x3 = 2 //in
9 Ray= -400 // lb
10 Rax= 400 //lb
11 Rbx = 200 //1b
12 Rby = -800 // lb
13 //CALCULATIONS
14 Mb= sqrt((Rax*x1)^2+(Ray*x1)^2)
15 Mc = sqrt((Rbx*x3)^2+(Rby*x3)^2)
16 \text{ if } (Mb < Mc)
17
       M = Mc
18 else
19
       M = Mb
20 \text{ end}
21 Smax = M*12*64*(d/2)/(%pi*d^4)
22 //RESULTS
23 printf ('Maximum normal stress= %.1f psi', Smax)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 14.6 chapter 14 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 P= 100 //kips
4 M= 400 //kip in
5 A= 14.7 //in^2
6 Z= 80.7 //in^3
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 Smax= -(P*10^3)/A-(M*10^3)/Z
9 Smin= -(P*10^3)/A+(M*10^3)/Z
10 //RESULTS
11 printf ('Maximum stress= %.1 f psi', Smax)
12 printf (' \ n Minimum stress= %.1 f psi', Smin)
```

Scilab code Exa 14.7 chapter 14 example 7

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 As= 1 //in^2
4 Zs= 0.167 //in^3
5 Ah= 1 //in^2
6 Zh= 0.984 //in^3
7 es= 0.5 //in
8 eh= 0.5 //in
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 phbyps= (1/As+es/Zs)/(1/Ah+eh/Zh)
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('ratio= %.1 f', phbyps)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 14.8 chapter 14 example 8

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ Sx} = 1800 // \text{psi}
4 Sy = 1000 // psi
5 angle= 30 // degrees
6 t = 0.25 //in
7 t1 = 3 //in
8 t2 = 5 //in
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 Sx1= Sx/(t1*t)
11 Sy1= Sy/(t2*t)
12 S= ((Sx+Sy)/2+((Sx-Sy)/2)*cosd(2*angle))+(Sx-Sy)*
      cosd(2*angle)
13 T = (Sx - Sy) * sind(2* angle)
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('S= %.1 f psi',S)
16 printf ('\n T=\%.1 f psi',T)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 14.9 chapter 14 example 9

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 \text{ Sx} = 1800 // \text{lb}
4 Sy= 1000 // lb
5 angle= 30 // degrees
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 Sa=-((Sx+Sy)/2+((Sx-Sy)/2)*cosd(2*angle))*cosd(2*
      angle)-(Sx-Sy)
8 Ta= -((Sx+Sy)/2+((Sx-Sy)/2)*cosd(2*angle))*sind(2*
      angle)
  Sb = ((Sx+Sy)/2+((Sx-Sy)/2)*cosd(2*angle))*cosd(2*
      angle)-(Sx-Sy)
10 Tb= ((Sx+Sy)/2+((Sx-Sy)/2)*cosd(2*angle))*sind(2*
      angle)
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Sa= \%.1 \,\mathrm{f} psi', Sa)
13 printf (' \n Sb=\%.1 f psi',Sb)
14 printf ('\n Ta=\%.1f psi', Ta)
15 printf ('\n Tb=\%.1 f psi', Tb)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 14.10 chapter 14 example 10

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 angle= 15 //degrees
4 Tyx= -1000 //psi
5 Txy= 1000 //psi
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 Sx= Txy*sind(2*angle)
8 Tx= Txy*cosd(2*angle)
9 Sy= Tyx*sind(2*angle)
10 Ty= Tyx*cosd(2*angle)
11 Sx1= Txy
```

```
12 Sy1= Tyx
13 Txy= 0
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Sx= %.1 f psi',Sx)
16 printf (' \n Tx=%.1 f psi',Tx)
17 printf (' \n Sy=%.1 f psi',Sy)
18 printf (' \n Ty=%.1 f psi',Ty)
19 printf (' \n Sx1=%.1 f psi',Sx1)
20 printf (' \n Sy1=%.1 f psi',Sy1)
21 printf (' \n Txy=%.1 f psi',Txy)
```

## Scilab code Exa 14.11 chapter 14 example 11

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 4 //in
4 n= 315 //rpm
5 Ss= 8000 //psi
6 Ns= 12000 //psi
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 T= Ss*%pi*d^4/(32*(d/2))
9 hp= T*n/63000
10 //RESULTS
11 printf ('T= %.1 f lb in',T)
12 printf (' \n horsepower rating=%.1 f hp',hp)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 14.12 chapter 14 example 12

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Sx= 9 //ksi
4 Sy= -5 //ksi
5 Txy= 4 //ksi
```

```
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 R = sqrt(((Sx-Sy)/2)^2+Txy^2)
8 \quad Smax = ((Sx + Sy)/2) + R
9 Smin= ((Sx+Sy)/2)-R
10 ap1= (1/2)*atand(2*Txy/(Sx-Sy))
11 \text{ ap2} = 90 + \text{ap1}
12 Sc= (Sx+Sy)/2
13 \text{ Tc= R}
14 \text{ Sd} = (Sx+Sy)/2
15 \text{ Td} = -R
16 \text{ a1} = (90-2*ap1)/2
17 \quad a2 = 90 + a1
18 //RESULTS
19 printf ('Smax= \%.1 \, \text{f ksi'}, Smax)
20 printf (' n Smin=\%.1 f ksi', Smin)
21 printf ('\n R=\%.1 f psi',R)
22 printf (' \n palne1=\%.1 f degrees',ap1)
23 printf (' \n plane 2=\%.1f degrees',ap2)
25 printf ('\n Sd=\%.1 f ksi', Sd)
26 printf ('\n Tc=%.1 f ksi',Tc)
27 printf ('\n Td=%.1 f ksi',Td)
28 printf (' \n palne1=\%.1f degrees',a1)
29 printf (' \n plane 2=\%.1 \, \text{f} degrees',a2)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 14.13 chapter 14 example 13

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 4 //in
4 T= 40000 //lb in
5 Th= 20000 //lb in
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 t= T*(d/2)*32/(%pi*d^4)
8 S= Th/(%pi*(d/2)^2)
```

```
9 Smax= -(S/2)-sqrt(t^2+(S/2)^2)
10 Tmax= sqrt(t^2+(S/2)^2)
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Maximum normal stress= %.1 f psi', Smax)
13 printf ('\n Maximum shearing stress=%.1 f psi', Tmax)
```

## Chapter 15

# Welded Bolted and Riveted Connection

## Scilab code Exa 15.1 chapter 15 example 1

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 sigma= 20000 //psi
4 b= 6 //in
5 h= 0.5 //in
6 p1= 3750
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 P= sigma*b*h
9 L= (P-p1*b)/(2*p1)
10 //RESULTS
11 printf ('L= %.2 f in',L)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 15.2 chapter 15 example 2

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
```

```
3 P= 5000 //lb per in
4 T1= 75 //kips
5 y1= 2.63 //in
6 y2= 1.37 //in
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 A= [P P ; y1*P -y2*P]
9 b= [T1*10^3 ; 0]
10 c= A\b
11 L1= c(1,1)
12 L2= c(2,1)
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('L1= %.2 f in',L1)
15 printf ('\n L2= %.2 f in',L2)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 15.3 chapter 15 example 3

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d = 3/8 //in
4 d1 = 1/8 //in
5 y = 1 //in
6 T = 15000 //psi
7 sigmab= 32000 // psi
8 sigmat= 18000 //psi
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 Ps= \pi *T*(d/2)^2
11 Pt= sigmat*d1*(y-d)
12 Pb= sigmab*d1*d
13 Pmin=Ps
14 \text{ sigma=T}
15 if (Pt < Pmin)
16
       Pmin=Pt
       sigma=sigmat
17
18 else
19
       Pmin=Pb
```

## Scilab code Exa 15.4 chapter 15 example 4

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d = 7/8 //in
4 Ss= 15000 // psi
5 \text{ Sb} = 32000 // psi
6 St = 20000 // psi
7 n=8
8 t = 3/8 //in
9 1 = 10 //in
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Ps= Ss*\%pi*n*(d/2)^2
12 Pb= Sb*%pi*n*d*t
13 Pt1= St*(1-d*2)*t
14 \text{ Pt2} = 4*St*(1-d*4)*t/3
15 Pt3= 4*St*(1-d*2)*t
16 Pmin= Ps
17 sigma= Ss
18 if (Pb < Pmin)
19
       Pmin=Pb
20
       sigma=Sb
21 elseif (Pt1 < Pmin)
22
       Pmin=Pt1
23
       sigma=St
24 elseif (Pt2<Pmin)
       Pmin=Pt2
25
26
       sigma=St
27 else (Pt3<Pmin)
```

```
28     Pmin=Pt3
29     sigma=St
30     end
31     e= Pmin*100/(sigma*t*1)
32     //RESULTS
33     printf ('e= %.1 f per cent',e)
```

## Scilab code Exa 15.5 chapter 15 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 n = 8
4 shear= 15 //ksi
5 Dr = 7/8 //in
6 Ss= 32 //ksi
7 Ds = 40 // si
8 D = 3/8 //in
9 x = 0.504 //in
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Ps= shear*n*(Dr/2)^2
12 Pb= Ds*(n/2)*x*Dr
13 Pb1= Ss*n*D*Dr
14 \text{ pmin} = Ps
15 if (Pb < Pmin)
       Pmin= Pb
16
17 else
18
       Pmin = Pb1
19
       end
20 //RESULTS
21 printf ('load capacity of connection= %.2 f kips',Pb)
```

Scilab code Exa 15.6 chapter 15 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 T = 15000 // psi
4 x1 = 3 //in
5 \text{ x2} = 3 // \text{in}
6 \text{ y1} = 3 // \text{in}
7 y2 = 3 //in
8 d = 0.5 //in
9 \quad n = 4
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 P = T*(\%pi/4)*d^2/(sqrt((1/n)^2+(1/((sqrt(y1^2+y2^2)/
      y1)*n))^2+(2*(1/n)*(1/(n*(sqrt(y1^2+y2^2))/y1))*
      cosd(45))))
12 P1= T*(\%pi/4)*d^2/((1/n)+(y1/(n*y1)))
13 if (P>P1)
        printf ('Stornger P= %.2f lb',P)
14
15 else
        printf ('Stornger P= %.2 f lb',P1)
16
17 \text{ end}
```

## Scilab code Exa 15.7 chapter 15 example 7

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 P= 5 //kips
4 xab= 3 //in
5 xbc= 6 //in
6 xbp= 1 //in
7 y= 6 //in
8 n= 3
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 Dl= P/3
11 Pct= (6*P)/(((xab+xbp)*(xab+xbp)/(xbc-xbp))+(xbp/(xbc-xbp))+(xbc-xbp))
12 R= sqrt(Pct^2+D1^2)
```

```
//RESULTS
frintf ('Greatest Load= %.2 f kips',R)
```

# Chapter 16

## Columns

## Scilab code Exa 16.1 chapter 16 example 1

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 E= 10*10^6 //psi
4 ys= 6000 //psi
5 //CALCULATIONS
6 lbyr= sqrt(%pi^2*E/ys)
7 //RESULTS
8 printf ('Slenderness Ratio= %.f', lbyr)
```

## Scilab code Exa 16.2 chapter 16 example 2

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 fs= 3
4 W= 50 //kips
5 l= 20 //ft
6 E= 30*10^6 //psi
7 //CALCULATIONS
```

```
8 Pcr= fs*W
9 I= Pcr*10^3*(1*12)^2/(%pi^2*E)
10 r= 2.01
11 lbyr= l/r
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Required I = %.2 f in^4', I)
14 printf ('\n slenderness ratio=%.2 f ',lbyr)
```

## Scilab code Exa 16.3 chapter 16 example 3

```
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L1= 18 // ft
4 L2= 9 //ft
5 I1 = 12.1 //in^4
6 I2= 1.2 //in^4
7 E = 30*10^6 //psi
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 \text{ r1} = 2.05
10 lbyr= L1*12/r1
11 r2 = 0.65
12 \text{ lbyr2= } L2*12/r2
13 Pcr1= %pi^2*E*I1/(L1*12)^2
14 Pcr2= %pi^2*E*I2/(L2*12)^2
15 P = Pcr1/2.5
16 P2 = Pcr2/2.5
17 //RESULTS
18 printf ('Design load of 1 = \%.2 \, \text{f lb}',P)
19 printf (' \n Design load of 2=\%.2 \,\mathrm{f} lb',P2)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 16.4 chapter 16 example 4

```
1 clc
```

```
2 //initialisation of variables
3 E= 30*10^6
4 syp= 30000 //psi
5 I= 143.5 //in^4
6 A= 7.32 //in
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 I1= 2*I
9 A1= 2*A
10 L= sqrt(2*%pi^2*E*I1/(syp*A1))
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Critical length of the column= %.2 f in',L)
```

## Scilab code Exa 16.5 chapter 16 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 x = 30 //in
4 \times 1 = 10 //in
5 E = 30*10^6
6 d = 0.5 //in
7 \text{ syp} = 60000 // psi
8 y1 = 8 //in
9 y2 = 2 //in
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 ratio= 0.8
12 1 = x + x 1
13 lr= ratio*l
14 I = (\%pi*(d)^4)/64
15 Pcr= %pi^2*E*I/lr^2
16 scr= Pcr/(\%pi*(d/2)^2)
17 F = Pcr*y2/(y1+y2)
18 //RESULTS
19 printf ('Stress in the critical load= \%.2 f psi', scr)
20 printf ('\n Critical force F=\%.2f lb',F)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 16.6 chapter 16 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 l= 10 //ft
4 Ys= 33000 //psi
5 E= 30*10^6
6 A= 13.24 //in^4
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 r= 2
9 lbyr= 1*12/r
10 Cc= sqrt(2*%pi^2*E/Ys)
11 fs= 5/3+3*(lbyr)/(8*Cc)+(lbyr)^3/(5*Cc^3)
12 Sa=((1-((lbyr)^2/(2*Cc^2)))*(Ys))/fs
13 Pa= Sa*A
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Premissible load= %.2e kips',Pa)
```

#### Scilab code Exa 16.7 chapter 16 example 7

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 12 //ft
4 Po= 100 //kips
5 e= 2 //ft
6 ys= 42000 //psi
7 A= 11.77 //in^2
8 rmin= 195 //in
9 Zmin= 11.0 //in^3
10 lbyr= 74.2
11 stress= 18 //ksi
12 //CALCULATIONS
```

```
13 P= (stress-(Po/A)/((1/A)+((e*12)/Zmin)))
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Additional Load= %.2 f kips ',P)
```

## Scilab code Exa 16.8 chapter 16 example 8

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 1 = 15 //ft
4 Al = 80 // kips
5 El= 60 // kips
6 \text{ Ys} = 33 // \text{ksi}
7 e = 4 //in
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 \quad A = 14.4
10 \text{ rmin} = 2.54
11 \ Zxx = 54.6
12 lbyr= 1*12/rmin
13 Smax = ((Al+El)/A)+El*e/Zxx
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Maximum stress %.2 f ksi', Smax)
16 disp("10 WF 49 is the suitable one")
```