## Twitter

# FranciscoPérezHernández 7/4/2017

### Crear Credenciales

Lo primero será ir al siguiente enlace https://apps.twitter.com y registrarnos para obtener nuestras credenciales quedando un fichero llamado "credenciales.R" con la siguiente estructura:

```
#Cargamos las librerías
library("ROAuth")
library("base64enc");
library("twitteR");
library("streamR");
#Cargar parámetros de configuración
reqURL <- "https://api.twitter.com/oauth/request_token"</pre>
accessURL <- "https://api.twitter.com/oauth/access_token"</pre>
authURL <- "https://api.twitter.com/oauth/authorize"</pre>
options(httr_oauth_cache=T)
#Cargar las credenciales obtenidas del paso anterior
consumer_key <- "pegar aquí la credencial"</pre>
consumer_secret <-"pegar aquí la credencial"</pre>
access_token <-"pegar aquí la credencial"</pre>
access secret <-"pegar aquí la credencial"
#Ejecutar la autenticación de TwitteR
setup_twitter_oauth(consumer_key, consumer_secret, access_token, access_secret)
#streamR authentication
credentials_file <- "my_oauth.Rdata"</pre>
if (file.exists(credentials_file)){
 load(credentials_file)
} else {
  cred <- OAuthFactory$new(consumerKey = consumer_key, consumerSecret =</pre>
                              consumer secret, requestURL = reqURL, accessURL = accessURL, authURL = aut.
  cred$handshake(cainfo = system.file("CurlSSL", "cacert.pem", package = "RCurl"))
  save(cred, file = credentials_file)
}
```

#### Obtener datos de twitter

```
# Cargar la librería específica de TwitterR
library(twitteR);

# Leer el fichero de credenciales creado anteriormente, ¡cuidado con la ruta del fichero!.
source('../credenciales.R')
```

```
## Loading required package: RCurl
## Loading required package: bitops
## Loading required package: rjson
## [1] "Using direct authentication"
# Función que permite buscar: #hastag, @usuarios, palabras
tweets <- searchTwitter("#brexit", n=100, lang="en")</pre>
# Quedarse solo con el primer tweet para datos concretos del mismo
tweet <- tweets[[1]];</pre>
# Mostrar la estructura del tweet
#str(tweet)
# Obtener el texto del tweet:
tweet$getText()
## [1] "@MandaJJennings @007harvey @dominic_putney @Simplex2014 @LeaveEUOfficial @theresa_may @BorisJoh
# Obtener información acerca del usuario:
usuario <- getUser(tweet$getScreenName());</pre>
# Mostrar la estructura del usuario
#str(usuario)
# Obtener el nombre del usuario
usuario$getName()
## [1] "angie"
```

## Instalación de paquetes necesarios

```
# Instalar el paquete Sentiment
require('pacman')

## Loading required package: pacman

#if (!require('pacman')) install.packages('pacman&')
#pacman::p_load(devtools, installr)
#install.Rtools()
#install_url('http://cran.r-project.org/src/contrib/Archive/Rstem/Rstem_0.4-1.tar.gz')
#install_url('http://cran.r-project.org/src/contrib/Archive/sentiment/sentiment_0.2.tar.gz')
if (!require('pacman')) install.packages('pacman')
pacman::p_load(twitteR, sentiment, plyr, ggplot2, wordcloud, RColorBrewer, httpuv, RCurl, base64enc)
options(RCurlOptions = list(cainfo = system.file('CurlSSL', 'cacert.pem', package = 'RCurl')))
#setup_twitter_oauth(api_key,api_secret,access_token,access_token_secret)
#setup_twitter_oauth(api_key,api_secret)
```

#### Análisis de sentimientos

### Sacar tweets

Lo primero que vamos a hacer será sacar twetts sobre el brexit y sacar de ellos su texto

```
tweets <- searchTwitter("#brexit", n=10000, lang="en")
texto_tweets = sapply(tweets, function(x) x$getText())</pre>
```

#### Limpiado del texto

Vamos a ver un ejemplo de los primeros tweets encontrados de como vamos limpiando el texto

```
head(texto tweets)
## [1] "@MandaJJennings @007harvey @dominic_putney @Simplex2014 @LeaveEUOfficial @theresa_may @BorisJoh
## [2] "RT @Far_Right_Watch: These people who keep our #NHS going are increasingly returning home. #Bre
## [3] "RT @politicshome: Bank of England tells City to prepare contingencies for worst-case Brexit sce
## [4] "RT @Dwalingen: The great BIG LIE & CRIME of our era.\n\n#EU #euistheproblem #LeaveEU #Brexi
## [5] "RT @disasterhistory: the impact of #Brexit is so appalling that #TheresaMay dare not tell us. S'
## [6] "RT @trilegseaspider: We urge MPs not to write the Govt a blank cheque for hard #Brexit. Show yo
cat("\nEliminamos retweet\n")
## Eliminamos retweet
texto_tweets = gsub('(RT|via)((?:\\b\\\\\)+)', '', texto_tweets)
head(texto_tweets)
## [1] "@MandaJJennings @007harvey @dominic_putney @Simplex2014 @LeaveEUOfficial @theresa_may @BorisJoh
## [2] ": These people who keep our #NHS going are increasingly returning home. #Brexit will destroy th
## [3] ": Bank of England tells City to prepare contingencies for worst-case Brexit scenario: https://t
## [4] ": The great BIG LIE & amp; CRIME of our era.\n\n#EU #euistheproblem #LeaveEU #Brexit #Nexit #Fre
## [5] ": the impact of #Brexit is so appalling that #TheresaMay dare not tell us. STOP IT NOW https://
## [6] ": We urge MPs not to write the Govt a blank cheque for hard #Brexit. Show your support & RT
cat("\nEliminar usuarios\n")
##
## Eliminar usuarios
texto_tweets = gsub('@\\w+', '', texto_tweets)
head(texto_tweets)
## [1] "
              Remoaners lost... https://t.co/5NAK8ybIU6"
## [2] ": These people who keep our #NHS going are increasingly returning home. #Brexit will destroy th
## [3] ": Bank of England tells City to prepare contingencies for worst-case Brexit scenario: https://t
## [4] ": The great BIG LIE & CRIME of our era.\n\n#EU #euistheproblem #LeaveEU #Brexit #Nexit #Fre
## [5] ": the impact of #Brexit is so appalling that #TheresaMay dare not tell us. STOP IT NOW https://
## [6] ": We urge MPs not to write the Govt a blank cheque for hard #Brexit. Show your support & RT
cat("\nEliminamos puntuación\n")
##
## Eliminamos puntuación
texto_tweets = gsub('[[:punct:]]', '', texto_tweets)
head(texto_tweets)
## [1] "
              Remoaners lost httpstco5NAK8ybIU6"
## [2] " These people who keep our NHS going are increasingly returning home Brexit will destroy the NH
## [3] " Bank of England tells City to prepare contingencies for worstcase Brexit scenario httpstcoOLF7
```

## [4] " The great BIG LIE amp CRIME of our era\n\nEU euistheproblem LeaveEU Brexit Nexit Frexit Italex

```
## [5] " the impact of Brexit is so appalling that TheresaMay dare not tell us STOP IT NOW httpstcocvIf
## [6] " We urge MPs not to write the Govt a blank cheque for hard Brexit Show your support amp RT http
cat("\nEliminamos números\n")
##
## Eliminamos números
texto_tweets = gsub('[[:digit:]]', '', texto_tweets)
head(texto_tweets)
## [1] "
              Remoaners lost httpstcoNAKybIU"
## [2] " These people who keep our NHS going are increasingly returning home Brexit will destroy the NH
## [3] " Bank of England tells City to prepare contingencies for worstcase Brexit scenario httpstcoOLFd
## [4] " The great BIG LIE amp CRIME of our era\n\nEU euistheproblem LeaveEU Brexit Nexit Frexit Italex
## [5] " the impact of Brexit is so appalling that TheresaMay dare not tell us STOP IT NOW httpstcocvIf
## [6] " We urge MPs not to write the Govt a blank cheque for hard Brexit Show your support amp RT http
cat("\nEliminamos enlaces html\n")
## Eliminamos enlaces html
texto_tweets = gsub('http\\w+', '', texto_tweets)
head(texto_tweets)
## [1] "
               Remoaners lost "
## [2] " These people who keep our NHS going are increasingly returning home Brexit will destroy the NH
## [3] " Bank of England tells City to prepare contingencies for worstcase Brexit scenario brexit arti
## [4] " The great BIG LIE amp CRIME of our era\n\nEU euistheproblem LeaveEU Brexit Nexit Frexit Italex
## [5] " the impact of Brexit is so appalling that TheresaMay dare not tell us STOP IT NOW "
## [6] " We urge MPs not to write the Govt a blank cheque for hard Brexit Show your support amp RT htt
cat("\nEliminamos espacios innecesarios\n")
##
## Eliminamos espacios innecesarios
texto_tweets = gsub('[ \t]{2,}', '', texto_tweets)
texto_tweets = gsub('^\\s+|\\s+$', '', texto_tweets)
head(texto_tweets)
## [1] "Remoaners lost"
## [2] "These people who keep our NHS going are increasingly returning home Brexit will destroy the NHS
## [3] "Bank of England tells City to prepare contingencies for worstcase Brexit scenariobrexit arti"
## [4] "The great BIG LIE amp CRIME of our era\n\nEU euistheproblem LeaveEU Brexit Nexit Frexit Italexi
## [5] "the impact of Brexit is so appalling that TheresaMay dare not tell us STOP IT NOW"
## [6] "We urge MPs not to write the Govt a blank cheque for hard Brexit Show your support amp RThtt"
#Función para eliminar posibles errores al pasar a minúscula
try.error = function(x){
  # creamos un missing value
 y = NA
  # tryCatch error
  try_error = tryCatch(tolower(x), error=function(e) e)
  # if not un error
  if (!inherits(try_error, 'error'))
   y = tolower(x)
  return(y)
```

```
cat("\nPasamos a minúsucla si no hay error\n")
##
## Pasamos a minúsucla si no hay error
texto_tweets = sapply(texto_tweets, try.error)
head(texto_tweets)
##
##
##
     These people who keep our NHS going are increasingly returning home Brexit will destroy the NHS No
   "these people who keep our nhs going are increasingly returning home brexit will destroy the nhs no
##
                         Bank of England tells City to prepare contingencies for worstcase Brexit scena
##
                       bank of england tells city to prepare contingencies for worstcase brexit scenar"
##
     The great BIG LIE amp CRIME of our era\n\nEU euistheproblem LeaveEU Brexit Nexit Frexit Italexit M
## "the great big lie amp crime of our era\n\neu euistheproblem leaveeu brexit nexit frexit italexit ma
##
                                    the impact of Brexit is so appalling that TheresaMay dare not tell
##
                                  "the impact of brexit is so appalling that theresamay dare not tell u
##
                         We urge MPs not to write the Govt a blank cheque for hard Brexit Show your sup
                       "we urge mps not to write the govt a blank cheque for hard brexit show your supp
cat("\nEliminamos NAs en el texto\n")
##
## Eliminamos NAs en el texto
texto tweets = texto tweets[!is.na(texto tweets)]
names(texto_tweets) = NULL
head(texto_tweets)
## [1] "remoaners lost"
## [2] "these people who keep our nhs going are increasingly returning home brexit will destroy the nhs
## [3] "bank of england tells city to prepare contingencies for worstcase brexit scenariobrexit arti"
## [4] "the great big lie amp crime of our era\n\neu euistheproblem leaveeu brexit nexit frexit italexi
## [5] "the impact of brexit is so appalling that theresamay dare not tell us stop it now"
## [6] "we urge mps not to write the govt a blank cheque for hard brexit show your support amp rthtt"
Clasificador de sentimientos
Ahora vamos a clasificar por emociones y obtener la mejor de ellas
clasificacion_emociones = classify_emotion(texto_tweets, algorithm='bayes', prior=1.0)
emociones = clasificacion_emociones[,7]
# sustituimos NA's por 'unknown'
emociones[is.na(emociones)] = 'unknown'
```

Vamos a mostrar una gráfica en función de la distribución de las emociones sacadas.

clasificacion\_popularidad = classify\_polarity(texto\_tweets, algorithm='bayes')

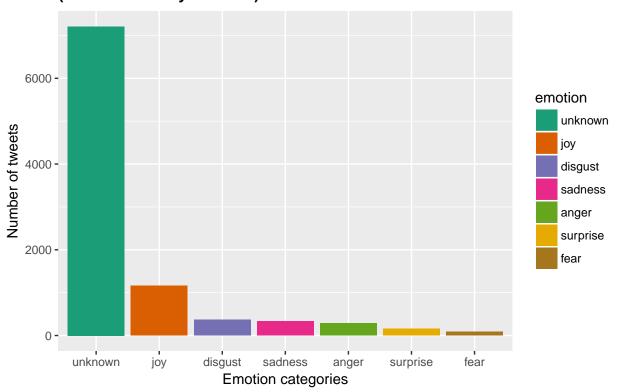
Clasificamos por popularidad los tweets y montamos el dataframe

popularidad = clasificacion\_popularidad[,4]

data = data.frame(text=texto\_tweets, emotion=emociones, polarity=popularidad, stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
data = within(data, emotion <- factor(emotion, levels=names(sort(table(emotion), decreasing=TRUE))))</pre>

```
ggplot(data, aes(x=emotion)) +
geom_bar(aes(y=..count.., fill=emotion)) +
scale_fill_brewer(palette='Dark2') +
labs(x='Emotion categories', y='Number of tweets') +
ggtitle('Sentiment Analysis of Tweets about Brexit\n(classification by emotion)') +
theme(plot.title = element_text(size=12, face='bold'))
```

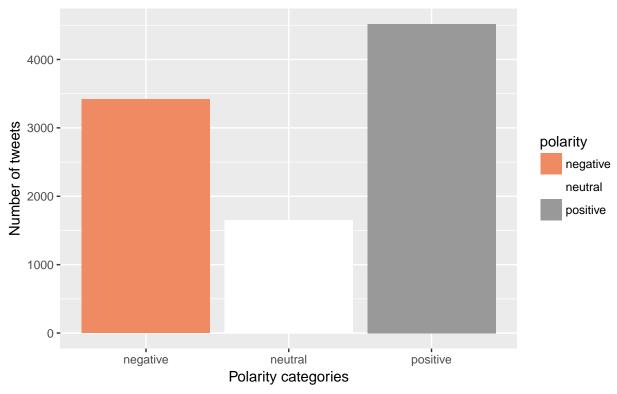
# Sentiment Analysis of Tweets about Brexit (classification by emotion)



Vamos a mostrar una gráfica en función de la distribución de la popularidad.

```
ggplot(data, aes(x=polarity)) +
geom_bar(aes(y=..count.., fill=polarity)) +
scale_fill_brewer(palette='RdGy') +
labs(x='Polarity categories', y='Number of tweets') +
ggtitle('Sentiment Analysis of Tweets about Brexit\n(classification by polarity)') +
theme(plot.title = element_text(size=12, face='bold'))
```

# Sentiment Analysis of Tweets about Brexit (classification by polarity)



Ahora vamos a crear una nube de palabras para ver que es lo que más se usa. Lo primero será separar el texto por emociones y visualizar las palabras

```
emociones_data = levels(factor(data$emotion))
tama_emociones_data = length(emociones_data)
documento_emociones = rep('', tama_emociones_data)
for (i in 1:tama_emociones_data)
tmp = texto_tweets[emociones == emociones_data[i]]
documento_emociones[i] = paste(tmp, collapse=' ')
}
# eliminamos palabras vacias como or, as, off...
documento_emociones = removeWords(documento_emociones, stopwords('english'))
# Creamos el corpus
corpus = Corpus(VectorSource(documento_emociones))
termdocumentmatrix = TermDocumentMatrix(corpus)
termdocumentmatrix = as.matrix(termdocumentmatrix)
colnames(termdocumentmatrix) = emociones_data
# comparison word cloud
comparison.cloud(termdocumentmatrix, colors = brewer.pal(tama_emociones_data, 'Dark2'),
scale = c(3,.5), random.order = FALSE, title.size = 1.5)
```

