READ ME

Read me for the files

- (I) Kreis_et_al_2020_panss.csv and
- (II) Kreis_et_al_2020_PT.model.pupil.csv

(I) Kreis_et_al_2020_panss.csv

File includes calculated working memory, premorbid intelligence and symptom scores

ID	Participant ID (randomly generated)
group	Group membership
	Values: SCZ for participants with a diagnosis from the schizophrenia spectrum HC for participants without psychiatric diagnosis
PANSS.P	Sum scores of positive symptoms, measured with the Positive and Negative Symptoms Scale (PANSS; Kay et al., 1987)
PANSS.N.Gaag	Sum scores of negative symptoms, measured with the PANSS and calculated as suggested by van der Gaag et al. (2006)
WST	Sum scores of the German multiple choice vocabulary test ('Wortschatztest'; Lehrl et al., 1995) as a proxy for premorbid intelligence
WMC	Working memory capacity measured as maximum digit span, assed in a (forward) digit span task

(II) Kreis_et_al_2020_PT.model.pupil.csv

File includes latent variables and parameters of the probabilistic prediction task, estimated with a Hidden Markov Model (HMM), and pupil size measures

ID	Participant ID (randomly generated)
group	Group membership
	Values:
	SZ for participants with a diagnosis from the schizophrenia spectrum
	HC for participants without psychiatric diagnosis
block	Task block: 1 = volatile, 2 = cued (changes announced)
trial	Trial number (1 – 160 for each block)
risk	Risk condition: low for 85:15/15:85 trials, high for 60:40/40:60 trials
p.left	Probability for the left-tilted stimulus (Gabor patch) to appear
HMM.Bsur	HMM – latent variable: Bayesian surprise signal, i.e. extent to which the internal model (belief about the state) should be updated on each trial
HMM.ent	HMM – latent variable: belief entropy, i.e. uncertainty about the hidden state on a given trial
HMM.gamma	HMM parameter: Transition probability gamma, i.e. subjective volatility
НММ.с	HMM parameter: sensitivity to positive feedback c , i.e. probability with which a correct prediction indicates that the true latent state indeed corresponds to the choice made
HMM.d	HMM parameter: sensitivity to negative feedback d , i.e. probability with which an incorrect prediction indicates that the latent state is not the one chosen by action a
Pupil.BL	Baseline pupil size on a given trial: average of the z-scored pupil signal during the 500 ms preceding outcome onset

BL.noise	Pupil size baseline noise on a given trial: standard deviation of the z-scored pupil signal during the 500 ms preceding outcome onset
Pupil.max	Maximum pupil dilation (baseline- corrected) during outcome presentation
excl.t	Indicates whether trial should be excluded from/treated as missing in pupil analyses: if yes, excl.t == 1 (too many missing data points)

Note: Missing values (due to exclusion from model fitting or missing pupil data) are indicated as NA