## **Team Chonk**

```
<u>:</u>.
              H
         .##
             :#:
         !!!!: !!! !!
         !!! !! !!!! !
         HH: 1 HH: 1
         : :: :: :: ::
         ** :: # ::
          `######
          1" "::"!:"+1
         #. '##;' '
       . # # # # #
                    `##.
   .: !! !! !! !! !!
  `###
 ::..:::
                     . . :
                     · . . ;
  ###...
  : # # !
`###
```

## **BIG CHUNGUS**

```
create table games (
   game_id varchar(20),
   map_name varchar(20),
   date_info varchar (20),
   primary key(game_id),
);
```

```
create table maps (
  map_name varchar(20),
  play_rate real,
  atk_win real,
  def_win real,
  num_matches int,
  tier int,
  primary key (map_name, tier)
);
create table player_stats (
  game_id int,
  team_name varchar(50),
  player_id varchar(50),
  agent_name varchar(20),
  average_combat_score int,
  kills int,
  deaths int,
  assists int,
  kill_assist_trade_survive_ratio real,
  average_damage_per_round int,
  headshot_ratio real,
  first_kills int,
  first deaths int,
  team_side char(2),
  tier int,
  primary key (game_id, player_id, team_side)
);
create table weapons (
  weapon_name varchar(20),
  kills_per_match real,
  headshot real,
  bodyshot real,
  legshot real,
  damage_per_round int,
  map_name varchar(20),
  tier int.
  primary key (weapon_name, map_name, tier),
  foreign key (map_name, tier) references maps(map_name, tier)
);
```

```
create table agents (
  agent_name varchar(20),
  kd real,
  kills real,
  deaths real,
  assists real,
  win_rate real,
  pick_rate real,
  acs int,
  first_blood real,
  num_matches int,
  map_name varchar(20),
  tier int,
  ability_1 real,
  ability_2 real,
  ability_3 real,
  ultimate real,
  primary key (agent_name, map_name, tier),
  foreign key (map_name, tier) references maps(map_name, tier)
);
```

```
mysql -u chonk -p -h 34.173.148.192
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 20789
Server version: 8.0.31-google (Google)
Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysal> use chonk;
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A
Database changed
mysql> show tables;
| Tables_in_chonk |
+----+
l agents
l games
l maps
| player_stats |
l weapons l
5 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

```
| 117:85 | AstarMMS-backNI | Killjoy | 1.12 | 289 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 100 | 184 | 33 | 0 | 0 | ct | 21 |
| 117:85 | AstarMMS-backNI | Killjoy | 1.22 | 299 | 11 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 83 | 155 | 56 | 2 | 0 | ct | 21 |
| 117:85 | AstarMMS-backNI | Killjoy | 1.32 | 299 | 11 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 83 | 155 | 56 | 2 | 0 | ct | 21 |
| 117:85 | AstarMMS-backNI | Killjoy | 1.32 | 299 | 11 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 83 | 155 | 56 | 2 | 0 | ct | 21 |
| 117:85 | AstarMMS-backNI | Killjoy | 1.32 | 299 | 11 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 83 | 155 | 56 | 2 | 0 | ct | 21 |
| 117:85 | Booster | Omen | 0.6 | 113 | 4 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 67 | 77 | 32 | 0 | 3 | ct | 21 |
| 117:85 | Booster | Omen | 0.62 | 72 | 2 | 6 | 3 | -4 | 57 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 2 | ct | 21 |
| 117:85 | Browe | Omen | 0.86 | 193 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 75 | 111 | 30 | 2 | 1 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Browe | Omen | 0.86 | 193 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 75 | 111 | 30 | 2 | 1 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Browe | Omen | 0.86 | 23 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 71 | 138 | 33 | 1 | 1 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Chronicle | Koyo | 0.97 | 283 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 71 | 138 | 33 | 1 | 1 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Broke | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100 | 261 | 46 | 2 | 0 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Broke | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100 | 261 | 46 | 2 | 0 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Broke | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100 | 261 | 46 | 2 | 0 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Broke | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100 | 261 | 46 | 2 | 0 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Deprise | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100 | 261 | 46 | 2 | 0 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Deprise | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100 | 261 | 46 | 2 | 0 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Deprise | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100 | 261 | 46 | 2 | 0 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Deprise | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100 | 261 | 46 | 2 | 0 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Deprise | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100 | 261 | 46 | 2 | 0 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Deprise | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100 | 261 | 46 | 2 | 0 | t | 21 |
| 117:85 | Deprise | Dette | Dette | 1.54 | 375 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 100
```

```
mysql> select * from weapons limit 10; select count(*) from weapons;
| weapon_name | kills_per_match | headshot | bodyshot | legshot | damage_per_round | map_name | tier |
| Ares
                       4.0 | 6.0 |
                                          67.6 | 26.4 |
                                                                     89 | ascent
                       2.7 |
                                5.9 |
                                          69.4 | 24.7 |
| Ares
                                                                    97 | ascent
                                                                                 1 5 1
| Ares
                       3.2 |
                                6.3 |
                                          74.0 | 19.7 |
                                                                    95 | ascent
                       2.4 |
                                5.3 |
                                          69.7 | 25.0 |
| Ares
                                                                     98 | ascent
                                                                                 1 6 1
                       2.7 |
                                7.6 |
                                          70.6 l
                                                21.8 |
                                                                    99 | ascent
                                                                                    7 I
| Ares
                                                                                    8 I
                       2.1 |
                                7.5 |
                                          72.9 l
                                                 19.6 ∣
                                                                    92 | ascent
| Ares
                                                 17.8 I
                       1.8 |
| Ares
                                8.4 |
                                          73.8 l
                                                                    94 | ascent
                       1.3 l
                                8.1 |
                                                19.6 |
| Ares
                                          72.3 l
                                                                    93 | ascent
                                                                                    10 l
                       1.7 |
                                13.5 |
                                          71.9 |
                                                  14.6 |
| Ares
                                                                    102 | ascent
                                                                                    11 |
                                          71.2 | 20.0 |
| Ares
                       1.2 |
                               8.8 |
                                                                    80 | ascent | 12 |
10 rows in set (0.03 sec)
| count(*) |
 1495 l
1 row in set (0.04 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from agents limit 10; select count(*) from agents;
agent_name | kd | kills | deaths | assists | win_rate | pick_rate | acs | first_blood | num_matches | map_name | tier | ability_1 | ability_2 | ability_3 | ultimate |
                                                                          6.0 |
                                                                                                                                                                                   51 | ascent
                                                                          7.0 |
6.5 |
5.0 |
4.9 |
6.5 |
6.4 |
4.3 |
                                                                                                                  0.8 | 252 |
1.1 | 184 |
0.6 | 176 |
0.7 | 225 |
1.4 | 211 |
1.1 | 175 |
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          17.4 |
26.2 |
22.5 |
25.7 |
27.4 |
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 6.9 |
7.5 |
6.4 |
7.4 |
8.6 |
                     | 0.76 | 13.0 |
| 0.69 | 10.0 |
| 1.11 | 20.0 |
                                                      17.0 |
14.5 |
                                                                                            0.0 I
50.0 I
                                                                                                                                                       23.1 |
5.0 |
2.5 |
8.7 |
                                                                                                                                                                                 51 | ascent
102 | ascent
102 | ascent
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    2.2 |
2.2 |
1.9 |
2.1 |
 Astra
                                                      14.5 |
18.0 |
15.1 |
15.0 |
14.5 |
13.7 |
                                                                                            50.0 I
40.0 I
                    | 0.99 | 14.9 |
| 0.87 | 13.0 |
| 1.08 | 15.7 |
| 0.92 | 12.6 |
                                                                                                                               211 |
175 |
197 |
205 |
 Astra
                                                                                                                                                                                  510 | ascent
                                                                                                                                                                                        | ascent
                                                                                            61.5 |
41.7 |
                                                                                                                  1.0 |
1.6 |
                                                                                                                                                      14.2 |
11.9 |
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          23.9 I
26.3 I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1.9 |
3.0 |
                    | 0.80 | 13.2 |
| 1.06 | 16.5 |
                                                      16.4 |
15.5 |
                                                                          4.6 I
5.7 I
                                                                                            40.0 |
50.0 |
                                                                                                                                                                                  255 | ascent
306 | ascent
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1.8 I
2.1 I
10 rows in set (0.04 sec)
count(*) |
1 row in set (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> mysql> select games limit 10; select count(*) from games;
| game_id | map_name | date
| 159497 | Sunset | 2024-02-12 17:45:00 |
| 159498 | Icebox | 2024-02-12 17:45:00 |
| 130890 | Lotus | 2023-06-01 08:30:00 |
| 130891 | Haven | 2023-06-01 08:30:00 |
| 130892 | Split | 2023-06-01 08:30:00 |
| 149978 | Haven | 2023-12-14 17:30:00 |
| 149979 | Lotus | 2023-12-14 17:30:00 |
| 149980 | Ascent | 2023-12-14 17:30:00 |
| 171314 | Lotus | 2024-06-23 08:00:00 |
| 171315 | Bind | 2024-06-23 08:00:00 |
10 rows in set (0.04 sec)
| count(*) |
+----+
15548 |
1 row in set (0.04 sec)
```

## **Advanced Queries:**

1. Query for finding the most commonly played agents given a starting agent ("Reyna" in this case, which represents our user's most played agent) and our player's rank. This query would be useful for picking teams because certain agents have synergies with each other. There is currently an issue with this query because it uses "game\_id" instead of "team\_id" (which is not present in the dataset). This causes the repeat in the output here because two players on different teams can both play Reyna. We will be scraping vlr.gg ourselves to get the team\_id and we'll update the query so it's correct.

Initial: Nested loop inner join (cost=57686952.98 rows=576595371)

```
mysql> create index ide.agent_name on player_stats(agent_name);

Query OK, 9 mous affected (2.11 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> explain analyze select agent_name from player_stats where game_id in (select game_id from player_stats where agent_name = "Reyna") and tier = 21 group by agent_name order by count(agent_name) desc limit 15;

| EXPLAIN |

| -> Limit: 15 row(s) (actual time=27.947. 27.948 rows=15 loops=1)

| -> Sort: count(player_stats.agent_name) DESC, limit input to 15 row(s) per chunk (actual time=27.946...27.947 rows=15 loops=1)

| -> Table scan on -temporary calcula time=27.992. 27.923 rows=24 loops=1)

| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=4480 17 rows=739) (calcula time=0.985.1.359 rows=824 loops=1)

| -> Recover duplicates from input sorted on idx_agent_name (cost=230 64 rows=1808) (actual time=0.958.1.359 rows=824 loops=1)

| -> Filter: (player_stats.tier = 21) (cost=480.34 rows=2) (actual time=0.913.0.018 rows=20 loops=824)

| -> Index lookup on player_stats using PRIMMRY (game_id=player_stats.game_id) (cost=480.34 rows=21) (actual time=0.013.0.016 rows=20 loops=824)

| -> Index lookup on player_stats using PRIMMRY (game_id=player_stats.game_id) (cost=480.34 rows=21) (actual time=0.013.0.016 rows=20 loops=824)

| -> Index lookup on player_stats using PRIMMRY (game_id=player_stats.game_id) (cost=480.34 rows=21) (actual time=0.013.0.016 rows=20 loops=824)

| -> Index lookup on player_stats using PRIMMRY (game_id=player_stats.game_id) (cost=480.34 rows=21) (actual time=0.013.0.016 rows=20 loops=824)
```

index idx\_agent\_name on player\_stats(agent\_name); Nested loop inner join (cost=4450.17 rows=3739)

- Significantly reduced cost
- Before index query needed to scan player\_stats fully for all instances of Reyna, very expensive due to size of table
- After index: database able to use index to quickly locate all rows with agent name reyna. No need to look through other rows
- Nested loop requiring scanning for agent\_name multiple time makes the performance increase substantial

index idx\_tier on player\_stats(tier); Nested loop inner join (cost=288324700.33 rows=2882976812)

- Substantial increase in cost
- Currently all data in the player\_stats table is at a single rank
- Indexing caused massive storage use but no real perks since it just indexed the whole table
- Query still checks index table each time due to checking for a single tier
  - Since all entries are at the same tier likely that one bucket is a very long linked list

```
Agriculture from took xills on player_stats(kills);

Agrey DK, 8 poss affected 1.0 sec)

Records: 8 Duplicates: 8 Marmings: 8

Apysals explain analyze select agent_name from player_stats where game_id in (select game_id from player_stats where agent_name = "Reyna") and tier = 21 group by agent_name order by count(agent_name) desc limit 15;

| EMPLAIN |

| > Limit: 15 row(s) (actual time=353.714.353.716 rows=15 loops=1)
| > Sort: count(player_stats.agent_name) DEXS, limit input to 15 row(s) per chunk (actual time=353.714.353.714 rows=15 loops=1)
| > Sort: count(player_stats.agent_name) DEXS, limit input to 15 row(s) per chunk (actual time=353.714.353.714 rows=15 loops=1)
| > Agaregate using temporary= (actual time=353.653.555.689 rows=24 loops=1)
| > Platest loop interm join (cours=7506652.85) rows=24 loops=1)
| > Filter: (player_stats.tier = 21) (cost=25814.65 rows=24812.9) (actual time=28.277.344.612 rows=16418 loops=1)
| > Filter: (player_stats.tier = 21) (cost=25814.65 rows=24812.9) (actual time=68.51.83) rows=249170 loops=1)
| > Single=row index lookup on esubapery2 using auto_distinct.keps (game_ide)player_stats.game_ide) loops=249170 loops=1)
| > Single=row index lookup on esubapery2 using auto_distinct.keps (game_ide)player_stats.game_ide) (cost=2781.89 rows=248122) (actual time=68.51.97 rows=248120 loops=1)
| > Table scan on player_stats (cost=25814.65 rows=248124) (actual time=6.851.19.75 rows=248120 loops=1)
| > Table scan on player_stats (cost=25814.65 rows=248124) (actual time=6.851.19.73 rows=248170 loops=1)
| > Table scan on player_stats (cost=25814.65 rows=248124) (actual time=6.851.99.73 rows=248170 loops=1)
| > Table scan on player_stats (cost=25814.65 rows=248124) (actual time=6.851.99.73 rows=248170 loops=1)
| > Table scan on player_stats (cost=25814.65 rows=248124) (actual time=6.851.99.73 rows=248170 loops=1)
| > Table scan on player_stats (cost=25814.65 rows=248124) (actual time=6.851.99.73 rows=248170 loops=1)
| > Table scan on player_stats (cost=25814.65 rows=248124) (actual time=6.851.9
```

index idx\_kills on player\_stats(kills); Nested loop inner join (cost=57686952.98 rows=576595371)

- No change in cost
- Kills not used in the query
- 2.) Query can be used to find the most played agent of a particular player to analyze user data. It will also be used in determining a pro-player look alike, as we can match most played agents between a user and pro's and then look to the other stats to further narrow down the match.



Initial: (cost=49027.06 rows=15)

```
### and the property of the pr
```

index idx agent name on player stats(agent name); (cost=49027.06 rows=15)

- Not sure why this doesn't help
  - Could be due to the query being more dependent on player\_id
  - Agent\_name field is involved in grouping and so the query will iterate over all of the rows regardless

index idx\_tier on player\_stats(tier); (cost = 49027 rows = 15)

- No notable change in performance:
  - idx\_tier is not an attribute we are querying on, so it makes sense to have no effect

```
mysql> create index idx_rating on player_stats(rating);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.89 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Marnings: 0

mysql> explain analyze select distinct pl.player_id from player_stats pl where "Viper" = (select agent_name from player_stats p2 where p2.player_id = pl.player_id | cost=3483.49 rows=240124) (actual time=0.448..124.749 rows=1 loops=2009)

-> Fither: (p2.player_id = pl.player_id) (cost=3483.49 rows=240124) (actual time=0.448..124.537 rows=125 loops=2009)

-> Fither: (p2.player_id = pl.player_id) (cost=3483.49 rows=240124) (actual time=0.448..124.537 rows=125 loops=2009)

-> Table scan on p2 (cost=3483.49 rows=240124) (actual time=0.445..122.696 rows=249170 loops=2009)

-> Table scan on p2 (cost=3483.49 rows=240124) (actual time=0.445..102.696 rows=249170 loops=2009)

-> Table scan on p2 (cost=3483.49 rows=240124) (actual time=0.445..102.696 rows=249170 loops=2009)

-> Toble scan on p2 (cost=3483.49 rows=240124) (actual time=0.445..102.696 rows=249170 loops=2009)

-> Toble scan on p2 (cost=3483.49 rows=240124) (actual time=0.445..102.696 rows=249170 loops=2009)

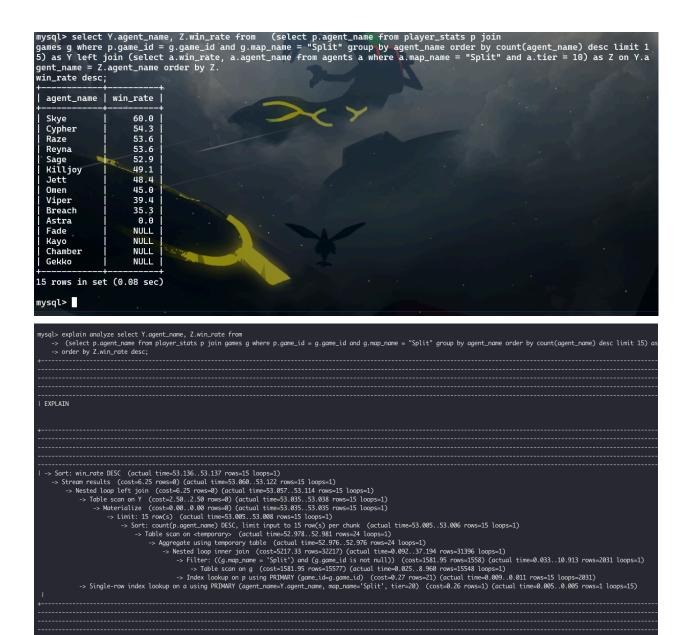
-> Toble scan on p2 (cost=3483.49 rows=240124) (actual time=0.445..102.696 rows=249170 loops=2009)
```

index idx\_rating on player\_stats(rating);

- Negligible difference in performance:
- Rating is not part of the query

Note: We know the last two attributes used in indexing are not part of the query, however due to the limitation of the query itself, we did this purely to fulfill the requirements.

3.) This query combines the information from VIr.gg and Blitz.gg together to help make agent recommendations to users. First, we would get the top 5 agents played on a specific map by pros, and then find the win rates of those agents on the specific map for the player's rank. In the screenshot we limited it to 15 instead of 5 due to requirements, but wouldn't do this in practice. It is also worth noting that at some ranks not all of the agents have win rates in Blitz, and not every agent will be used on a particular map in pro play.



Initial: Stream results (cost=6.25 rows=0)

```
mysql> create index idx_agent_name on player_stats(agent_name);
Query WK, 0 rows affected (1.81 sec)

mysql> explain analyze select Y agent_name, Z.min_rate from

> calecton pagen_name from player_stats p join games g where p.game_id = g.game_id and g.map_name = "Split" group by agent_name order by count(agent_name) desc limit 15) and

> order by Z.min_rate desc;

| SPFAIN |

| SPFAIN |
```

index idx\_agent\_name on player\_stats; (cost = 6.25 rows = 0)

- Negligible change in performance
  - Agent\_name used in group by and Count(agent\_name)
  - This index would not affect the rows traversed

```
### PRPLAIN

| Sort: win_rate DESC (actual time-52.247..52.249 rows=15 loops=1)
| Sort: win_rate DESC (actual time-52.247..52.249 rows=15 loops=1)
| Stream results (cost=6.25 rows=40) (actual time-52.169..52.26 rows=15 loops=1)
| Stream results (cost=6.25 rows=40) (actual time-52.172..52.244 rows=15 loops=1)
| Stream results (cost=6.25 rows=40) (actual time-52.169..52.26 rows=15 loops=1)
| Stream (cost=6.05 rows=40) (actual time-52.169..52.26 rows=15 loops=1)
| Stream (cost=6.06.00 no) non=60 (actual time-52.169..52.26 rows=15 loops=1)
| Stream (cost=6.06.00 no) non=60 (actual time-52.169..52.16 rows=15 loops=1)
| Stream (cost=6.06.00 non=60) (actual time-52.169..52.16 rows=15 loops=1)
| Stream (cost=6.06.00 no) non=60 (actual time-52.169..52.16 rows=15 loops=1)
| Stream (cost=6.06.00 no) non=60 (actual time-52.169..52.16 rows=15 loops=1)
| Stream (cost=6.06.00 non=6.00 (actual time-52.169..52.16 rows=158.16 cost=1)
| Stream (cost=6.06.00 non=6.00 (actual time-6.06 non=6.00 no
```

index idx\_win\_rate on agents; (cost = 6.25 rows= 0)

Negligible change in performance

- win\_rate too relevant to the query, only being returned at the end and ordering
- Doesn't effect interior rows

index idx\_map\_name on games(map\_name); (cost=6.25 rows=0)

- Negligible change in performance
  - Overall result doesn't use map\_name
  - Slight increase in nested loop inner join (cost = 5015 decrease from cost= 5217)
  - Due to filter condition looking for map name = 'Split'
- 4) This query also will be useful in giving recommendations to players on which agents to play on which maps, returning the top peaking agents in pro games for a particular map.

```
mysql> SELECT a.map_name, a.agent_name, MAX(a.acs) AS MaxACS from agents a JOIN maps m ON a.map_name = m.map_name AND a. tier =m.tier group by a.map_name, a.agent_name order by a.map_name, MaxACS DESC limit 15;
                                   MaxACS
| map_name | agent_name |
  ascent
                  Raze
                                        335
319
  ascent
                  Reyna
  ascent
                  Yoru
                  Jett
                                        277
268
252
250
234
230
227
225
225
223
217
  ascent
                  Viper
Astra
  ascent
  ascent
                  Phoenix
  ascent
  ascent
                  Brimstone
  ascent
                  Breach
  ascent
                  Killjoy
  ascent
                  Omen
  ascent
                  Sova
                  Sage
  ascent
                 Skye
Cypher
  ascent
                                        216
  ascent
15 rows in set (0.04 sec)
mysql>
```

Initial: Nested loop inner join (cost=560.99 rows=1570)

```
mysql> create index idx_agent_name on player_stats(agent_name);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.91 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> explain analyze SELECT a.map_name, a.agent_name, MAX(a.acs) AS MaxACS
    -> agents a
    -> JOIN maps m ON a.map_name = m.map_name AND a.tier =m.tier
    -> GROUP BY
     -> a.map_name,
     -> ORDER BY
     -> MaxACS DESC;
  -> Sort: a.map_name, MaxACS DESC (actual time=4.420..4.425 rows=75 loops=1)
     -> Table scan on <temporary> (actual time=4.362..4.376 rows=75 loops=1)
-> Aggregate using temporary table (actual time=4.360..4.360 rows=75 loops=1)
            -> Nested loop inner join (cost=560.99 rows=1570) (actual time=0.139..3.086 rows=1245 loops=1)
                -> Covering index scan on m using PRIMARY (cost=11.35 rows=111) (actual time=0.067..0.095 rows=111 loops=1)
                 -> Index lookup on a using map_name (map_name=m.map_name, tier=m.tier) (cost=3.55 rows=14) (actual time=0.024..0.026 rows=11 loops=111)
1 row in set (0.05 sec)
```

index idx\_agent\_name on player\_stats(agent\_name); Nested loop inner join (cost=560.99 rows=1570)

- Does not affect performance
  - Does not reduce the number of rows we iterate over since we are just aggregating data and not searching for a specific data type

```
mysql> create index idx_tier on maps(tier);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Marnings: 0

mysql> explain analyze SELECT a.map_name, a.agent_name, MAX(a.acs) AS MaxACS FROM agents a JOIN maps m ON a.map_name = m.map_name AND a.tier =m.tier GROUP BY a.map_name, a.agent_name ORDER BY a.map_name, MaxACS DESC;

.

I = EXPLAIN

1 -> Sort: a.map_name, MaxACS DESC (actual time=4.114. 4.119 rows=75 loops=1)

-> Table scan on temporary> (actual time=4.055. 4.075 rows=75 loops=1)

-> Agengeate using temporary table (actual time=4.085. 4.075 rows=75 loops=1)

-> Nested loop inner join (cost=560.99 rows=1570) (actual time=0.031.2.925 rows=1245 loops=1)

-> Covering index scan on m using idx_tier (cost=11.35 rows=11) (actual time=0.023.0.025 rows=11 loops=111)

-> Index lookup on a using map_name (map_name, tier=m.tier) (cost=3.55 rows=14) (actual time=0.023.0.025 rows=11 loops=111)

1 row in set (0.04 sec)
```

index idx\_tier on maps(tier); Nested loop inner join (cost=560.99 rows=1570)

- Does not affect performance
  - Does not reduce the number of rows we iterate over since we are just aggregating data and not searching for a specific data type

index idx\_acs on agents(acs); Nested loop inner join (cost=560.99 rows=1570)

Does not affect performance

- Does not reduce the number of rows we iterate over since we are just aggregating data and not searching for a specific data type

## Final Index design:

- Indexing on agent\_name provides the best performance increase (going from cost=57686952.98 to 4450.17. This is because we are significantly reducing the total number of rows. Remove duplicates from input sorted on idx\_agent\_name (cost=230.64 rows=1808) (actual time=0.058..1.350 rows=824 loops=1).
- The index on tier is not helpful because our dataset only has tier = 21 right now, but we think it would help if tiers were evenly distributed. Indexing on player kills is not helpful at all and the cost stays the same because the column is not used in the query.