

$$u[-n + 10] = \begin{cases} 1, & n \leq 10 \\ 0, & n > 10 \end{cases}.$$

A second example is given in Figure 11.14(b).

3. A function $f[n]$ is *two sided* if it is neither right sided nor left sided. For example, $\cos(n)$ is two sided.

4. A function is of *finite duration* if it is both right sided and left sided. For example, $(u[n] - u[n - 10])$ is of finite duration. A second example is given in Figure 11.14(c).

We find these definitions useful when working with bilateral transforms.

Bilateral Transforms

In Chapter 7, a procedure was given for finding bilateral Laplace transforms from unilateral Laplace-transform tables. An equivalent procedure can be developed for finding bilateral z -transforms from unilateral z -transform tables. However, this procedure is complex and prone to error. Instead, a table of bilateral z -transforms is given as Table 11.5. A procedure is now given for using this table.

TABLE 11.5 Bilateral z -Transform

$f[n]$	$F(z)$	ROC
1. $\delta[n]$	1	All z
2. $\delta[n - n_0]$	z^{-n_0}	$z \neq 0, n_0 \geq 0$ $z \neq \infty, n_0 < 0$
3. $u[n]$	$\frac{z}{z - 1}$	$ z > 1$
4. $nu[n]$	$\frac{z}{(z - 1)^2}$	$ z > 1$
5. $a^n u[n]$	$\frac{z}{z - a}$	$ z > a $
6. $na^n u[n]$	$\frac{az}{(z - a)^2}$	$ z > a $
7. $a^n \sin(bn)u[n]$	$\frac{az \sin b}{z^2 - 2az \cos b + a^2}$	$ z > a $
8. $a^n \cos(bn)u[n]$	$\frac{z(z - a \cos b)}{z^2 - 2az \cos b + a^2}$	$ z > a $
9. $-u[-n - 1]$	$\frac{z}{z - 1}$	$ z < 1$
10. $-a^n u[-n - 1]$	$\frac{z}{z - a}$	$ z < a $
11. $-na^n u[-n - 1]$	$\frac{az}{(z - a)^2}$	$ z < a $
12. $a^{ n }, a < 1$	$\frac{z}{z - a} - \frac{z}{z - 1/a}$	$ a < z < 1/a $