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* /
package com.qualcomm.ftcrobotcontroller.opmodes;
//====== Import Core Functions So They Can Be Used Later In The Program =============
import com.qualcomm.robotcore.eventloop.opmode.OpMode;
import com.qualcomm.robotcore.hardware.DcMotor;
import com.qualcomm.robotcore.hardware.Servo;
import com.qualcomm.robotcore.util.Range;
/**
 * TeleOp Mode
 * 
 * Enables control of the robot via the gamepads
*/
public class TeleOP extends OpMode {
public DcMotor motorFR;
   public DcMotor motorFL;
   public DcMotor motorBR;
   public DcMotor motorBL;
// Servo Motor "Java" Names
   public Servo CServoLift;
   public Servo CServoMS;
   public Servo CServoIntS;
   public Servo ServoRF;
   public Servo ServoLF;
   // position of the lift servo.
   double CServoLiftPosition;
   // amount to change the lift servo position.
```

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double CServoLiftDelta = 0.1;
  // position of the main sweeper servo.
  double CServoMSPosition;
  // amount to change the main sweeper servo position.
  double CServoMSDelta = 0.1;
  // position of the internal sweeper servo.
  double CServoIntSPosition;
  // amount to change the internal sweeper servo position.
  double CServoIntSDelta = 0.1;
  // position of the right flipper servo.
  double ServoRFPosition;
  // amount to change the right flipper servo position.
  double ServoRFDelta = 0.5;
  // position of the left flipper servo.
  double ServoLFPosition;
  // amount to change the right flipper servo position.
  double ServoLFDelta = 0.5;
// Limit Switch "Java" Names
  DigitalChannel LTLimit
  DigitalChannel LBLimit
/**
   * Constructor
  public TeleOP() {
/*
```

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* Code to run when the op mode is first enabled goes here
    * @see com.qualcomm.robotcore.eventloop.opmode.OpMode#start()
   @Override
   public void init() {
       /*
        * Use the hardwareMap to get the dc motors and servos by name. Note
        * that the names of the devices must match the names used when you
        * configured your robot and created the configuration file.
        * /
           There are four motors "motor_1", "motor_2", "motor_3", "motor_4"
           "motor_1" is on the front right side of the bot.
           "motor_2" is on the front left side of the bot.
           "motor_3" is on the rear right side of the bot.
           "motor_4" is on the rear left side of the bot.
         Motor Layout
                Front of Robot
                  2----1
        * /
motorFR = hardwareMap.dcMotor.get("motor_1");
       motorFL = hardwareMap.dcMotor.get("motor_2");
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motorBR = hardwareMap.dcMotor.get("motor_3");
       motorBL = hardwareMap.dcMotor.get("motor_4");
       motorFR.setDirection(DcMotor.Direction.REVERSE);
       motorBR.setDirection(DcMotor.Direction.REVERSE);
//====== Match Servo Motors "Java" Names to Hardware Configuration Names ============
       CServoLift = hardwareMap.servo.get("LiftMotor"); // channel 5
                                                 // channel 3
       CServoMS = hardwareMap.servo.get("MSMotor");
       CServoIntS = hardwareMap.servo.get("ISMotor");  // channel 2
       ServoRF = hardwareMap.servo.get("RFMotor");
                                                 // channel 1
       ServoLF = hardwareMap.servo.get("LFMotor");
                                                 // channel 4
// assign the starting position of the Lift Motor (CServoLift)
       CServoLiftPosition = 0.5; // 0.5 Stops the Motor
       // assign the starting position of the Main Sweeper Motor (CServoMS)
       CServoMSPosition = 0.5; // 0.5 Stops the Motor
       // assign the starting position of the Internal Sweeper Motor (CServoIntS)
       CServoIntSPosition = 0.5; // 0.5 Stops the Motor
       // assign the starting position of the Right Flipper Motor (ServoRF)
       ServoRFPosition = 1; // 0 = 0 degree position and 1 = 180 degree position
       // assign the starting position of the Left Flipper Motor (ServoLF)
       ServoLFPosition = 0; // 0 = 0 degree position and 1 = 180 degree position
//====== Match Limit Switch "Java" Names to Hardware Configuration Names ===========
       LTLimit = hardwareMap.digitalChannel.get("LiftLimit T");
       LBLimit = hardwareMap.digitalChannel.get("LiftLimit_B");
   }
//======= Check GamePad Controllers and Tell the Robot what to Do ==============
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* This method will be called repeatedly in a loop
    * @see com.qualcomm.robotcore.eventloop.opmode.OpMode#run()
    * /
   @Override
   public void loop() {
/*
       * Gamepad 1 controls the drive motors via the left and right sticks
                                     Front of Gamepad
                   Left Joystick
                                                       Right Joystick
                Moves Left Side Forward
                                                   Moves Right Side Forward
                                                           ^ ^
                                                      < |
                  < |
                                                      < |
                       v v
                                                           v v
                Moves Right Side Back
                                                   Moves Right Side Back
//============== Tank Drive Control =========================
      // note that if y equal 1 then joystick is pushed all of the way forward.
      float leftstick = gamepad1.left_stick_y;
      float rightstick = gamepad1.right_stick_y;
```

```
// clip the rightstick/leftstick values so that the values never exceed +/- 1
      rightstick = Range.clip(rightstick, -1, 1);
      leftstick = Range.clip(leftstick, -1, 1);
      // scale the joystick value to make it easier to control
      // the robot more precisely at slower speeds.
      rightstick = (float) scaleInput(rightstick);
      leftstick = (float) scaleInput(leftstick);
      // write the values to the motors
      motorFR.setPower(rightstick);
      motorFL.setPower(leftstick);
      motorBR.setPower(rightstick);
      motorBL.setPower(leftstick);
/*
       * Gamepad 2 controls the Lift, Main Sweeper, Internal Sweeper and
       * the Right and Left Flipper Servo Motors
      * /
// Tell the lift servo to move up.
      if (gamepad2.dpad_up) {
          // if the D-Pad Up button is pushed on gamepad2, increment the position of
          // the lift servo. Note This is a continuous servo so it will run until the stop
          // button is pressed.
          CServoLiftPosition += CServoLiftDelta;
      }
//======== Top Limit Switch ===========
      // Tell the lift servo to stop if the Top Limit Switch is activated.
      boolean LTLimitVal = LTLimit.getState();
      if LTLimitVal = True {
```

```
// if the Lift Top Limit Switch is activated, stop the lift servo
           CServoLiftPosition = 0.5;
       1
       // Tell the lift servo to move down.
       if (gamepad2.dpad_down) {
           // if the D-Pad Down button is pushed on gamepad2, decrement the position of
           // the lift servo. Note This is a continuous servo so it will run until the stop
           // button is pressed.
           CServoLiftPosition -= CServoLiftDelta;
       }
//====== Bottom Limit Switch ============
       // Tell the lift servo to stop if the Bottom Limit Switch is activated.
       boolean LBLimitVal = LBLimit.getState();
       if LBLimitVal = True {
           // if the Lift Bottom Limit Switch is activated, stop the lift servo
           CServoLiftPosition = 0.5;
       }
       // Tell the lift servo to stop
       if (gamepad2.y) {
          // if the Y button is pushed on gamepad2, stop the lift servo
          CServoLiftPosition = 0.5;
       // clip the position value so that it never exceeds the allowed range.
       CServoLiftPosition = Range.clip(CServoLiftPosition, .2, .8);
       // write the position value to the lift servo
       CServoLift.setPosition(CServoLiftPosition);
//======== Main Sweeper Control =============================
       // Tell the main sweeper servo to sweep blocks in (CW?).
       if (gamepad2.right_bumper) {
           // if the right bumper button is pushed on gamepad2, increment the position of
           // the main sweeper servo. Note This is a continuous servo so it will run
           // until the stop button is pressed.
```

```
CServoMSPosition += CServoMSDelta;
       }
       // Tell the main sweeper servo to sweep blocks out (CCW?).
       if (gamepad2.left_bumper) {
           // if the left bumper button is pushed on gamepad2, decrement the position of
           // the main sweeper servo. Note This is a continuous servo so it will run
           // until the stop button is pressed.
           CServoMSPosition -= CServoMSDelta;
       // Tell the main sweeper servo to stop
       if (gamepad2.y) {
          // if the Y button is pushed on gamepad2, stop the main sweeper servo
          CServoLiftPosition = 0.5;
       // clip the position values so that they never exceed their allowed range.
       CServoMSPosition = Range.clip(CServoMSPosition, .2, .8);
       // write position values to the mains sweeper servo
       CServoMS.setPosition(CServoMSPosition);
//========= Internal Sweeper Control ========================
       // Tell the internal sweeper servo to sweep right (CW?).
       if (gamepad2.dpad_right) {
           // if the D-Pad right button is pushed on gamepad2, increment the position of
           // the internal sweeper servo. Note This is a continuous servo so it will run
           // until the stop button is pressed.
           CServoIntSPosition += CServoIntSDelta;
       }
       // Tell the internal sweeper servo to sweep left (CCW?).
       if (gamepad2.dpad_left) {
           // if the D-Pad left button is pushed on gamepad2, decrement the position of
           // the internal sweeper servo. Note This is a continuous servo so it will run
           // until the stop button is pressed.
           CServoIntSPosition -= CServoIntSDelta;
```

```
// Tell the internal sweeper servo to stop
       if (gamepad2.y) {
          // if the Y button is pushed on gamepad2, stop the internal sweeper servo
          CServoIntSPosition = 0.5;
       // clip the position value so that it never exceeds the allowed range.
       CServoIntSPosition = Range.clip(CServoIntSPosition, .2, .8);
       // write the position value to the internal sweeper servo
       CServoIntS.setPosition(CServoIntSPosition);
// Tell the flipper servos to flip up.
       if (gamepad2.a) {
           // if the A button is pushed on gamepad2, set the position of
           // the right and left flipper servos to 90 degrees.
           ServoRFPosition -= ServoRFDelta;
           ServoLFPosition += ServoLFDelta;
       if (gamepad2.b) {
           // if the B button is pushed on gamepad2, set the position of
           // the right and left flipper servos (RF) to 180 and (LF) to 0 degrees.
           ServoRFPosition += ServoRFDelta;
           ServoLFPosition -= ServoLFDelta;
       // clip the position values so that they never exceed the allowed ranges.
       ServoRFPosition = Range.clip(ServoRFPosition, 0.0, 1.0); // change these when known
       ServoLFPosition = Range.clip(ServoLFPosition, 0.0, 1.0); // change these when known
       // write the position values to the flipper servos
       ServoRF.setPosition(ServoRFPosition);
       ServoLF.setPosition(ServoLFPosition);
//====== Telemetry (These Values are Displayed on the Drive Station) ===========
       /*
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* Send telemetry data back to driver station. Note that if we are using
         * a legacy NXT-compatible motor controller, then the getPower() method
         * will return a null value. The legacy NXT-compatible motor controllers
         * are currently write only.
         * /
           telemetry.addData("Text", "*** Robot Data***");
           telemetry.addData("Left Stick PWR", leftstick);
           telemetry.addData("Right Stick PWR", rightstick);
     * Code to run when the op mode is first disabled goes here
     * @see com.qualcomm.robotcore.eventloop.opmode.OpMode#stop()
     @Override
     public void stop() {
           }
//===== Scale Settings (Round off the Stick Position Values for Drive Speed) ============
     * This method scales the joystick input so for low joystick values, the
     * scaled value is less than linear. This is to make it easier to drive
     * the robot more precisely at slower speeds.
     */
            double scaleInput(double dVal) {
           double[] scaleArray = { 0.0, 0.05, 0.09, 0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.24,
                    0.30, 0.36, 0.43, 0.50, 0.60, 0.72, 0.85, 1.00, 1.00 };
           // get the corresponding index for the scaleInput array.
           int index = (int) (dVal * 16.0);
           // index should be positive.
           if (index < 0) {
               index = -index;
           1
           // index cannot exceed size of array minus 1.
           if (index > 16) {
```

TeleOP_Build2.java

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index = 16;
}

// get value from the array.
double dScale = 0.0;
if (dVal < 0) {
    dScale = -scaleArray[index];
} else {
    dScale = scaleArray[index];
}

// return scaled value.
return dScale;
}</pre>
```