

全局灵敏度有关性质证明*

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①: 证: 若 $\delta_{ij} = \delta_i$, 则 X_j 对失效无影响,

证明:

1. 由 $|a+b| \leq |a| + |b|$, 有:

$$|P\{F\} - P\{F|X_i, X_j\}| \leq |P\{F\} - P\{F|X_i\}| + |P\{F|X_i\} - P\{F|X_i, X_j\}|$$

同取期望, 有:

$$E_{X_i, X_j}[|P\{F\} - P\{F|X_i, X_j\}|] \leq E_{X_i, X_j}[|P\{F\} - P\{F|X_i\}|] + E_{X_i, X_j}[|P\{F|X_i\} - P\{F|X_i, X_j\}|]$$

故有:

$$\delta_{ij}^{P\{F\}} \leq \delta_i^{P\{F\}} + \delta_{j|i}^{P\{F\}} \quad ①$$

需要说明: 根据定义 \Rightarrow 我们取不同 X_i 时,

$P\{F|X_i\}$ 显然是不相同的,

$$\text{从而: } E[S(X_i)] = \int s(x_i) f_x(x_i) dx_i$$

$$\text{而: } E[S(X_i, X_j)] = \int s(x_i, x_j) f_x(x_i, x_j) dx_i dx_j$$

我们使用条件概率边缘密度拆出:

$$f_x(x_i, x_j) = f_x(x_i) \cdot f_x(x_j|x_i)$$

$$= \int s(x_i, x_j) \cdot f_x(x_j|x_i) dx_j \cdot f_x(x_i) dx_i$$

由于定义是类似于方差的, 我们从方差角度考虑:

$$S(X_i) = |P\{F\} - P\{F|X_i\}|$$

$$\text{而 } S(X_i, X_j) = |P\{F\} - P\{F|X_i, X_j\}|$$

$$\text{由定义: } \int P\{F|X_i\} f(x) dx_i = P\{F\}$$

同理: $\int P\{F|X_i, X_j\} f(x_i, x_j) dx_i dx_j = P\{F\}$

$$\int P\{F|X_i\} f(x) dx_i = P\{F\}$$

需说明: $\int S(x_i, x_j) \cdot f_x(x_j|x_i) dx_j \geq S(x_i)$

上式 $= \int_{x_j} [P\{F\} - P\{F|x_i\} \cdot P\{x_j|x_i\}] f_x(x_j|x_i) dx_j$

$$E(P\{F\}) - P\{F|x_i\} \cdot \int_{x_j} P\{x_j|x_i\} \cdot f_x(x_j|x_i) dx_j$$

$$= P\{F\} - P\{F|x_i\} \cdot E(P\{x_j|x_i\})$$

显然, 后面一项更小, 但取决于 $P\{F\}$ 和 $P\{F|x_i\}$

大小关系