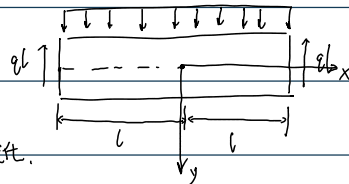


简支梁受均布载荷的问题求解

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对于简支梁受均布载荷问题,有: 分析应力函数:

$$\begin{cases} \sigma_x \rightarrow \text{由弯矩引起} \\ \tau_{xy} \rightarrow \text{由剪力引起} \\ \sigma_y \rightarrow \text{由侧压应力引起} \end{cases}$$



在全梁中, $q = \text{constant}$, 且不随梁的坐标而变化。

因此我们认为: σ_y 不随 x 的变化而变化。

即: $\sigma_y = f(y)$. 积分可得: $\phi = \frac{x^2}{2} f(y) + x f_1(y) + f_2(y)$
 其中: $f(y), f_1(y), f_2(y)$ 为待定函数
 即: $\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x^2} = f(y)$

此时有: $\sigma_x = \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y^2} = \frac{x^2}{2} f''(y) + x f_1''(y) + f_2''(y)$

首先: ① 由相容方程: 有 $\nabla^4 \phi = 0$, 即 $2f''(y) + \frac{x^2}{2} f^{(4)}(y) + x f_1^{(4)}(y) + f_2^{(4)}(y) = 0$

此时: $\nabla^4 \phi = \frac{x^2}{2} f^{(4)}(y) + x f_1^{(4)}(y) + f_2^{(4)}(y) + 2f''(y) = 0$
 (注意中间为 $2 \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x \partial y} = 2f'(y)$)

由高等代数理论, 必须有: x 的各个幂次项的系数同时为 0,

即有: $f^{(4)}(y) = 0, f_1^{(4)}(y) = 0, f_2^{(4)}(y) + 2f''(y) = 0$

此时: 由 $\sigma_x = \frac{x^2}{2} f''(y) + x f_1''(y) + f_2''(y)$ 我们设出:

$f(y) = Ay^3 + By^2 + Cy + D$ $\rightarrow 2f''(y) = 12Ay + 4B = 4x[3Ay + B] = -f^{(4)}(y)$

$f_1(y) = Ey^3 + Fy^2 + Gy$ (加一二次项不够的) $f_2^{(4)}(y) = -6Ay^2 - 4By + 4$

此时由: $f_2^{(4)}(y) = -[12Ay + 4B]$ 注意符号: 积分: $f_2^{(3)}(y) = -2Ay^2 - 2By + Hy + K$

则得到:

$f_2^{(3)}(y) = -\frac{1}{6}Ay^3 - \frac{1}{6}By^2 + Hy + K$ $f_2^{(2)}(y) = -\frac{1}{12}Ay^4 - \frac{1}{6}By^3 + \frac{1}{2}Hy^2 + Ky$
 $f_2(y) = -\frac{1}{120}Ay^5 - \frac{1}{240}By^4 + \frac{1}{12}Hy^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ky^2$ (系数放到 H, K 中)

联立并代入 ϕ 中, 有:

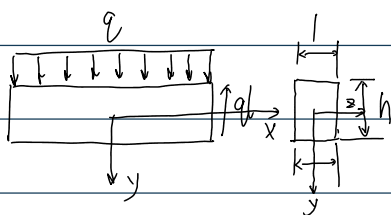
$\phi = \frac{x^2}{2} f(y) + x f_1(y) + f_2(y)$

$= \frac{x^2}{2} [Ay^3 + By^2 + Cy + D] + x [Ey^3 + Fy^2 + Gy] + [-\frac{1}{120}Ay^5 - \frac{1}{240}By^4 + \frac{1}{12}Hy^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ky^2]$

含有 $A \sim K$ 共 9 个待定常数项:

② 应力函数的确定:

$\begin{cases} \sigma_x = \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y^2} - f_x X, \\ \sigma_y = \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x^2} - f_y Y, \\ \tau_{xy} = -\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x \partial y} \end{cases}$ (忽略体力)



则代有: $\sigma_x = \frac{x^2}{2} [6Ay + 2B] + x [6Ey + 2F] + [-\frac{1}{10}Ay^3 - 2By^2 + 6Hy + 2K]$

此时: $\sigma_y = [Ay^3 + By^2 + Cy + D]$

$\tau_{xy} = -[x(3Ay^2 + 2By + C) + [3Ey^2 + 2Fy + G]]$
 $= -(3Axy^2 + 2Bxy + Cx + 3Ey^2 + 2Fy + G)$

$$= -(3Axy^2 + 2Bxy + Cx + 3Ey^2 + 2Fy + G)$$

③ 应用对称条件: 由于载荷此时 (边界条件对称) 是左右对称的:

故: G_x, G_y 为 x 的偶函数

而: T_{xy} 为 x 奇函数

有条件: $6Ey + 2F = 0$,

$3Ey^2 + 2Fy + G = 0 \rightarrow E = F = G = 0$

代入边界条件: $G_y|_{y=\frac{h}{2}} = 0$ $\int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} T_{xy}|_{x=l} = -ql$

代前: $G_y|_{y=\frac{h}{2}} = -9$ 注意边界!

特殊: $\frac{Ah^3}{8} + \frac{Bh^2}{4} + C \cdot \frac{h}{2} + D = 0$ 此时有: $\frac{Bh^2}{2} = -9$, $4D + Bh^2 = -29$

上下边界: $-\frac{Ah^3}{8} + \frac{Bh^2}{4} - C \cdot \frac{h}{2} + D = -9$

边界: $\frac{3Ah^2}{4} + Bxh + C = 0$ 有:

得: $B = 0$ 代入上方 $D = -\frac{9}{2}$

$\frac{3}{4}Ah^2 + C = 0$

而有: $\frac{Ah^3}{4} + Ch = 9$, $B = 0$, $D = -\frac{9}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}Ah^2 + C = 0$ ③ $\frac{Ah^2}{2} = -\frac{9}{h}$

而左右边界条件为: (次要边界)

有 $A = -\frac{29}{h^3}$ 则: $C = \frac{9}{h} - \frac{Ah^2}{4}$

① $\int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} T_{xy}|_{x=l} = -ql = \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} -(3Axy^2 + 2Bxy + Cx)|_{x=l} dy$

代入 $B=0$ $\rightarrow \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} -3Aly^2 - Cl = -Al y^3|_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} - Cl y|_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}}$

$= -\frac{1}{4}Ah^3 - Clh = -ql$, 得: $\frac{1}{4}Ah^3 + Ch = 9$ (符合①)

令 $x = -l \rightarrow$ 相同 (自然满足条件)

得到解:

$A = -\frac{29}{h^3}$
 $B = 0$
 $C = \frac{39}{2h}$
 $D = -\frac{9}{2}$

此时有应力函数为:

$G_x = \frac{49}{h^3}y^3 - \frac{69}{h^3}y + 6Hy + 2K$

$G_x = \frac{49}{h^3}y^3 - \frac{69}{h^3}y + 6Hy + 2K$
 $G_y = -\frac{29}{h^3}y^3 + \frac{39}{2h}y - \frac{9}{2}$
 $T_{xy} = -x[3Ay^2 + 2By + C] - (3Ey^2 + 2Fy + G)$

$= -x[-\frac{69}{h^3}y^2 + \frac{39}{2h}]$

注意: 对于次要边界, 应当使用圣维南原理即:

不是 $G_x|_{x=\pm l} = 0$, 而是:

$\int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} (\frac{49}{h^3}y^3 - \frac{69}{h^3}y + 6Hy + 2K) dy$

奇函数对称积分 0, 则

$= 2K \cdot y|_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} = 2Kh = 0$

则有: $K = 0$

而有弯矩: $\int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} (\frac{49}{h^3}y^3 - \frac{69}{h^3}y + 6Hy) \cdot y dy = 0$

而不是整个边界限制

$$= -x \left[-\frac{6q}{h^3} y^2 + \frac{3q}{2h} \right]$$

即得到常数: $K=0$,

$$H = -\frac{q}{10h} + \frac{ql^2}{h^3}$$

则有: $K=0$,

$$\text{而有弯矩: } \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \left(\frac{4q}{h^3} y^3 - \frac{6ql^2}{h^3} y + 6Hy \right) y \, dy = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{得: } \int_{-\frac{h}{2}}^{\frac{h}{2}} \left[\frac{4q}{h^3} y^4 - \frac{6ql^2}{h^3} y^2 + 6Hy^2 \right] dy \\ = \frac{4q}{5h^3} \left(\frac{h^5}{2} \right) - \frac{6ql^2}{h^3} \left(\frac{h^3}{2} \right) + 2H \left(\frac{h^3}{2} \right) = 0 \\ = \frac{q h^5}{20 h^3} - \frac{ql^2}{2} + H \frac{h^3}{2} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore H = -\frac{q}{10h} + \frac{ql^2}{h^3}$$

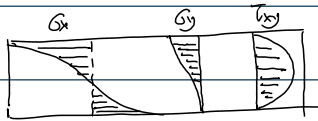
综上代入得到 均布载荷梁的弹性力学解为:

$$\begin{cases} G_x = \frac{4q}{h^3} y^3 - \frac{6ql^2}{h^3} y + \frac{3q}{5h} y + \frac{6ql^2}{h^3} y = \frac{6q}{h^3} (l^2 - x^2) y + \frac{4q}{h^3} y^3 - \frac{3q}{5h} y \\ G_y = -\frac{2q}{h^3} y^3 + \frac{3q}{2h} y - \frac{q}{2} \\ T_{xy} = \frac{6q}{h^3} xy^2 - \frac{3qx}{2h} \end{cases}$$

继续整理可以得到:

$$\begin{cases} G_x = \frac{6q}{h^3} (l^2 - x^2) y + \frac{q}{h} \left(\frac{4y^3}{h^2} - \frac{3}{5} \right) \\ G_y = -\frac{q}{2} \left(1 + \frac{y}{h} \right) \left(1 - \frac{2y}{h} \right) \\ T_{xy} = -\frac{6q}{h^3} x \left(\frac{h^2}{4} - y^2 \right) \end{cases}$$

可得截面应力分布为:



将上式:

$$\begin{cases} G_x = \frac{6q}{h^3} (l^2 - x^2) y + \frac{q}{h} \left(\frac{4y^3}{h^2} - \frac{3}{5} \right) \\ G_y = -\frac{q}{2} \left(1 + \frac{y}{h} \right) \left(1 - \frac{2y}{h} \right) \\ T_{xy} = -\frac{6q}{h^3} x \left(\frac{h^2}{4} - y^2 \right) \end{cases}$$

与材料力学解的结果进行比较, 有:

$$\text{材料力学有: } G_x = \frac{My}{I}$$

$$G_y = 0$$

$$T_{xy} = \frac{F_s S_x^*}{b I_z}$$

$$\text{其中 } F_s = -qx$$

$$S_x^* \text{ 为静矩} = \left(\frac{h^2}{8} - \frac{y^2}{2} \right) b$$

代入得到:

$$\text{材料: } T_{xy} = \frac{-qx \cdot \left(\frac{h^2}{8} - \frac{y^2}{2} \right)}{\frac{h^3}{12}} = -\frac{3qx}{2h} + \frac{6qx^2}{h^3}$$

$$\text{弯矩为 } M = \frac{q}{2} (l^2 - x^2)$$

$$I \text{ 为截面对于中性轴的二次矩, } = \frac{bh^3}{12} \rightarrow \frac{h^3}{12}$$

则剪力 \Rightarrow 材料解与弹性力学解相同,

可以发现:

$$\text{弹性力学} \begin{cases} G_x = \frac{My}{EI} + \frac{q}{h} \left(\frac{4y^3}{h^2} - \frac{3}{5} \right) \quad \text{修正项} \\ G_y = -\frac{q}{2} \left(1 + \frac{y}{h} \right) \left(1 - \frac{2y}{h} \right) \quad \text{挤压应力导致} \\ T_{xy} = \frac{F_s S_x^*}{b I_z} \end{cases}$$