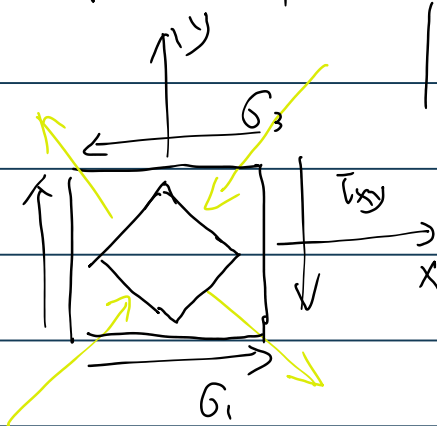


# 使用形状改变比能推导弹性常数关系式

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我们使用纯剪切应力状态下的应变比能证明关系:



$$G = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)}$$

设: 矩形受纯剪切应力作用,

则: 由转轴公式:

$$\begin{cases} G_n = \frac{G_x + G_y}{2} + \frac{G_x - G_y}{2} \cos 2\theta + T_{xy} \sin 2\theta \\ T_n = \frac{G_x - G_y}{2} \sin 2\theta + T_{xy} \cos 2\theta \end{cases}$$

代入: 则: 令  $\theta = 45^\circ$ , 有

$$45^\circ \begin{cases} G_n = T_{xy} \\ T_n = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$-45^\circ \begin{cases} G_n = -T_{xy} \\ T_n = 0 \end{cases}$$

用两种方法计算形状改变比能:

$$v_s = \frac{1}{2} \tau \gamma = \frac{\tau^2}{2G}$$

而使用主应力计算:  $G_1 = \tau$ ,  $G_2 = 0$ ,  $G_3 = -\tau$

$$\text{有: } \begin{cases} \epsilon_1 = \frac{\tau}{E} + \nu \frac{\tau}{E} \\ \epsilon_2 = 0 \\ \epsilon_3 = -\frac{\tau}{E} - \nu \frac{\tau}{E} \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore v_s = \frac{1}{2} G_1 \epsilon_1 + \frac{1}{2} G_3 \epsilon_3 = \frac{(1+\nu)\tau^2}{E}$$

故: 有:

$$v_s = \frac{(1+\nu)\tau^2}{E} = \frac{\tau^2}{2G}$$

$$\text{得: } G = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)}$$