2013/2021 GRADE 12 GEOGRAPHY MODEL EXAMINATIOS

TIME ALLOWED: 2:00 HOURS

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

THIS BOOKLET CONTAINS GEOGRAPHY EXAMINATION. IN THIS EXAMINATION, THERE ARE A TOTAL OF 105 MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS OUT OF WHICH SIGHTED (NON-VISUALLY IMPIRED) CANDIDATES ARE REQUIRED TO ATTEMPT WUESTIONS 1-100 WHEREAS THE VISUALLY IMPIRED CANDIDATES ARE REQUIRED TO ATTEMPT QUESTIONS 1-95 AND 101-105.

THERE IS ONLY ONE BEST ANSWER FOR EACH QUESTION. CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER FROM THE SUGGESTED OPTIONS AND BLACKEN THE LETTER OF YOUR CHOICE ON THE ANSWER SHEET. USE ONLY PENCILE TO MARK YOUR ANSWERS.YOUR ANSWER MARKS SHOULD BE HEAVEY AND DARK, COVERING THE ANSWER SPACE COMPLETELY. PLEASE ERASE ALL UNNECESSARY MARKS COMPLETLY INCLUDING ANSWERS YOU HAVE CHANGED FROM YOUR ANSWER SHEET.

YOU WILL BE ALLOWED TO WORK ON THE EXAM FOR 2 HOURS. WHEN TIME IS CALLED, YOU MUST IMMEDIATELY STOP WORKING, PUT YOUR PENCIL DOWN, AND WAIT FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS.

ANY FORM OF CHEATING OR AN ATTEMT TO CHEAT IN THE EXAMINATION WILL RESULT IN AN AUTOMATIC DISMISSAL FROM THE EXAMINATION HALL AND CANCELLATION OF YOUR SCORE(S).

PLEASE MAKE SURE THAT YOU HAVE WRITTEN ALL THE QEQUIRED INFORMATION ON THE ANSWER SHEET BEFORE YOU START TO WORK ON THE EXAMINATION.

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE OVER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

- 1. Which one of the following methods of depicting relief are represented on a map as dashed lines?
 - A. Relief shading

 C. Layer Tinting

 B. Hachures

 D. Form lines
- 2. Which one of the following types of sketch map is frequently used by tourists or travelers?

A. Rout map

B. Locational map

C. landscape map

D. Thematic map

- 3. Which one of the following is not the significance of research?
 - A. Identify the cause of a problem
 - B. Limits our power of production
 - C. Promotes logical habit of thinking
 - D. Serve as an aid to formulate policy
- 4. One of the following is **NOT** among the challenges that geography faced during late 1940's and early 1950's:
 - A. Shutting down of many geography departments
 - B. Division between Human and Physical geography
 - C. It was seen as solely descriptive &unscientific
 - D. Geography was useful for solving problems
- 5. The science of taking measurements from aerial photographs or satellite images to make maps is:

A. Stereo plotter C. Photogrammetry B. Interpolation D. Stereoscope

- 6. Which of the following statement is **NOT** correct?
 - A. Amount of temperature increase from central to peripheral low lands of Ethiopia
 - B. Rainfall increase from southwestern to north eastern part of Ethiopia
 - C. Rate of temperature decrease as altitude increase above sea level
 - D. During winter season the overhead sun is shift south of equator
- 7. In most part of Africa, areas above 300m above sea level altitude are considered to be:

A. Plateaus C. Plain B. Mountains D. Hill

- 8. Which one of the following is **correct** about the philosophy of environmental possiblism?
 - A. His supporters consider that human being as passive agent.
 - B. School of possibilism was postulated by Charles Darwin
 - C. Peoples can influence the environment to enhance their ways of life
 - D. Natural conditions determine the activity of human.

9. All of the following are drained by the Abay river and its tributaries **EXCEPT** A. Southeastern highlands C. Central highlands B. Southwestern highlands D. North and central highland 10. One is **NOT** a physical factor influencing the spatial distribution of population in Ethiopia: C. Soil Type A. Economic Activities B. Water Supply D. Climate 11. Which one of the following geosphere of the earth is concerned with the earth's cultural landscape? A. Lithosphere C. Atmosphere B. Anthroposhere D. Biosphere 12. Which one of the following a drainage pattern is greatly affected by tectonic forces (faulting and folding)? A. Dendritic drainage pattern B. Trellis drainage pattern C. Radial drainage pattern D. Rectangular drainage pattern 13. Which one of the following is correct about the concern of geographical research? A. Aggregating demand and supply B. Emphasis on cultural value C. Asses spatial distribution of population D. Focus on ways of political system 14. The northern most extreme point of Ethiopia is located at: C.Akobo A. Moyale D.Badime B. Ogaden 15.One of the following is NOT among the advantages of Vertical Exaggeration? A. Increase in visual effectiveness of a given relief B. Clearly visualize the terrain of an area C. Very strong mental impression

16. Which of the following type of settlement is compact and concentrated in

C. Linear settlement

D. Isolated settlement

A. Dispersed settlement

B. Nucleated settlement

shape?

D. Steeper Slope of a hillside than it actually is

17. Which one of the following uses an existing data base and infers relationships from it for target study? A. Simulation Quantitative Approach B. Inferential Quantitative Approach C. Experimental Quantitative Approach D. Model Quantitative Approach 18. Which one of the following is **NOT** among the causes for the high fertility index in Africa? A. Better access to contraceptives C. Religious encourage large families D. Low status of women B. Early marriage 19. Which one of the following regions of Africa is the least urbanized? A. Northern Africa C. Southern Africa B. Eastern Africa D. Western Africa 20. Which of the following topographic features represent on maps by closed contours more or less circular shapes with value decreased towards the center? A. Mountain C. Depression B. Plateau D. Spur 21 In which of the following function of settlement is a center of exchange of goods and services? A. Commercial town C. Market towns B. Industrial towns D. Administrative town 22. Which one of the following is **correct** about the population of Africa? A. Slowest growing of population in the world B. High life expectancy C. High rate of population growth and short period of doubling time D. Second populous continent next to North America 23. The nature of modern geographic research is mainly focus in one of the following aspects **EXCEPT**? A. Spatial distribution of phenomena and things B. Location of places and people C. The interaction between human and environment

A. Lakes Region

B. Chew Bahir Rift

D. Forces responsible for the formation of patterns

24. The largest and widest part of the Ethiopian Rift Valley System is called:

C. Afar Triangle

D. Somali highlands

- 25. The two major physical factors that accelerates soil erosion in Ethiopia are
 - A. Spread of industrialization.
 - B. Deforestation and over grazing
 - C. Bad cultivation practice
 - D. Topography and summer heavy rain
- 26. All are the characteristics of Ethiopian population **EXCEPT**?
 - A. Age dependence ratio is high in Ethiopia
 - B. Sex ratio high in rural lower in urban
 - C. Fertility level higher in rural than urban
 - D. High birth and death rate
- 27. Which one of the following land form structure of Africa covers the smallest percentage?

A. Hill
C. Depression
B. Plain
D. Plateau

28.A means of transport that requires the lowest gradient due to the lowest climbing capacity is:

A. Train C. Ordinary cars

B. Bicycles D. 4 wheel drive cars

- 29. Which of the following statements **Correct** about "**Brain drain**"?
 - A. People move for political reasons and ethnic conflicts
 - B. Movements of highly educated people for better working conditions and payments
 - C. Movements of people caused by natural calamities(earthquake)
 - D. People move from one place to another for agricultural activities
- 30. Which one of the following is found between Africa and Europe?

A. Suez Canal

C. Strait of Gibraltar

B. Isthmus of Suez

- D. Strait of Bab-el Mandab
- 31. Which one of the following statement is **incorrect** description about Africa?
 - A. It has a fragmented shape
 - B. Many places are not very far from the coast
 - C. It has fairly unbroken coastline
 - D. East-west and north-south extensions are almost equal
- 32. Which one of the following type of the map is convenient to portray multiple natural and anthropogenic features?

A. Isoplethic Map

C. Chorochromatic Map

B. Thematic Map

D. Topographic Map

- 33. Which of the following is **NOT** a major factor of high fertility rates in Ethiopia?
 - A. Early marriage
 - B. High social status of women
 - C. Low level of family planning
 - D. Perception of high economic value of children.
- 34. Which one of the following world regions was the leading export destination of Ethiopia in the year 2006/07?

C. EuropeD. Africa

A. North America
B. Asia

- 35.One of the following is **NOT** among the factors that govern and affect Ethiopia's economic relationships with countries.
 - A. Nature of Ethiopia's export and import items
 - B. Land fragmentation
 - C. Its trade policy and strategy
 - D. Geographical proximity
- 36. Relative location is advantageous for Ethiopia **EXCEPT**:
 - A. Sharing with five neighboring countries
 - B. Geological strategy to the rest of the world
 - C. Proximity to Middle East
 - D. Lies with in GMT+3 time zone
- 37. The conservation measures when trees must be replaced where ever they are cut down is:

A. Afforestation C. Agro-forestry
B. Reforestation D. Deforestation

- 38. Which of the following drainage system in Africa accounts 90 percent of the contents surface flow?
 - A. Indian ocean Drainage system
 - B. Atlantic ocean Drainage system
 - C. Mediterranean sea Drainage system
 - D. Closed(Inland) Drainage system
- 39. What is the Northern extreme point of Africa?

A. Cape Guardafui (Somalia)

B. Cape Agulhas (RSA)

C. Cape Bon (Tunisia)

D. Cape Verde (Senegal)

40. Which one of the following is the smal	lest of all climatic zones of Africa?				
A. Tropical maritime (monsoon climat	e)				
B. Highland (mountain) climate					
C. Warm temperate continental climate	2				
D. Equatorial climate					
41. One of the following is part of Gondwa	analand:				
A. Europe	C. Asia				
B. Africa	D. North America				
42. Which of the following types of soil is	ch of the following types of soil is the most suitable for the production				
of coffee, cereal and inset in Ethiopia?	1				
A. Nitosols	C. Vertisols				
B. Xerosols	D. Regosols				
43. The number of death in a year between	_				
children is:	J. W. L.				
A. Adult Mortality Rate					
B. Crude Death Rate					
C. Infant Mortality Rate					
D. Child Mortality Rate					
44. Which one of the following is N	OT correct about the temperature				
distribution of Ethiopia?					
A. Temperature decreases from periphe					
B. Annual average temperature is high	, , ,				
C. March, April and May are the warm country	est months throughout the year in the				
D. November, December and January a	are the coldest months in the country				
45. Which one of the following is known a	•				
forests?	-				
A. Mediterranean Vegetation	C. Tropical Grasslands				
B. Tropical Rainforests	D. Afro-Alpine forests				
46. Ethiopia has longest boundary line with	h one of the following neighboring				
countries.					
A. Eritrea	C. Kenya				
B. Somalia	D. Djibouti				
47 are conservation areas for	or wild animals in which tourists are				
allowed to practice licensed hunting.					
A. National park	C. Sanctuaries				
B. Game Reserves	D. Grazing land				

48. Which one of the Boserupian approac requires the largest labor?	h of agricultural transformation
-	C. Annual Cropping
B. Multiple Cropping	D. Bush – Fallow Cultivation
1 11 0	
49.One of the following is NOT among to A. Accelerated soil erosion	me direct consequence of deforestation.
B. Destruction of Biodiversity	
C. Shortage of wood supply	
D. High Evapotranspiration	
50. Which one of the following is the wet	test region in Ethionia?
A. NW Highlands	C. Southwestern Highlands
B. South Eastern Highlands	D. North Central Massifs
51. Which one of the following drainage s	
catchment of area and volume of water	-
A. Inland drainage system	
B. South eastern drainage system	
C. Mediterranean drainage system	
D. Atlantic ocean drainage system	
52. One of the following is NOT the main	concern of Ethionia's policy
regarding to water resources?	reducem of Europia 5 poney
A. Encourage irrigation scheme and d	am
B. Paying little concern to water users	
C. Recycling waste water	,
D. Managing wet land and upstream a	areas
53.One of the following is NOT element	
A. Latitude	C. Air pressure
B. Cloud	D. Rainfall
54. Which of the following river is the mo	ost politically significant river in
Africa?	
A. Congo River	C. Zambezi River
B. Niger River	D. Nile River
55.One of the following is correct about	the Great East African Rift Valley?
A. It stretches from Syria to Mozambi	ique
B. It extends a total distance of 5600k	m
C. It was formed in tertiary period due	e to folding
D. It is the smallest part of rift valley	in the world

56.One of the following is not belongs to	o quantitative distribution maps?
A. Choroplethic Map	C. Diagrammatic Map
B. Isopleth Map	D. Choroschematic Map
57. All are challenges to Ethiopia's socio	o-economic development, EXCEPT :
A. Low level of infrastructure	C. Rapid population growth
B. Diversified climatic zones	
58. Which one of the following ocean cu	<u> </u>
southeastern Africa?	C
A. Canary	C. Mozambique.
B. Labrador	D. Benguela
59.One of the following statement is ide	_
rainforest in Africa?	1
A. They are confined to central and v	western Africa
B. It develops in areas of rainfall sca	
C. They have less species diversity	
D. Cactus and thorn bushes are comr	non plants
60.One of the following is not among th	-
African rivers?	
A. Water fall and rapids	C. Seasonal fluctuation
B. Navigability services	D. Steep long profile
61. Which of the following is a "pull" f	
from small towns to large cities in A	•
A. House shortage	C. Social upheaval
B. High wage	D. Natural disaster
62. What are the three major components	s of population change?
A. Birth rate, death rate and migratio	n
B. Immigration, emigration and net i	nigration
C. Age, sex and size of population	
D. Census, Sample Survey and vital	_
63. Who postulated "the flourishment of	2
A. Febver	C. Charles Darwin
B. F.Rutzel	D. Demolins
64. Which one of the following types of	map projection is most suitable to
produce African regions?	~ ~
A. Conical Projection	C. Cylindrical Projection
B. Zenithal Projection	D. Orthomorphic Projection

65.One of the following is NOT amo	ong the advantage of large territorial size of
Ethiopia?	
A. Require great financial power	to construct basic facilities
B. Possess a great variety of mine	eral resources
C. Provide diverse agro climatic	
D. Possess home of diverse ethni	c group
66. Which of the following is the sha	
A. Ziway	C. Abaya
B. Salla	D. Hashenge
67. Assume that two cities lie at the s	C
	and might not have uniform temperature
	e. What is the main factor of this climate
A. Weather system	C. Altitude
B. Cloud cover	D. Latitude
68. Which one of the following weath	her system in Ethiopia is responsible to the
occurrence of summer rain fall?	•
A. Equatorial Westerlies	C. North east trade winds
B. Equatorial Easterlies	D. Monsoon winds
	tion and total area of a given country is
called	C. Phanialanian I Danaitan
A. Crude Density	C. Physiological Density
B. Agricultural Density	D. Rural Density
70.All of the following are rift valley A. Turkana	C. Malawi
B. Victoria	D. Edward
	ong the major causes of drought in Africa?
A. Deforestation	
B. Overgrazing	
C. Carefully planned land use	1
D. Expansion of farmlands and so	
_	t is NOT correct about position of Africa?
A. It is found south west of Asia	
B. It occupies a central location i	
	scouraged the socio-economic contact
D. It is found west of Indian ocea	ın

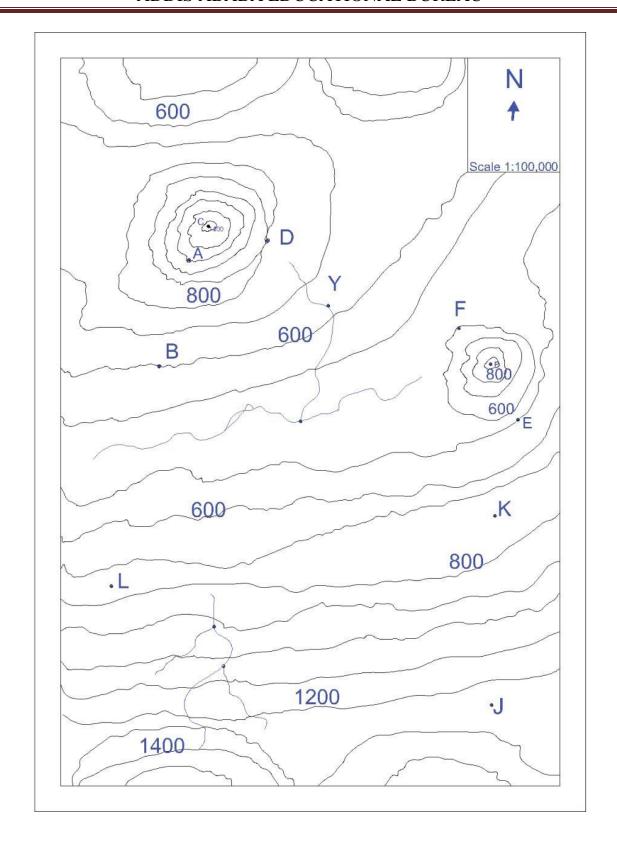
73. Which one of the following	is NOT among the main challenges that affect
Africa's development?	
A. Lack of skilled human pov	ver
B. Huge capital and modern to	echnology
C. Rapid population growth	
D. Prevalence of HIV/AIDS	
74.One of the following determ	ninants of population is regarded as a prime
indicator of socio economic d	
A. Crude birth rate	C. Life expectancy
B. Migration	D. Infant mortality rate
75.One of the following is best n	neasurements of the quality of life of the people
in a given country	
A. Per capita income	C. Gross Domestic Product
B. Standard of living	D. Gross National Product
76 is refers to	a place where two or more stream merge in to
one.	
A. Levee	C. Estuary
B. Delta	D. Confluence
	notives that leading to migration in Africa
EXCEPT one?	
A. Prevalence of diverse clim	
-	el of economic and social development
C. Search for political repress	
D. Presence of diverse natura	l resources
78. Which regions of Africa is the	e smallest in terms of population and territorial
size?	
A. Eastern Africa	C. Central Africa
B. Northern Africa	D. Southern Africa
79. Which one of the following p	hysiographic regions serves as watershed of
Awash and Abay rivers?	
A. The Semein massif	C. The plateau of Shewa
B. The Bale massif	D. The plateau of Sidama
80. Which one of the following is	s the most utilized river both in irrigation and
hydroelectric power?	
A. Chamo	C. Abbay
B. Awash	D. Genalle
	th desert, so as Wurch is similar to:
A. Afro Alpine	C. Temperate
B. Sub-tropical	D. Tropical
	1

82. Which one of the following a high lan	d forest of Ethiopia is similar to forest
of coniferous trees?	
A. Warka	C. Zigba
B. Woira	D. Tid
83. Which one of the following mountain	is NOT grouped under south east high
lands of Ethiopia?	
A. Mount Kaka	C. Mount GaraMuleta
B. Mount Chillallo	D. Mount Guna
84. Which one of the following types of s	oil grouped under pedalfers?
A. Regosols	C. Vertisols
B. Leptosols	D. Nitosols
85. Which one of the following era is mai	nly associated with the formation of
the basement complex rock?	·
A. Mesozoic Era	C. Paleozoic Era
B. Cenozoic Era	D. Precambrian Era
86.One of the following high land areas	of Ethiopia is the most rugged and
dissected plateaus?	1
A. Southwestern high lands	C. Arsi Bale massifs
B. Shewa plateau	D. North central massif
87 is a measure of the va	alue of output of goods and services
within a certain period of time.	
A. Economic growth	C. Per capita income
B. Economic development	D. Gross Domestic Product
88.A kind of delta that projects irregula	rly in to the sea and maintains clearly
defined channels is	
	C. Bird's foot delta
B. Meander swamp	D. Cuspate delta
89. Which one of the following land form	•
A. Saddle	C. Hill
B. Valley	D. Ridge
90. Which one of the following hierarchy	·
descending of their population size an	d diversity of services?
A. Large city → Conurbation —	→ Megalopolis
B. Conurbation → Megalopolis —	Metropolis → Large city
C. Large city → Metropolis -	→ Conurbation → Megalopolis
D. Megalopolis → Conurbation	
0 1	1 0 0 0 0 0

91.One of the following features is	NOT associated with the lower course of a
river:	
A. Cataracts	C. Delta
B. Estuary	D. Meander
92. Which one of the following con	untries played a role that is considered as a
turning point in the development	of GIS?
A. Ethiopia	C. Canada
B. USA	D. India
93.As Mountain Nyala is to Bale M	ountain, Walia Ibex is to
A. Afar National Park	C. Semein Mountain
B. Nech sar National Park	D. Awash National Park
94. Which one of following are the	most urbanized regions in Ethiopia?
A. Addis Ababa, Dire Dawa & H	Harari Tarari
B. Gambella, Harari & Benishan	gul Gumuz
C. Afar, Addis Ababa & Amhara	ì
D. SNNPR, Dire Dawa & Oromi	ia
95. Which one of the following areas	s of Ethiopia is receives very low rainfall
throughout the year?	
A. Gore	C. Illubabor
B. Gode	D. Bonga

Items 96-100 are based on the map provided on the next page. The items should be attempted by sighted (NOT VISUALLY IMPAIRED) candidates only

96. What type of land form letter 'D' represents? A. Saddle C. Cliff D. Valley B. Depression 97. Which of the following points are intervisible? A. "E" and "F" C. "K" and "F" B. "A" and "B" D."C" and "D" 98. What is the type of slope from point "B" to "A" indicate? A. Convex C. Even B. Concave D. Terraced 99. Which of the following term shows to the point marked "Y"? C. Confluence A. Tributaries B. Leave D. Estuary In which traditional agro climatic zones of Ethiopia is the area shown 100. on the map? A. Dega C. Wurch B. Qolla D. Berha



The following questions (101 - 105) should be attempted by VISUALLY IMPAIRED students only

101.	The emergence of	f modern	population	theories i	s related to	o the	writings	of
101.	The efficigence of	modelii	population	uicories i	b reraica ii	Juic	wiitiigs	OI.

A. Karl Marx

C. Thomas Robert Malthus

B. Esther Boserup

D. Albert Einstein

102. All of the following are challenges of rapid urbanization in Africa **EXCEPT** one?

- A. Unreliable food security
- B. Absence of employment opportunities
- C. Provision of social services
- D. Shortage of water
- 103. A country in Africa with high population density is:

A. Mauritius

C. Chad

B. Namibia

D. Congo

104. Which one of the following geological era is commonly known by the predominance of huge reptiles and mammals?

A. Paleozoic

C. Mesozoic

B. Precambrian

D. Cenozoic

105. All of the following rivers are belongs to the Western(Mediterranean) drainage system of Ethiopia **EXCEPT:**

A. Baro Akobo

C. Tekeze

B. Wabishebelle

D. Abay