

# Lab 2 Homework

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## Instructions

Answer the following questions and complete the exercises in RMarkdown. Please embed all of your code and push your final work to our GitHub repository (<https://github.com/FRS417-DataScienceBiologists>). I will randomly select a few examples of student work at the start of each session to use as examples so be sure that your code is working to the best of your ability.

## Load the tidyverse

```
library("tidyverse")
```

```
## — Attaching packages —  
—— tidyverse 1.2.1 —
```

```
## ✔ ggplot2 3.1.0      ✔ purrr 0.2.5  
## ✔ tibble 2.0.0      ✔ dplyr 0.7.8  
## ✔ tidyr 0.8.2       ✔ stringr 1.3.1  
## ✔ readr 1.3.1       ✔ forcats 0.3.0
```

```
## — Conflicts —  
- tidyverse_conflicts() —  
## ✖ dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()  
## ✖ dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
```

## Mammals Sleep

For this assignment, we are going to use built-in data on mammal sleep patterns.

```
msleep
```

```
## # A tibble: 83 x 11
##   name genus vore order conservation sleep_total sleep_rem sleep_cycle
##   <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>          <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1 Chee... Acin... carni Carn... lc          12.1        NA        NA
## 2 Owl ... Aotus omni Prim... <NA>         17          1.8        NA
## 3 Moun... Aplo... herbi Rode... nt          14.4        2.4        NA
## 4 Grea... Blar... omni Sori... lc          14.9        2.3        0.133
## 5 Cow    Bos    herbi Arti... domesticated    4          0.7        0.667
## 6 Thre... Brad... herbi Pilo... <NA>         14.4        2.2        0.767
## 7 Nort... Call... carni Carn... vu          8.7         1.4        0.383
## 8 Vesp... Calo... <NA> Rode... <NA>         7          NA        NA
## 9 Dog    Canis carni Carn... domesticated   10.1        2.9        0.333
## 10 Roe ... Capr... herbi Arti... lc           3          NA        NA
## # ... with 73 more rows, and 3 more variables: awake <dbl>, brainwt <dbl>,
## #   bodywt <dbl>
```

1. From which publication are these data taken from? Don't do an internet search; show the code that you would use to find out in R. To find things on are use ? and type the function/object/data you are looking for

```
?sleep
```

2. Provide some summary information about the data to get you started; feel free to use the functions that you find most helpful.

```
colnames(msleep)
```

```
## [1] "name"      "genus"      "vore"      "order"
## [5] "conservation" "sleep_total" "sleep_rem" "sleep_cycle"
## [9] "awake"      "brainwt"    "bodywt"
```

```
summary(msleep)
```

```
##      name      genus      vore
## Length:83      Length:83      Length:83
## Class :character Class :character Class :character
## Mode  :character Mode  :character Mode  :character
##
##
##
##
##      order      conservation      sleep_total      sleep_rem
## Length:83      Length:83      Min.      : 1.90      Min.      :0.100
## Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.: 7.85      1st Qu.:0.900
## Mode  :character Mode  :character Median :10.10      Median :1.500
##                                     Mean  :10.43      Mean  :1.875
##                                     3rd Qu.:13.75      3rd Qu.:2.400
##                                     Max.   :19.90      Max.   :6.600
##                                     NA's   :22
##
##      sleep_cycle      awake      brainwt      bodywt
## Min.      :0.1167      Min.      : 4.10      Min.      :0.00014      Min.      : 0.005
## 1st Qu.:0.1833      1st Qu.:10.25      1st Qu.:0.00290      1st Qu.: 0.174
## Median :0.3333      Median :13.90      Median :0.01240      Median : 1.670
## Mean    :0.4396      Mean    :13.57      Mean    :0.28158      Mean    :166.136
## 3rd Qu.:0.5792      3rd Qu.:16.15      3rd Qu.:0.12550      3rd Qu.: 41.750
## Max.    :1.5000      Max.    :22.10      Max.    :5.71200      Max.    :6654.000
## NA's     :51              NA's     :27
```

3. Make a new data frame focused on body weight, but be sure to indicate the common name and genus of each mammal. Sort the data in descending order by body weight.

```
New_data <- select(msleep, genus, name, bodywt) %>%
  arrange(desc(bodywt))
New_data
```

```
## # A tibble: 83 x 3
##   genus      name      bodywt
##   <chr>      <chr>      <dbl>
## 1 Loxodonta  African elephant  6654
## 2 Elephas   Asian elephant   2547
## 3 Giraffa    Giraffe          900.
## 4 Globicephalus Pilot whale      800
## 5 Bos        Cow              600
## 6 Equus      Horse            521
## 7 Tapirus    Brazilian tapir   208.
## 8 Equus      Donkey           187
## 9 Tursiops    Bottle-nosed dolphin 173.
## 10 Panthera  Tiger            163.
## # ... with 73 more rows
```

4. We are interested in two groups; small and large mammals. Let's define small as less than or equal

to 1kg body weight and large as greater than or equal to 200kg body weight. For our study, we are interested in body weight and sleep total. Make two new dataframes (large and small) based on these parameters. Sort the data in descending order by body weight.

```
Small_mammals <- select( msleep, genus, name, bodywt, sleep_total) %>%
  filter(bodywt<=1) %>%
  arrange(desc(bodywt))
Small_mammals
```

```
## # A tibble: 36 x 4
##   genus      name      bodywt sleep_total
##   <chr>     <chr>      <dbl>     <dbl>
## 1 Cricetomys African giant pouched rat 1      8.3
## 2 Spermophilus Arctic ground squirrel 0.92    16.6
## 3 Tenrec     Tenrec      0.9      15.6
## 4 Erinaceus  European hedgehog 0.77     10.1
## 5 Saimiri    Squirrel monkey 0.743     9.6
## 6 Cavis      Guinea pig 0.728     9.4
## 7 Paraechinus Desert hedgehog 0.55     10.3
## 8 Aotus      Owl monkey 0.48      17
## 9 Chinchilla Chinchilla 0.42     12.5
## 10 Lutreolina Thick-tailed opossum 0.37     19.4
## # ... with 26 more rows
```

```
Large_mammals <- select(msleep, genus, name, bodywt, sleep_total) %>%
  filter(bodywt>=200) %>%
  arrange(desc(bodywt))
Large_mammals
```

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 4
##   genus      name      bodywt sleep_total
##   <chr>     <chr>      <dbl>     <dbl>
## 1 Loxodonta African elephant 6654      3.3
## 2 Elephas  Asian elephant 2547      3.9
## 3 Giraffa  Giraffe      900.      1.9
## 4 Globicephalus Pilot whale 800       2.7
## 5 Bos      Cow          600       4
## 6 Equus    Horse        521      2.9
## 7 Tapirus  Brazilian tapir 208.      4.4
```

5. Let's try to figure out if large mammals sleep, on average, longer than small mammals. What is the average sleep duration for large mammals as we have defined them?

```
mean(Large_mammals$sleep_total)
```

```
## [1] 3.3
```

6. What is the average sleep duration for small mammals as we have defined them?

```
mean(Small_mammals$sleep_total)
```

```
## [1] 12.65833
```

7. Which animals sleep at least 18 hours per day? Be sure to show the name, genus, order, and sleep total. Sort by order and sleep total.

```
Animal_Sleep <- select(msleep, name, genus, order, sleep_total) %>%  
  filter(sleep_total>=18) %>%  
  arrange(order, sleep_total)  
Animal_Sleep
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 4  
##   name                genus      order      sleep_total  
##   <chr>              <chr>    <chr>      <dbl>  
## 1 Big brown bat      Eptesicus Chiroptera      19.7  
## 2 Little brown bat   Myotis    Chiroptera      19.9  
## 3 Giant armadillo    Priodontes Cingulata      18.1  
## 4 North American Opossum Didelphis Didelphimorphia      18  
## 5 Thick-tailed opossum Lutreolina Didelphimorphia      19.4
```

Push your final code to GitHub  
(<https://github.com/FRS417-DataScienceBiologists>)