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# **FaaS Documentation**

***Release 0.0.0***

**SUSTech-FaaS**

**Jun 11, 2018**











Our project is also named FaaS, which is a project based on Tencent Serverless Cloud Function(SCF) to provide users fast images processing services. We use their SCF service to develop our cloud function, use their Cloud Object Storage(COS) to store figures and use [API Gateway](#) to custom our APIs to release to users.

## 1.1 Introduction

### 1.1.1 Concepts

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**Note:** This part will roughly introduce some concepts related to FaaS since they will help you better understand this project and the motivations behind it.

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#### Serverless Computing

Cloud computing is popularized since Amazon released its EC2 in 2006. The past few years have seen the rapid developments of cloud computing, the models of cloud computing have changed both in its architectures and its orientation. The most recent hot topics raised from this field is widely-known **Serverless Computing**. Such a name makes this model a little ambiguous for the general public and the latest architecture **FaaS** is also little known to the public. However, more and more people are using these servers either consciously or unconsciously. They break through the wall of local computing and support more powerful online services such as online language translation, navigation, and so on.

#### Function as a Service

Function as a service (FaaS) is a category of cloud computing services that provides a platform allowing customers to develop, run, and manage application functionalities without the complexity of building and maintaining the infrastructure typically associated with developing and launching an app. Building an application following this model is one way of achieving a “serverless” architecture, and is typically used when building microservices applications.

## API Gateway

**API Gateway** typically works as a set of modules and filters which treat the traffic as it flows through it at high speed and you can typically enable those modules / filters you need and control their parameters. There are obviously quite a few different ways to actually do the implementation + various vendors and open source systems to choose from.([Stackoverflow](#))

### 1.1.2 Advantages

- Lower cost: save infrastructure costs, personnel cost, and development costs
- Strong scalability
- Simplified management
- High resource utilization

### 1.1.3 Motivation

Our project is motivated by [Stone](#) with his great idea. The original idea is to balance a load of servers using FaaS, for some interesting things sharing through WeChat Moments with some short period computing needed.

The big problem of such case is not the computation of a single request but a large number of requests happened concurrently.

## 1.2 APIs

### 1.2.1 Overview

Image Processing includes 3 steps, which are uploading, processing and downloading (or showing).

### 1.2.2 Uploading

upload image to Tencent COS.

#### Authorization

Send a GET query for getting a temp secret key to your authorization server.

Parameter	Value
method	“POST”,which is the upload method.
pathname	“/”, which is the path in COS.
key	File name



## File uploading

Using Tencent COS JavaScript SDK to send a POST query for uploading file to Tencent COS server directly. The file size is limited to 20M.

Parameter	Value
Authoriza	Signature generated by previous request.
x-cos-security-token	The sessionToken of the temp secret key.

## 1.2.3 Processing

### Fetching

Send a POST query for processing uploaded file.

- ‘Content-Type’: ‘application/json’

Field Description

Parameter	Value
file_name	File name
op	operation number (0 - 7)
op_par	operation parameter

### Rotation

Field Description

Parameter	Value
angle	The angle to rotate. Counter clock

### QR code

Field Description

Parameter	Value
content	String store in QR code.
position	When fixed = 0, the position of QR Code (5 for default). When fixed = 1, the position is the pixel point in the original graph (width, height).
fixed	0 for using relative position, 1 for using fixed pixel position. (default = 0)

### Corner-rounding

Field Description

Parameter	Value
radius	If fixed = 0, radius represent in ratio; If fixed = 1, radius represent in pixel.
fixed	0 for using relative position, 1 for using fixed pixel position. (default = 0)

## Thumbnail

Field Description

Parameter	Value
height	thumbnail height
width	thumbnail width

## Watermark with text

Field Description

Parameter	Value
content	The water mark text
font_name	The path of font style
size_ratio	The size of water mark based on input figure
rotate_angle	The rotate angle for text
clear_ratio	How clear the water mark is
position	When fixed = 0, the position of QR Code (5 for default). When fixed = 1, the position is the pixel point in the original graph (width, height).
fixed	0 for using relative position, 1 for using fixed pixel position. (default = 0)

## Watermark with image

Field Description

Parameter	Value
patch	The path for water mark image
clear_ratio	How clear the water mark is
position	When fixed = 0, the position of QR Code (5 for default). When fixed = 1, the position is the pixel point in the original graph (width, height).
fixed	0 for using relative position, 1 for using fixed pixel position. (default = 0)

## Image Slicing

Field Description

Parameter	Value
num	number of slices
direction	1 for slice vertical, 0 for slice horizontal

## Image Converter

Field Description

Parameter	Value
postfix	image postfix

## 1.2.4 Downloading

Previous query will return a download file name. Then, the processed image can be downloaded from Tencent COS.

# 1.3 Architecture

## 1.3.1 Description

Our project is based on [Tencent Cloud](#). Three products are used in our project.

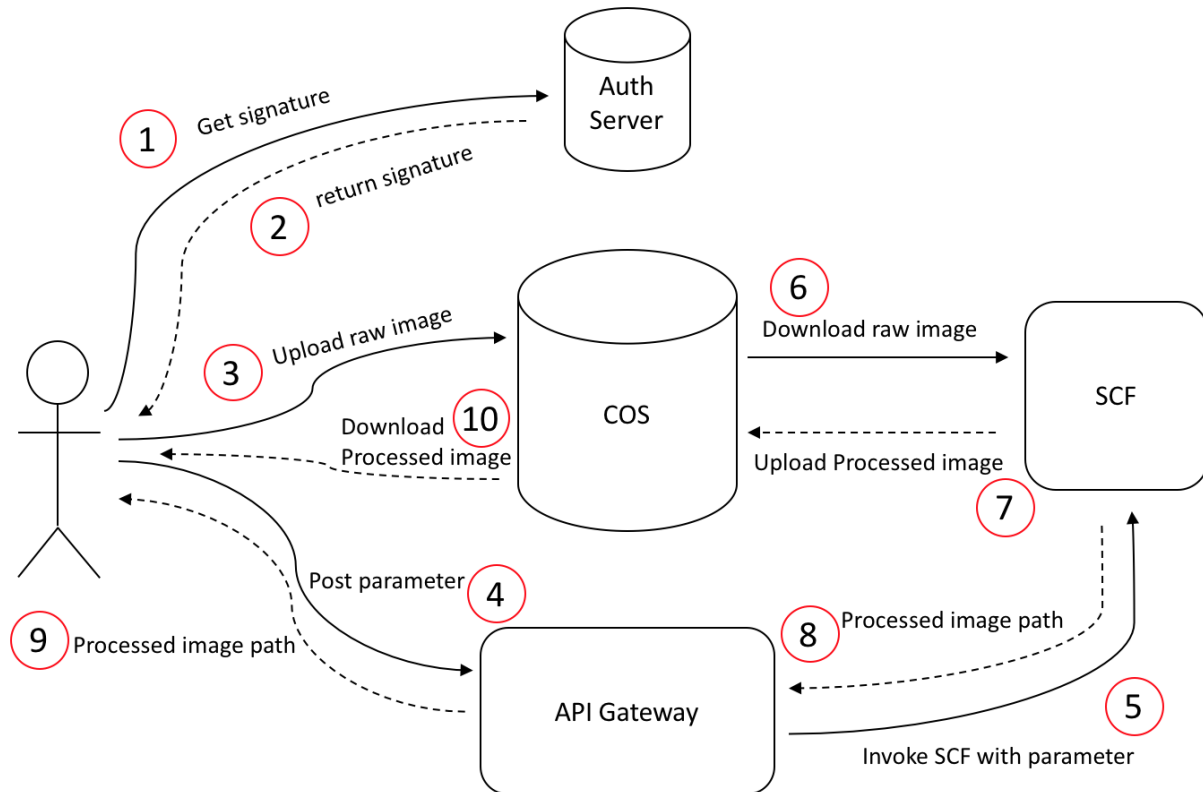
- [SCF](#): provide a runtime environment.
- [COS](#): store stuff.
- [API Gateway](#): expose services to users.

## 1.3.2 Workflow

APIs is the only service expose to user, which they can directly access. API-gateway receive all external user web request and response corresponding processed data. The request will be passed to COS or SCF for further handling. COS processes the data storage task. SCF deals with image processing.

A whole image processing request contains 4 sub-queries.

1. **Get authorized secret key to upload image** For safety reasons, the user cannot get the authorization for uploading image as the administrator. Users' image will be checked and users will be returned an authorized signature for uploading an image to COS.
2. **Upload image with signature** User upload image with the signature.
3. **Post parameter to image processing** User post the image processing query to the API, which includes the parameters. A processed image path will be returned.
4. **Download processed image** User can preview or download processed image from previous path.



## 1.4 Changelog

### 1.4.1 v 0.3.0

- Add customized parameters for all functions
- Add new image processing functions
- Docs published

### 1.4.2 v 0.2.0

- Add most image processing function we planned before, but most parameters cannot be defined by users.
- [Demo website](#) setup

### 1.4.3 v 0.1.0

- Requirement analysis
- Architecture setup
- Task assignment

## 1.5 Todo

### 1.5.1 Scheme

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**Todo:**

- to business productization
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### 1.5.2 Functions

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**Todo:**

- Add verification for images
  - Bugfix
  - Testing
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### 1.5.3 Bugfix

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**Todo:** Nothing

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## 1.6 Acknowledgements

### 1.6.1 Team

- [Chenyu Zhou](#): front end, design
- [Xizi Ni](#): function developements
- [Yulian Mao](#): front end
- [Yilin Zheng](#): API Gateway, function developements, document writing
- [Ziqiang Li](#): API Gateway, function developements, document writing

### 1.6.2 Tutors

**Tencent:**

- Stone
- Alfred

**SUSTech:**

- Yuqun Zhang

## 1.7 About

### 1.7.1 Support

If you are having issues, please let us know via E-mail [510662916@qq.com](mailto:510662916@qq.com).

### 1.7.2 License

The project is licensed under the **MIT** license.