```
CREATE TABLE Editeurs (
  Num_Editeur INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Nom VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  Prenom VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  Rue VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  Localite VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Categorie (
  Num_Categorie INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Nom VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  Categorie_parent INT REFERENCES Categorie(Num_Categorie)
);
CREATE TABLE Auteur (
  id_Auteur INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Nom VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  Date_de_naissance DATE NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Livres (
  NumLivre INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Titre VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  ISBN INT NOT NULL UNIQUE,
```

```
Langue VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  Cote INT NOT NULL,
  Date_de_publication DATE NOT NULL,
  Num_Editeurs INT REFERENCES Editeurs(Num_Editeur) NOT NULL,
  Num_Categorie INT REFERENCES Categorie(Num_Categorie) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Ecriture (
  id_Auteur INT REFERENCES Auteur(id_Auteur) NOT NULL,
  NumLivre INT REFERENCES Livres(NumLivre) NOT NULL,
  primary key(id_Auteur, NumLivre)
);
DROP TABLE dans le sens inverse de la création
INSERT INTO Categorie(num_categorie, nom, categorie_parent)
  VALUES (4, 'SQL', 3);
INSERT INTO Editeurs (num_editeur, Nom, Prenom, Rue, Localite)
  VALUES (1, 'Gallimard', '', 'Rue Sebastien-Bottin 5', '75328 Paris Cedex 07');
```

NbPages INT NOT NULL,

```
INSERT INTO Auteur (id_auteur, nom, date_de_naissance)
 VALUES (1, 'J.K. Rowling', TO_DATE('310765', 'ddmmyy'));
SELECT *
FROM Auteur
<u>Labo 2 :</u>
   1. ALTER TABLE TYPECONTRAT
       MODIFY ty_code NOT NULL;
   2. SELECT CA_NOM, PRENOM
       FROM CANDIDAT
       WHERE datenaissance LIKE '%93';
   3. SELECT titre
       FROM JOB
       WHERE EXTRACT(year FROM publie) < 2019;
   4. SELECT CA_NOM, PRENOM
       FROM candidat
       WHERE CA_CODEPOSTAL > 4300;
   5. SELECT et_nom
       FROM etablissement
       WHERE et_nom LIKE 'Universit%';
   6. SELECT titre
       FROM job
       WHERE description LIKE '%restaurant%';
```

```
7. SELECT prenom
   FROM candidat
   WHERE prenom LIKE '%e';
8. SELECT ca_nom, prenom
   FROM candidat
   WHERE email IS NULL;
9. SELECT ca_nom, prenom
   FROM candidat
   WHERE ca_numero < ca_codepostal;
10. SELECT titre
   FROM job
   WHERE MONTHS_BETWEEN(SYSDATE, publie) < 4;
11. SELECT ca_nom, prenom
   FROM candidat
   WHERE ca_localite LIKE 'Battice';
12. SELECT ca_nom, prenom
   FROM candidat
   WHERE ca_localite in('Herve', 'Charleroi');
13. SELECT ca_nom, prenom, EXTRACT(YEAR FROM SYSDATE) - EXTRACT(YEAR FROM
   datenaissance)
   FROM candidat;
14. SELECT DISTINCT ca localite
   FROM candidat
   WHERE prenom LIKE 'M%';
15. SELECT titre
   FROM job
   WHERE publie = LAST_DAY(publie)
16. SELECT TO_CHAR(publie, 'DAY')
   FROM job;
17. SELECT ca_nom, prenom
   FROM candidat
   WHERE TO_CHAR(datenaissance, 'D') = 1;
```

```
18. SELECT id_typecontrat, ty_libelle
   FROM typecontrat
   WHERE ty_code LIKE 'CD%';
19. SELECT titre
   FROM job
   WHERE EXTRACT(DAY FROM publie) = 28;
20. SELECT ca_nom
   FROM candidat
   WHERE EXTRACT(YEAR FROM datenaissance) BETWEEN 1990 AND 2000;
21. SELECT ca nom, prenom
   FROM candidat
   WHERE TO_CHAR(datenaissance, 'MM') = 12;
22. SELECT ent_nom
   FROM entreprise
   ORDER BY ent nom #On peut ajouter ASC mais il est implicite ici
23. SELECT ty libelle
   FROM typecontrat
   WHERE ty_code NOT LIKE 'CD_';
24. UPDATE candidat
   SET ca_nom = REPLACE(ca_nom, 'Roussel', 'Rousselle')
   WHERE ca_nom LIKE 'Roussel';
25. UPDATE qualification
   SET qu_libelle = UPPER(SUBSTR(qu_libelle, 1, 1) | | SUBSTR(qu_libelle, 2))
                                                #Les | | veulent dire 'CONCATENATION'
   WHERE SUBSTR(qu_libelle, 1, 1) <> UPPER(SUBSTR(qu_libelle, 1, 1))
26. UPDATE qualification
   SET qu_libelle = UPPER(SUBSTR(qu_libelle, 1, 1)) || LOWER(SUBSTR(qu_libelle, 2))
   WHERE SUBSTR(qu_libelle, 2) <> LOWER(SUBSTR(qu_libelle, 2))
27. ALTER TABLE entreprise
   ADD ent_codepostal INT;
   ADD ent_localite VARCHAR(50);
   UPDATE entreprise
   SET ent codepostal = 1000
   WHERE id_entreprise = 13;
   UPDATE entreprise
   SET ent_localite = 'Bruxelles'
   WHERE id_entreprise = 13;
```

28. UPDATE candidat

SET ca_rue = 'rue des chars', ca_numero = 48, ca_codepostal = 4602, ca_localite = 'Cheratte' WHERE ca_nom = 'Leroy' AND prenom = 'Nathalie';

29. DELETE FROM Nationalite

WHERE nat_libelle in('Albanie', 'Biélorussie', 'Saint-Marin', 'Liechtenstein');

Labo 3:

1. SELECT c.ca_nom, c.prenom, n.nat_libelle

FROM candidat c

JOIN nationalite n ON n.id_nationalite = c.id_nationalite;

2. SELECT j.titre, e.ent_nom

FROM entreprise e

JOIN job j ON j.id_entreprise = e.id_entreprise

WHERE e.ent_nom IN ('IPES', 'Axa', 'RenoBati');

3. SELECT DISTINCT c.ca_nom, c.prenom, p.datepostule

FROM candidat c

JOIN postuler p ON c.id candidat = p.id candidat

WHERE p.datepostule > TO_DATE('18052019', 'ddmmyyyy');

4. SELECT 'Le candidat ' || c.prenom || c.ca_nom || ' a postulé le ' || p.datepostule || ' à ' || j.titre AS Proposition

FROM candidat c

JOIN postuler p ON c.id_candidat = p.id_candidat

JOIN job j ON j.id job = p.id job

WHERE p.datepostule > TO_DATE('18052019', 'ddmmyyyy');

5. SELECT c.prenom, c.ca_nom

FROM candidat c

JOIN etatcivil ec ON c.id ec = ec.id etatcivil

WHERE c.id_ec = 1;

6. SELECT j.titre, p.datepostule

FROM job j

LEFT OUTER JOIN postuler p ON j.id_job = p.id_job

WHERE p.datepostule IS NULL;

SELECT c.prenom, c.ca_nom, j.titre, p.datepostule
 FROM candidat c
 JOIN postuler p ON c.id_candidat = p.id_candidat
 JOIN job j ON j.id_job = p.id_job
 WHERE c.ca_nom IN('Bernard', 'Thomas') AND c.prenom IN('Marie', 'Pierre')
 ORDER BY p.datepostule;

8. SELECT j.titre

FROM job j

LEFT OUTER JOIN REQUERIR r ON r.id_job = j.id_job WHERE r.id_job IS NULL;

9. SELECT j.titre

FROM job j

JOIN necessiter n ON j.id_job = n.id_job

 ${\sf JOIN\ qualification\ q\ ON\ n.id_qualification=q.id_qualification}$

WHERE q.qu_libelle LIKE 'Master%';

10. SELECT j.titre

FROM job j

 ${\tt LEFT\ OUTER\ JOIN\ donner\ d\ ON\ j.id_job=d.id_job}$

WHERE d.id_job IS NULL;

11. SELECT c1.ca nom, c1.prenom, c2.ca nom, c2.prenom

FROM candidat c1

JOIN postuler p1 ON c1.id candidat = p1.id candidat

JOIN postuler p2 ON p1.id job = p2.id job

JOIN candidat c2 ON p2.id_candidat = c2.id_candidat

WHERE c1.id candidat < c2.id candidat;

12. SELECT c.ca_nom, j.titre, p.datepostule

FROM candidat c

JOIN postuler p ON p.id candidat = c.id candidat

JOIN job j ON j.id_job = p.id_job;

13. SELECT j.titre, av.av libelle

FROM job j

JOIN donner d ON j.id_job = d.id_job

JOIN avantage av ON d.id_avantage = av.id_avantage

JOIN typecontrat tc ON j.id_typecontrat = tc.id_typecontrat

WHERE av.av_libelle = 'Voiture' AND tc.ty_code = 'CDI';

```
14. SELECT c.ca nom, c.prenom
   FROM conduire cond
   JOIN candidat c ON c.id candidat = cond.id candidat
   JOIN permisconduire p ON p.id_permis = cond.id_permis
   WHERE p.categorie = 'Voitures' AND cond.dateobtention < SYSDATE - 3650
   ORDER BY cond.dateobtention
15. SELECT c.ca_nom, c.prenom, q.qu_libelle
   FROM candidat c1
   JOIN postuler p1 ON c1.id_candidat = p1.id_candidat
   JOIN postuler p2 ON p1.id_job = p2.id_job
   JOIN candidat c2 ON p2.id_candidat = c2.id_candidat
   JOIN postuler p ON c.id candidat = p.id candidat
   JOIN posseder poss ON c.id_candidat = poss.id_candidat
   JOIN qualification g ON poss.id qualification = g.id qualification
   JOIN qualification q2 ON poss.id_qualification = q2.id_qualification
   WHERE c1.id_candidat < c2.id_candidat;
16. SELECT ent.ent nom
   FROM candidat c
   JOIN postuler p ON p.id candidat = c.id candidat
   JOIN job j ON j.id_job = p.id_job
   JOIN entreprise ent ON ent.id_entreprise = j.id_entreprise
   WHERE c.ca nom = 'Rousselle' AND c.prenom = 'Martine';
17. SELECT j.titre, TO_NUMBER(SUBTR(tr.tr_libelle, INSTR(tr.tr_libelle, '-'), +1)) AS Salaire
   FROM job j
   JOIN tranchesalariale tr ON tr.id tranchesalariale = j.id tranchesalariale
   ORDER BY TO_NUMBER(SUBTR(tr.tr_libelle, INSTR(tr.tr_libelle, '-'), +1)) DESC
18. SELECT j.titre
   FROM job j
   JOIN necessiter n ON j.id_job = n.id_job
   JOIN qualification q ON n.id qualification = q.id qualification
   WHERE q.qu_libelle = 'Marketing';
19.
20.
21.
22.
```