Package 'partitionComparison'

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Description Provides several measures ((dis)similarity, distance/metric, correlation, entropy) for comparing two partitions of the same set of objects. The different measures can be assigned to three different classes: Pair comparison (containing the famous Jaccard and Rand indices), set based, and information theory based. Many of the implemented measures can be found in Albatineh AN, Niewiadomska-Bugaj M and Mihalko D (2006) <doi:10.1007 s00357-006-0017-z=""> and Meila M (2007) <doi:10.1016 j.jmva.2006.11.013="">. Partitions are represented by vectors of class labels which allow a straightforward integration with existing clustering algorithms (e.g. kmeans()). The package is mostly based on the S4 object system.</doi:10.1016></doi:10.1007>		
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partitionComparison-package

partitionComparison: Implements Measures for the Comparison of Two Partitions

Description

Provides several measures ((dis)similarity, distance/metric, correlation, entropy) for comparing two partitions of the same set of objects. The different measures can be assigned to three different classes: Pair comparison (containing the famous Jaccard and Rand indices), set based, and information theory based. Many of the implemented measures can be found in Albatineh AN, Niewiadomska-Bugaj M and Mihalko D (2006) <doi:10.1007/s00357-006-0017-z> and Meila M (2007) <doi:10.1016/j.jmva.2006.11.013>. Partitions are represented by vectors of class labels which allow a straightforward integration with existing clustering algorithms (e.g. kmeans()). The package is mostly based on the S4 object system.

Details

This package provides a large collection of measures to compare two partitions. Some survey articles for these measures are cited below, the seminal papers for each individual measure is provided with the function definition.

Most functionality is implemented as S4 classes and methods so that an adoption is easily possible for special needs and specifications. The main class is Partition which merely wraps an atomic vector of length n for storing the class label of each object. The computation of all measures is designed to work on vectors of class labels.

All partition comparison methods can be called in the same way: <measure method>(p, q) with p, q being the two partitions (as Partition instances). One often does not explicitly want to transform the vector of class labels (as output of another package's function/algorithm) into Partition instances before using measures from this package. For convenience, the function registerPartitionVectorSignatures exists which dynamically creates versions of all measures that will directly work with plain R vectors.

Author(s)

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References

Albatineh AN, Niewiadomska-Bugaj M and Mihalko D (2006). "On Similarity Indices and Correction for Chance Agreement." *Journal of Classification*, **23**(2), pp. 301 – 313. ISSN 0176-4268, doi: 10.1007/s003570060017z.

Meila M (2007). "Comparing Clusterings – an Information Based Distance." *Journal of Multivariate Analysis*, **98**(5), pp. 873 – 895. doi: 10.1016/j.jmva.2006.11.013.

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Examples

```
# Generate some data
set.seed(42)
data <- cbind(x=c(rnorm(50), rnorm(30, mean=5)), y=c(rnorm(50), rnorm(30, mean=5)))
# Run k-means with two/three centers
data.km2 <- kmeans(data, 2)
data.km3 <- kmeans(data, 3)

# Load this library
library(partitionComparison)
# Register the measures to take ANY input
registerPartitionVectorSignatures(environment())
# Compare the clusters
randIndex(data.km2$cluster, data.km3$cluster)
# [1] 0.8101266</pre>
```

 ${\tt adjustedRandIndex}$

Adjusted Rand Index

Description

Compute the Adjusted Rand Index (ARI)

$$\frac{2(N_{00}N_{11}-N_{10}N_{01})}{N_{01}'N_{12}+N_{10}'N_{21}}$$

Usage

```
adjustedRandIndex(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
adjustedRandIndex(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
adjustedRandIndex(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients

q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

```
• p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
```

• p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

baulieu1 5

References

Hubert L and Arabie P (1985). "Comparing Partitions." *Journal of Classification*, **2**(1), pp. 193 – 218.

Examples

```
adjustedRandIndex(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 1/6
```

baulieu1

Baulieu Index 1

Description

Compute the index 1 of Baulieu

$$\frac{N^2 - N(N_{10} + N_{01}) + (N_{10} - N_{01})^2}{N^2}$$

Usage

```
baulieu1(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
baulieu1(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
baulieu1(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- \bullet p = PairCoefficients,q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Baulieu FB (1989). "A Classification of Presence/Absence Based Dissimilarity Coefficients." *Journal of Classification*, **6**(1), pp. 233–246. ISSN 0176-4268, 1432-1343, doi: 10.1007/BF01908601.

```
baulieu1(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),
new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.76
```

6 baulieu2

baulieu2

Baulieu Index 2

Description

Compute the index 2 of Baulieu

$$\frac{N_{11}N_{00} - N_{10}N_{01}}{N^2}$$

Usage

```
baulieu2(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
baulieu2(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
baulieu2(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Baulieu FB (1989). "A Classification of Presence/Absence Based Dissimilarity Coefficients." *Journal of Classification*, **6**(1), pp. 233–246. ISSN 0176-4268, 1432-1343, doi: 10.1007/BF01908601.

```
baulieu2(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.04
```

classificationErrorDistance 7

 ${\tt classificationErrorDistance}$

Classification Error Distance

Description

Compute the classification error distance

$$1 - \frac{1}{n} \max_{\sigma} \sum_{C \in \mathcal{P}} |C \cap \sigma(C)|$$

with σ a weighted matching between the clusters of both partitions. The nodes are the classes of each partition, the weights are the overlap of objects.

Usage

```
classificationErrorDistance(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
classificationErrorDistance(p, q)
```

Arguments

p The partition Pq The partition Q

Methods (by class)

• p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions

Hint

This measure is implemented using lp.assign from the lpSolve package to compute the maxmimal matching of a weighted bipartite graph.

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Meila M and Heckerman D (2001). "An Experimental Comparison of Model-Based Clustering Methods." *Machine Learning*, **42**(1), pp. 9 – 29.

Meila M (2005). "Comparing Clusterings: An Axiomatic View." In *Proceedings of the 22Nd International Conference on Machine Learning*, series ICML '05, pp. 577–584. ISBN 978-1-59593-180-1, doi: 10.1145/1102351.1102424.

```
classificationErrorDistance(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.2
```

8 compare All

compareAll

Compare two partitions with all measures

Description

Compute the comparison between two partitions for all available measures.

Usage

```
compareAll(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
compareAll(p, q)
```

Arguments

```
p The partition P q The partition Q
```

Value

Instance of data. frame with columns measure and value

Methods (by class)

```
• p = Partition, q = Partition: Compare given two Partition instances
```

Warning

This method will identify every generic S4 method that has a signature "Partition", "Partition" (including signatures with following "missing" parameters, e.g. "Partition", "Partition", "missing") as a partition comparison measure, **except** this method itself (otherwise: infinite recursion). This means one has to take care when defining other methods with the same signature in order not to produce unwanted side-effects!

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

```
compareAll(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1)))
## Not run:
                        measure
                                      value
 1
              adjustedRandIndex 0.16666667
 2
                       baulieu1 0.760000000
                       baulieu2 0.040000000
 3
   classificationErrorDistance 0.200000000
 5
                    czekanowski 0.500000000
 6
                  dongensMetric 2.000000000
 7
                   fagerMcGowan 0.250000000
 8
            folwkesMallowsIndex 0.500000000
                gammaStatistics 0.166666667
```

```
goodmanKruskal 0.333333333
11
                 gowerLegendre 0.750000000
12
                        hamann 0.20000000
            jaccardCoefficient 0.333333333
13
                    kulczynski 0.500000000
14
15
                    larsenAone 0.800000000
16
                   lermanIndex 0.436435780
17
                  mcconnaughey 0.000000000
18
              minkowskiMeasure 1.000000000
                  mirkinMetric 8.000000000
19
20
             mutualInformation 0.291103166
21
         normalizedLermanIndex 0.16666667
22 normalizedMutualInformation 0.432538068
23
                       pearson 0.006944444
                        peirce 0.16666667
24
25
                     randIndex 0.60000000
26
                rogersTanimoto 0.428571429
27
                     russelRao 0.200000000
28
                 rvCoefficient 0.692307692
29
                  sokalSneath1 0.583333333
30
                  sokalSneath2 0.200000000
31
                  sokalSneath3 0.333333333
32
        variationOfInformation 0.763817002
33
                      wallaceI 0.500000000
34
                     wallaceII 0.500000000
```

compute Pair Coefficients

End(Not run)

Compute the four coefficients N_11 , N_10 , N_01 , N_01

Description

Given two object partitions P and Q, of same length n, each of them described as a vector of cluster ids, compute the four coefficients $(N_{11}, N_{10}, N_{01}, N_{00})$ all of the pair comparison measures are based on.

Usage

```
computePairCoefficients(p, q)
```

Arguments

 $\begin{array}{ll} {\sf p} & & {\sf The\ partition}\ P \\ {\sf q} & & {\sf The\ partition}\ Q \end{array}$

Author(s)

10 czekanowski

Examples

czekanowski

Czekanowski Index

Description

Compute the Czekanowski index

$$\frac{2N_{11}}{2N_{11} + N_{10} + N_{01}}$$

Usage

```
czekanowski(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
czekanowski(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
czekanowski(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Czekanowski J (1932). "Coefficient of Racial Likeness" Und "Durchschnittliche Differenz"." *Anthropologischer Anzeiger*, **9**(3/4), pp. 227–249.

```
czekanowski(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.5
```

dongensMetric 11

 ${\tt dongensMetric}$

Dongen's Metric

Description

Compute Dongen's metric

$$2n - \sum_{C \in P} \max_{D \in Q} |C \cap D| - \sum_{D \in Q} \max_{C \in P} |C \cap D|$$

Usage

```
dongensMetric(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
dongensMetric(p, q)
```

Arguments

p The partition P

q The partition Q

Methods (by class)

• p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

van Dongen S (2000). "Performance Criteria For Graph Clustering And Markov Cluster Experiments." Technical Report INS-R 0012, CWI.

See Also

projectionNumber

```
dongensMetric(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 2
```

12 entropy

entropy

Entropy

Description

Compute the Shannon entropy

$$-\sum_{i} p_i \log_b p_i$$

Usage

```
entropy(x, log_base)

## S4 method for signature 'numeric,numeric'
entropy(x, log_base)

## S4 method for signature 'Partition,numeric'
entropy(x, log_base)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,missing'
entropy(x, log_base = exp(1))
```

Arguments

x A probability distribution

log_base Optional base of the logarithm (default: e)

Methods (by class)

• x = Partition, log_base = numeric: Entropy of a partition represented by x

Hint

This method is used internally for measures based on information theory

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

```
entropy(c(.5, .5)) == \log(2)
entropy(c(.5, .5), 2) == 1
entropy(c(.5, .5), 4) == .5
# Entropy of a partition
entropy(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == entropy(c(2/5, 3/5))
```

fagerMcGowan 13

fagerMcGowan

Fager & McGowan Index

Description

Compute the index of Fager and McGowan

$$\frac{N_{11}}{\sqrt{N_{21}N_{12}}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{N_{21}}}$$

Usage

```
fagerMcGowan(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
fagerMcGowan(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
fagerMcGowan(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Fager EW and McGowan JA (1963). "Zooplankton Species Groups in the North Pacific Co-Occurrences of Species Can Be Used to Derive Groups Whose Members React Similarly to Water-Mass Types." *Science*, **140**(3566), pp. 453–460.

```
fagerMcGowan(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.25
```

14 folwkesMallowsIndex

folwkesMallowsIndex

Folwkes & Mallows Index

Description

Compute the index of Folwkes and Mallows

$$\sqrt{\frac{N_{11}}{N_{21}}} \frac{N_{11}}{N_{12}}$$

which is a combination of the two Wallace indices.

Usage

```
folwkesMallowsIndex(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
folwkesMallowsIndex(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
folwkesMallowsIndex(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients,q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Fowlkes EB and Mallows CL (1983). "A Method for Comparing Two Hierarchical Clusterings." *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, **78**(383), pp. 553 – 569.

See Also

```
wallaceI wallaceII
```

```
folwkesMallowsIndex(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.5
```

gammaStatistics 15

 ${\tt gammaStatistics}$

Gamma Statistics

Description

Compute the Gamma statistics

$$\frac{N_{11}N_{00}-N_{10}N_{01}}{\sqrt{N_{21}N_{12}N_{10}'N_{01}'}}$$

Usage

```
gammaStatistics(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
gammaStatistics(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
gammaStatistics(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Yule GU (1900). "On the Association of Attributes in Statistics: With Illustrations from the Material of the Childhood Society, \&c." *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London. Series A, Containing Papers of a Mathematical or Physical Character*, **194**, pp. 257–319.

```
gammaStatistics(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 1/6
```

16 goodmanKruskal

goodmanKruskal

Goodman & Kruskal Index

Description

Compute the index of Goodman and Kruskal

$$\frac{N_{11}N_{00} - N_{10}N_{01}}{N_{11}N_{00} + N_{10}N_{01}}$$

Usage

```
goodmanKruskal(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
goodmanKruskal(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
goodmanKruskal(p, q)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients,q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Goodman LA and Kruskal WH (1954). "Measures of Association for Cross Classifications." *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, **49**(268), pp. 732–764. ISSN 0162-1459, doi: 10.1080/01621459.1954.10501231.

```
goodmanKruskal(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), 
 new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 1/3
```

gowerLegendre 17

gowerLegendre

Gower & Legendre Index

Description

Compute the index of Gower and Legendre

$$\frac{N_{11} + N_{00}}{N_{11} + \frac{1}{2} \left(N_{10} + N_{01} \right) + N_{00}}$$

Usage

```
gowerLegendre(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
gowerLegendre(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
gowerLegendre(p, q)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Gower JC and Legendre P (1986). "Metric and Euclidean Properties of Dissimilarity Coefficients." *Journal of Classification*, **3**(1), pp. 5–48. ISSN 0176-4268, 1432-1343, doi: 10.1007/BF01896809.

```
gowerLegendre(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.75
```

18 hamann

hamann

Hamann Coefficient

Description

Compute the Hamann coefficient

$$\frac{(N_{11} + N_{00}) - (N_{10} + N_{01})}{N}$$

Usage

```
hamann(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
hamann(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
hamann(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients,q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Hamann U (1961). "Merkmalsbestand Und Verwandtschaftsbeziehungen Der Farinosae: Ein Beitrag Zum System Der Monokotyledonen." *Willdenowia*, **2**(5), pp. 639–768. ISSN 0511-9618.

```
hamann(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.2
```

jaccardCoefficient 19

jaccardCoefficient

Jaccard Coefficient

Description

Compute the Jaccard coefficient

$$\frac{N_{11}}{N_{11} + N_{10} + N_{01}}$$

Usage

```
jaccardCoefficient(p, q)

## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
jaccardCoefficient(p, q)

## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
jaccardCoefficient(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients,q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Jaccard P (1908). "Nouvelles Recherches Sur La Distribution Florale." Bulletin de la Société Vaudoise des Sciences Naturelles, **44**(163), pp. 223 – 270.

```
jaccardCoefficient(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 1/3
```

20 kulczynski

kulczynski

Kulczynski Index

Description

Compute the Kulczynski index

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{N_{11}}{N_{21}} + \frac{N_{11}}{N_{12}} \right)$$

Usage

```
kulczynski(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
kulczynski(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
kulczynski(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients

q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients,q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Kulczynski S (1927). "Zespoly Roslin w Pieninach." *Bull. Intern. Acad. Pol. Sci. Lett. Cl. Sci. Math. Nat., B (Sci. Nat.)*, **1927**(Suppl 2), pp. 57–203.

```
kulczynski(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),  \text{new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.5 }
```

larsenAone 21

larsenAone

Larsen & Aone Measure

Description

Compute the measure of Larsen and Aone

$$\frac{1}{|\mathcal{P}|} \sum_{C \in \mathcal{P}} \max_{D \in \mathcal{Q}} \frac{2|C \cap D|}{|C| + |D|}$$

Usage

```
larsenAone(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
larsenAone(p, q)
```

Arguments

- p The partition P
- q The partition Q

Methods (by class)

• p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Larsen B and Aone C (1999). "Fast and Effective Text Mining Using Linear-Time Document Clustering." In *Proceedings of the Fifth ACM SIGKDD International Conference on Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining*, series KDD '99, pp. 16–22. ISBN 1-58113-143-7, doi: 10.1145/312129.312186.

```
larsenAone(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.8
```

22 lermanIndex

lermanIndex

Lerman Index

Description

Compute the Lerman index

$$\frac{N_{11} - E(N_{11})}{\sqrt{\sigma^2(N_{11})}}$$

Usage

```
lermanIndex(p, q, c = NULL)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition,missing'
lermanIndex(p, q, c = NULL)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition,PairCoefficients'
lermanIndex(p, q, c = NULL)
```

Arguments

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{p} & & & \mathbf{The \ partition} \ P \\ \mathbf{q} & & & \mathbf{The \ partition} \ Q \end{array}$

c PairCoefficients or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition, c = missing: Compute given two partitions
- p = Partition,q = Partition,c = PairCoefficients: Compute given the partitions and pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Lerman IC (1988). "Comparing Partitions (Mathematical and Statistical Aspects)." In Bock H (ed.), Classification and Related Methods of Data Analysis, pp. 121 – 132.

Hubert L and Arabie P (1985). "Comparing Partitions." *Journal of Classification*, **2**(1), pp. 193 – 218.

Denœud L and Guénoche A (2006). "Comparison of Distance Indices Between Partitions." In Batagelj V, Bock H, Ferligoj A and Žiberna A (eds.), *Data Science and Classification*, series Studies in Classification, Data Analysis, and Knowledge Organization, pp. 21–28. Springer Berlin Heidelberg. ISBN 978-3-540-34415-5 978-3-540-34416-2.

See Also

normalizedLermanIndex

mcconnaughey 23

Examples

```
lermanIndex(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 2/sqrt(21)
```

mcconnaughey

McConnaughey Index

Description

Compute the McConnaughey index

$$\frac{N_{11}^2 - N_{10}N_{01}}{N_{21}N_{12}}$$

Usage

```
mcconnaughey(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
mcconnaughey(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
mcconnaughey(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients,q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

McConnaughey BH and Laut LP (1964). *The Determination and Analysis of Plankton Communities*. Lembaga Penelitian Laut.

```
mcconnaughey(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0
```

24 minkowskiMeasure

minkowskiMeasure

Minkowski Measure

Description

Compute the Minkowski measure

$$\sqrt{\frac{N_{10} + N_{01}}{N_{11} + N_{10}}}$$

Usage

```
minkowskiMeasure(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
minkowskiMeasure(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
minkowskiMeasure(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Minkowski H (1911). *Gesammelte Abhandlungen von Hermann Minkowski, Zweiter Band*, number 2. B. G. Teubner, Leipzig, Berlin.

```
minkowskiMeasure(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 1
```

mirkinMetric 25

mirkinMetric

Mirkin Metric

Description

Compute the Mirkin metric

$$2(N_{10} + N_{01})$$

Usage

```
mirkinMetric(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
mirkinMetric(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
mirkinMetric(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients,q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Mirkin BG and Chernyi LB (1970). "Measurement of the Distance Between Partitions of a Finite Set of Objects." *Automation and Remote Control*, **31**(5), pp. 786 – 792.

```
mirkinMetric(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 8
```

26 mutualInformation

mutualInformation

Mutual Information

Description

Compute the mutual information

$$\sum_{C \in P} \sum_{D \in Q} \frac{|C \cap D|}{n} \log n \frac{|C \cap D|}{|C||D|}$$

Usage

```
mutualInformation(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
mutualInformation(p, q)
```

Arguments

p The partition P q The partition Q

Methods (by class)

• p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Vinh NX, Epps J and Bailey J (2010). "Information Theoretic Measures for Clusterings Comparison: Variants, Properties, Normalization and Correction for Chance." *Journal of Machine Learning Research*, **11**, pp. 2837 – 2854.

See Also

normalized Mutual Information

N 27

Ν

Method to retrieve the complex coefficient N

Description

```
It is defined as N = N_{11} + N_{10} + N_{01} + N_{00} which equals \binom{n}{2} with n the number of objects
```

Usage

```
N(obj)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients'
N(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

Instance of PairCoefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

N00

Method to retrieve the coefficient N_00

Description

Method to retrieve the coefficient N_{00}

Usage

```
N00(obj)

## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients'
N00(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

Instance of PairCoefficients

Author(s)

N01p

N01

Method to retrieve the coefficient N_01

Description

Method to retrieve the coefficient N_{01}

Usage

```
N01(obj)

## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients'
N01(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

Instance of PairCoefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

N01p

Method to retrieve the complex coefficient N'_01

Description

```
It is defined as N_{01}^{\prime}=N_{00}+N_{01}
```

Usage

```
N01p(obj)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients'
N01p(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

Instance of PairCoefficients

Author(s)

N10 29

N10

Method to retrieve the coefficient N_10

Description

Method to retrieve the coefficient N_{10}

Usage

```
N10(obj)

## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients'
N10(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

Instance of PairCoefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

N10p

Method to retrieve the complex coefficient N'_10

Description

```
It is defined as N'_{10} = N_{00} + N_{10}
```

Usage

```
N10p(obj)

## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients'
N10p(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

Instance of PairCoefficients

Author(s)

N12

N11

Method to retrieve the coefficient N_11

Description

Method to retrieve the coefficient N_{11}

Usage

```
N11(obj)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients'
N11(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

Instance of PairCoefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

N12

Method to retrieve the complex coefficient N_12

Description

```
It is defined as N_{12} = N_{11} + N_{01}
```

Usage

```
N12(obj)

## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients'
N12(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

Instance of PairCoefficients

Author(s)

N21

N21

Method to retrieve the complex coefficient N_21

Description

```
It is defined as N_{21} = N_{11} + N_{10}
```

Usage

```
N21(obj)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients'
N21(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

Instance of PairCoefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

normalizedLermanIndex Normalized Lerman Index

Description

Compute the normalized Lerman index

$$L(P,Q)/\sqrt{L(P,P)L(Q,Q)}$$

where L is the Lerman index.

Usage

Arguments

- $\begin{array}{ll} {\sf p} & & {\sf The \ partition} \ P \\ {\sf q} & & {\sf The \ partition} \ Q \end{array}$
- c PairCoefficients or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition, c = missing: Compute given two partitions
- p = Partition,q = Partition,c = PairCoefficients: Compute given the partitions and pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Lerman IC (1988). "Comparing Partitions (Mathematical and Statistical Aspects)." In Bock H (ed.), Classification and Related Methods of Data Analysis, pp. 121 – 132.

Hubert L and Arabie P (1985). "Comparing Partitions." *Journal of Classification*, **2**(1), pp. 193 – 218.

See Also

lermanIndex

Examples

```
normalizedLermanIndex(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),  \text{new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 1/6 }
```

normalized Mutual Information

Normalized Mutual Information

Description

Compute the mutual information (MI) which is normalized either by the minimum/maximum partition entropy (H)

$$\frac{MI(P,Q)}{\varphi(H(P),H(Q))},\;\varphi\in\{\min,\max\}$$

or the sum

$$\frac{2 \cdot MI(P,Q)}{H(P) + H(Q)}$$

Usage

```
normalizedMutualInformation(p, q, type = c("min", "max", "sum"))
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition, character'
normalizedMutualInformation(p, q,
    type = c("min", "max", "sum"))
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition, missing'
normalizedMutualInformation(p, q,
    type = NULL)
```

PairCoefficients-class 33

Arguments

p	The partition P
q	The partition Q
type	One of "min" (default), "max" or "sum"

Methods (by class)

```
• p = Partition,q = Partition,type = character: Compute given two partitions
```

```
• p = Partition,q = Partition,type = missing: Compute given two partitions with type="min"
```

Author(s)

```
Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>
```

References

```
Kvalseth TO (1987). "Entropy and Correlation: Some Comments." IEEE Transactions on Systems, Man and Cybernetics, 17(3), pp. 517 – 519. ISSN 0018-9472, doi: 10.1109/TSMC.1987.4309069.
```

See Also

```
mutualInformation, entropy
```

Examples

```
\label{eq:normalizedMutualInformation(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), \\ new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1)), "min") == \\ normalizedMutualInformation(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), \\ new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1)), "max") \\ \end{aligned}
```

PairCoefficients-class

S4 class to represent coefficients of object pairs for the comparison of two object partitions (say P and Q).

Description

S4 class to represent coefficients of object pairs for the comparison of two object partitions (say P and Q).

Slots

- N11 The number of object pairs that are in both partitions together in a cluster
- N00 The number of object pairs that are in no partition together in a cluster
- N10 The number of object pairs that are only in partition P together in a cluster
- N01 The number of object pairs that are only in partition Q together in a cluster

34 pearson

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

See Also

N11 N10 N01 N00

Partition-class

Simple S4 class to represent a partition of objects as vector of class labels.

Description

This class is a wrapper around a vector but allows only the atomic vectors logical, numeric, integer, complex, character, raw. The reason for this is that only those types seem to make sense as class labels. Furthermore, class labels are immutable.

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

Examples

```
p <- new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))
q <- new("Partition", c("a", "a", "b", "b", "b"))
## Not run:
# This won't work:
new("Partition", c(list("a"), "a", "b", "b", "b"))
p[2] <- 2
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

pearson

Pearson Index

Description

Compute the Pearson index

$$\frac{N_{11}N_{00}-N_{10}N_{01}}{N_{21}N_{12}N_{01}'N_{10}'}$$

Usage

```
pearson(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
pearson(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
pearson(p, q)
```

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Arguments

p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients

q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

```
• p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
```

• p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Pearson K (1926). "On the Coefficient of Racial Likeness." *Biometrika*, **18**(1/2), pp. 105–117. ISSN 0006-3444, doi: 10.2307/2332498.

Examples

```
pearson(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 1/144
```

peirce

Peirce Index

Description

Compute the Peirce index

$$\frac{N_{11}N_{00} - N_{10}N_{01}}{N_{21}N_{01}'}$$

Usage

```
peirce(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
peirce(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
peirce(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients

 $\mathsf{q} \qquad \qquad \mathsf{The \ partition} \ Q \ \mathsf{or} \ \mathsf{NULL}$

Methods (by class)

```
• p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
```

• p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

36 projectionNumber

Author(s)

```
Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>
```

References

Peirce CS (1884). "The Numerical Measure of the Success of Predictions." *Science*, **4**(93), pp. 453–454.

Examples

```
peirce(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 1/6
```

projectionNumber

Compute the projection number of two partitions

Description

Given two partitions (p, q) represented as vectors of cluster ids, compute the projection number which is the sum of maximum cluster overlaps for all clusters of P to any cluster of Q.

Usage

```
projectionNumber(p, q)
```

Arguments

- p Partition P
- q Partition Q

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

See Also

```
dongensMetric
```

```
projectionNumber(c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1), c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1)) == 4
```

randIndex 37

randIndex

Rand Index

Description

Compute the Rand index

$$\frac{N_{11} + N_{00}}{N}$$

Usage

```
randIndex(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
randIndex(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
randIndex(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Rand WM (1971). "Objective Criteria for the Evaluation of Clustering Algorithms." *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, **66**(336), pp. 846 – 850.

```
randIndex(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.6
```

38 rogersTanimoto

registerPartitionVectorSignatures

Make comparison measures usable with any vectors

Description

The comparison measures are defined to use the class Partition as parameters. If you do not want to explicitly convert an arbitrary vector of class labels (probably as a result from another package's algorithm) into a Partition instance, calling this function will create methods for all measures that allow "ANY" input which is implicitly converted to Partition.

Usage

registerPartitionVectorSignatures(e)

Arguments

е

The environment to register the methods in (mostly environment() is fine)

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

Examples

```
library(partitionComparison) randIndex(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) # [1] 0.6 ## Not run: randIndex(c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1), c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1)) # Error in (function (classes, fdef, mtable) : # unable to find an inherited method for function 'randIndex' for signature '"numeric"' registerPartitionVectorSignatures(environment()) randIndex(c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1), c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1)) # [1] 0.6
```

 ${\tt rogersTanimoto}$

Rogers & Tanimoto Index

Description

Compute the index of Rogers and Tanimoto

$$\frac{N_{11} + N_{00}}{N_{11} + 2(N_{10} + N_{01}) + N_{00}}$$

russelRao 39

Usage

```
rogersTanimoto(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
rogersTanimoto(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
rogersTanimoto(p, q)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Rogers DJ and Tanimoto TT (1960). "A Computer Program for Classifying Plants." *Science*, **132**(3434), pp. 1115–1118. ISSN 0036-8075, 1095-9203, doi: 10.1126/science.132.3434.1115.

Examples

```
rogersTanimoto(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 3/7
```

russelRao

Russel & Rao Index

Description

Compute the index of Russel and Rao

$$\frac{N_{11}}{N}$$

Usage

```
russelRao(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
russelRao(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
russelRao(p, q = NULL)
```

40 rvCoefficient

Arguments

p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients

q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Russel PF and Rao TR (1940). "On Habitat and Association of Species of Anopheline Larvae in South-Eastern Madras." *Journal of the Malaria Institute of India*, **3**(1), pp. 153–178.

Examples

```
russelRao(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.2
```

rvCoefficient

RV Coefficient

Description

Compute the RV coefficient

$$\frac{n + 2N_{11}(p)}{\sqrt{(2N_{21}(p) + n)(2N_{12}(p) + n)}}$$

Usage

```
rvCoefficient(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
rvCoefficient(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
rvCoefficient(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

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Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute the RV coefficient given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients,q = missing: Compute the RV coefficient given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Robert P and Escoufier Y (1976). "A Unifying Tool for Linear Multivariate Statistical Methods: The RV- Coefficient." *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series C (Applied Statistics)*, **25**(3), pp. 257 – 265. ISSN 00359254.

Youness G and Saporta G (2004). "Some Measures of Agreement between Close Partitions." *Student*, **51**, pp. 1-12.

Examples

```
rvCoefficient(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 9 / 13
```

sokalSneath1

Sokal & Sneath Index 1

Description

Compute the index 1 of Sokal and Sneath

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{N_{11}}{N_{21}} + \frac{N_{11}}{N_{12}} + \frac{N_{00}}{N'_{10}} + \frac{N_{00}}{N'_{01}} \right)$$

Usage

```
sokalSneath1(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
sokalSneath1(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
sokalSneath1(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients

 $\mathsf{q} \qquad \qquad \mathsf{The} \; \mathsf{partition} \; Q \; \mathsf{or} \; \mathsf{NULL}$

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

42 sokalSneath2

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Sokal RR and Sneath PHA (1963). Principles of numerical taxonomy. Freeman, San Francisco.

Examples

```
sokalSneath1(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),
new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 7/12
```

sokalSneath2

Sokal & Sneath Index 2

Description

Compute the index 2 of Sokal and Sneath

$$\frac{N_{11}}{N_{11} + 2(N_{10} + N_{01})}$$

Usage

```
sokalSneath2(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
sokalSneath2(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
sokalSneath2(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients

q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

```
• p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
```

• p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Sokal RR and Sneath PHA (1963). Principles of numerical taxonomy. Freeman, San Francisco.

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Examples

```
sokalSneath2(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.2
```

sokalSneath3

Sokal & Sneath Index 3

Description

Compute the index 3 of Sokal and Sneath

$$\frac{N_{11}N_{00}}{\sqrt{N_{21}N_{12}N_{01}'N_{10}'}}$$

Usage

```
sokalSneath3(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
sokalSneath3(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients,missing'
sokalSneath3(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Sokal RR and Sneath PHA (1963). Principles of numerical taxonomy. Freeman, San Francisco.

```
sokalSneath3(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)),

new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 1/3
```

44 variationOfInformation

variationOfInformation

Variation of Information

Description

Compute the variation of information

$$H(P) + H(Q) - 2MI(P,Q)$$

where MI is the mutual information, H the partition entropy

Usage

```
variationOfInformation(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition,Partition'
variationOfInformation(p, q)
```

Arguments

p The partition P q The partition Q

Methods (by class)

```
• p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
```

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Meila M (2003). "Comparing Clusterings by the Variation of Information." In Schölkopf B and Warmuth MK (eds.), *Learning Theory and Kernel Machines*, volume 2777 series Lecture Notes in Computer Science, pp. 173 – 187. Springer Berlin / Heidelberg. ISBN 978-3-540-40720-1.

Meila M (2007). "Comparing Clusterings – an Information Based Distance." *Journal of Multivariate Analysis*, **98**(5), pp. 873 – 895. doi: 10.1016/j.jmva.2006.11.013.

See Also

```
mutualInformation, entropy
```

```
round(variationOfInformation(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))), 6) == 0.763817
```

wallaceI 45

wallaceI

Wallace I

Description

Compute Wallace' index I

$$\frac{N_{11}}{N_{21}}$$

Usage

```
wallaceI(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
wallaceI(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
wallaceI(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

Fabian Ball <fabian.ball@kit.edu>

References

Wallace DL (1983). "A Method for Comparing Two Hierarchical Clusterings: Comment." *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, **78**(383), pp. 569 – 576.

See Also

folwkesMallowsIndex

```
wallaceI(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.5
```

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wallaceII

Wallace II

Description

Compute Wallace' index II

$$\frac{N_{11}}{N_{12}}$$

Usage

```
wallaceII(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'Partition, Partition'
wallaceII(p, q)
## S4 method for signature 'PairCoefficients, missing'
wallaceII(p, q = NULL)
```

Arguments

- p The partition P or an instance of PairCoefficients
- q The partition Q or NULL

Methods (by class)

- p = Partition, q = Partition: Compute given two partitions
- p = PairCoefficients, q = missing: Compute given the pair coefficients

Author(s)

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References

Wallace DL (1983). "A Method for Comparing Two Hierarchical Clusterings: Comment." *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, **78**(383), pp. 569 – 576.

See Also

 $folwkes {\tt MallowsIndex}$

```
wallaceII(new("Partition", c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)), 
 new("Partition", c(0, 0, 1, 1, 1))) == 0.5
```

[<-,Partition-method 47

```
[<-,Partition-method Subsetting Partition instances
```

Description

This method overrides the standard subsetting to prevent alteration (makes partitions, i.e. class labels, immutable).

Usage

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Partition' x[i, j] \leftarrow value
```

Arguments

x	A Partition instance
i	Extract
j	Extract
value	Extract

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