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Important: This documentation is for the **classic Watson Assistant** experience. To see the documentation for the new Watson Assistant, please go [here](#) .

Getting started with a dialog skill

Last updated 2022-12-14

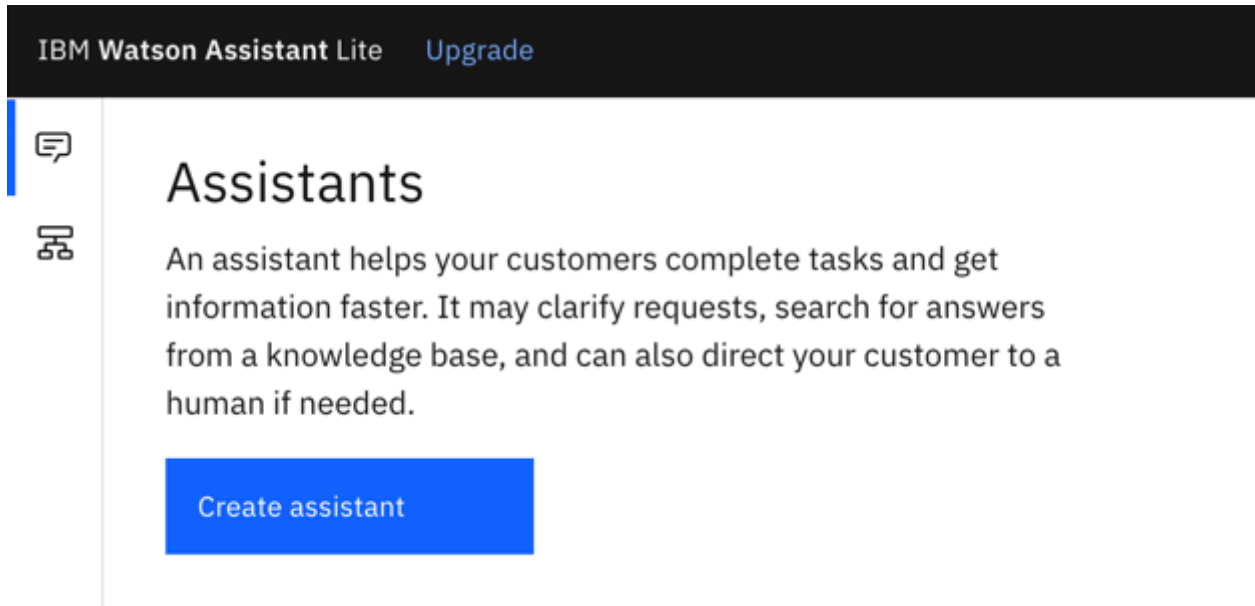
In this short tutorial, we help you use a dialog skill to build your first conversation.

A *dialog skill* uses Watson natural language processing and machine learning technologies to understand user questions and requests, and respond to them with answers that are authored by you.

Step 1: Create an assistant

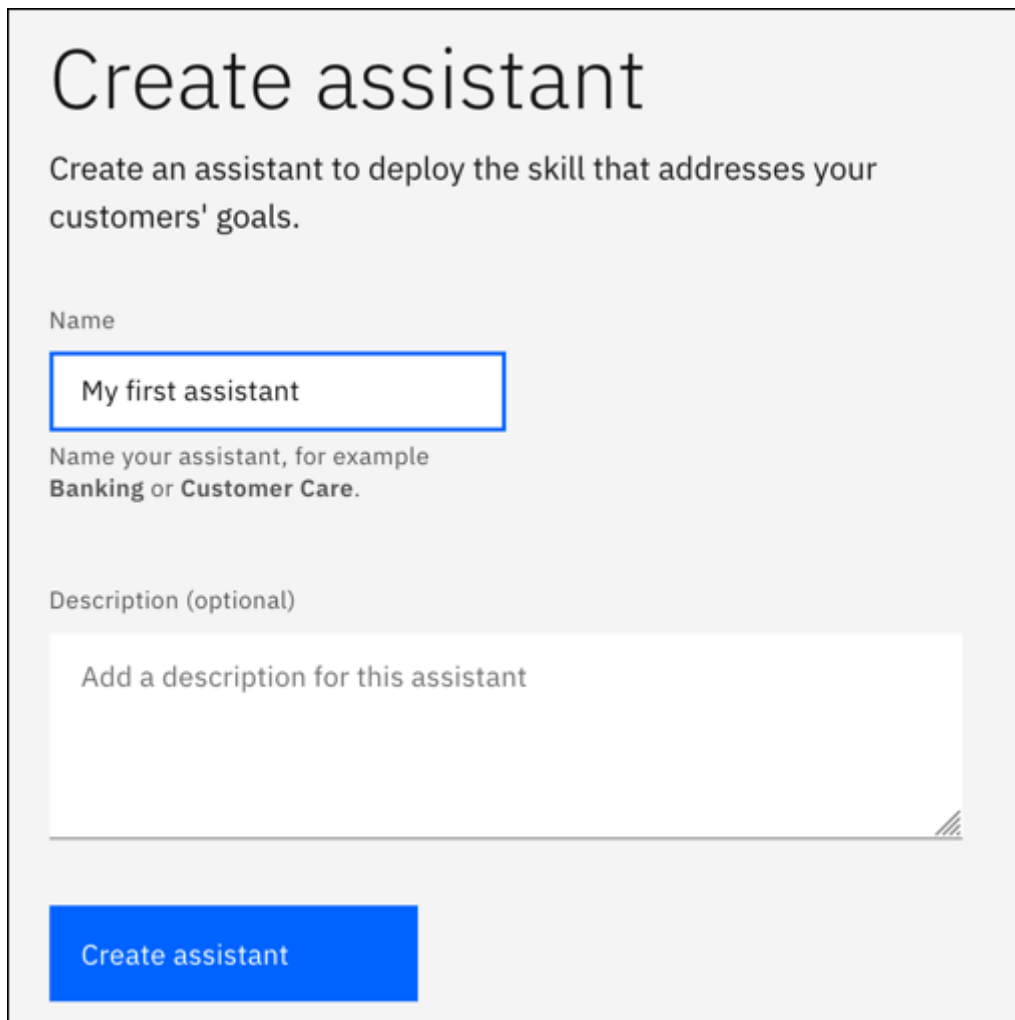
An *assistant* is a cognitive bot to which you add skills that enable it to interact with your customers in useful ways.

- 1 Click the **Assistants** icon , and then click **Create assistant**.



The screenshot shows the IBM Watson Assistant Lite interface. At the top, there is a black header with the text "IBM Watson Assistant Lite" and a blue "Upgrade" link. Below the header is a sidebar with a blue vertical bar. The sidebar contains two icons: a speech bubble icon and a robot icon. The main content area is titled "Assistants" and contains the following text: "An assistant helps your customers complete tasks and get information faster. It may clarify requests, search for answers from a knowledge base, and can also direct your customer to a human if needed." Below this text is a blue button labeled "Create assistant".

- 2 Name the assistant .



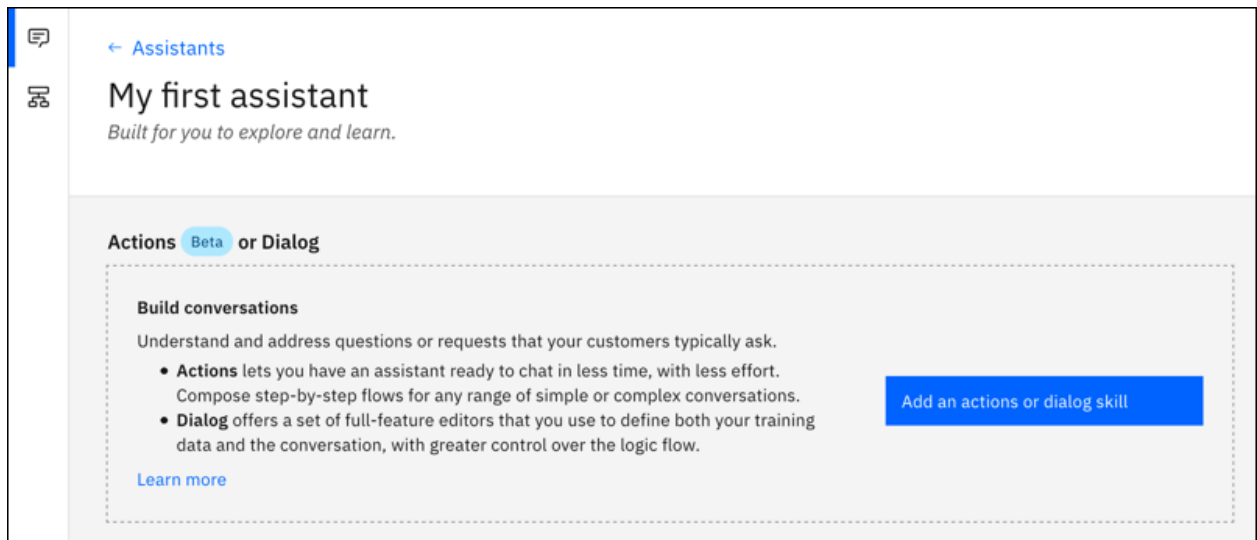
The screenshot shows the "Create assistant" form. The title is "Create assistant" and the subtitle is "Create an assistant to deploy the skill that addresses your customers' goals." The form has two main sections: "Name" and "Description (optional)". The "Name" section has a text input field with the value "My first assistant" and a blue "Create assistant" button below it. The "Description (optional)" section has a text area with the placeholder text "Add a description for this assistant" and a blue "Create assistant" button below it. A small icon of a robot is visible in the bottom right corner of the form.

- 3 Click **Create assistant**.

Step 2: Create a dialog skill

A *dialog skill* is a container for the artifacts that define the flow of a conversation that your assistant can have with your customers.

- 1 Click **Add an actions or dialog skill**.



- 2 Give your skill the name `My first skill`.
- 3 **Optional.** If the dialog you plan to build will use a language other than English, then choose the appropriate language from the list.
- 4 For skill type, choose Dialog.

Create an actions or dialog skill

Add an existing skill or use the sample skill.

Create skill Use sample skill Upload skill

Name

Name your skill; for example, Account application or Personal banking.

Description (optional)

Language ⓘ

English (US) ▼

Skill type

Actions

Dialog

Create skill

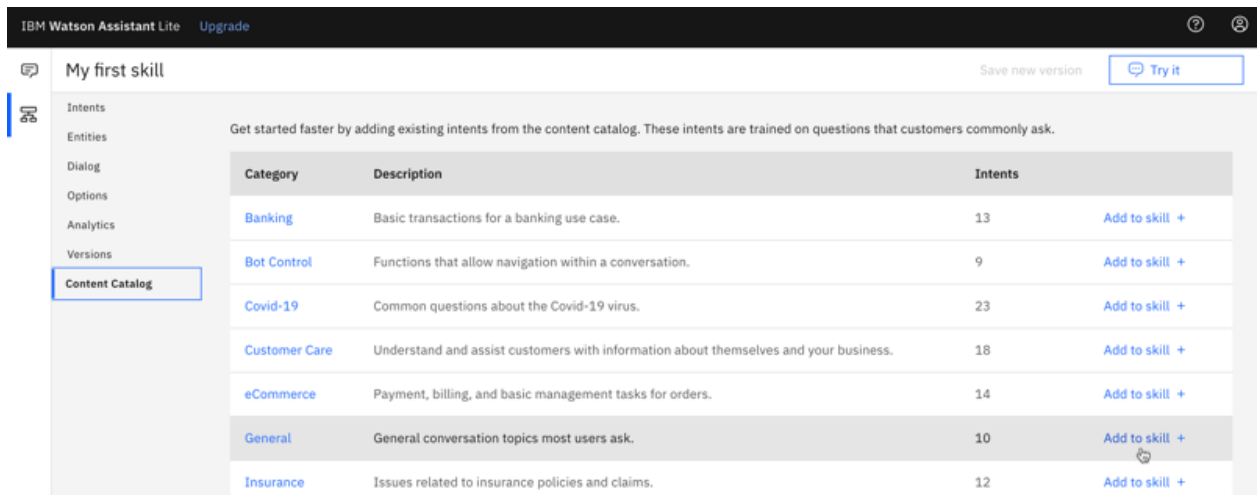
- 5 Click **Create skill**.

The skill is created and appears in your assistant.

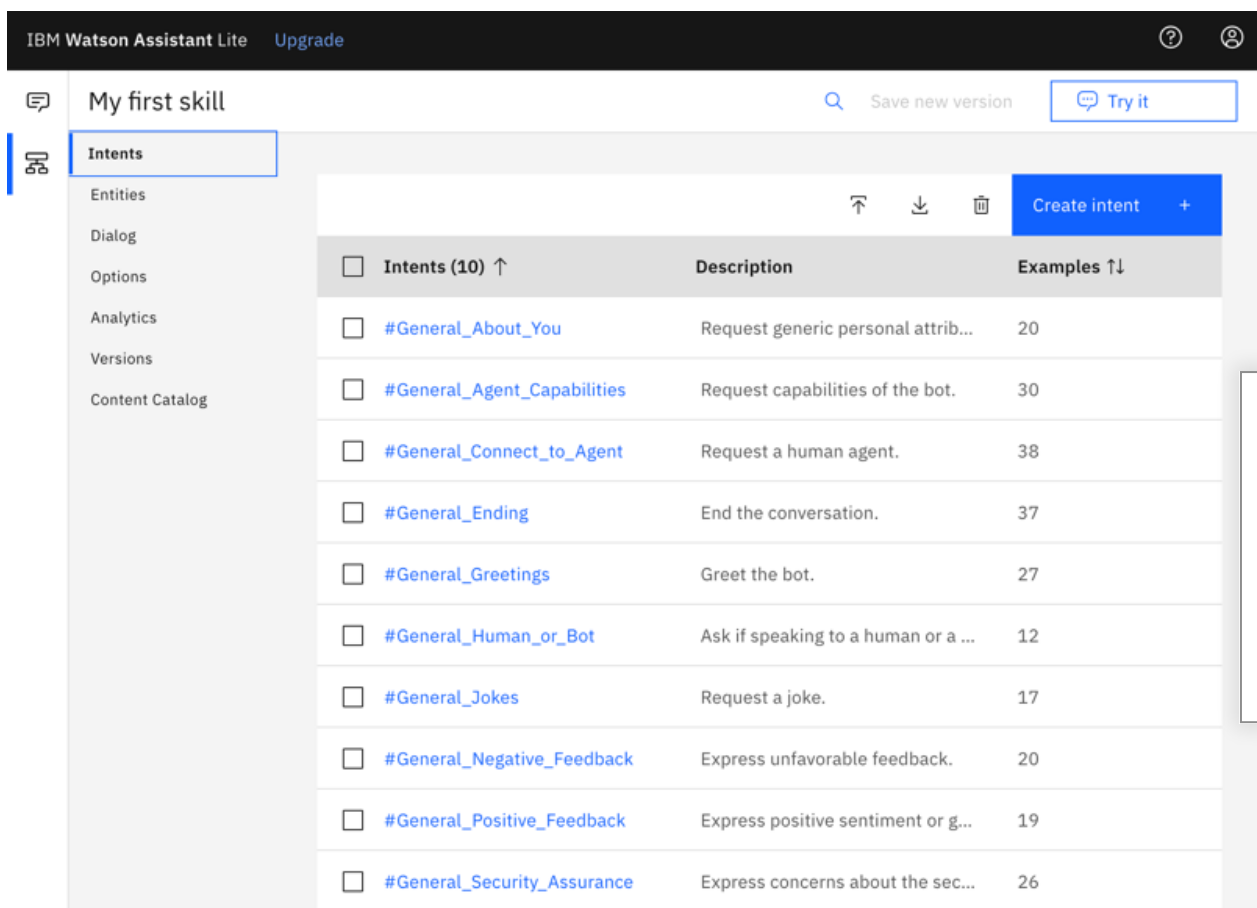
Step 3: Add intents from a content catalog

The Intents page is where you start to train your assistant. In this tutorial, you will add training data that was built by IBM to your skill. Prebuilt intents are available from the content catalog. You will give your assistant access to the **General** content catalog so your dialog can greet users, and end conversations with them.

- 1 Make sure your **My first skill** is open.
- 2 Click **Content Catalog** from the Skills menu.
- 3 Find **General** in the list, and then click **Add to skill**.



- ④ Open the **Intents** tab to review the intents and associated example utterances that were added to your training data. You can recognize them because each intent name begins with the prefix `#General_`. You will add the `#General_Greetings` and `#General_Ending` intents to your dialog in the next step.



Cookie Preferences

You successfully started to build your training data by adding prebuilt content from IBM.

Step 4: Build a dialog

A [dialog](#) defines the flow of your conversation in the form of a logic tree. It matches intents (what users say) to responses (what your virtual assistant says back). Each node of the tree has a condition that

triggers it, based on user input.

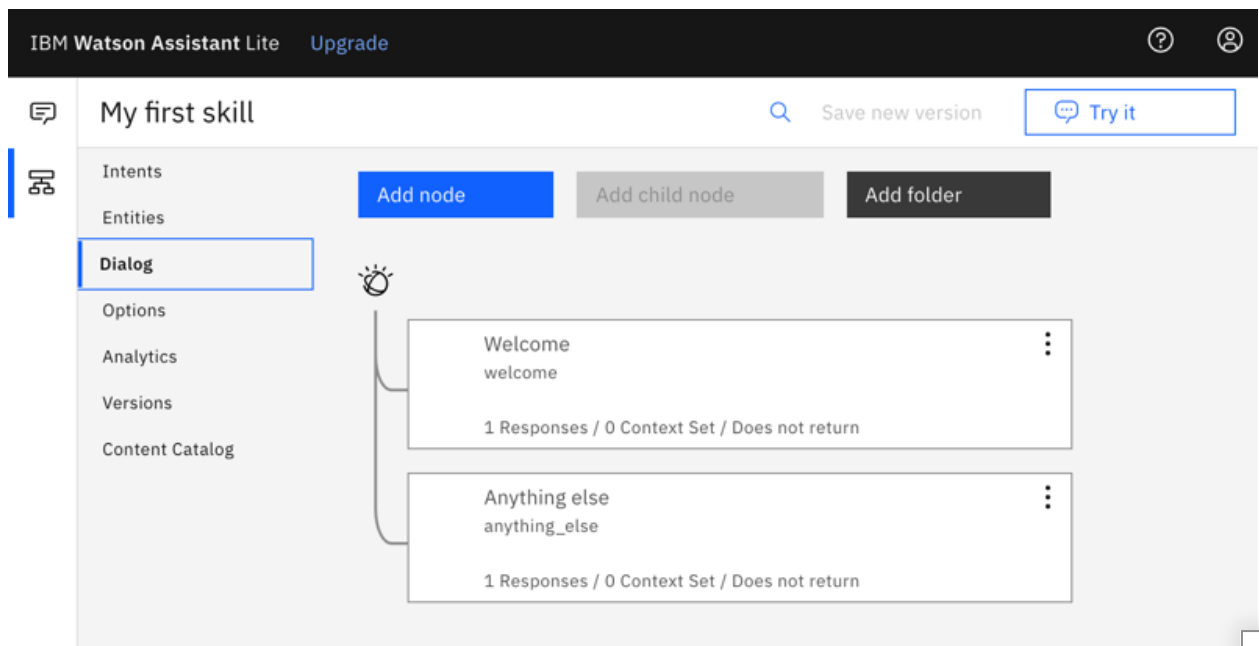
We'll create a simple dialog that handles greeting and ending intents, each with a single node.

Adding a start node

① From the Skills menu, click **Dialog**.

The following two dialog nodes are created for you automatically:

- **Welcome:** Contains a greeting that is displayed to your users when they first engage with the assistant.
- **Anything else:** Contains phrases that are used to reply to users when their input is not recognized.



② Click the **Welcome** node to open it in the edit view.

③ Replace the default response with the text, `Welcome to the Watson Assistant tutorial!`.

Welcome

Customize

Node name will be shown to customers for disambiguation so use something descriptive. [Settings](#)

If assistant recognizes

welcome +

Assistant responds

Text

Welcome to the Watson Assistant tutorial!

Enter response variation

Response variations are set to **sequential**. Set to [random](#) | [multiline](#)

[Learn more](#)

- 4 Click to close the edit view.

You created a dialog node that is triggered by the `welcome` condition. (`welcome` is a special condition that functions like an intent, but does not begin with a `#`.) It is triggered when a new conversation starts. Your node specifies that when a new conversation starts, the system should respond with the welcome message that you add to the response section of this first node.

Testing the start node

You can test your dialog at any time to verify the dialog. Let's test it now.

- Click the [Try it](#) icon to open the "Try it out" pane. You should see your welcome message.

Adding nodes to handle intents

Now let's add nodes between the `Welcome` node and the `Anything else` node that handle our intents.

- 1 Click **Add node**.
- 2 In the node name field, type `Greet customers`.
- 3 In the **If assistant recognizes** field of this node, start to type `#General_Greetings`. Then, select the `#General_Greetings` option.

- ④ Add the response text, `Good day to you!`

The screenshot shows the Dialogflow console interface for a skill named "My first skill". On the left, a sidebar contains navigation options: Intents, Entities, Dialog, Options, Analytics, Versions, and Content Catalog. The "Dialog" section is active, displaying a flowchart with three nodes: "Welcome", "Greet customers", and "Anything else". The "Greet customers" node is selected and highlighted in blue. The main panel shows the configuration for this node. The "If assistant recognizes" field is set to "#General_Greetings". The "Assistant responds" section is set to "Text" and contains the response text "Good day to you!". A text input field below the response text is labeled "Enter response variation".

- ⑤ Click **X** to close the edit view.

- ⑥ Click **Add node** to create a peer node.

- ⑦ Name the peer node `Say goodbye` and specify `#General_Ending` in the **If assistant recognizes** field.

- ⑧ Add `OK. See you later.` as the response text.

The screenshot shows the Dialogflow console interface for the same skill. The "Say goodbye" node is now selected and highlighted in blue. The "If assistant recognizes" field is set to "#General_Ending". The "Assistant responds" section is set to "Text" and contains the response text "OK. See you later.". A text input field below the response text is labeled "Enter response variation".

Cookie Preferences

- ⑨ Click **X** to close the edit view.

My first skill

Intents

Entities

Dialog

Options

Analytics

Versions

Content Catalog

Add node

Add child node

Add folder

Welcome
welcome
1 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return


Greet customers
#General_Greetings
1 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return

Say goodbye
#General_Ending
1 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return

Anything else
anything_else
1 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return

Testing intent recognition

You built a simple dialog to recognize and respond to both greeting and ending inputs. Let's see how well it works.

- 1 Click the  icon to open the "Try it out" pane. There's that reassuring welcome message.
- 2 In the text field, type `Hello` and then press Enter. The output indicates that the `#General_Greetings` intent was recognized, and the appropriate response (`Good day to you.`) is displayed.
- 3 Try the following input:
 - `bye`
 - `howdy`
 - `see ya`
 - `good morning`

- `sayonara`

0:00 / 0:20


Watson can recognize your intents even when your input doesn't exactly match the examples that you included. The dialog uses intents to identify the purpose of the user's input regardless of the precise wording used, and then responds in the way you specify.

Result of building a dialog

That's it. You created a simple conversation with two intents and a dialog to recognize them.

Step 5: Integrate the assistant

Now that you have an assistant that can participate in a simple conversational exchange, test it.

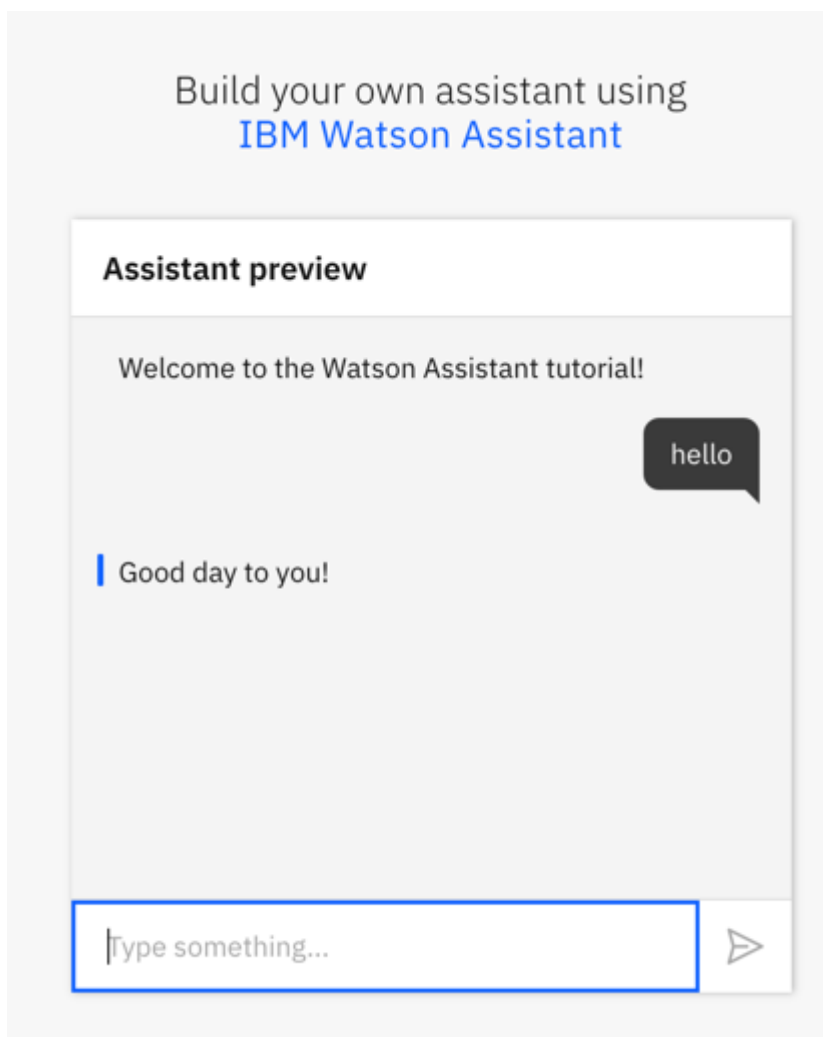
- ① Click the **Assistants** icon  to open a list of your assistants.
- ② Find the *My first assistant* assistant, and open it.
- ③ Test your assistant with *Preview*.



-
- Copy the URL from *Share this link* and use it in a new tab. You can start submitting message to see how your assistant responds.

Note: With a Lite plan, you can use the service for free. With other plans, you are charged for messages that you submit from the preview link. You can review metrics about the test user conversations from the Analytics page. You are not charged for messages that you submit from the "Try it out" pane, and the exchanges you have there are not logged.

- Type `hello` into the text field, and watch your assistant respond.



You can share the URL with others who might want to try out your assistant.

- After testing, close the web page. Click the **X** to close the preview link integration page.

Next steps

This tutorial is built around a simple example. For a real application, you need to define some more interesting intents, some entities, and a more complex dialog that uses them both. When you have a

interesting intents, some entities, and a more complex dialog that uses them both. When you have a polished version of the assistant, you can integrate it with web sites or channels, such as Slack, that your customers already use. As traffic increases between the assistant and your customers, you can use the tools that are provided in the **Analytics** page to analyze real conversations, and identify areas for improvement.

- Complete follow-on tutorials that build more advanced dialogs:
 - Add more dialog nodes to design complex conversational exchanges. See [Building a complex dialog](#).
 - Learn techniques for getting customers to share information that the assistant needs before it can provide a useful response. See [Adding a node with slots](#).

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