


Embedded Ada with Alire

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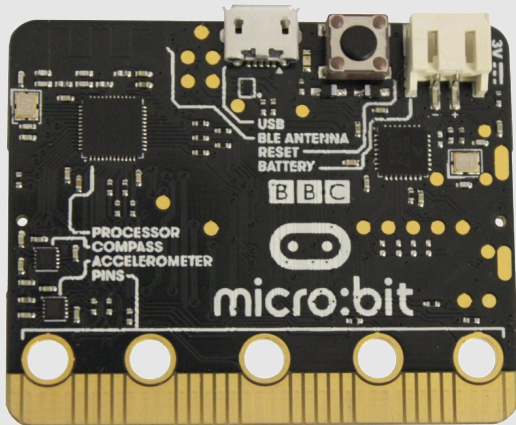
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 Hackaday.io: Fabien.C

- Micro-controllers
 - “Simple” devices
 - A few KiB sometimes MiB of RAM and ROM
 - No virtual memory
 - A lot of inputs/outputs
- No Operating System (bare-metal)

The hardware



AdaCore

What do we need?

- Toolchain
- Board Support Package (BSP)
 - Run-time
 - Startup code
 - Linker scripts
 - Drivers
- Libraries

Architecture of the crates

Create the nrf51_hal crate

```
$ alr init --lib nrf51_hal  
$ cd nrf51_hal
```

Add cortex_m dependency

```
$ alr with cortex_m
```

Add gnat_arm_elf dependency

```
$ alr with gnat_arm_elf
```


Create the microbit_bsp crate

```
$ cd ..  
$ alr init --lib microbit_bsp  
$ cd microbit_bsp
```

Add a pin dependency to nrf51_hal

```
$ alr with nrf51_hal --use=../nrf51_hal
```

Configure run-time in GPR file

Zero-FootPrint run-times without parts that are specific to a given MCU or board

That means without:

- Linker script
 - Startup code (crt0.S)
-

Add device configuration in GPR file



Get and build startup-gen

```
$ alr get --build startup_gen
```

Use startup-gen generator

```
$ startup-gen -P microbit_bsb.gpr \  
               -l src/link.ld \  
               -s src/crt0.S
```

Add crt0 + linker script in GPR file



Create the my_application crate

```
$ cd ..  
$ alr init --bin my_application  
$ cd my_application
```

Add a pin dependency to microbit_bsp

```
$ alr with microbit_bsp --use=../microbit_bsp
```


Write hello-world

```
with Ada.Text_IO;  
  
procedure My_Application is  
begin  
    for X in 1 .. 10 loop  
        Ada.Text_IO.Put_Line ("Hello World!");  
    end loop;  
end My_Application;
```

First build

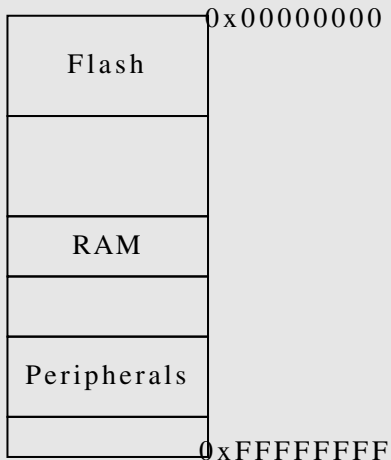
```
$ alr build
```

Run hello-world on QEMU

```
$ qemu-system-arm -nographic -no-reboot \  
                  -semihosting -M microbit \  
                  -kernel bin/my_application
```

Peripheral Drivers

Memory Mapped Registers



Memory Mapped Registers

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved		Sense		Reserved			

Sense: Pin sensing mechanism

0: Disabled

2: Sense for high level

3: Sense for low level

Hardware Mapping

```
#define SENSE_MASK      (0x30)
#define SENSE_POS       (4)

#define SENSE_DISABLED (0)
#define SENSE_HIGH     (2)
#define SENSE_LOW      (3)

uint8_t *register = 0x80000100;

// Clear Sense field
*register &= ~SENSE_MASK;
// Set sense value
*register |= SENSE_DISABLED << SENSE_POS;
```

Hardware Mapping

```
-- High level view of the Sense field
type Pin_Sense is
  (Disabled,
   High,
   Low)
  with Size => 2;

-- Hardware representation of the Sense field
for Pin_Sense use
  (Disabled => 0,
   High     => 2,
   Low      => 3);
```

Hardware Mapping

```
-- High level view of the register
type IO_Register is record
    Reserved_A : UInt4;
    SENSE      : Pin_Sense;
    Reserved_B : UInt2;
end record;

-- Hardware representation of the register
for IO_Register use record
    Reserved_A at 0 range 0 .. 3;
    SENSE      at 0 range 4 .. 5;
    Reserved_B at 0 range 6 .. 7;
end record;
```

Hardware Mapping

```
Register : IO_Register  
  with Address => 16#8000_0100#;
```

```
Register.SENSE := Disabled;
```

Mapping for the nRF51

- nRF51
- 28 peripherals
- 414 memory mapped registers
- 903 fields in the registers

Who wants to write all the representation clauses?

System View Description (SVD)

```
<field>
  <name>SENSE</name>
  <description>Pin sensing mechanism.</description>
  <lsb>4</lsb> <msb>5</msb>
  <enumeratedValues>
    <enumeratedValue>
      <name>Disabled</name>
      <description>Disabled.</description>
      <value>0x00</value>
    </enumeratedValue>
  </enumeratedValues>
[...]
```

Get and build svd2ada

```
$ alr get --build svd2ada
```