```
1
     // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2
     // OpenZeppelin Contracts (last updated v4.8.0) (proxy/Clones.sol)
3
4
     pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
5
     /**
6
7
      * @dev https://eips.ethereum.org/EIPS/eip-1167[EIP 1167] is a standard for
8
      * deploying minimal proxy contracts, also known as "clones".
9
10
     * > To simply and cheaply clone contract functionality in an immutable way, this
      standard specifies
      * > a minimal bytecode implementation that delegates all calls to a known, fixed
      address.
12
     * The library includes functions to deploy a proxy using either `create`
13
      (traditional deployment) or `create2
      * (salted deterministic deployment). It also includes functions to predict the
14
      addresses of clones deployed using the
15
      * deterministic method.
16
17
        Available since v3.4.
18
19
     library Clones {
20
          * @dev Deploys and returns the address of a clone that mimics the behaviour of
21
          `implementation`.
22
23
          * This function uses the create opcode, which should never revert.
24
25
         function clone(address implementation) internal returns (address instance) {
26
             /// @solidity memory-safe-assembly
27
             assembly {
                 // Cleans the upper 96 bits of the `implementation` word, then packs the
28
                 first 3 bytes
29
                 // of the `implementation` address with the bytecode before the address.
30
                 mstore(0x00, or(shr(0xe8, shl(0x60, implementation)),
                 0x3d602d80600a3d3981f3363d3d373d3d3d363d73000000))
                 // Packs the remaining 17 bytes of `implementation` with the bytecode
31
                 after the address.
32
                 mstore(0x20, or(shl(0x78, implementation),
                 0x5af43d82803e903d91602b57fd5bf3))
33
                 instance := create(0, 0x09, 0x37)
34
35
             require(instance != address(0), "ERC1167: create failed");
36
         }
37
         /**
38
          ^{\scriptscriptstyle \star} @dev Deploys and returns the address of a clone that mimics the behaviour of
39
          `implementation`.
40
          * This function uses the create2 opcode and a `salt` to deterministically deploy
41
          * the clone. Using the same `implementation` and `salt` multiple time will
42
          revert, since
43
          * the clones cannot be deployed twice at the same address.
44
45
         function cloneDeterministic(address implementation, bytes32 salt) internal returns
          (address instance) {
46
             /// @solidity memory-safe-assembly
47
             assembly {
48
                 // Cleans the upper 96 bits of the `implementation` word, then packs the
                 first 3 bytes
49
                 // of the `implementation` address with the bytecode before the address.
50
                 mstore(0x00, or(shr(0xe8, shl(0x60, implementation)),
                 0x3d602d80600a3d3981f3363d3d3d3d3d3d3d3d3d3d3d3000000))
51
                 // Packs the remaining 17 bytes of `implementation` with the bytecode
                 after the address.
52
                 mstore(0x20, or(shl(0x78, implementation),
                 0x5af43d82803e903d91602b57fd5bf3))
53
                 instance := create2(0, 0x09, 0x37, salt)
54
             }
5.5
             require(instance != address(0), "ERC1167: create2 failed");
56
         }
57
```

```
58
         /**
59
         ^{\star} @dev Computes the address of a clone deployed using
          {Clones-cloneDeterministic}.
60
          * /
61
         function predictDeterministicAddress(
62
             address implementation,
63
             bytes32 salt,
64
             address deployer
65
         ) internal pure returns (address predicted) {
66
             /// @solidity memory-safe-assembly
67
             assembly {
                 let ptr := mload(0x40)
68
69
                 mstore(add(ptr, 0x38), deployer)
                 \verb|mstore(add(ptr, 0x24), 0x5af43d82803e903d91602b57fd5bf3ff)|\\
70
                 mstore(add(ptr, 0x14), implementation)
71
72
                 73
                 mstore(add(ptr, 0x58), salt)
mstore(add(ptr, 0x78), keccak256(add(ptr, 0x0c), 0x37))
74
75
                 predicted := \frac{keccak256}{(add(ptr, 0x43), 0x55)}
76
             }
77
         }
78
         /**
79
80
          * @dev Computes the address of a clone deployed using
         {Clones-cloneDeterministic}.
81
82
         function predictDeterministicAddress (address implementation, bytes32 salt)
83
             internal
84
85
             returns (address predicted)
86
         {
87
             return predictDeterministicAddress(implementation, salt, address(this));
88
         }
89
     }
90
```