

https://fabiensbr.github.io/NinaCarducci_soutenance/#photographe



100

100



Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices SEO



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

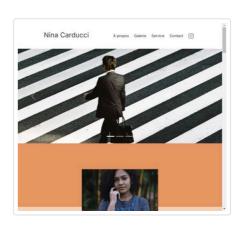


METRICS

0-49

50-89

90-100



Expand view

1.0 s

Total Blocking Time

First Contentful Paint

0 ms

0 ma

Speed Index

1.0 s

Largest Contentful Paint

1.0 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0.001

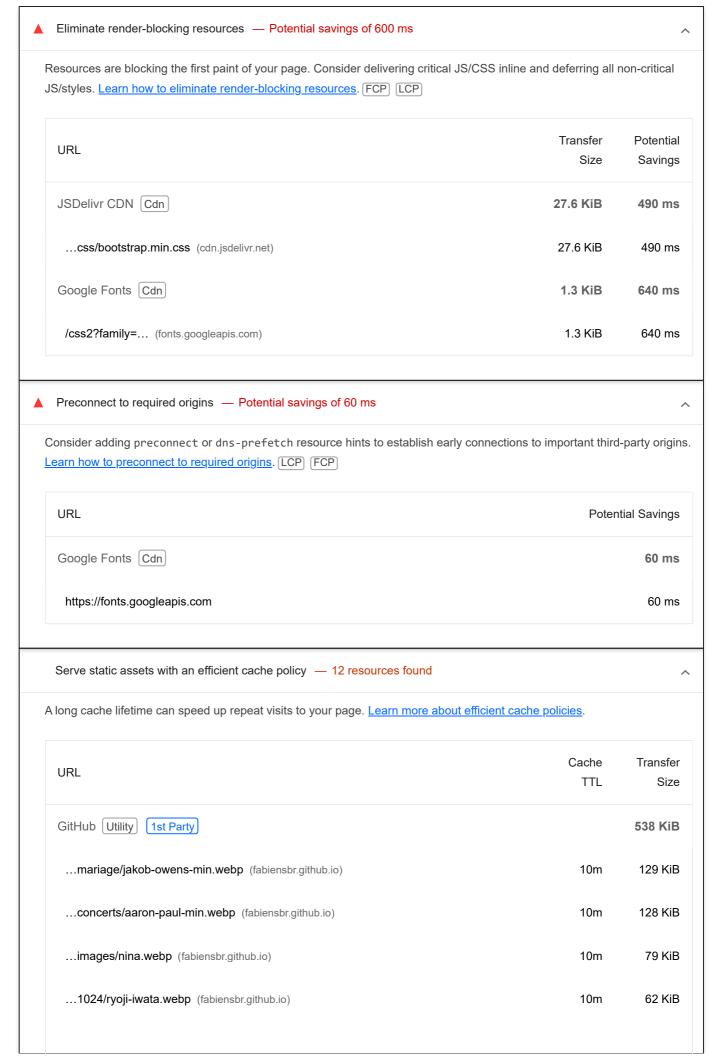
View Treemap



Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

DIAGNOSTICS

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URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
entreprise/jason-goodman-min.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	10m	38 KiB
entreprise/ali-morshedlou-min.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	10m	37 KiB
mariage/hannah-busing-min.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	10m	35 KiB
portraits/ade-tunji-min.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	10m	25 KiB
assets/maugallery.min.js (fabiensbr.github.io)	10m	2 KiB
assets/style.css (fabiensbr.github.io)	10m	2 KiB
images/instagram.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	10m	1 KiB
assets/scripts.js (fabiensbr.github.io)	10m	0 KiB

Properly size images — Potenti	al savings of 303 KiB		^
Serve images that are appropriatel	y-sized to save cellular data and improve load time.	Learn how to size ima	ges. FCP
	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
GitHub Utility 1st Party		470.5 KiB	303.3 KiB
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	mariage/jakob-owens- min.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	129.0 KiB	98.5 KiB
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	concerts/aaron-paul- min.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	128.1 KiB	94.0 KiB
g.gamer, nermining nain			

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		URL	Resource Size	Potentia Saving
img.gallery-item.img-fluid		entreprise/ali-morshedlou- min.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	36.7 KiB	28.0 Ki
	img	images/nina.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	79.3 KiB	26.6 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid		mariage/hannah-busing- min.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	34.9 KiB	19.4 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid		portraits/ade-tunji- min.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	24.3 KiB	18.5 Ki
		entreprise/jason-goodman- min.webp (fabiensbr.github.io)	38.3 KiB	18.2 Ki

Reduce unused CSS —	 Potential savings of 26 KiB
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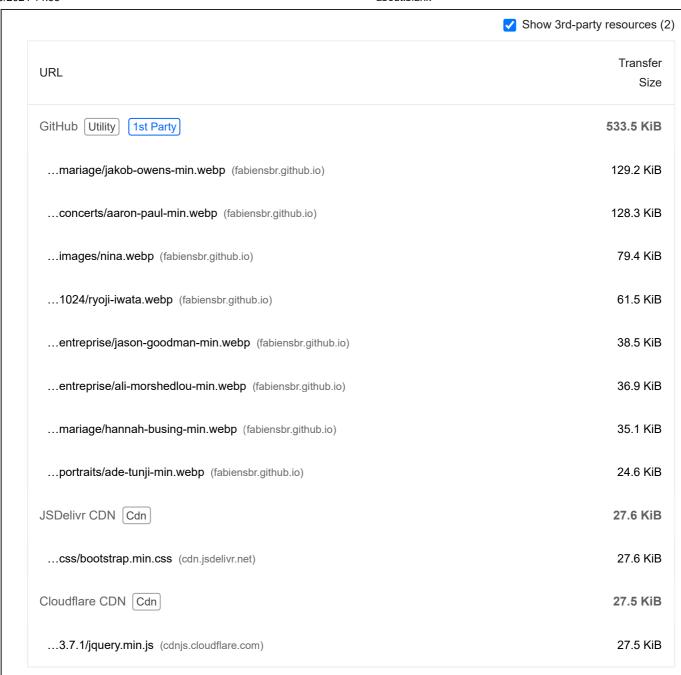
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. $\underline{\text{Learn how to reduce unused CSS}}.$ $\overline{\text{FCP}}$ $\overline{\text{LCP}}$

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	26.8 KiB	25.6 KiB

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Transfer Potential URL Savings Size ...css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 26.8 KiB 25.6 KiB Avoid large layout shifts — 1 layout shift found These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to windowing. Learn how to improve CLS CLS Layout shift score Element nav.nav 0.001 ...v18/UcCO3FwrK....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) Web font loaded ...v13/rnCu-xNNw....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) Web font loaded /css2?family=... (fonts.googleapis.com) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...3.7.1/jquery.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...assets/scripts.js (fabiensbr.github.io) A late network request adjusted the page layout ...assets/maugallery.min.js (fabiensbr.github.io) A late network request adjusted the page layout Initial server response time was short — Root document took 50 ms Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric. FCP [LCP] URL Time Spent GitHub (Utility) 1st Party 50 ms 50 ms /NinaCarducci_soutenance/ (fabiensbr.github.io) Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 702 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn how to reduce payload sizes.

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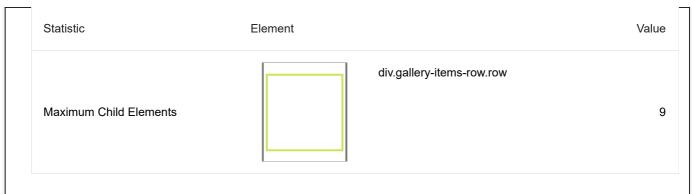


O Avoids an excessive DOM size — 146 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. <u>(TBT)</u>

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		146
Maximum DOM Depth	div.mg-prev	10

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Avoid chaining critical requests — 9 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests.

Maximum critical path latency: 761.144 ms

Initial Navigation

/NinaCarducci soutenance/ (fabiensbr.github.io)

- ...css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 336.617 ms, 27.58 KiB
- ...assets/style.css (fabiensbr.github.io)

/css2?family=... (fonts.googleapis.com)

- ...v18/UcCO3FwrK....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) 96.435 ms, 23.28 KiB
- ...v13/rnCu-xNNw....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) 73.376 ms, 14.49 KiB
- ...v13/rnCu-xNNw....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) 118.628 ms, 15.29 KiB
- ...v13/rnCr-xNNw....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) 143.783 ms, 13.48 KiB
- ...js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 360.027 ms, 22.66 KiB
- ...3.7.1/jquery.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 281.495 ms, 27.45 KiB
- ...assets/maugallery.min.js (fabiensbr.github.io) 151.431 ms, 1.86 KiB
- ...assets/scripts.js (fabiensbr.github.io) 151.637 ms, 0.46 KiB

○ JavaScript execution time — 0.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. TBT

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
GitHub Utility 1st Party	164 ms	7 ms	0 ms
/NinaCarducci_soutenance/ (fabiensbr.github.io)	164 ms	7 ms	0 ms
Cloudflare CDN Cdn	95 ms	61 ms	2 ms

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URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
3.7.1/jquery.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	95 ms	61 ms	2 ms
Unattributable	76 ms	2 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	76 ms	2 ms	0 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.4 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work [TBT]

Category	Time Spent
Other	137 ms
Style & Layout	117 ms
Script Evaluation	80 ms
Rendering	18 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	13 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	5 ms

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn how to minimize third-party impact. TBT

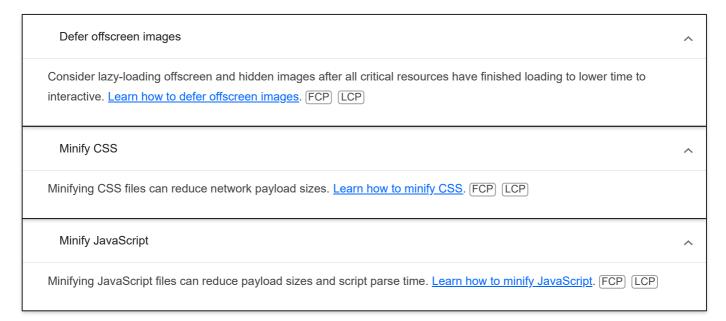
Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Google Fonts Cdn	68 KiB	0 ms
v18/UcCO3FwrKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	23 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	14 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCr-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	13 KiB	0 ms
/css2?family= (fonts.googleapis.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	50 KiB	0 ms

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Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking T
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.n	net) 28 KiB	0
js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdel	livr.net) 23 KiB	0
Cloudflare CDN Cdn	27 KiB	0
3.7.1/jquery.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.c	com) 27 KiB	0
Largest Contentful Paint element — 1,	,040 ms	
his is the largest contentful element pain		
LCP	nted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the</u>	Largest Contentful Paint eleme
	nted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the</u>	Largest Contentful Paint eleme
Element	nted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the</u>	Largest Contentful Paint eleme
Element	% of LCP	Largest Contentful Paint eleme
Element img.d-block.w-100		
Element img.d-block.w-100 Phase	% of LCP	Timi
Element img.d-block.w-100 Phase TTFB	% of LCP 29%	Timi

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (24)



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Reduce unused JavaScript
Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>
Efficiently encode images
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn how to efficiently encode images</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>
Serve images in next-gen formats
Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats. FCP LCP
Enable text compression
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> more about text compression. FCP LCP
Avoid multiple page redirects
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn how to avoid page redirects</u> . <u>LCP</u> <u>FCP</u>
Use HTTP/2
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2. LCP
Use video formats for animated content
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats FCP LCP
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity.
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers
Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how
to use modern JavaScript FCP LCP

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If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. Learn more about preloading LCP elements. [LCP] User Timing marks and measures Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. Learn more about User Timing marks. All text remains visible during webfont loads Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more about fontdisplay. Lazy load third-party resources with facades Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade. (TBT) Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more about optimal lazy loading. [LCP] Element img.d-block.w-100 Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more about adopting passive event listeners. Avoids document.write() For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write(). Avoid long main-thread tasks Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks TBT Avoid non-composited animations Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations CLS

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Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> <u>(CLS)</u>

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.

Page didn't prevent back/forward cache restoration

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

Interactive controls are keyboard focusable

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls</u> focusable.

Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state

Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.

The page has a logical tab order

Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about logical tab ordering</u>.

Visual order on the page follows DOM order

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DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering.</u>	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus tra	<u>ips</u> .
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus to new content</u> .	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	ogy.
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom controls and labels</u> .	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> <u>review</u>.

PASSED AUDITS (24)

[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>.

Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body.

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[aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute. Input buttons have discernible text. Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. Learn more about input buttons. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag. ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. Learn more about conditional ARIA attributes. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements. Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to users of assistive technologies. Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles.

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Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribute. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure. List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute. Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing.

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Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order. Uses ARIA roles only on compatible elements Many HTML elements can only be assigned certain ARIA roles. Using ARIA roles where they are not allowed can interfere with the accessibility of the web page. Learn more about ARIA roles. Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text.

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the alt attribute.

NOT APPLICABLE (33) Hide

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more about access keys.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make command elements more accessible.

Deprecated ARIA roles were not used

Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles.

Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.

ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels.

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ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, make it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	aking
O [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about and required attributes.	roles
Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more roles and required children elements</u> .	<u>about</u>
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility funct Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	ions.
O [role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid AF roles.	<u>RIA</u>
Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents.	^
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unu for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	sable
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	

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ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling treeitem elements.	ng it
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more about by blocks.	<u>ʻpass</u>
O <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn has structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>now to</td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can pro announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>pperly</td></tr><tr><td>ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <a href="https://example.com/linearing-new-normal-</td><td><u>_earn</u></td></tr><tr><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u>.</td><td>e either</td></tr><tr><td>O <frame> Or <iframe> elements have a title</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>O <html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text con Learn more about the lang attribute.</td><td>rrectly.</td></tr><tr><td><pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understa purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.</td><td>nd the</td></tr><tr><td>Links are distinguishable without relying on color.</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

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Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable.	r
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag.	
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers content meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	vey
O Select elements have associated label elements.	^
Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. Learn more about the select element.	!
O Skip links are focusable.	^
Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.	
Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>.</caption>	^
The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate tab mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption.</caption>	ole
O Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only r to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.	refer
	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u> .	i
O [lang] attributes have a valid value	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Lear how to use the lang attribute</u> .	<u>rn</u>
	^

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When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more about video captions</u>.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

O Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn how to use a CSP to prevent XSS

Description

Directive

Severity

No CSP found in enforcement mode

High

GENERAL

O Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.

Name

Version

Bootstrap

5.3.3

jQuery

3.7.1

PASSED AUDITS (14)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

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Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. Avoids third-party cookies Chrome is moving towards a new experience that allows users to choose to browse without third-party cookies. Learn more about third-party cookies. Allows users to paste into input fields Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. Learn more about user-friendly input fields. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.

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No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

URL Map URL

JSDelivr CDN Cdn

...js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) ...js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net)

NOT APPLICABLE (2)

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

Make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. Learn more.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more about legible font sizes</u>.



SEC

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not

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score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data.</u>

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (8) Hide

Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more about crawler directives. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. Document has a meta description Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta description. Page has successful HTTP status code Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes. Links have descriptive text Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible. Links are crawlable Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

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Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region.

Learn more about hreflang.

NOT APPLICABLE (2) Hide

robots.txt is valid
 If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.
 Document has a valid rel=canonical
 Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.

Captured at Oct 30, 2024, 2:53 PM GMT+1

Initial page load

Emulated Desktop with
Lighthouse 12.2.1
Custom throttling

Single page session

Using Chromium 130.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 12.2.1 | File an issue

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