CONTENTS vii

				Page	
		5.3.2.5	Adjustment for moisture and latitudinal gradient		
		5.3.2.6	Six-hour 2.6 km ² PMP index map		
		5.3.2.7	Time distribution of rainfall		
		5.3.2.8	PMP for specific basins		
	5.3.3	PMP for c	drainages from 259 km² to 7 770 km² in the Tennessee River basin		
		5.3.3.1	Derivation of non-orographic PMP	96	
		5.3.3.2	Terrain and orographic influences on PMP	97	
		5.3.3.3	Terrain stimulation adjustment	98	
		5.3.3.4	Adjustment for PMP at interface (259 km²)	99	
		5.3.3.5	Areal and time distribution	100	
		5.3.3.6	PMP for specific basins	100	
	5.3.4	PMP estimates for the United States between the Continental Divide			
		and the	103rd meridian	102	
		5.3.4.1	Storm separation method	103	
		5.3.4.2	Orographic factor <i>T/C</i>	104	
		5.3.4.3	Storm intensity factor M	105	
		5.3.4.4	Computation of PMP	105	
		5.3.4.5	Depth-area relations	106	
	5.3.5	PMP estimates for the Colorado River and Great Basin drainages of			
		the south-western United States1			
		5.3.5.1	Orographic precipitation index	107	
		5.3.5.2	Variation with basin size	108	
		5.3.5.3	Durational variation	109	
		5.3.5.4	Combination of orographic and convergence PMP	109	
	5.3.6	PMP estin	nate for drainage above Dewey Dam, Johns Creek, Kentucky		
		5.3.6.1	Orographic factor <i>T/C</i>		
		5.3.6.2	Storm intensity factor M	111	
		5.3.6.3	Computation of PMP for Johns Creek basin		
	5.3.7	Generalized estimation of PMP for local storms in the Pacific North-west region			
			nited States		
		5.3.7.1	Brief introduction	111	
		5.3.7.2	Moisture maximization		
		5.3.7.3	Elevation adjustment and horizontal transposition adjustment		
		5.3.7.4	PMP precipitation depth–duration relation		
		5.3.7.5	PMP precipitation depth–area relation		
		5.3.7.6	One-hour 2.6 km ² PMP map of the North-west region		
		5.3.7.7	Estimating procedure of local storm PMP for specific basin		
		5.3.7.8	Example of local-storm PMP estimation		
	5.3.8	PMP estimation in California, United States			
		5.3.8.1	Profile		
		5.3.8.2	Procedure and example computation of estimating PMP		
			with the general storm method	117	
		5.3.8.3	Procedure and example computation of estimating PMP with		
			the local storm method	120	
	5.3.9	Topograp	hic adjustment		
5.4	ESTIMATION OF PMP FOR SHORT DURATIONS AND SMALL AREAS IN AUSTRALIA				
	5.4.1		ion		
	5.4.2		on of record storms in Australia and the United States		
	5.4.3	•	DM depth–area–duration data		
	01.13	5.4.3.1	Geographic variation		
		5.4.3.2	Distribution of PMP in time		
		5.4.3.3	Distribution of PMP in space		
		5.4.3.4	Seasonal variation		
	5.4.4		calculate short-duration small-area PMP		
5.5	ESTIMATION OF PMP FOR LONGER-DURATION STORMS IN AUSTRALIA				
	5.5.1	Introduction			
	5.5.2		nent of the storm database		
	5.5.2	Lotabilaili	5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5	1 52	