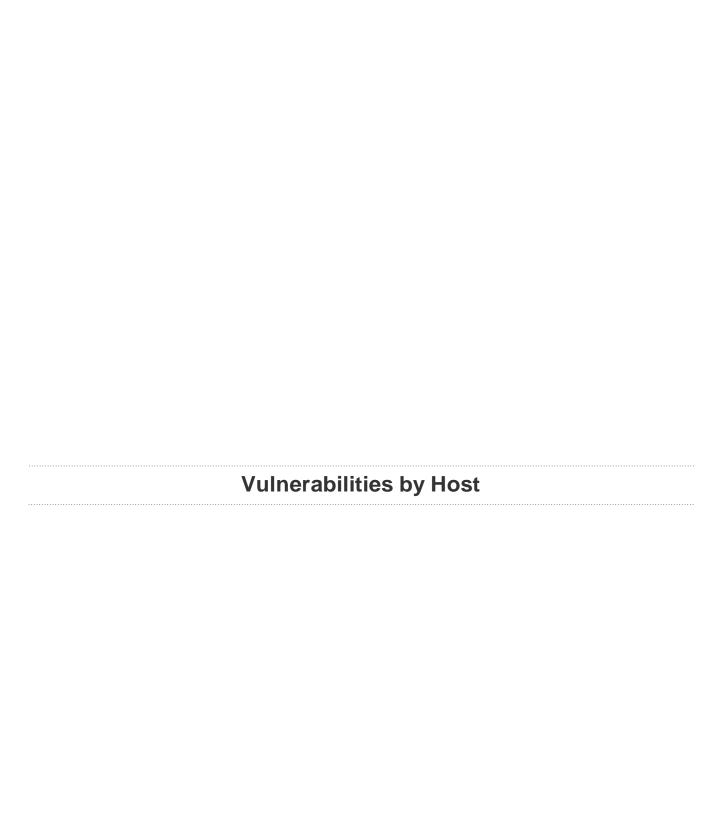


# Meta

Report generated by  $Nessus^{TM}$ 

Thu, 24 Nov 2022 07:06:27 EST

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# 192.168.50.101



### **Host Information**

Netbios Name: METASPLOITABLE
IP: 192.168.50.101
MAC Address: 08:00:27:ED:A5:B7

OS: Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (hardy)

# **Vulnerabilities**

# 51988 - Bind Shell Backdoor Detection

### Sinossi

L'host remoto potrebbe essere stato compromesso.

# Descrizione

Una shell è in ascolto sulla porta remota senza che sia richiesta alcuna autenticazione. Un utente malintenzionato può utilizzarlo connettendosi alla porta remota e inviando direttamente comandi.

### Soluzione

Verificare se l'host remoto è stato compromesso e, se necessario, reinstallare il sistema.

# Risk Factor

# Critical

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2011/02/15, Modified: 2022/04/11

# Plugin Output

# tcp/1524/wild\_shell

# 32314 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness

# Synopsis

The remote SSH host keys are weak.

### Descrizione

La chiave host SSH remota è stata generata su un sistema Debian o Ubuntu che contiene un bug nel generatore di numeri casuali della sua libreria OpenSSL.

Il problema è dovuto al fatto che un packager Debian rimuove quasi tutte le fonti di entropia nella versione remota di OpenSSL.

Un utente malintenzionato può facilmente ottenere la parte privata della chiave remota e utilizzarla per impostare la decifratura della sessione remota o impostare un attacco man in the middle.

# See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224

### Risk Factor

### Critical

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

# References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

# **Exploitable With**

Core Impact (true)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/14, Modified: 2018/11/15

# Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

# 32321 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)

# Synopsis

The remote SSL certificate uses a weak key.

### Descrizione

Il certificato x509 remoto sul server SSL remoto è stato generato su un sistema Debian o Ubuntu che contiene un bug nel generatore di numeri casuali della sua libreria OpenSSL.

Il problema è dovuto al fatto che un packager Debian rimuove quasi tutte le fonti di entropia nella versione remota di OpenSSL.

Un utente malintenzionato può facilmente ottenere la parte privata della chiave remota e utilizzarla per decifrare la sessione remota o impostare un attacco man in the middle.

# See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc

http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224

### Soluzione

Considerare indovinabile tutto il materiale crittografico generato sull'host remoto. In particolare, tutto il materiale delle chiavi SSH, SSL e OpenVPN dovrebbe essere rigenerato.

# Risk Factor

# Critical

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

# **Exploitable With**

### Core Impact (true)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/15, Modified: 2020/11/16

# Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

# 32321 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)

# Synopsis

The remote SSL certificate uses a weak key.

### Descrizione

Il certificato x509 remoto sul server SSL remoto è stato generato su un sistema Debian o Ubuntu che contiene un bug nel generatore di numeri casuali della sua libreria OpenSSL.

Il problema è dovuto al fatto che un packager Debian rimuove quasi tutte le fonti di entropia nella versione remota di OpenSSL.

Un utente malintenzionato può facilmente ottenere la parte privata della chiave remota e utilizzarla per decifrare la sessione remota o impostare un attacco man in the middle.

# See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc

http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224

### Soluzione

Considerare indovinabile tutto il materiale crittografico generato sull'host remoto. In particolare, tutto il materiale chiave SSH, SSL e OpenVPN dovrebbe essere rigenerato.

# Risk Factor

# Critical

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

# **Exploitable With**

### Core Impact (true)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/15, Modified: 2020/11/16

# Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

# 11356 - NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure

# Synopsis

It is possible to access NFS shares on the remote host.

### Descrizione

Almeno una delle condivisioni NFS esportate dal server remoto può essere montata dall'host di scansione. Un utente malintenzionato potrebbe essere in grado di sfruttare questo per leggere (ed eventualmente scrivere) file su host remoto.

### Soluzione

Configurare NFS sull'host remoto in modo che solo gli host autorizzati possano montare le proprie condivisioni remote.

Risk Factor

Critical

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# References

CVE CVE-1999-0170
CVE CVE-1999-0211
CVE CVE-1999-0554

# Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/12, Modified: 2018/09/17

# Plugin Output

udp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following NFS shares could be mounted:

+ /

+ Contents of /:

- .

- bin
- boot
- cdrom
```

```
- dev
- etc
- home
- initrd
- initrd.img
- lib
- lost+found
- media
- mnt
- nohup.out
- opt
- proc
- root
- sbin
- srv
- sys
- tmp
- usr
```

- var - vmlinuz

# 20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

# Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

### Descrizione

Il servizio remoto accetta connessioni crittografate utilizzando SSL 2.0 e/o SSL 3.0. Queste versioni di SSL sono affette da diversi difetti crittografici, tra cui:

- 1. Uno schema di riempimento insicuro con cifrari CBC.
- 2. Schemi di rinegoziazione e ripresa delle sessioni insicuri .

Un utente malintenzionato può sfruttare questi difetti **per** condurre attacchi man-in-the-middle o per decrittografare le comunicazioni tra il servizio interessato e i client.

Sebbene SSL / TLS abbia un mezzo sicuro per scegliere la versione più supportata del protocollo (in modo che queste versioni vengano utilizzate solo se il client o il server non supportano nulla di meglio), molti browser Web implementano questo in un modo non sicuro che consente a un utente malintenzionato di eseguire il downgrade di una connessione (come in POODLE). Pertanto, si consiglia di disabilitare completamente questi protocolli .

Il NIST ha stabilito che SSL 3.0 non è più accettabile per le comunicazioni sicure. A partire dalla data di applicazione trovata in PCI DSS v3.1, qualsiasi versione di SSL non soddisferà la definizione di "crittografia forte" del SSC PCI.

### See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

### Soluzione

Consultare la documentazione dell'applicazione per disattivare SSL

2.0 e 3.0. Utilizzare invece TLS 1.2 (con suite di crittografia approvate) o superiore.

# Risk Factor

## Critical

# CVSS v3:0 Base Score

# 20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

# 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

# Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

|  | l-hit kaul  |                    |                 |                         |   |
|--|---|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|---|
| Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64  | _   |                    |                 |                         |   |
| Name   | Code  | KEX                |                 | Encryption              | P |
| EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5<br>export  |   | RSA(512)           | RSA             | RC2-CBC(40)             | 1 |
| EXP-RC4-MD5<br>export  |   | RSA(512)           | RSA             | RC4(40)                 | 1 |
| Medium Strength Ciphers (>   | 64-bit and < 112  | 2-bit key, or 3DES | 5)              |                         |   |
| Name   | Code  | KEX                | Auth            | Encryption              | 1 |
| DES-CBC3-MD5   |   | RSA                | RSA             | 3DES-CBC(168)           | 1 |
| High Strength Ciphers (>= 1  | .12-bit key)  |                    |                 |                         |   |
| Name   | Code  | KEX                | Auth            | Encryption              | 1 |
| RC4-MD5  |   | RSA                | RSA             | RC4(128)                | 1 |
| e fields above are :   |   |                    |                 |                         |   |
| {Tenable ciphername}<br>{Cipher ID code}<br>Kex={key exchange}<br>Auth={authentication}  |   |                    |                 |                         |   |
| <pre>Encrypt={symmetric encrypti MAC={message authentication {export flag}</pre>   | r code;   |                    |                 |                         |   |
| MAC={message authentication  | erver supports at   | _                  |                 |                         |   |
| MAC={message authentication<br>{export flag}<br>SSLv3 is enabled and the seplanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL                          | erver supports at<br>3.0 cipher suite                       | _                  |                 |                         |   |
| MAC={message authentication<br>{export flag}<br>SSLv3 is enabled and the seplanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL                          | erver supports at<br>3.0 cipher suite<br>4-bit key)<br>Code | _                  | h SSLv3<br>Auth | Encryption              |   |
| MAC={message authentication {export flag}  SSLv3 is enabled and the semplanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL  Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64 | erver supports at<br>3.0 cipher suite<br>4-bit key)<br>Code | es may be used wit | h SSLv3<br>Auth | Encryption  DES-CBC(40) |   |

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

### Descrizione

Il servizio remoto accetta connessioni crittografate utilizzando SSL 2.0 e/o SSL 3.0. Queste versioni di SSL sono affette da diversi difetti crittografici, tra cui:

- 1. Uno schema di riempimento insicuro con cifrari CBC.
- 2. Schemi di rinegoziazione e ripresa delle sessioni insicuri .

Un utente malintenzionato può sfruttare questi difetti **per** condurre attacchi man-in-the-middle o per decrittografare le comunicazioni tra il servizio interessato e i client.

Sebbene SSL / TLS abbia un mezzo sicuro per scegliere la versione più supportata del protocollo (in modo che queste versioni vengano utilizzate solo se il client o il server non supportano nulla di meglio), molti browser Web implementano questo in un modo non sicuro che consente a un utente malintenzionato di eseguire il downgrade di una connessione (come in POODLE). Pertanto, si consiglia di disabilitare completamente questi protocolli .

Il NIST ha stabilito che SSL 3.0 non è più accettabile per le comunicazioni sicure. A partire dalla data di applicazione trovata in PCI DSS v3.1, qualsiasi versione di SSL non soddisferà la definizione di "crittografia forte" del SSC PCI.

### See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

### Soluzione

Consultare la documentazione dell'applicazione per disattivare SSL

2.0 e 3.0. Utilizzare invece TLS 1.2 (con suite di crittografia approvate) o superiore .

# Risk Factor

## Critical

# 20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

# 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

# Plugin Output

# tcp/5432/postgresql

```
- SSLv3 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.
Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3.0 cipher suites may be used with SSLv3
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
   Name
                                  Code
                                                   KEX
                                                                  Auth
                                                                           Encryption
                                                                                                  MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                                   DH
                                                                 RSA
                                                                           3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                                   RSA
                                                                 RSA
                                                                           3DES-CBC(168)
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
   Name
                                  Code
                                                    KEX
                                                                 Auth
                                                                           Encryption
                                                                                                  MAC
    DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                                    DH
                                                                  RSA
                                                                           AES-CBC(128)
 SHA1
    DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                                    DH
                                                                 RSA
                                                                           AES-CBC (256)
   AES128-SHA
                                                                           AES-CBC(128)
                                                    RSA
                                                                  RSA
 SHA1
   AES256-SHA
                                                    RSA
                                                                  RSA
                                                                           AES-CBC (256)
 SHA1
   RC4-SHA
                                                    RSA
                                                                  RSA
                                                                           RC4(128)
 SHA1
The fields above are :
  {Tenable ciphername}
  {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
  Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
  {export flag}
```

# 33850 - Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection

# **Synopsis**

The operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

### Descrizione

In base al numero di versione auto-riportato, il sistema operativo Unix in esecuzione sull'host remoto non è più supportato.

La mancanza di supporto implica che nessuna nuova patch di sicurezza per il prodotto verrà rilasciata dal fornitore. Di conseguenza, è probabile che contenga vulnerabilità di sicurezza.

# Soluzione

Eseguire l'aggiornamento a una versione del sistema operativo Unix attualmente supportata.

### Risk Factor

#### Critical

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0502 XREF IAVA:0001-A-0648

# Plugin Information

Published: 2008/08/08, Modified: 2022/10/05

# Plugin Output

# tcp/0

Ubuntu 8.04 support ended on 2011-05-12 (Desktop) / 2013-05-09 (Server). Upgrade to Ubuntu 21.04 / LTS 20.04 / LTS 18.04.

For more information, see : https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Releases

# 61708 - VNC Server 'password' Password

# Synopsis

A VNC server running on the remote host is secured with a weak password.

### Descrizione

Il server VNC in esecuzione sull'host remoto è protetto con una password debole. Nessus è stato in grado di accedere utilizzando l'autenticazione VNC e una password di "password". Un utente malintenzionato remoto e non autenticato potrebbe sfruttarlo per assumere il controllo del sistema.

# Soluzione

Proteggi il servizio VNC con una password complessa.

Risk Factor

Critical

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2012/08/29, Modified: 2015/09/24

# Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

Nessus logged in using a password of "password".

# 136769 - ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS

# **Synopsis** The remote name server is affected by Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS vulnerabilities. Descrizione In base alla versione auto-riportata. l'istanza di ISC BIND 9 in esecuzione sul server dei nomi remoto è interessata dal downgrade delle prestazioni e dalle vulnerabilità DoS riflesse. Ciò è dovuto al fatto che BIND DNS non limita sufficientemente il numero di recuperi che possono essere eseguiti durante l'elaborazione di una risposta di riferimento. Un utente malintenzionato remoto non autenticato può sfruttare questo problema per causare una riduzione del servizio del server ricorsivo o per utilizzare il server interessato come riflettore in un attacco di riflessione. See Also https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8616 Soluzione Eseguire l'aggiornamento alla versione ISC BIND a cui si fa riferimento nell'advisory del fornitore. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 8.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

**STIG** Severity

CVE CVE-2020-8616

XREF IAVA:2020-A-0217-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/22, Modified: 2020/06/26

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

Installed version : 9.4.2
Fixed version : 9.11.19

# 42256 - NFS Shares World Readable

# Synopsis

The remote NFS server exports world-readable shares.

### Descrizione

Il server NFS remoto esporta una o più condivisioni senza limitare l'accesso (in base al nome host, all'IP o all'intervallo IP).

# See Also

http://www.tldp.org/HOWTO/NFS-HOWTO/security.html

# Soluzione

Applicare le restrizioni appropriate a tutte le condivisioni NFS.

### Risk Factor

Medium

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/26, Modified: 2020/05/05

# Plugin Output

# tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following shares have no access restrictions :  \begin{tabular}{ll} / & \star \\ \end{tabular}
```

# 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

# Descrizione

L'host remoto supporta l'uso di crittografie SSL che offrono una crittografia di media potenza. Nessus considera media resistenza qualsiasi crittografia che utilizza lunghezze di chiave di almeno 64 bit e meno di 112 bit, oppure che utilizza la suite di crittografia 3DES .

Si noti che è notevolmente più facile aggirare la crittografia di media potenza se l'utente malintenzionato si trova sulla stessa rete fisica.

### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

### Soluzione

Riconfigurare l'applicazione interessata, se possibile, per evitare l'utilizzo di crittografie di media intensità.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

### Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

# Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

|   | Name                 | Code  |            | KEX | Auth | Encryption    | MAC |
|---|----------------------|-------|------------|-----|------|---------------|-----|
|   |                      |       |            |     |      |               |     |
|   | DES-CBC3-MD5         | 0x07, | 0x00, 0xC0 | RSA | RSA  | 3DES-CBC(168) | MD5 |
|   | EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA | 0x00, | 0x16       | DH  | RSA  | 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| S | HA1                  |       |            |     |      |               |     |
|   | ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA     | 0x00, | 0x1B       | DH  | None | 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| S | HA1                  |       |            |     |      |               |     |
|   | DES-CBC3-SHA         | 0x00, | 0x0A       | RSA | RSA  | 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| S | HA1                  |       |            |     |      |               |     |

### The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption method} MAC={message authentication code} {export flag}

# 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

# Descrizione

L'host remoto supporta l'uso di crittografie SSL che offrono una crittografia di media potenza. Nessus considera media resistenza qualsiasi crittografia che utilizza lunghezze di chiave di almeno 64 bit e meno di 112 bit, oppure che utilizza la suite di crittografia 3DES .

Si noti che è notevolmente più facile aggirare la crittografia di media potenza se l'utente malintenzionato si trova sulla stessa rete fisica .

### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

### Soluzione

Riconfigurare l'applicazione interessata, se possibile, per evitare l'utilizzo di crittografie di media intensità.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

### Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

# Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

| Name Code KEX Auth Encryption                        | MAC |
|--|-----|
|  |     |
| EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x16 DH RSA 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| SHA1   |     |
| DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x0A RSA RSA 3DES-CBC(168)        |     |

# The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

# 90509 - Samba Badlock Vulnerability

# Synopsis

An SMB server running on the remote host is affected by the Badlock vulnerability.

### Descrizione

La versione di Samba, un server CIFS/SMB per Linux e Unix, in esecuzione sull'host remoto è affetta da un difetto, noto come Badlock, che esiste nel Security Account Manager (SAM) e autorità di sicurezza locale

(Criterio del dominio) (LSAD) a causa di una negoziazione errata del livello di autenticazione sui canali RPC (Remote Procedure Call). Un malintenzionato man-in-the-middle in grado di intercettare il traffico tra un client e un server che ospita un database SAM può sfruttare questo difetto per forzare un downgrade del livello di autenticazione, che consente l'esecuzione di chiamate di rete Samba arbitrarie nel contesto dell'utente intercettato, come la visualizzazione o la modifica di dati di sicurezza sensibili nel database Active Directory (AD) o la disabilitazione di servizi critici.

### See Also

http://badlock.org

https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2118.html

### Solution

Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later.

# Risk Factor

Medium

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

# CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID 86002

CVE CVE-2016-2118 XREF CERT:813296

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/13, Modified: 2019/11/20

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Nessus detected that the Samba Badlock patch has not been applied.

# 11213 - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed

# Synopsis

Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server.

### Descrizione

Il server Web remoto supporta i metodi TRACE e/o TRACK. TRACE e TRACK sono metodi HTTP utilizzati per eseguire il debug delle connessioni al server Web.

# See Also

https://www.cgisecurity.com/whitehat-mirror/WH-WhitePaper\_XST\_ebook.pdf

http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24

https://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html

### Soluzione

Disattivare questi metodi HTTP. Fare riferimento all'output del plugin per ulteriori informazioni.

# Risk Factor

### Medium

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

| BID | 9506  |
|-----|-------|
| BID | 9561  |
| BID | 11604 |
| BID | 33374 |

BID 37995 CVE CVE-2003-1567 CVE CVE-2004-2320 CVE CVE-2010-0386 XREF CERT:288308 **XREF** CERT:867593 **XREF** CWE:16 **XREF** CWE:200

# Plugin Information

Published: 2003/01/23, Modified: 2020/06/12

# Plugin Output

### tcp/80/www

```
To disable these methods, add the following lines for each virtual
host in your configuration file :
   RewriteEngine on
   RewriteCond %{REQUEST_METHOD} ^(TRACE|TRACK)
   RewriteRule .* - [F]
Alternatively, note that Apache versions 1.3.34, 2.0.55, and 2.2
support disabling the TRACE method natively via the 'TraceEnable'
directive.
Nessus sent the following TRACE request:
----- snip -----
TRACE /Nessus1032268810.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 192.168.50.101
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
----- ging ------
and received the following response from the remote server :
----- snip ------
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Thu, 24 Nov 2022 11:46:18 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
Connection: Keep-Alive
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: message/http
TRACE /Nessus1032268810.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Keep-Alive
Host: 192.168.50.101
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
```

# 139915 - ISC BIND 9.x < 9.11.22, 9.12.x < 9.16.6, 9.17.x < 9.17.4 DoS

### **Synopsis**

The remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

### Descrizione

In base al numero di versione auto-riportato, l'installazione di ISC BIND in esecuzione sul server dei nomi remoto è la versione 9.x precedente alla 9.11.22, 9.12.x precedente alla 9.16.6 o 9.17.x precedente alla 9.17.4 . È pertanto interessato da una vulnerabilità ad attacchi di tipo Denial of Service (DoS) dovuta a un errore di asserzione durante il tentativo di verificare una risposta troncata a una richiesta firmata TSIG. Un utente malintenzionato remoto autenticato può sfruttare questo problema inviando una risposta troncata a una richiesta firmata TSIG per attivare un errore di asserzione, causando la chiusura del server .

Si noti che Nessus non ha verificato questo problema, ma ha invece fatto affidamento solo sul numero di versione auto-segnalato dell'applicazione.

#### See Also

https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8622

### Solution

Upgrade to BIND 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later.

# Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

## CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:N/A:P)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

# STIG Severity

ī

# References

CVE CVE-2020-8622

IAVA:2020-A-0385-S XREF

# Plugin Information

Published: 2020/08/27, Modified: 2021/06/03

# Plugin Output

# udp/53/dns

Installed version : 9.4.2
Fixed version : 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later

# 136808 - ISC BIND Denial of Service

# **Synopsis**

The remote name server is affected by an assertion failure vulnerability.

### Descrizione

Esiste una vulnerabilità ad attacchi di tipo Denial of Service (DoS) nelle versioni di ISC BIND 9.11.18 / 9.11.18-S1 / 9.12.4-P2 / 9.13 /

9.14.11 / 9.15 / 9.16.2 / 9.17 / 9.17.1 e versioni precedenti . Un utente malintenzionato remoto non autenticato può sfruttare questo problema, tramite un messaggio appositamente predisposto, per impedire al servizio di rispondere.

Si noti che Nessus non ha verificato questo problema, ma ha invece fatto affidamento solo sul numero di versione auto-segnalato dell'applicazione.

### See Also

https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8617

### Solution

Eseguire l'aggiornamento alla versione con patch più strettamente correlata alla versione corrente di BIND.

# Risk Factor

Medium

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

# STIG Severity

ı

# References

CVE CVE-2020-8617

XREF IAVA:2020-A-0217-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/22, Modified: 2022/09/12

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

Installed version : 9.4.2
Fixed version : 9.11.19

## 57608 - SMB Signing not required

## Synopsis

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

## Description

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx

http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723

https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea

#### Soluzione

Applicare la firma dei messaggi nella configurazione dell'host. In Windows, si trova nell'impostazione dei criteri "Server di rete Microsoft: comunicazioni con firma digitale (sempre)". Su Samba, l'impostazione è chiamata "firma del server". Vedi i link "vedi anche" per ulteriori dettagli.

## Risk Factor

## Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

## 52611 - SMTP Service STARTTLS Plaintext Command Injection

#### Synopsis

Il servizio di posta remota consente l'inserimento di comandi in chiaro durante la negoziazione di un canale di comunicazione crittografato .

#### Descrizione

Il servizio SMTP remoto contiene un difetto software nell'implementazione STARTTLS che potrebbe consentire a un utente malintenzionato remoto e non autenticato di inserire comandi durante la fase di protocollo in testo normale che verranno eseguiti durante la fase di protocollo con testo crittografato

Uno sfruttamento riuscito potrebbe consentire a un utente malintenzionato di rubare l'e-mail di una vittima o le credenziali SASL (Simple Authentication and Security Layer) associate.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2487

https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/516901/30/0/threaded

## Solution

Contattare il fornitore per verificare se è disponibile un aggiornamento.

#### Risk Factor

## Medium

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.1 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

| BID  | 46767         |  |
|------|---------------|--|
| CVE  | CVE-2011-0411 |  |
| CVE  | CVE-2011-1430 |  |
| CVE  | CVE-2011-1431 |  |
| CVE  | CVE-2011-1432 |  |
| CVE  | CVE-2011-1506 |  |
| CVE  | CVE-2011-2165 |  |
| XREF | CERT:555316   |  |
|      |               |  |

# Plugin Information

Published: 2011/03/10, Modified: 2019/03/06

## Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

```
Nessus sent the following two commands in a single packet:

STARTTLS\r\nRSET\r\n

And the server sent the following two responses:

220 2.0.0 Ready to start TLS
250 2.0.0 Ok
```

## 90317 - SSH Weak Algorithms Supported

#### Sinossi

Il server SSH remoto è configurato per consentire algoritmi di crittografia deboli o nessun algoritmo .

#### Descrizione

Nessus ha rilevato che il server SSH remoto è configurato per utilizzare il cifrario a flusso Arcfour o nessun cifrario. RFC 4253 sconsiglia l'utilizzo di Arcfour a causa di un problema con i tasti deboli.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4253#section-6.3

#### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to remove the weak ciphers.

## Risk Factor

#### Medium

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/04, Modified: 2016/12/14

## Plugin Output

## tcp/22/ssh

```
The following weak server-to-client encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour256

The following weak client-to-server encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour128
arcfour256
```

## 31705 - SSL Anonymous Cipher Suites Supported

## Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of anonymous SSL ciphers.

#### Descrizione

L'host **remoto** supporta l'utilizzo di **crittografia** SSL anonimi . Sebbene ciò consenta **a un** amministratore di configurare **un servizio** che crittografa il traffico senza dover generare e configurare certificati SSL, non offre alcun modo per verificare l'identità dell'host remoto e rende il servizio vulnerabile a un man-in-the-middle attacco.

Nota: questo è notevolmente più facile da sfruttare se l'utente malintenzionato si trova sulla stessa rete fisica.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?3a040ada

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of weak ciphers.

## Risk Factor

Low

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 28482

CVE CVE-2007-1858

## Plugin Information

# Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

| Name   | Code                             | KEX                 | Auth                     | Engrimtion                             | M  |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--|----|
|  |                                  | VEV                 | Autii                    | Encryption                             |    |
| EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA  | 0x00, 0x19                       | DH(512)             | None                     | DES-CBC(40)                            |    |
| EHA1 export EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 export   | 0x00, 0x17                       | DH(512)             | None                     | RC4(40)                                | MI |
| ADH-DES-CBC-SHA<br>SHA1  | 0x00, 0x1A                       | DH                  | None                     | DES-CBC(56)                            |    |
| Medium Strength Ciphers (>   | 64-bit and < 112-b               | oit key, or 3DE     | SS)                      |  |    |
| Name   | Code                             | KEX                 | Auth                     | Encryption                             | M2 |
|  |                                  |                     |                          |  |    |
| ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA<br>SHA1<br>High Strength Ciphers (>= 1                                  | 0x00, 0x1B                       | DH                  | None                     | 3DES-CBC(168)                          |    |
| SHA1   | 12-bit key)<br>Code              | KEX                 | None Auth                | 3DES-CBC(168)  Encryption              | M2 |
| SHA1  High Strength Ciphers (>= 1  Name  ADH-AES128-SHA                                  | 12-bit key)                      |                     | Auth                     | Encryption                             |    |
| SHA1  High Strength Ciphers (>= 1  Name  ADH-AES128-SHA SHA1                             | Code0x00, 0x34                   | KEX<br><br>DH       | Auth<br><br>None         | Encryption                             |    |
| SHA1  High Strength Ciphers (>= 1  Name  ADH-AES128-SHA SHA1 ADH-AES256-SHA              | 12-bit key)  Code                | KEX<br>             | Auth<br>                 | Encryption                             |    |
| SHA1  High Strength Ciphers (>= 1  Name  ADH-AES128-SHA SHA1                             | Code0x00, 0x34                   | KEX<br><br>DH       | Auth<br><br>None         | Encryption                             |    |
| SHA1  High Strength Ciphers (>= 1  Name  ADH-AES128-SHA SHA1  ADH-AES256-SHA SHA1        | Code<br>0x00, 0x34<br>0x00, 0x3A | KEX<br><br>DH<br>DH | Auth<br><br>None<br>None | Encryption  AES-CBC(128)  AES-CBC(256) |    |
| High Strength Ciphers (>= 1  Name  ADH-AES128-SHA SHA1  ADH-AES256-SHA SHA1  ADH-RC4-MD5 | Code<br>0x00, 0x34<br>0x00, 0x3A | KEX<br><br>DH<br>DH | Auth<br><br>None<br>None | Encryption  AES-CBC(128)  AES-CBC(256) |    |

## 51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

## Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

#### Descrizione

Il certificato X.509 del server non può essere considerato attendibile. Questa situazione **può** verificarsi in tre modi diversi, in cui la catena **di** fiducia può essere interrotta, come indicato di seguito :

- 1. Innanzitutto, la parte superiore della catena di certificati inviata dal server potrebbe non discendere da un'autorità di certificazione pubblica nota. Ciò può verificarsi quando la parte superiore della catena è un certificato autofirmato non riconosciuto o quando mancano certificati intermedi che collegherebbero la parte superiore della catena di certificati a un'autorità di certificazione pubblica nota.
- 2. In secondo luogo , la catena di certificati può contenere un certificato non valido al momento dell'analisi. Ciò può verificarsi quando l'analisi viene eseguita prima di una delle date "notBefore" del certificato o dopo una delle date "notAfter" del certificato .
- 3. In terzo luogo, la catena di certificati può contenere una firma che non corrisponde alle informazioni del certificato o che non può essere verificata. Le firme errate possono essere corrette ottenendo che il certificato con la firma errata venga nuovamente firmato dall'autorità emittente. Le firme che non è stato possibile verificare sono il risultato dell'emittente del certificato che utilizza un algoritmo di firma che Nessus non supporta o non riconosce.

Se l'host remoto è un host pubblico in produzione, qualsiasi interruzione nella catena rende più difficile per gli utenti verificare l'autenticità e l'identità del server Web. Ciò potrebbe semplificare l'esecuzione di attacchi man-in-the-middle contro l'host remoto.

## See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

#### Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

```
The following certificate was part of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it has expired:

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
|-Not After : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT

The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority:

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
|-Issuer : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

## 51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

## Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

#### Descrizione

Il certificato X.509 del server non può essere considerato attendibile. Questa situazione **può** verificarsi in tre modi diversi, in cui la catena **di** fiducia può essere interrotta, come indicato di seguito :

- 1. Innanzitutto, la parte superiore della catena di certificati inviata dal server potrebbe non discendere da un'autorità di certificazione pubblica nota. Ciò può verificarsi quando la parte superiore della catena è un certificato autofirmato non riconosciuto o quando mancano certificati intermedi che collegherebbero la parte superiore della catena di certificati a un'autorità di certificazione pubblica nota.
- 2. In secondo luogo , la catena di certificati può contenere un certificato non valido al momento dell'analisi. Ciò può verificarsi quando l'analisi viene eseguita prima di una delle date "notBefore" del certificato o dopo una delle date "notAfter" del certificato .
- 3. In terzo luogo, la catena di certificati può contenere una firma che non corrisponde alle informazioni del certificato o che non può essere verificata. Le firme errate possono essere corrette ottenendo che il certificato con la firma errata venga nuovamente firmato dall'autorità emittente. Le firme che non è stato possibile verificare sono il risultato dell'emittente del certificato che utilizza un algoritmo di firma che Nessus non supporta o non riconosce.

Se l'host remoto è un host pubblico in produzione, qualsiasi interruzione nella catena rende più difficile per gli utenti verificare l'autenticità e l'identità del server Web. Ciò potrebbe semplificare l'esecuzione di attacchi man-in-the-middle contro l'host remoto.

## See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

## Plugin Output

## tcp/5432/postgresql

```
The following certificate was part of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it has expired:

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
|-Not After : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT

The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority:

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
|-Issuer : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

## 15901 - SSL Certificate Expiry

## Synopsis

The remote server's SSL certificate has already expired.

#### Descrizione

Questo plugin controlla le date di scadenza dei certificati associati ai servizi abilitati SSL sulla destinazione e segnala se qualcuno è già scaduto.

#### Solution

Acquista o genera un nuovo certificato SSL per sostituire quello esistente.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2004/12/03, Modified: 2021/02/03

# Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

```
The SSL certificate has already expired:

Subject : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

Issuer : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

Not valid before : Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT

Not valid after : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
```

## 15901 - SSL Certificate Expiry

## Synopsis

The remote server's SSL certificate has already expired.

## Description

This plugin checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL- enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a new SSL certificate to replace the existing one.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2004/12/03, Modified: 2021/02/03

# Plugin Output

## tcp/5432/postgresql

```
The SSL certificate has already expired:

Subject : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

Issuer : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

Not valid before : Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT

Not valid after : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
```

# 45411 - SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname

## Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service is for a different host.

#### Descrizione

L'attributo 'commonName' (CN) del certificato SSL presentato per questo servizio è per un computer diverso.

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2020/04/27

# Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

```
The identities known by Nessus are:

192.168.50.101

192.168.50.101

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

# 45411 - SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname

## **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate for this service is for a different host.

#### Descrizione

L'attributo 'commonName' (CN) del certificato SSL presentato per questo servizio è per un computer diverso.

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2020/04/27

# Plugin Output

## tcp/5432/postgresql

```
The identities known by Nessus are:

192.168.50.101

192.168.50.101

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

# 89058 - SSL DROWN Attack Vulnerability (Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption)

#### **Synopsis**

The remote host may be affected by a vulnerability that allows a remote attacker to potentially decrypt captured TLS traffic.

#### Descrizione

L'host remoto supporta SSLv2 e pertanto può essere interessato da una vulnerabilità che consente un attacco oracolo di padding di Bleichenbacher cross-protocol noto come DROWN (Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption). Questa vulnerabilità esiste a causa di un difetto nell'implementazione di Secure Sockets Layer Version 2 (SSLv2) e consente di decrittografare il traffico TLS acquisito. Un utente malintenzionato man-in-the-middle può sfruttare questo per decrittografare la connessione TLS utilizzando il traffico precedentemente acquisito e la crittografia debole insieme a una serie di connessioni appositamente predisposte a un server SSLv2 che utilizza la stessa chiave privata.

#### See Also

https://drownattack.com/

https://drownattack.com/drown-attack-paper.pdf

#### Solution

Disabilitare SSLv2 ed esportare suite di crittografia crittografica. Assicurarsi che le chiavi private non vengano utilizzate ovunque con software server che supporta connessioni SSLv2.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID 83733

CVE CVE-2016-0800 XREF CERT:583776

## Plugin Information

Published: 2016/03/01, Modified: 2019/11/20

## Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

```
The remote host is affected by SSL DROWN and supports the following
vulnerable cipher suites :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                                                              MAC
   Name
                                                               Auth
                                                                       Encryption
                                0x04, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512)
                                                                       RC2-CBC(40)
   EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                                                               RSA
                                                                                              MD5
     export
                                0x02, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512)
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                                               RSA
                                                                       RC4(40)
                                                                                              MD5
     export
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                           KEX
                                                                                              MAC
   Name
                                 Code
                                                              Auth
                                                                       Encryption
   RC4-MD5
                                 0x01, 0x00, 0x80 RSA
                                                              RSA
                                                                       RC4(128)
                                                                                              MD5
The fields above are :
  {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

## 65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

#### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

#### Descrizione

L'host remoto supporta l'uso di RC4 in una o più suite di cifratura.

Il cifrario RC4 è difettoso nella sua generazione di un flusso pseudo-casuale di byte in modo che un'ampia varietà di piccoli pregiudizi vengano introdotti nel flusso, diminuendo la sua casualità.

Se il testo non crittografato viene ripetutamente crittografato (ad esempio, cookie HTTP) e un utente malintenzionato è in grado di ottenere molti (cioè decine di milioni) testi cifrati, l'utente malintenzionato potrebbe essere in grado di derivare il testo in chiaro.

#### See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII\_Attacking\_SSL\_when\_using\_RC4.pdf

#### Soluzione

Riconfigurare l'applicazione interessata, se possibile, per evitare l'utilizzo di crittografie RC4. Prendi in considerazione l'utilizzo di TLS 1.2 con suite AES-GCM soggette al supporto di browser e server Web.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

## 3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

#### References

| BID | 58796 |
|-----|-------|
| BID | 73684 |

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

## Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
   Name
                                Code
                                                KEX
                                                             Auth
                                                                      Encryption
                                                                                            MAC
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                0x02, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512)
                                                                      RC4(40)
                                                             RSA
                                                                                            MD5
     export
   EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5
                                0x00, 0x17
                                                             None RC4(40)
                                                                                            MD5
                                                DH(512)
     export
                                0x00, 0x03
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                                RSA(512)
                                                             RSA
                                                                    RC4(40)
                                                                                            MD5
     export
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
   Name
                                Code
                                                             Auth
                                                                      Encryption
                                                                                            MAC
   RC4-MD5
                                0x01, 0x00, 0x80 RSA
                                                                      RC4(128)
                                                                                            MD5
                                                             RSA
   ADH-RC4-MD5
                                0x00, 0x18 DH
                                                            None
                                                                      RC4(128)
                                                                                            MD5
                                                             RSA
   RC4-MD5
                                0x00, 0x04
                                                RSA
                                                                      RC4(128)
                                                                                            MD5
                                0x00, 0x05
   RC4-SHA
                                                RSA
                                                             RSA
                                                                      RC4(128)
 SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
  {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

## 65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

## Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

#### Descrizione

L'host remoto supporta l'uso di RC4 in una o più suite di cifratura.

Il cifrario RC4 è difettoso nella sua generazione di un flusso pseudo-casuale di byte in modo che un'ampia varietà di piccoli pregiudizi vengano introdotti nel flusso, diminuendo la sua casualità.

Se il testo non crittografato viene ripetutamente crittografato (ad esempio, cookie HTTP) e un utente malintenzionato è in grado di ottenere molti (cioè decine di milioni) testi cifrati, l'utente malintenzionato potrebbe essere in grado di derivare il testo in chiaro.

#### See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII\_Attacking\_SSL\_when\_using\_RC4.pdf

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

## References

BID 58796 BID 73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

## Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

## Plugin Output

## tcp/5432/postgresql

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                KEX
                                                             Auth
                                                                      Encryption
                                                                                             MAC
                                0x00, 0x05
   RC4-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                             RSA
                                                                     RC4(128)
SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
  {export flag}
```

## 57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

#### **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

#### Descrizione

La catena di certificati X.509 per questo servizio non è firmata da un'autorità di certificazione riconosciuta. Se l'host remoto è un host pubblico in produzione, ciò annulla l'uso di SSL in quanto chiunque potrebbe stabilire un attacco man-in-the-middle contro l'host remoto.

Si noti che questo plugin non controlla le catene di certificati che terminano con un certificato che non è autofirmato, ma è firmato da un'autorità di certificazione non riconosciuta.

#### Soluzione

Acquista o genera un certificato SSL appropriato per questo servizio.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

 $\label{local_condition} $$I-Subject: C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/0=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain$ 

## 57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

## Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

#### Descrizione

La catena di certificati X.509 per questo servizio non è firmata da un'autorità di certificazione riconosciuta. Se l'host remoto è un host pubblico in produzione, ciò annulla l'uso di SSL in quanto chiunque potrebbe stabilire un attacco man-in-the-middle contro l'host remoto.

Si noti che questo plugin non controlla le catene di certificati che terminano con un certificato che non è autofirmato, ma è firmato da un'autorità di certificazione non riconosciuta.

#### Soluzione

Acquista o genera un certificato SSL appropriato per questo servizio.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

#### Plugin Output

## tcp/5432/postgresql

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

 $\label{local_condition} $$I-Subject: C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/0=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain$ 

# 26928 - SSL Weak Cipher Suites Supported

## Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of weak SSL ciphers.

#### Descrizione

L'host remoto supporta l'utilizzo di crittografia SSL che offrono una crittografia debole.

Nota: questo è notevolmente più facile da sfruttare se l'utente malintenzionato si trova sulla stessa rete fisica.

## See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?6527892d

#### Soluzione

Riconfigurare l'applicazione interessata, se possibile per evitare l'utilizzo di codici deboli.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## References

| XREF | CWE:326 |
|------|---------|
| XREF | CWE:327 |
| XREF | CWE:720 |
| XREF | CWE:753 |
| XREF | CWE:803 |
| XREF | CWE:928 |
| XREF | CWE:934 |

## Plugin Information

Published: 2007/10/08, Modified: 2021/02/03

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

{export flag}

Here is the list of weak SSL ciphers supported by the remote server : Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key) KEX Encryption Name Code Auth MAC EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 0x04, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512) RSA RC2-CBC(40) MD5 export EXP-RC4-MD5 0x02, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512) RSA RC4(40) MD5 export EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x14 DH(512) RSA DES-CBC(40) SHA1 export EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x15 DH RSA DES-CBC (56) EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x19 DH(512) None DES-CBC(40) SHA1 export 0x00, 0x17 EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 DH(512) None RC4(40) MD5 export ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x1A DH None DES-CBC(56) SHA1 EXP-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x08 RSA(512) RSA DES-CBC(40) SHA1 export EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 0x00, 0x06 RSA(512) RSA RC2-CBC(40) MD5 export 0x00, 0x03 EXP-RC4-MD5 RSA(512) RSA RC4(40) MD5 export DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x09 RSA RSA DES-CBC(56) SHA1 The fields above are : {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption method} MAC={message authentication code}

## 81606 - SSL/TLS EXPORT\_RSA <= 512-bit Cipher Suites Supported (FREAK)

#### Synopsis

The remote host supports a set of weak ciphers.

#### Descrizione

L'host remoto supporta EXPORT\_RSA suite di crittografia con chiavi inferiori o uguali a 512 bit. Un utente malintenzionato può fattorizzare un modulo RSA a 512 bit in un breve lasso di tempo.

Un utente malintenzionato man-in-the middle potrebbe essere in grado di eseguire il downgrade della sessione per utilizzare EXPORT\_RSA suite di crittografia (ad esempio CVE-2015-0204). Pertanto, si consiglia di rimuovere il supporto per le suite di crittografia deboli.

#### See Also

https://www.smacktls.com/#freak

https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20150108.txt

http://www.nessus.org/u?b78da2c4

#### Soluzione

Riconfigurare il servizio per rimuovere il supporto per EXPORT\_RSA suite di crittografia.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 71936

CVE CVE-2015-0204 XREF CERT:243585

## Plugin Information

Published: 2015/03/04, Modified: 2021/02/03

## Plugin Output

192.168.50.101

# tcp/25/smtp

 ${\tt EXPORT\_RSA}$  cipher suites supported by the remote server :

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

|   | Name            | Code       | KEX      | Auth | Encryption  | MAC |
|---|-----------------|------------|----------|------|-------------|-----|
|   |                 |            |          |      |             |     |
|   | EXP-DES-CBC-SHA | 0x00, 0x08 | RSA(512) | RSA  | DES-CBC(40) |     |
| S | SHA1 export     |            |          |      |             |     |
|   | EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 | 0x00, 0x06 | RSA(512) | RSA  | RC2-CBC(40) | MD5 |
|   | export          |            |          |      |             |     |
|   | EXP-RC4-MD5     | 0x00, 0x03 | RSA(512) | RSA  | RC4(40)     | MD5 |
|   | export          |            |          |      |             |     |

The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption method} MAC={message authentication code} {export flag}

## 78479 - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

#### Descrizione

L'host remoto è interessato da una vulnerabilità di divulgazione di informazioni personali man-in-the-middle (MitM) nota come POODLE. La vulnerabilità è dovuta al modo in cui SSL 3.0 gestisce i byte di riempimento durante la decrittografia dei messaggi crittografati utilizzando cifrari a blocchi in modalità CBC (Cipher Block Chaining).

Gli aggressori MitM possono decrittografare un byte selezionato di un testo cifrato in soli 256 tentativi se sono in grado di forzare un'applicazione vittima a inviare ripetutamente gli stessi dati. sulle connessioni SSL 3.0 appena create.

Finché un client e un servizio supportano entrambi SSLv3, è possibile eseguire il rollback di una connessione a SSLv3, anche se TLSv1 o versione successiva è supportata dal client e dal servizio.

Il meccanismo TLS Fallback SCSV previene gli attacchi di "version rollback" senza influire sui client legacy; Tuttavia, può proteggere le connessioni solo quando il client e il servizio supportano il meccanismo. I siti che non possono disabilitare SSLv3 immediatamente devono abilitare questo meccanismo.

Si tratta di una vulnerabilità nella specifica SSLv3, non in una particolare implementazione SSL. La disattivazione di SSLv3 è l'unico modo per attenuare completamente la vulnerabilità.

#### See Also

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00

#### Soluzione

#### Disabilitare

#### SSLv3.

I servizi che devono supportare SSLv3 devono abilitare il meccanismo SCSV di fallback TLS fino a quando SSLv3 non può essere disabilitato.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

## 5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

#### 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

## Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2020/06/12

## Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

## 78479 - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

#### Synopsis

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

#### Descrizione

L'host remoto è interessato da una vulnerabilità di divulgazione di informazioni personali man-in-the-middle (MitM) nota come POODLE. La vulnerabilità è dovuta al modo in cui SSL 3.0 gestisce i byte di riempimento durante la decrittografia dei messaggi crittografati utilizzando cifrari a blocchi in modalità CBC (Cipher Block Chaining).

Gli aggressori MitM possono decrittografare un byte selezionato di un testo cifrato in soli 256 tentativi se sono in grado di forzare un'applicazione vittima a inviare ripetutamente gli stessi dati. sulle connessioni SSL 3.0 appena create.

Finché un client e un servizio supportano entrambi SSLv3, è possibile eseguire il rollback di una connessione a SSLv3, anche se TLSv1 o versione successiva è supportata dal client e dal servizio.

Il meccanismo TLS Fallback SCSV previene gli attacchi di "version rollback" senza influire sui client legacy; Tuttavia, può proteggere le connessioni solo quando il client e il servizio supportano il meccanismo. I siti che non possono disabilitare SSLv3 immediatamente devono abilitare questo meccanismo.

Si tratta di una vulnerabilità nella specifica SSLv3, non in una particolare implementazione SSL. La disattivazione di SSLv3 è l'unico modo per attenuare completamente la vulnerabilità.

#### See Also

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00

#### Soluzione

#### Disabilitare

#### SSLv3.

I servizi che devono supportare SSLv3 devono abilitare il meccanismo SCSV di fallback TLS fino a quando SSLv3 non può essere disabilitato.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

## 5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

#### 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

## Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2020/06/12

## Plugin Output

## tcp/5432/postgresql

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

## 104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

#### Sinossi

Il servizio remoto crittografa il traffico utilizzando una versione precedente di TLS.

#### Descrizione

Il servizio remoto accetta connessioni crittografate tramite TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 presenta una serie di difetti di progettazione crittografica . Le moderne implementazioni di TLS 1.0 mitigano questi problemi, ma le versioni più recenti di TLS come

1.2 e 1.3 sono progettati contro questi difetti e dovrebbero essere utilizzati ogni volta che è possibile.

A partire dal 31 marzo 2020, gli endpoint **non** abilitati per TLS 1.2 **e** versioni successive non funzioneranno **più** correttamente con i principali browser Web e i principali fornitori.

PCI DSS v3.2 richiede **che TLS** 1.0 sia disabilitato completamente entro **il** 30 giugno 2018, ad eccezione **dei** terminali POS POI (e dei punti di terminazione SSL / TLS a cui si connettono) che possono essere verificati come non suscettibili di exploit noti.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2020/03/31

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

TLSv1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

## 104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

## Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

#### Descrizione

Il servizio remoto accetta connessioni crittografate tramite TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 presenta una serie di difetti di progettazione crittografica . Le moderne implementazioni di TLS 1.0 mitigano questi problemi, ma le versioni più recenti di TLS come

1.2 e 1.3 sono progettati contro questi difetti e dovrebbero essere utilizzati ogni volta che è possibile.

A partire dal 31 marzo 2020, gli endpoint **non** abilitati per TLS 1.2 **e** versioni successive non funzioneranno più correttamente con i principali browser Web e i principali fornitori.

PCI DSS v3.2 richiede **che TLS** 1.0 sia disabilitato completamente entro **il** 30 giugno 2018, ad eccezione **dei** terminali POS POI (e dei punti di terminazione SSL / TLS a cui si connettono) che possono essere verificati come non suscettibili di exploit noti.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

#### Solution

Abilitare il supporto per TLS 1.2 e 1.3 e disabilitare il supporto per TLS 1.0 .

#### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2020/03/31

#### Plugin Output

## tcp/5432/postgresql

TLSv1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

#### 70658 - SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled

## Synopsis

The SSH server is configured to use Cipher Block Chaining.

#### Descrizione

Il server SSH è configurato per supportare la crittografia CBC (Cipher Block Chaining). Ciò può consentire a un utente malintenzionato di recuperare il messaggio non crittografato dal testo crittografato.

Si noti che questo plugin controlla solo le opzioni del server SSH e non controlla le versioni vulnerabili del software .

#### Soluzione

Contattare il fornitore o consultare la documentazione del prodotto per disabilitare la crittografia in modalità CBC e abilitare la crittografia in modalità di crittografia CTR o GCM .

## Risk Factor

Low

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 32319

## Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2018/07/30

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/22/ssh

The following client-to-server Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms are supported :

```
3des-cbc
aes128-cbc
aes192-cbc
aes256-cbc
blowfish-cbc
cast128-cbc
rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se

The following server-to-client Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms
are supported:

3des-cbc
aes128-cbc
aes128-cbc
blowfish-cbc
cast128-cbc
rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
```

### 153953 - SSH Weak Key Exchange Algorithms Enabled

### **Synopsis**

The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak key exchange algorithms.

### Descrizione

Il server SSH remoto è configurato per consentire algoritmi di scambio di chiavi considerati deboli.

Questo si basa sulla bozza del documento IETF Key Exchange (KEX) Method Updates and Recommendations for Secure Shell (SSH) draft-ietf-curdle-ssh-kex-sha2-20. La Sezione 4 elenca le linee guida sugli algoritmi di scambio delle chiavi che NON DEVONO e NON DEVONO essere abilitati. Ciò include:

diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1

diffie-hellman-group1-sha1

gss-gex-sha1-\*

gss-group1-sha1-\*

gss-group14-sha1-\*

rsa1024-sha1

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.

### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?b02d91cd

https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8732

### Soluzione

Contattare il fornitore o consultare la documentazione del prodotto per disabilitare gli algoritmi deboli.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2021/10/13, Modified: 2021/10/13

# Plugin Output

# tcp/22/ssh

The following weak key exchange algorithms are enabled :

diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
diffie-hellman-group1-sha1

### 71049 - SSH Weak MAC Algorithms Enabled

# Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

### Descrizione

Il server SSH remoto è configurato per consentire algoritmi MD5 o MAC a 96 bit, entrambi considerati deboli.

Si noti che questo plugin controlla solo le opzioni del server SSH e non controlla le versioni software vulnerabili.

### Soluzione

Contattare il fornitore o consultare la documentazione del prodotto per disabilitare gli algoritmi MD5 e MAC a 96 bit.

### Risk Factor

Low

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2013/11/22, Modified: 2016/12/14

### Plugin Output

### tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-shal-96

The following server-to-client Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-shal-96
```

### 83738 - SSL/TLS EXPORT DHE <= 512-bit Export Cipher Suites Supported (Logiam)

# Synopsis

The remote host supports a set of weak ciphers.

### Descrizione

L'host remoto supporta EXPORT\_DHE suite di crittografia con chiavi inferiori o uguali a 512 bit. Attraverso la crittanalisi, una terza parte può trovare il segreto condiviso in un breve lasso di tempo.

Un attaccante man-in-the-middle potrebbe essere in grado di eseguire il downgrade della sessione per utilizzare EXPORT\_DHE suite di crittografia. Pertanto, si consiglia di rimuovere il supporto per le suite di crittografia deboli.

### See Also

https://weakdh.org/

### Solution

Riconfigurare il servizio per rimuovere il supporto per EXPORT\_DHE suite di crittografia.

### Risk Factor

Low

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

# CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

2.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

### References

BID 74733

CVE CVE-2015-4000

# Plugin Information

# Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

EXPORT\_DHE cipher suites supported by the remote server : Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key) Name Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x14 DH(512) RSA DES-CBC(40) SHA1 export EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x19 DES-CBC(40) DH(512) None SHA1 export EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 0x00, 0x17 DH(512) RC4(40) MD5 None export The fields above are : {Tenable ciphername}

{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

### 10407 - X Server Detection

# Synopsis

An X11 server is listening on the remote host

### Descrizione

L'host remoto esegue un server X11. X11 è un protocollo client-server che può essere utilizzato per visualizzare applicazioni grafiche in esecuzione su un determinato host su un client remoto.

Poiché il traffico X11 non è crittografato, è possibile che un utente malintenzionato intercetti la connessione.

### Soluzione

Limitare l'accesso a questa porta. Se la funzione client/server X11 non viene utilizzata, disabilitare completamente il supporto TCP in X11 (- nolisten tcp).

### Risk Factor

Low

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/12, Modified: 2019/03/05

# Plugin Output

tcp/6000/x11

X11 Version : 11.0

# 18261 - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

### Synopsis

The name of the Linux distribution running on the remote host was found in the banner of the web server.

### Descrizione

Nessus è stato in grado di estrarre il banner del server web Apache e determinare quale distribuzione Linux è in esecuzione l'host remoto.

### Soluzione

Se non si desidera visualizzare queste informazioni, modificare 'httpd.conf' e impostare la direttiva 'ServerTokens Prod' e riavviare Apache.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/05/15, Modified: 2022/03/21

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The Linux distribution detected was:
- Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)

# 48204 - Apache HTTP Server Version

### Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server.

### Descrizione

L'host remoto esegue il server HTTP Apache, un server Web open source. Era possibile leggere il numero di versione dal banner.

### See Also

https://httpd.apache.org/

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

**XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0530

# Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2022/09/08

# Plugin Output

### tcp/80/www

: http://192.168.50.101/

Version : 2.2.99

Source : Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2

backported : 1

modules : DAV/2 os : ConvertedUbuntu

# 84574 - Backported Security Patch Detection (PHP)

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

# Synopsis Security patches have been backported. Description Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote PHP install without changing its version number. Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives. Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem. See Also https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2015/07/07, Modified: 2022/04/11 Plugin Output tcp/80/www

# 39520 - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)

# Synopsis Security patches are backported. Description Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote SSH server without changing its version number. Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives. Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem. See Also https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

# 39521 - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)

# Synopsis Security patches are backported. Description Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote HTTP server without changing its version number. Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives. Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem. See Also https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07 Plugin Output tcp/80/www Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

# Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2022/11/15

### Plugin Output

### tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04 -> Canonical Ubuntu Linux

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.8 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.99 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4. -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4.2 -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4.2 -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:4.7 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:php:php:5.2.4 -> PHP PHP cpe:/a:php:php:5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10 -> PHP PHP cpe:/a:postgresql:postgresql -> PostgreSQL cpe:/a:samba:samba:3.0.20 -> Samba Samba
```

# 10028 - DNS Server BIND version Directive Remote Version Detection

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote DNS server.

# Description

The remote host is running BIND or another DNS server that reports its version number when it receives a special request for the text 'version.bind' in the domain 'chaos'.

This version is not necessarily accurate and could even be forged, as some DNS servers send the information based on a configuration file.

### Solution

It is possible to hide the version number of BIND by using the 'version' directive in the 'options' section in named.conf.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0583

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

Version : 9.4.2

# 11002 - DNS Server Detection

### Synopsis

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

# Description

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain\_Name\_System

### Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

### Risk Factor

### None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2003/02/13, Modified: 2017/05/16

# Plugin Output

tcp/53/dns

# 11002 - DNS Server Detection

### Synopsis

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

# Description

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain\_Name\_System

### Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

### Risk Factor

### None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2003/02/13, Modified: 2017/05/16

# Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

# 72779 - DNS Server Version Detection

### Synopsis

Nessus was able to obtain version information on the remote DNS server.

# Description

Nessus was able to obtain version information by sending a special TXT record query to the remote host.

Note that this version is not necessarily accurate and could even be forged, as some DNS servers send the information based on a configuration file.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF

# Plugin Information

Published: 2014/03/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

IAVT:0001-T-0937

### Plugin Output

# tcp/53/dns

```
DNS server answer for "version.bind" (over TCP) : 9.4.2 \label{eq:condition}
```

# 35371 - DNS Server hostname.bind Map Hostname Disclosure

# Synopsis

The DNS server discloses the remote host name.

# Description

It is possible to learn the remote host name by querying the remote DNS server for 'hostname.bind' in the CHAOS domain.

### Solution

It may be possible to disable this feature. Consult the vendor's documentation for more information.

### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/15, Modified: 2011/09/14

# Plugin Output

# udp/53/dns

The remote host name is : metasploitable

# 132634 - Deprecated SSLv2 Connection Attempts

# Synopsis

Secure Connections, using a deprecated protocol were attempted as part of the scan

# Description

This plugin enumerates and reports any SSLv2 connections which were attempted as part of a scan. This protocol has been deemed prohibited since 2011 because of security vulnerabilities and most major ssl libraries such as openssl, nss, mbed and wolfssl do not provide this functionality in their latest versions. This protocol has been deprecated in Nessus 8.9 and later.

### Solution

N/A

Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2020/01/06, Modified: 2020/01/06

# Plugin Output

### tcp/0

```
Nessus attempted the following SSLv2 connection(s) as part of this scan:

Plugin ID: 10520
Timestamp: 2022-11-24 11:49:54
Port: 25

Plugin ID: 14819
Timestamp: 2022-11-24 11:49:54
Port: 25

Plugin ID: 10259
Timestamp: 2022-11-24 11:49:54
Port: 25
```

# 54615 - Device Type

# Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

# Plugin Output

# tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 95

# 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

# Synopsis

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

# Description

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

### See Also

https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13

# Plugin Output

# tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified :

08:00:27:ED:A5:B7 : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

# 86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

# Synopsis

This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

# Description

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses: -08:00:27:ED:A5:B7

# 10092 - FTP Server Detection

# Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on a remote port.

# Description

It is possible to obtain the banner of the remote FTP server by connecting to a remote port.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2019/11/22

# Plugin Output

# tcp/21/ftp

```
The remote FTP banner is:
220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)
```

# 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2

| Synopsis     |  |
|--------------|--|
| A web serv   | er is running on the remote host.  |
| Descriptio   | n  |
| This plugir  | attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server. |
| Solution     |  |
| n/a          |  |
| Risk Factor  |  |
| None         |  |
| Reference    | S  |
| XREF         | IAVT:0001-T-0931   |
| Plugin Info  | rmation  |
| Published: 1 | 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30   |
| Plugin Out   | put  |
| tcp/80/ww    | vw   |
| The remo     | te web server type is :  |

# 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

### **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

# Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol – the version used, whether HTTP Keep–Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

### Plugin Output

### tcp/80/www

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed: (Not implemented)
Headers :
 Date: Thu, 24 Nov 2022 11:47:23 GMT
  Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
 X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10
 Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
 Connection: Keep-Alive
 Transfer-Encoding: chunked
 Content-Type: text/html
Response Body :
<html><head><title>Metasploitable2 - Linux</title></head><body>
```

```
Warning: Never expose this VM to an untrusted network!
Contact: msfdev[at]metasploit.com

Login with msfadmin/msfadmin to get started

<a href="/twiki/">TWiki</a>
<a href="/phpMyAdmin/">phpMyAdmin</a>
<a href="/mutillidae/">Mutillidae</a>
<a href="/dvwa/">DVWA</a>
<a href="/dvwa/">WebDAV</a>

<pr
```

# 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

# Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista /7/2008/2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

### Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

### Risk Factor

None

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

### References

CVE CVE-1999-0524

XREF CWE:200

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2019/10/04

# Plugin Output

### icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is 1 second.

# 11156 - IRC Daemon Version Detection

Synopsis

The remote host is an IRC server.

Description

This plugin determines the version of the IRC daemon.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/19, Modified: 2016/01/08

Plugin Output

tcp/6667/irc

The IRC server version is : Unreal3.2.8.1. FhiXOoE [\*=2309]

# 10397 - Microsoft Windows SMB LanMan Pipe Server Listing Disclosure

### Synopsis

It is possible to obtain network information.

# Description

It was possible to obtain the browse list of the remote Windows system by sending a request to the LANMAN pipe. The browse list is the list of the nearest Windows systems of the remote host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Here is the browse list of the remote host : METASPLOITABLE ( os : 0.0 )
```

# 10785 - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.

# Description

Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB to be enabled on the host.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2021/09/20

### Plugin Output

# tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote Operating System is: Unix
The remote native LAN manager is: Samba 3.0.20-Debian
The remote SMB Domain Name is: METASPLOITABLE
```

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

# Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

# Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

An SMB server is running on this port.

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

# Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

# Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{A}}$  CIFS server is running on this port.

# 100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.

# Description

Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports the following versions of SMB :  ${\tt SMBv1}$ 

# 106716 - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.

# Description

Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11

# Plugin Output

### tcp/445/cifs

# 10437 - NFS Share Export List

# Synopsis

The remote NFS server exports a list of shares.

# Description

This plugin retrieves the list of NFS exported shares.

### See Also

http://www.tldp.org/HOWTO/NFS-HOWTO/security.html

### Solution

Ensure each share is intended to be exported.

### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2000/06/07, Modified: 2019/10/04

# Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
Here is the export list of 192.168.50.101 :  /\ \star
```

# 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

# tcp/21/ftp

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

# 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

Plugin Output

tcp/23/telnet

Port 23/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Port 25/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/53/dns

Port 53/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/80/www

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

tcp/111/rpc-portmapper

Port 111/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

#### Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/512

Port 512/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/513

Port 513/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/514

Port 514/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

tcp/1099/rmi\_registry

Port 1099/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

tcp/1524/wild\_shell

Port 1524/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

#### Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

Port 2049/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/2121

Port 2121/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

#### Plugin Output

tcp/3306/mysql

Port 3306/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/3632

Port 3632/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

Port 5432/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

Port 5900/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

#### Plugin Output

tcp/6000/x11

Port 6000/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

Plugin Output

tcp/6667/irc

Port 6667/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/8009

Port 8009/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/8180

Port 8180/tcp was found to be open

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2022/08/15

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/8787

Port 8787/tcp was found to be open

#### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

#### Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

#### Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

#### None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2022/06/09

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 10.4.1
Nessus build : 20091
Plugin feed version : 202211231953
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : ubuntu1404-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : Meta
```

```
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.50.100
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : default
Ping RTT : 133.093 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched)
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 4
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Scan Start Date : 2022/11/24 6:38 EST
Scan duration : 1659 sec
```

#### 11936 - OS Identification

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

#### Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2022/03/09

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)
Confidence level: 95
Method : HTTP
Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think some or all of
the following could be used to identify the host's operating system,
please email them to os-signatures@nessus.org. Be sure to include a
brief description of the host itself, such as the actual operating
system or product / model names.
SSH:SSH-2.0-OpenSSH 4.7pl Debian-8ubuntul
  P1:B10113:F0x12:W5840:00204ffff:M1460:
  P2:B10113:F0x12:W5792:00204ffff0402080affffffff4445414401030306:M1460:
  P3:B00000:F0x00:W0:00:M0
  P4:190400 7 p=2121
SMTP: !: 220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)
SSLcert:!:i/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomaini/O:OCOSAi/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple
Affairss/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomains/O:OCOSAs/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple
ed093088706603bfd5dc237399b498da2d4d31c6
i/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomaini/O:OCOSAi/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairss/
CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomains/O:OCOSAs/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
ed093088706603bfd5dc237399b498da2d4d31c6
```

The remote host is running Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)

#### 10919 - Open Port Re-check

#### Synopsis

Previously open ports are now closed.

#### Description

One of several ports that were previously open are now closed or unresponsive.

There are several possible reasons for this:

- The scan may have caused a service to freeze or stop running.
- An administrator may have stopped a particular service during the scanning process.

This might be an availability problem related to the following:

- A network outage has been experienced during the scan, and the remote network cannot be reached anymore by the scanner.
- This scanner may has been blacklisted by the system administrator or by an automatic intrusion detection / prevention system that detected the scan.
- The remote host is now down, either because a user turned it off during the scan or because a select denial of service was effective.

In any case, the audit of the remote host might be incomplete and may need to be done again.

#### Solution

- Increase checks\_read\_timeout and/or reduce max\_checks.
- Disable any IPS during the Nessus scan

Risk Factor

None

References

**XREF** 

IAVB:0001-B-0509

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/19, Modified: 2021/07/23

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Port 5432 was detected as being open but is now closed

Port 25 was detected as being open but is now unresponsive

# 50845 - OpenSSL Detection

| Synopsis   |
|--|
| The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.  |
| Description  |
| Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic. |
| Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).   |
| See Also   |
| https://www.openssl.org/   |
| Solution   |
| n/a  |
| Risk Factor  |
| None   |
| Plugin Information   |
| Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12  |
| Plugin Output  |
| tcp/25/smtp  |

# 50845 - OpenSSL Detection

tcp/5432/postgresql

# **Synopsis** The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic. Description Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic. Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366). See Also https://www.openssl.org/ Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12 Plugin Output

#### 48243 - PHP Version Detection

#### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the version number of the remote PHP installation.

#### Description

Nessus was able to determine the version of PHP available on the remote web server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0936

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/08/04, Modified: 2022/10/12

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/80/www

Nessus was able to identify the following PHP version information :

Version: 5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10

Source : X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10

#### 66334 - Patch Report

#### Synopsis

The remote host is missing several patches.

#### Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

Note: Because the 'Show missing patches that have been superseded' setting in your scan policy depends on this plugin, it will always run and cannot be disabled.

#### Solution

Install the patches listed below.

#### Risk Factor

#### None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2022/11/08

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/0

```
. You need to take the following 2 actions:

[ ISC BIND 9.x < 9.11.22, 9.12.x < 9.16.6, 9.17.x < 9.17.4 DoS (139915) ]

+ Action to take: Upgrade to BIND 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later.

+Impact: Taking this action will resolve 3 different vulnerabilities (CVEs).

[ Samba Badlock Vulnerability (90509) ]

+ Action to take: Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later.
```

#### 118224 - PostgreSQL STARTTLS Support

#### **Synopsis**

The remote service supports encrypting traffic.

#### Description

The remote PostgreSQL server supports the use of encryption initiated during pre-login to switch from a cleartext to an encrypted communications channel.

#### See Also

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.2/protocol-flow.html#AEN96066 https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.2/protocol-message-formats.html

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/19, Modified: 2022/04/11

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/5432/postgresql

```
Here is the PostgreSQL's SSL certificate that Nessus
was able to collect after sending a pre-login packet :
------ snip
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
```

```
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
           7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
           73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
           D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
           8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E AO A8 14 4E
           98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 AO AE 97
           00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
          OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
          1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
          68 35 19 75 OC DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
          83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
          A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
          15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
----- snip ----- [...]
```

# 26024 - PostgreSQL Server Detection

# Synopsis A database service is listening on the remote host. Description The remote service is a PostgreSQL database server, or a derivative such as EnterpriseDB. See Also https://www.postgresql.org/ Solution Limit incoming traffic to this port if desired. Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2007/09/14, Modified: 2022/06/01 Plugin Output tcp/5432/postgresql

# 22227 - RMI Registry Detection

### Synopsis

An RMI registry is listening on the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is running an RMI registry, which acts as a bootstrap naming service for registering and retrieving remote objects with simple names in the Java Remote Method Invocation (RMI) system.

#### See Also

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/guide/rmi/spec/rmiTOC.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?b6fd7659

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2006/08/16, Modified: 2022/06/01

### Plugin Output

tcp/1099/rmi\_registry tcp/1099/rmi\_registry

```
Valid response recieved for port 1099:

0x00: 51 AC ED 00 05 77 0F 01 25 49 62 63 00 00 01 84 Q...w..%Ibc...

0x10: A9 74 13 49 80 02 75 72 00 13 5B 4C 6A 61 76 61 .t.I..ur..[Ljava 0x20: 2E 6C 61 6E 67 2E 53 74 72 69 6E 67 3B AD D2 56 .lang.String;..V 0x30: E7 E9 1D 7B 47 02 00 00 70 78 70 00 00 00 00 ...{G...pxp....
```

#### **Synopsis**

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

# Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

#### Plugin Output

tcp/111/rpc-portmapper

The following RPC services are available on TCP port 111:
- program: 100000 (portmapper), version: 2

#### **Synopsis**

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

# Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

### Plugin Output

udp/111/rpc-portmapper

The following RPC services are available on UDP port 111 :
- program: 100000 (portmapper), version: 2

#### **Synopsis**

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

# Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

#### Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 2049:

- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 2
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 3
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 4
```

#### **Synopsis**

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

# Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

#### Plugin Output

udp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 2049:

- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 2
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 3
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 4
```

### Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

# Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

#### Plugin Output

tcp/38336/rpc-status

The following RPC services are available on TCP port 38336:

- program: 100024 (status), version: 1

### Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

# Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

### Plugin Output

udp/38506/rpc-status

The following RPC services are available on UDP port 38506:

- program: 100024 (status), version: 1

### Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

# Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

#### Plugin Output

tcp/42274/rpc-nlockmgr

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 42274:

- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 1
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 3
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 4
```

### Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

# Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

#### Plugin Output

udp/45698/rpc-nlockmgr

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 45698:

- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 1
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 3
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 4
```

#### **Synopsis**

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

# Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

#### Plugin Output

udp/50513/rpc-mountd

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 50513:

- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 1
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 2
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 3
```

### Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

# Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

#### Plugin Output

tcp/55451/rpc-mountd

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 55451:

- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 1
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 2
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 3
```

# 53335 - RPC portmapper (TCP)

| Synopsis  |
|---|
| An ONC RPC portmapper is running on the remote host.  |
| Description   |
| The RPC portmapper is running on this port.   |
| The portmapper allows someone to get the port number of each RPC service running on the remote host by sending either multiple lookup requests or a DUMP request. |
| Solution  |
| n/a   |
| Risk Factor   |
| None  |
| Plugin Information  |
| Published: 2011/04/08, Modified: 2011/08/29   |
| Plugin Output   |
| tcp/111/rpc-portmapper  |

# 10223 - RPC portmapper Service Detection

#### **Synopsis**

An ONC RPC portmapper is running on the remote host.

# Description

The RPC portmapper is running on this port.

The portmapper allows someone to get the port number of each RPC service running on the remote host by sending either multiple lookup requests or a DUMP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-1999-0632

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/19, Modified: 2019/10/04

Plugin Output

udp/111/rpc-portmapper

# 10263 - SMTP Server Detection

#### Synopsis

An SMTP server is listening on the remote port.

### Description

The remote host is running a mail (SMTP) server on this port.

Since SMTP servers are the targets of spammers, it is recommended you disable it if you do not use it.

#### Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it, or filter incoming traffic to this port.

Risk Factor

None

#### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0932

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

### Plugin Output

### tcp/25/smtp

Remote SMTP server banner :

220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)

# 42088 - SMTP Service STARTTLS Command Support

### Synopsis

The remote mail service supports encrypting traffic.

### Description

The remote SMTP service supports the use of the 'STARTTLS' command to switch from a cleartext to an encrypted communications channel.

#### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/STARTTLS https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2487

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/09, Modified: 2019/03/20

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

```
Here is the SMTP service's SSL certificate that Nessus was able to
collect after sending a 'STARTTLS' command :
-----snip
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
```

```
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
           7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
           73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
           D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
           8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E AO A8 14 4E
           98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 AO AE 97
           00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
          OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
          1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
          68 35 19 75 OC DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
          83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
          A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
          15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
----- snip ----- [...]
```

# 70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

### Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

### Description

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2017/08/28

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/22/ssh

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex algorithms :
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
The server supports the following options for server host key algorithms :
 ssh-dss
 ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption algorithms client to server :
 3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes128-ctr
 aes192-cbc
  aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
 aes256-ctr
 arcfour
 arcfour128
 arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
```

```
The server supports the following options for encryption algorithms server to client :
 3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes128-ctr
 aes192-cbc
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
 aes256-ctr
 arcfour
 arcfour128
 arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for mac algorithms client to server :
 hmac-md5
 hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac algorithms server to client :
 hmac-md5
 hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression algorithms client to server :
 zlib@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression algorithms server to client :
 zlib@openssh.com
```

# 149334 - SSH Password Authentication Accepted

| Synopsis   |  |
|--|--|
| The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication. |  |
| Description  |  |
| The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication. |  |
| See Also   |  |
| https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4252#section-8                      |  |
| Solution   |  |
| n/a  |  |
| Risk Factor  |  |
| None   |  |
| Plugin Information   |  |
| Published: 2021/05/07, Modified: 2021/05/07                        |  |
| Plugin Output  |  |
| tcp/22/ssh   |  |

# 10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

# Synopsis

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

### Description

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2021/01/19

# Plugin Output

### tcp/22/ssh

```
The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol:
- 1.99
- 2.0
```

# 153588 - SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

### Description

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

Although NIST has formally deprecated use of SHA-1 for digital signatures, SHA-1 is still considered secure for HMAC as the security of HMAC does not rely on the underlying hash function being resistant to collisions.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the remote SSH server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/05

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-shal
hmac-shal-96

The following server-to-client SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-shal
hmac-shal
hmac-shal-96
```

# 10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

### Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

### Description

It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0933

# Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH\_4.7pl Debian-8ubuntul SSH supported authentication : publickey,password

# 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

# Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications.

# Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

This port supports SSLv2/SSLv3/TLSv1.0.

# 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

# Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications.

# Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

This port supports SSLv3/TLSv1.0.

# 45410 - SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch

#### Synopsis

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute in the SSL certificate does not match the hostname.

### Description

The service running on the remote host presents an SSL certificate for which the 'commonName' (CN) attribute does not match the hostname on which the service listens.

#### Solution

If the machine has several names, make sure that users connect to the service through the DNS hostname that matches the common name in the certificate.

#### Risk Factor

#### None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2021/03/09

#### Plugin Output

### tcp/25/smtp

```
The host name known by Nessus is:

metasploitable

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

# 45410 - SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch

#### **Synopsis**

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute in the SSL certificate does not match the hostname.

### Description

The service running on the remote host presents an SSL certificate for which the 'commonName' (CN) attribute does not match the hostname on which the service listens.

#### Solution

If the machine has several names, make sure that users connect to the service through the DNS hostname that matches the common name in the certificate.

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2021/03/09

#### Plugin Output

## tcp/5432/postgresql

```
The host name known by Nessus is:

metasploitable

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

### 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

#### **Synopsis**

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

#### Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

```
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
```

```
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
            7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
            73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
            D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
            8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E A0 A8 14 4E
            98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 AO AE 97
            00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
           OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
           1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
           68 35 19 75 OC DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
           83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
           A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
           15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
Fingerprints :
\mathtt{SHA-256\ Fingerprint:\ E7\ A7\ FA\ 0D\ 63\ E4\ 57\ C7\ C4\ A5\ 9B\ 38\ B7\ 08\ 49\ C6\ A7\ 0B\ DA\ 6F}
                     83 OC 7A F1 E3 2D EE 43 6D E8 13 CC
SHA-1 Fingerprint: ED 09 30 88 70 66 03 BF D5 DC 23 73 99 B4 98 DA 2D [...]
```

### 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

#### **Synopsis**

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

#### Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/5432/postgresql

```
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
```

```
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
            7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
            73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
            D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
            8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E A0 A8 14 4E
            98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 AO AE 97
            00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
           OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
           1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
           68 35 19 75 OC DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
           83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
           A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
           15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
Fingerprints :
\mathtt{SHA-256\ Fingerprint:\ E7\ A7\ FA\ 0D\ 63\ E4\ 57\ C7\ C4\ A5\ 9B\ 38\ B7\ 08\ 49\ C6\ A7\ 0B\ DA\ 6F}
                     83 OC 7A F1 E3 2D EE 43 6D E8 13 CC
SHA-1 Fingerprint: ED 09 30 88 70 66 03 BF D5 DC 23 73 99 B4 98 DA 2D [...]
```

### 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

#### None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server : Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key) Name Code KEX Aut.h Encryption MAC EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 0x04, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512) RSA RC2-CBC(40) MD5 export EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x14 DH(512) RSA DES-CBC (40) SHA1 export EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x15 RSA DES-CBC(56) EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x19 DH (512) None DES-CBC (40) export DH DES-CBC (56) ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x1A None

| EXP-DES-CBC-SHA              | 0x00, 0x08          | RSA(512)       | RSA  | DES-CBC(40)   |     |
|------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|------|---------------|-----|
| SHA1 export                  |                     |                |      |               |     |
| EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5              | 0x00, 0x06          | RSA (512)      | RSA  | RC2-CBC(40)   | MD5 |
| export                       |                     |                |      |               |     |
| DES-CBC-SHA                  | 0x00, 0x09          | RSA            | RSA  | DES-CBC(56)   |     |
| SHA1                         |                     |                |      |               |     |
| Medium Strength Ciphers (>   | 64-bit and < 112-bi | t key, or 3DES | 5)   |               |     |
| Name                         | Code                | KEX            | Auth | Encryption    | MAC |
| DES-CBC3-MD5                 | 0x07, 0x00, 0x      |                | RSA  | 3DES-CBC(168) | MD5 |
| EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA         | 0x00, 0x16          | DH             | RSA  | 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| SHA1                         |                     |                |      |               |     |
| ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA             | 0x00, 0x1B          | DH             | None | 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| SHA1                         |                     |                |      |               |     |
| DES-CBC3-SHA                 | 0x00, 0x0A          | RSA            | RSA  | 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| SHA1                         |                     |                |      |               |     |
| High Strength Ciphers (>= 1  | 12-bit key)         |                |      |               |     |
| might belengen ciphers (>- i |                     |                |      |               |     |
| Name                         | Code[]              | KEX            | Auth | Encryption    | MAC |

### 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

#### None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/5432/postgresql

Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server : Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES) Name Code KEX Aut.h Encryption MAC 0x00, 0x16 EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA DH RSA 3DES-CBC(168) SHA1 DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x0A RSA RSA 3DES-CBC(168) SHA1 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key) KEX Auth Encryption MAC DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA 0x00, 0x33 RSA AES-CBC (128)

| DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA  | 0x00, | 0x39 | DH  | RSA | AES-CBC(256) |
|---|-------|------|-----|-----|--------------|
| SHA1  |       |      |     |     |              |
| AES128-SHA  | 0x00, | 0x2F | RSA | RSA | AES-CBC(128) |
| SHA1  |       |      |     |     |              |
| AES256-SHA  | 0x00, | 0x35 | RSA | RSA | AES-CBC(256) |
| SHA1  |       |      |     |     |              |
|   |       |      |     |     |              |
| The fields above are :  |       |      |     |     |              |
| {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryptic MAC={message authentication {export flag} |       |      |     |     |              |

192.168.50.101 176

# 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

# Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

#### None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2022/07/25

### Plugin Output

### tcp/25/smtp

Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server : Each group is reported per SSL Version.

SSL Version : TLSv1

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

| Name                        | Code       | KEX       | Auth | Encryption  | MAC |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|------|-------------|-----|
| EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA     | 0x00, 0x14 | DH(512)   | RSA  | DES-CBC(40) |     |
| SHA1 export                 | 0.00.0.45  |           |      |             |     |
| EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA<br>SHA1 | 0x00, 0x15 | DH        | RSA  | DES-CBC(56) |     |
| EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA         | 0x00, 0x19 | DH(512)   | None | DES-CBC(40) |     |
| SHA1 export                 |            |           |      |             |     |
| EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5             | 0x00, 0x17 | DH(512)   | None | RC4(40)     | MD5 |
| export                      |            |           |      |             |     |
| ADH-DES-CBC-SHA             | 0x00, 0x1A | DH        | None | DES-CBC(56) |     |
| SHA1                        |            |           |      |             |     |
| EXP-DES-CBC-SHA             | 0x00, 0x08 | RSA(512)  | RSA  | DES-CBC(40) |     |
| SHA1 export                 |            |           |      |             |     |
| EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5             | 0x00, 0x06 | RSA (512) | RSA  | RC2-CBC(40) | MD5 |
| export                      |            |           |      |             |     |

| EXP-RC4-MD5                 | 0x00, 0x03        | RSA(512)        | RSA  | RC4(40)       | MD5 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------|---------------|-----|
| export                      |                   |                 |      |               |     |
| DES-CBC-SHA                 | 0x00, 0x09        | RSA             | RSA  | DES-CBC(56)   |     |
| SHA1                        |                   |                 |      |               |     |
| Medium Strength Ciphers (>  | 64-bit and < 112- | bit key, or 3DE | S)   |               |     |
| Name                        | Code              | KEX             | Auth | Encryption    | MAC |
| EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA        | 0x00, 0x16        | DH              | RSA  | 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| SHA1                        |                   |                 |      |               |     |
| ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA            | 0x00, 0x1B        | DH              | None | 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| SHA1                        |                   |                 |      |               |     |
| DES-CBC3-SHA                | 0x00, 0x0A        | RSA             | RSA  | 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| SHA1                        |                   |                 |      |               |     |
| High Strength Ciphers (>= 1 | 12-bit key)       |                 |      |               |     |
| Name                        | Code              | KEX             | Auth | []            |     |

# 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

#### **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

## Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

#### None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2022/07/25

#### Plugin Output

### tcp/5432/postgresql

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv1
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
   Name
                                  Code
                                                    KEX
                                                                  Auth
                                                                            Encryption
                                                                                                   MAC
    EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                   0x00, 0x16
                                                                  RSA
                                                                            3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
    DES-CBC3-SHA
                                   0x00, 0x0A
                                                    RSA
                                                                  RSA
                                                                            3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
  High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                   Code
                                                    KEX
                                                                                                   MAC
                                                                  Auth
                                                                            Encryption
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                  0x00, 0x33
                                                    DH
                                                                  RSA
                                                                            AES-CBC(128)
    DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                   0x00, 0x39
                                                    DH
                                                                  RSA
                                                                           AES-CBC (256)
    AES128-SHA
                                   0x00, 0x2F
                                                                           AES-CBC (128)
 SHA1
```

|          | AES256-SHA   | 0x00,                     | 0x35         | RSA           | RSA                | AES-CBC(256)                |     |
|----------|--|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----|
| SH       | A1   |                           |              |               |                    |                             |     |
|          | RC4-SHA  | 0x00,                     | 0x05         | RSA           | RSA                | RC4(128)                    |     |
| SH       | A1   |                           |              |               |                    |                             |     |
|          |  |                           |              |               |                    |                             |     |
| SSL      | Version : SSLv3  |                           |              |               |                    |                             |     |
| M        | edium Strength Ciphers (> 64-b   | it and                    | < 112-bit    | key, or 3DES) |                    |                             |     |
|          |  | a 1                       |              |               | 5 11               |                             |     |
|          | Name   | Code                      |              | KEX           | Auth               | Encryption                  | MAC |
|          |  |                           |              |               |                    |                             |     |
|          |  | 0x00,                     |              | <br>DH        | RSA                |                             |     |
| SH       | EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA   |                           |              |               |                    |                             |     |
|          | EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA   |                           | 0x16         |               |                    |                             |     |
|          | EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA<br>A1<br>DES-CBC3-SHA                             | 0x00,                     | 0x16         | DH            | RSA                | 3DES-CBC(168)               |     |
| SH<br>SH | EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA A1 DES-CBC3-SHA A1                                | 0x00,                     | 0x16<br>0x0A | DH            | RSA                | 3DES-CBC(168)               |     |
| SH<br>SH | EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA<br>A1<br>DES-CBC3-SHA                             | 0x00,                     | 0x16<br>0x0A | DH            | RSA                | 3DES-CBC(168)               |     |
| SH<br>SH | EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA A1 DES-CBC3-SHA A1                                | 0x00,                     | 0x16<br>0x0A | DH            | RSA                | 3DES-CBC(168)               | MAC |
| SH<br>SH | EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA A1 DES-CBC3-SHA A1 igh Strength Ciphers (>= 112-b | 0x00,<br>0x00,<br>it key) | 0x16<br>0x0A | DH            | RSA<br>RSA<br>Auth | 3DES-CBC(168) 3DES-CBC(168) | MAC |

## 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

#### None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server :

| Name                                  | Code           | KEX               | Auth | Encryption  | MAC |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|------|-------------|-----|
| EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA<br>HA1 export | 0x00, 0x14     | DH(512)           | RSA  | DES-CBC(40) |     |
| EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA<br>HA1            | 0x00, 0x15     | DH                | RSA  | DES-CBC(56) |     |
| Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6          | 1-bit and < 11 | 2-bit key, or 3DE | ES)  |             |     |
| Name                                  | Code           | KEX               | Auth | Encryption  | MAC |
|                                       |                |                   |      |             |     |

| 0, 0x33 | DH | RSA | AES-CBC (128) |  |
|---------|----|-----|---------------|--|
|         |    |     |               |  |
| 0, 0x39 | DH | RSA | AES-CBC(256)  |  |
|         |    |     |               |  |
|         |    |     |               |  |
|         |    |     |               |  |
|         |    |     |               |  |
|         |    |     |               |  |
|         |    |     |               |  |

## 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

#### None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/5432/postgresql

| Here is the list of SSL PFS of | ciphers supported by | y the remote  | server : |               |     |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------|---------------|-----|
| Medium Strength Ciphers (>     | 64-bit and < 112-b:  | it key, or 31 | DES)     |               |     |
| Name                           | Code                 | KEX           | Auth     | Encryption    | MAC |
| EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA<br>SHA1   | 0x00, 0x16           | DH            | RSA      | 3DES-CBC(168) |     |
| High Strength Ciphers (>= 1    | 112-bit key)         |               |          |               |     |
| Name                           | Code                 | KEX           | Auth     | Encryption    | MAC |
| DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA<br>SHA1     | 0x00, 0x33           | DH            | RSA      | AES-CBC(128)  |     |
| DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA<br>SHA1     | 0x00, 0x39           | DH            | RSA      | AES-CBC(256)  |     |

The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption method} MAC={message authentication code} {export flag}

# 51891 - SSL Session Resume Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote host allows resuming SSL sessions.

## Description

This script detects whether a host allows resuming SSL sessions by performing a full SSL handshake to receive a session ID, and then reconnecting with the previously used session ID. If the server accepts the session ID in the second connection, the server maintains a cache of sessions that can be resumed.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/02/07, Modified: 2021/09/13

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

This port supports resuming SSLv3 sessions.

## 156899 - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

## Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

## Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

#### TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS\_CHACHA20\_POLY1305\_SHA256

#### TLSv1.2:

- 0xC0.0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0x00,0x9E DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0x00,0x9F DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

#### See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server\_Side\_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

#### Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

#### Risk Factor

#### None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2022/01/20, Modified: 2022/04/06

# tcp/25/smtp

The remote host has listening SSL/TLS ports which advertise the discouraged cipher suites outlined below:

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

| Name                          | Code      |         |        | KEX          | Auth  | Encryption    | MAC     |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------|--------|--------------|-------|---------------|---------|
| EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5               | 0x04,     | 0x00,   | 0x80   | RSA (512)    | RSA   | RC2-CBC(40)   | MD5     |
| export<br>EXP-RC4-MD5         | 0x02,     | 0x00,   | 0x80   | RSA(512)     | RSA   | RC4(40)       | MD5     |
| export                        |           |         |        |              |       |               |         |
| EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA       | 0x00,     | 0x14    |        | DH(512)      | RSA   | DES-CBC(40)   |         |
| SHA1 export                   |           |         |        |              |       |               |         |
| EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA           | 0x00,     | 0x15    |        | DH           | RSA   | DES-CBC(56)   |         |
| SHA1<br>EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA   | 0x00,     | 0 ≈ 1 0 |        | DH(512)      | None  | DES-CBC(40)   |         |
| SHA1 export                   | 0200,     | UAIJ    |        | DII (JIZ)    | NOTIE | DES CDC (40)  |         |
| EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5               | 0x00,     | 0x17    |        | DH(512)      | None  | RC4(40)       | MD5     |
| export                        |           |         |        |              |       |               |         |
| ADH-DES-CBC-SHA               | 0x00,     | 0x1A    |        | DH           | None  | DES-CBC(56)   |         |
| SHA1<br>EXP-DES-CBC-SHA       | 0x00,     | 0×08    |        | RSA(512)     | RSA   | DES-CBC(40)   |         |
| SHA1 export                   | 011007    | 02100   |        | 1011(012)    | 1011  | DEG (10)      |         |
| EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5               | 0x00,     | 0x06    |        | RSA(512)     | RSA   | RC2-CBC(40)   | MD5     |
| export                        |           |         |        |              |       |               |         |
| EXP-RC4-MD5                   | 0x00,     | 0x03    |        | RSA(512)     | RSA   | RC4(40)       | MD5     |
| export                        |           |         |        |              |       |               |         |
| DES-CBC-SHA                   | 0x00,     | 0x09    |        | RSA          | RSA   | DES-CBC(56)   |         |
| SHA1                          |           |         |        |              |       |               |         |
| Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64 | l-bit and | < 112-  | -bit : | key, or 3DES | )     |               |         |
| Name                          | Code      |         |        | KEX          | Auth  | Encryption    | MAC     |
| DES-CBC3-MD5                  |           | 0x00,   |        |              | RSA   | 3DES-CBC(168) | <br>MD5 |
| EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA          | 0x00,     | 0x16    |        | DH           | RSA   | 3DES-CBC(168) |         |
| SHA1                          |           |         |        |              |       |               |         |
| ADH-DE []                     |           |         |        |              |       |               |         |

## 156899 - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

## Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

## Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

#### TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS\_CHACHA20\_POLY1305\_SHA256

#### TLSv1.2:

- 0xC0.0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0x00,0x9E DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0x00,0x9F DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

#### See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server\_Side\_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

#### Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

#### Risk Factor

#### None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2022/01/20, Modified: 2022/04/06

## tcp/5432/postgresql

The remote host has listening SSL/TLS ports which advertise the discouraged cipher suites outlined below:

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

| Name  | Code                   | KEX           | Auth            | Encryption             | MAC |
|---|------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----|
| EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA<br>SHA1                      | 0x00, 0x16             | DH            | RSA             | 3DES-CBC(168)          |     |
| DES-CBC3-SHA<br>SHA1                              | 0x00, 0x0A             | RSA           | RSA             | 3DES-CBC(168)          |     |
|   |                        |               |                 |                        |     |
| High Strength Ciphers (>= 1                       | l12-bit key)           |               |                 |                        |     |
| Name  | Code                   | KEX           | Auth            | Encryption             | MAC |
|   | _                      | KEX<br><br>DH | Auth<br><br>RSA | EncryptionAES-CBC(128) |     |
| Name  | Code                   |               |                 |                        |     |
| Name DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA                           | Code                   |               |                 |                        |     |
| Name  DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1                     | Code<br><br>0x00, 0x33 | DH            | RSA             | AES-CBC(128)           |     |
| Name  DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1  DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA | Code<br><br>0x00, 0x33 | DH            | RSA             | AES-CBC(128)           |     |

RSA

RSA

RSA

RSA

AES-CBC (256)

RC4(128)

0x00, 0x35

0x00, 0x05

The fields above are :

AES256-SHA

RC4-SHA

SHA1

SHA1

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

## 25240 - Samba Server Detection

| Synopsis  |
|---|
| An SMB server is running on the remote host.                            |
| Description   |
| The remote host is running Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix. |
| See Also  |
| https://www.samba.org/  |
| Solution  |
| n/a   |
| Risk Factor   |
| None  |
| Plugin Information  |
| Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2022/10/12                             |
| Plugin Output   |
| tcp/445/cifs  |

## 104887 - Samba Version

## Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the samba version from the remote operating system.

## Description

Nessus was able to obtain the samba version from the remote operating by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote Samba Version is : Samba 3.0.20-Debian

#### 96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

#### Synopsis

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

#### Description

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, US–CERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

#### See Also

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and

http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4

http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8

http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3

#### Solution

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports SMBv1.

## Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

## Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

An FTP server is running on this port.

## Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

## Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

An SSH server is running on this port.

## Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

## Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/23/telnet

A telnet server is running on this port.

## Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

## Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

An SMTP server is running on this port.

## Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

## Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{A}}$  web server is running on this port.

## Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

## Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/1524/wild\_shell

A shell server (Metasploitable) is running on this port.

## Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

## Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{A}}$  vnc server is running on this port.

# 17975 - Service Detection (GET request)

## Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

## Description

It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0935

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/04/06, Modified: 2021/10/27

Plugin Output

tcp/6667/irc

An IRC daemon is listening on this port.

# 11153 - Service Detection (HELP Request)

## Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

## Description

It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives a 'HELP'

request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2018/11/26

Plugin Output

tcp/3306/mysql

A MySQL server is running on this port.

# 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

| Synopsis   |
|--|
| The remote service implements TCP timestamps.  |
| Description  |
| The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed. |
| See Also   |
| http://www.ietf.org/rfc1323.txt  |
| Solution   |
| n/a  |
| Risk Factor  |
| None   |
| Plugin Information   |
| Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2019/03/06  |
| Plugin Output  |
| tcp/0  |

# 11819 - TFTP Daemon Detection

udp/69/tftp

# Synopsis A TFTP server is listening on the remote port. Description The remote host is running a TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) daemon. TFTP is often used by routers and diskless hosts to retrieve their configuration. It can also be used by worms to propagate. Solution Disable this service if you do not use it. Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2003/08/13, Modified: 2019/11/22

## 10287 - Traceroute Information

## Synopsis

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

## Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

## Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

## Plugin Output

## udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.50.100 to 192.168.50.101: 192.168.50.100
192.168.50.101

Hop Count: 1
```

## 11154 - Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval

#### Synopsis

There is an unknown service running on the remote host.

## Description

Nessus was unable to identify a service on the remote host even though it returned a banner of some type.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2022/07/26

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/512

```
If you know what this service is and think the banner could be used to identify it, please send a description of the service along with the following output to svc-signatures@nessus.org:

Port: 512
Type: spontaneous
Banner:

0x00: 01 57 68 65 72 65 20 61 72 65 20 79 6F 75 3F 0A .Where are you?.

0x10:
```

## 11154 - Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval

## Synopsis

There is an unknown service running on the remote host.

## Description

Nessus was unable to identify a service on the remote host even though it returned a banner of some type.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2022/07/26

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/514

```
If you know what this service is and think the banner could be used to identify it, please send a description of the service along with the following output to svc-signatures@nessus.org:

Port: 514

Type: spontaneous
Banner:

0x00: 01 67 65 74 6E 61 6D 65 69 6E 66 6F 3A 20 54 65 .getnameinfo: Te

0x10: 6D 70 6F 72 61 72 79 20 66 61 69 6C 75 72 65 20 mporary failure

0x20: 69 6E 20 6E 61 6D 65 20 72 65 73 6F 6C 75 74 69 in name resoluti
0x30: 6F 6E 0A on.
```

#### 11154 - Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval

#### Synopsis

There is an unknown service running on the remote host.

## Description

Nessus was unable to identify a service on the remote host even though it returned a banner of some type.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2022/07/26

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/8787

```
If you know what this service is and think the banner could be used to
identify it, please send a description of the service along with the
following output to svc-signatures@nessus.org :
 Port. : 8787
 Type : get http
 Banner :
0x0000: 00 00 00 03 04 08 46 00 00 03 A1 04 08 6F 3A 16
                                                          .....F..... o:.
          0x0030: 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F
                                                                    ib/ruby/1.8/drb/
          0x0040: 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 35 37 33 3A 69 6E 20 60 6C
                                                                     drb.rb:573:in `1
          0x0050: 6F 61 64 27 22 37 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F 72
                                                                     oad'"7/usr/lib/r
                   75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E
          0×0060:
                                                                     uby/1.8/drb/drb.
          0x0070: 72 62 3A 36 31 32 3A 69 6E 20 60 72 65 63 76 5F
                                                                     rb:612:in `recv
          0x0080: 72 65 71 75 65 73 74 27 22 37 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C
                                                                     request'"7/usr/l
                                                                     ib/ruby/1.8/drb/
          0x0090: 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F
          0x00A0: 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 39 31 31 3A 69 6E 20 60 72
                                                                     drb.rb:911:in `r
                   65 63 76 5F 72 65 71 75 65 73 74 27 22 3C 2F 75
          0x00B0:
                                                                     ecv request'"</u
          0x00C0: 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F
                                                                     sr/lib/ruby/1.8/
          0x00D0: 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 31 35 33 30 3A
                                                                     drb/drb.rb:1530:
          0x00E0: 69 6E 20 60 69 6E 69 74 5F 77 69 74 68 5F 63 6C
                                                                     in `init with cl
                                                                     ient'"9/usr/lib/
          0x00F0: 69 65 6E 74 27 22 39 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F
          0x0100: 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 0x0110: 2E 72 62 3A 31 35 34 32 3A 69 6E 20 60 73 65 74
                                                                     ruby/1.8/drb/drb
                                                                     .rb:1542:in `set
                                                                     up_message'"3/us
          0x0120: 75 70 5F 6D 65 73 73 61 67 65 27 22 33 2F 75 73
          0x0130: 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64
                                                                     r/lib/ruby/1.8/d
          0x0140: 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 31 34 39 34 [...]
```

# 19288 - VNC Server Security Type Detection

## Synopsis

A VNC server is running on the remote host.

#### Descrizione

Questo script controlla la versione del protocollo del server VNC remoto e i "tipi di sicurezza" disponibili.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2005/07/22, Modified: 2021/07/13

## Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

 $\verb|\nThe remote VNC server chose security type $\#2$ (VNC authentication)|\\$ 

# 65792 - VNC Server Unencrypted Communication Detection

#### **Synopsis**

Un server VNC con uno o più "tipi di sicurezza" non crittografati è in esecuzione sull'host remoto.

#### Descrizione

Questo script controlla la versione del protocollo del server VNC remoto e i "tipi di sicurezza" disponibili per determinare se sono in uso o disponibili "tipi di sicurezza" non crittografati.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/03, Modified: 2014/03/12

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

The remote VNC server supports the following security type which does not perform full data communication encryption:

2 (VNC authentication)

## 10342 - VNC Software Detection

## Synopsis

The remote host is running a remote display software (VNC).

#### Descrizione

L'host remoto esegue VNC (Virtual Network Computing), che utilizza il protocollo RFB (Remote Framebuffer ) per fornire accesso remoto alle interfacce utente grafiche e consente quindi di visualizzare una console sull'host remoto su un altro.

#### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vnc

#### Solution

Make sure use of this software is done in accordance with your organization's security policy and filter incoming traffic to this port.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/03/07, Modified: 2017/06/12

## Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

3.3

## 135860 - WMI Not Available

#### Synopsis

WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.

#### Descrizione

WMI (Strumentazione gestione Windows ) non è disponibile nell'host remoto tramite DCOM. Le query WMI vengono utilizzate per raccogliere informazioni sull'host remoto, ad esempio lo stato corrente, la configurazione dell'interfaccia di rete e così via.

Senza queste informazioni, Nessus potrebbe non essere in grado di identificare il software installato o le funzionalità di sicurezza esistenti sull'host remoto.

#### See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2022/10/11

#### Plugin Output

## tcp/445/cifs

Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.

## 11424 - WebDAV Detection

#### Synopsis

The remote server is running with WebDAV enabled.

#### Descrizione

WebDAV è un'estensione standard del settore per la specifica HTTP.

Aggiunge una funzionalità per gli utenti autorizzati di aggiungere e gestire in remoto il contenuto di un server Web. Se non si utilizza questa estensione, è necessario disabilitarla .

#### Solution

http://support.microsoft.com/default.aspx?kbid=241520

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/20, Modified: 2011/03/14

## Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

# 10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

#### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

#### Descrizione

L'host remoto è in ascolto sulla porta UDP 137 o sulla porta TCP 445 e risponde alle richieste NetBIOS nbtscan o SMB .

Si noti che questo plugin raccoglie informazioni da utilizzare in altri plugin, ma non genera esso stesso un report.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

## Plugin Output

#### udp/137/netbios-ns

```
The following 7 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

METASPLOITABLE = Computer name

METASPLOITABLE = Messenger Service

METASPLOITABLE = File Server Service

METASPLOITABLE = File Server Service

MSBROWSE = Master Browser

WORKGROUP = Workgroup / Domain name

WORKGROUP = Master Browser

WORKGROUP = Browser Service Elections

This SMB server seems to be a Samba server - its MAC address is NULL.
```

# 52703 - vsftpd Detection

## Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on the remote port.

#### Descrizione

L'host remoto esegue vsftpd, un server FTP per sistemi UNIX-like scritti in C.

#### See Also

http://vsftpd.beasts.org/

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2011/03/17, Modified: 2019/11/22

## Plugin Output

## tcp/21/ftp

Source : 220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4) Version : 2.3.4