



Version control best practices

Metodologias de Trabalho em Equipa

P.PORTO



Why should I care about it?



- Makes your life easier
- Makes life easier for your team members
- Transparency
- Less decision making

Commit

- Keep your commits smaller
- Commit only files changed
- Keep commit message concise and meaningful

```
git commit -m "Added more stuff"
```



```
git commit -m "Add Car Controller"
```



Commit



- Split commit messages into Title and Description if it is too complicated
 - The title and the description are separated by the first blank line after the title. So you can:

```
git commit -m "Implementation
```

```
          Add Car Controller"
```

or

```
git commit -m "Implementation" -m "Add Car Controller"
```

Commit



- Use a descriptive commit message
 - Indicates the purpose of the change;
 - Allow to look for changes related to a concept;
- Use verbs like **Fix, Add, Change, Update**
- Commit Messages should be imperative

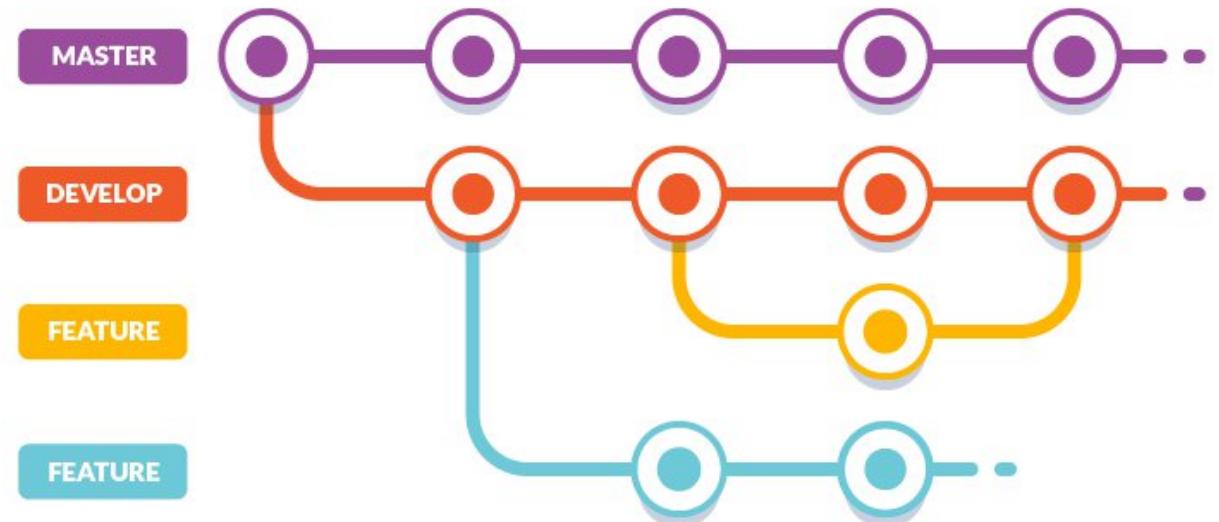
Commit



- Don't commit generated files
 - Compiled binary files (such .o or .class)
 - Generated reports (pdf, xml, txt, ..)
 - Database files
 - IDE configuration files
- Make each commit a logical unit
 - Each commit should have a single purpose and should completely implement that purpose.
- Avoid indiscriminate commits
 - Empty commits (with no explicit files supplied). Commit every changed file.

Define a Git Branching Model

- Example:
 - Master
 - Develop
 - Feature
 - Releases
 - Hot Fixes



Branches and Purposes



■ Master

- Single source of truth
- Always contains working codebase

■ Develop

- Holds current features built
- Should contain code ready for testing or QA
- Develop branched should be merged for Release branches

Branches and Purposes



■ Feature

- Holds feature under development
- Different teams are working on different features and have their own feature branch
- Should always be merged to develop branch and branched from develop branch

Branches and Purposes

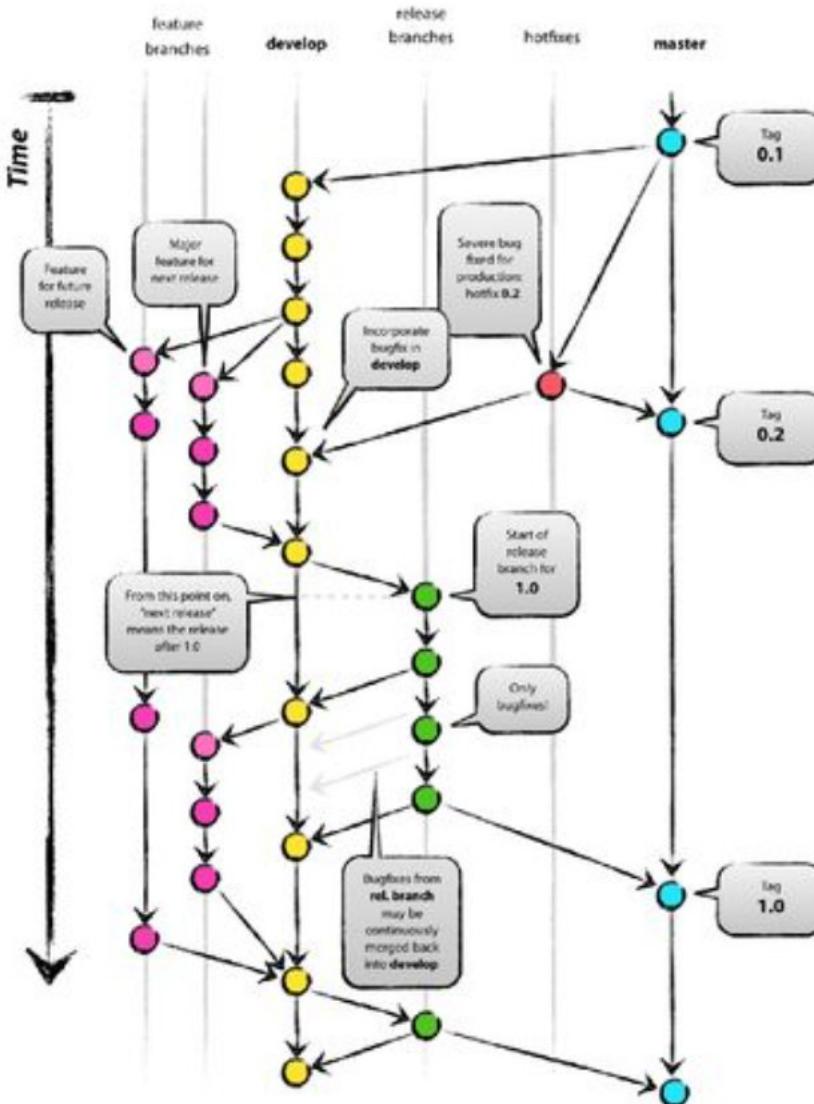


■ Releases

- Holds the snapshots of version of codebase released
- Release branches should be merged to Master

■ Hot Fixes

- Critical bug fixes and patches
- Should be branched from Master and merged to Master
- Hot fixes branch updates should also be merged with Develop branch



Git Best Practices

Branching Model



- Branching model used depends on:
 - Project size
 - Team size
 - Company
- You can use any branching template you like, but **be consistent with it**

Other Git best practices



- Incorporate others' changes frequently
- Share your changes frequently

Git Clients



- There are several third-party tools for users looking for platform-specific experience
 - SourceTree (<https://www.sourcetreeapp.com/>)
 - TortoiseGit (<https://tortoisegit.org/>)
 - GitKraken (<https://www.gitkraken.com/>)
- Most IDE has Git support
 - IntelliJ Idea (<https://www.jetbrains.com/help/idea/set-up-a-git-repository.html>)
 - Netbeans (<https://netbeans.org/kb/docs/ide/git.html>)
 - VS Code (<https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/editor/versioncontrol>)

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