

Punto 2

Encuentre la Serie de Fourier de la función $f(t) = t$ Para el intervalo $(-\pi, \pi)$ y $f(t+2\pi) = f(t)$; animar los primeros 50 armónicos.

$$f(t) = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n} \sin(nt)$$

$$f(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos(n\omega_0 t) + b_n \sin(n\omega_0 t)) = t$$

Note ahora que:

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) dt = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} t dt = \frac{1}{\pi} \left. \frac{t^2}{2} \right|_{-\pi}^{\pi} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi^2}{2} - \frac{(-\pi)^2}{2} \right) = 0$$

Note que También se tiene que:

$$a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt \quad \text{y} \quad b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt$$

Por ende

$$a_n = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} t \cos(nt) dt = \frac{t \sin(nt)}{n} - \int \frac{\sin(nt)}{n} dt = \frac{t \sin(nt) - \cos(nt)}{n^2} \Big|_{-\pi}^{\pi}$$

$$u = t \quad dv = \cos(nt) \\ du = dt \quad v = \sin(nt)/n$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi \sin(n\pi)}{n} - \frac{\pi \sin(-n\pi)}{n} - \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{n^2} + \frac{\cos(-n\pi)}{n^2} \right) \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \cos(-x) = \cos(x) \\ \sin(-x) = -\sin(x) \end{matrix}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{n} \sin(n\pi) \quad \text{Pero note } \sin(n\pi) \text{ siempre es } 0 \text{ si } n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

ahora $b_n = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} t \operatorname{Sen}(nt) dt$ $u = t \quad dv = \operatorname{Sen}(nt) dt$
 $du = dt \quad v = -\frac{\operatorname{Cos}(nt)}{n}$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(-\frac{t}{n} \operatorname{Cos}(nt) + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{\operatorname{Cos}(nt)}{n} dt \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(-\frac{t}{n} \operatorname{Cos}(nt) + \frac{\operatorname{Sen}(nt)}{n^2} \right)_{-\pi}^{\pi}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(-\frac{\pi}{n} \operatorname{Cos}(n\pi) - \left(-\frac{(-\pi)}{n} \operatorname{Cos}(n\pi) + \frac{\operatorname{Sen}(n\pi)}{n^2} - \frac{\operatorname{Sen}(-n\pi)}{n^2} \right) \right)$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi n^2} \operatorname{Sen}(n\pi) - \frac{2}{n} \operatorname{Cos}(n\pi) \quad \text{Como } n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{n} \operatorname{Cos}(n\pi) \quad \text{note que Para } n \text{ Par } \operatorname{Cos}(\pi n) = 1$$

caso contrario $\operatorname{Cos}(\pi n) = -1$

de modo que $b_n = (-1)^n \frac{2}{n}$ dando así:

la serie de Fourier de t sería:

$$\widehat{f}(t) = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n} \operatorname{Sen}(nt) \rightarrow \text{mostrando así la expresión}$$

inicial