



# Quad Single Supply Comparators

These comparators are designed for use in level detection, low-level sensing and memory applications in consumer automotive and industrial electronic applications.

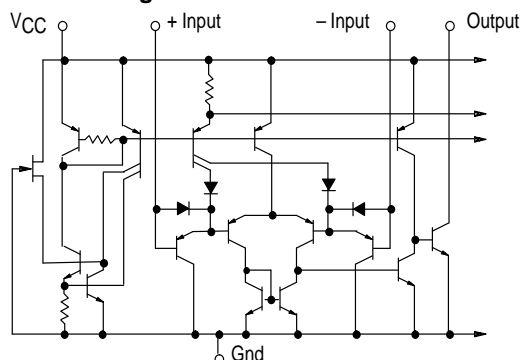
- Single or Split Supply Operation
- Low Input Bias Current: 25 nA (Typ)
- Low Input Offset Current:  $\pm 5.0$  nA (Typ)
- Low Input Offset Voltage:  $\pm 1.0$  mV (Typ) LM139A Series
- Input Common Mode Voltage Range to Gnd
- Low Output Saturation Voltage: 130 mV (Typ) @ 4.0 mA
- TTL and CMOS Compatible
- ESD Clamps on the Inputs Increase Reliability without Affecting Device Operation

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage LM239, A/LM339A/LM2901, V MC3302	$V_{CC}$	+36 or $\pm 18$ +30 or $\pm 15$	Vdc
Input Differential Voltage Range LM239, A/LM339A/LM2901, V MC3302	$V_{IDR}$	36 30	Vdc
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	$V_{ICMR}$	$-0.3$ to $V_{CC}$	Vdc
Output Short Circuit to Ground (Note 1)	$I_{SC}$	Continuous	
Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Plastic Package Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.0 8.0	W mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Ambient Temperature Range LM239, A MC3302 LM2901 LM2901V LM339, A	$T_A$	$-25$ to $+85$ $-40$ to $+85$ $-40$ to $+105$ $-40$ to $+125$ $0$ to $+70$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	$-65$ to $+150$	$^\circ\text{C}$

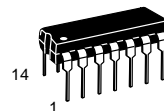
**NOTE:** 1. The maximum output current may be as high as 20 mA, independent of the magnitude of  $V_{CC}$ . Output short circuits to  $V_{CC}$  can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.

**Figure 1. Circuit Schematic**

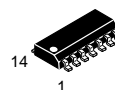


**NOTE:** Diagram shown is for 1 comparator.

# LM339, LM339A, LM239, LM239A, LM2901, M2901V, MC3302

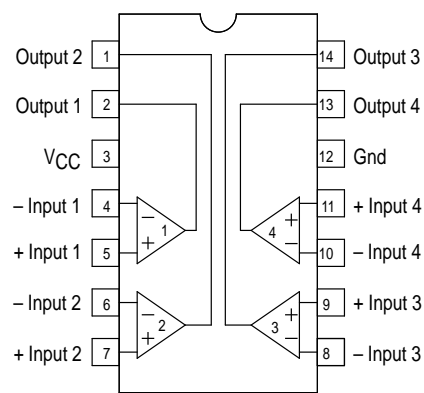


**N, P SUFFIX**  
PLASTIC PACKAGE  
CASE 646



**D SUFFIX**  
PLASTIC PACKAGE  
CASE 751A  
(SO-14)

## PIN CONNECTIONS



(Top View)

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Operating Temperature Range	Package
LM239D, AD LM239N, AN	$T_A = 25^\circ$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	SO-14 Plastic DIP
LM339D, AD LM339N, AN	$T_A = 0^\circ$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$	SO-14 Plastic DIP
LM2901D LM2901N	$T_A = -40^\circ$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$	SO-14 Plastic DIP
LM2901VD LM2901VN	$T_A = -40^\circ$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$	SO-14 Plastic DIP
MC3302P	$T_A = -40^\circ$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	Plastic DIP

# LM339, LM339A, LM239, LM239A, LM2901, M2901V, MC3302

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{CC} = +5.0$ Vdc, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	LM239A/339A			LM239/339			LM2901/2901V			MC3302			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Input Offset Voltage (Note 4)	$V_{IO}$	–	$\pm 1.0$	$\pm 2.0$	–	$\pm 2.0$	$\pm 5.0$	–	$\pm 2.0$	$\pm 7.0$	–	$\pm 3.0$	$\pm 20$	mVdc
Input Bias Current (Notes 4, 5) (Output in Analog Range)	$I_{IB}$	–	25	250	–	25	250	–	25	250	–	25	500	nA
Input Offset Current (Note 4)	$I_{IO}$	–	$\pm 5.0$	$\pm 50$	–	$\pm 5.0$	$\pm 50$	–	$\pm 5.0$	$\pm 50$	–	$\pm 3.0$	$\pm 100$	nA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	$V_{ICMR}$	0	–	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	0	–	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	0	–	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	0	–	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	V
Supply Current $R_L = \infty$ (For All Comparators) $R_L = \infty$ , $V_{CC} = 30$ Vdc	$I_{CC}$	–	0.8 1.0	2.0 2.5	–	0.8 1.0	2.0 2.5	–	0.8 1.0	2.0 2.5	–	0.8 1.0	2.0 2.5	mA
Voltage Gain $R_L \geq 15$ k $\Omega$ , $V_{CC} = 15$ Vdc	$A_{VOL}$	50	200	–	50	200	–	25	100	–	25	100	–	V/mV
Large Signal Response Time $V_I = \text{TTL Logic Swing}$ , $V_{ref} = 1.4$ Vdc, $V_{RL} = 5.0$ Vdc, $R_L = 5.1$ k $\Omega$	–	–	300	–	–	300	–	–	300	–	–	300	–	ns
Response Time (Note 6) $V_{RL} = 5.0$ Vdc, $R_L = 5.1$ k $\Omega$	–	–	1.3	–	–	1.3	–	–	1.3	–	–	1.3	–	$\mu\text{s}$
Output Sink Current $V_I (-) \geq +1.0$ Vdc, $V_I (+) = 0$ , $V_O \leq 1.5$ Vdc	$I_{Sink}$	6.0	16	–	6.0	16	–	6.0	16	–	6.0	16	–	mA
Saturation Voltage $V_I (-) \geq +1.0$ Vdc, $V_I (+) = 0$ , $I_{sink} \leq 4.0$ mA	$V_{sat}$	–	130	400	–	130	400	–	130	400	–	130	500	mV
Output Leakage Current $V_I (+) \geq +1.0$ Vdc, $V_I (-) = 0$ , $V_O = +5.0$ Vdc	$I_{OL}$	–	0.1	–	–	0.1	–	–	0.1	–	–	0.1	–	nA

## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{CC} = +5.0$ Vdc, $T_A = T_{low}$ to $T_{high}$ [Note 3])

Characteristic	Symbol	LM239A/339A			LM239/339			LM2901/2901V			MC3302			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Input Offset Voltage (Note 4)	$V_{IO}$	–	–	$\pm 4.0$	–	–	$\pm 9.0$	–	–	$\pm 15$	–	–	$\pm 40$	mVdc
Input Bias Current (Notes 4, 5) (Output in Analog Range)	$I_{IB}$	–	–	400	–	–	400	–	–	500	–	–	1000	nA
Input Offset Current (Note 4)	$I_{IO}$	–	–	$\pm 150$	–	–	$\pm 150$	–	–	$\pm 200$	–	–	$\pm 300$	nA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	$V_{ICMR}$	0	–	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	0	–	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	0	–	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	0	–	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	V
Saturation Voltage $V_I (-) \geq +1.0$ Vdc, $V_I (+) = 0$ , $I_{sink} \leq 4.0$ mA	$V_{sat}$	–	–	700	–	–	700	–	–	700	–	–	700	mV
Output Leakage Current $V_I (+) \geq +1.0$ Vdc, $V_I (-) = 0$ , $V_O = 30$ Vdc	$I_{OL}$	–	–	1.0	–	–	1.0	–	–	1.0	–	–	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$
Differential Input Voltage All $V_I \geq 0$ Vdc	$V_{ID}$	–	–	$V_{CC}$	–	–	$V_{CC}$	–	–	$V_{CC}$	–	–	$V_{CC}$	Vdc

NOTES: 3. (LM239/239A)  $T_{low} = -25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_{high} = +85^\circ$

(LM339/339A)  $T_{low} = 0^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_{high} = +70^\circ\text{C}$

(MC3302)  $T_{low} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_{high} = +85^\circ\text{C}$

(LM2901)  $T_{low} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_{high} = +105^\circ$

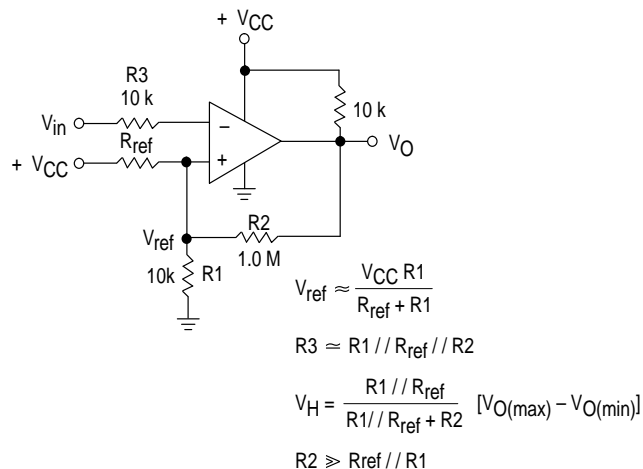
(LM2901V)  $T_{low} = -40^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_{high} = +125^\circ\text{C}$

4. At the output switch point,  $V_O = 1.4$  Vdc,  $R_S \leq 100$   $\Omega$   $5.0$  Vdc  $\leq V_{CC} \leq 30$  Vdc, with the inputs over the full common mode range (0 Vdc to  $V_{CC} - 1.5$  Vdc).

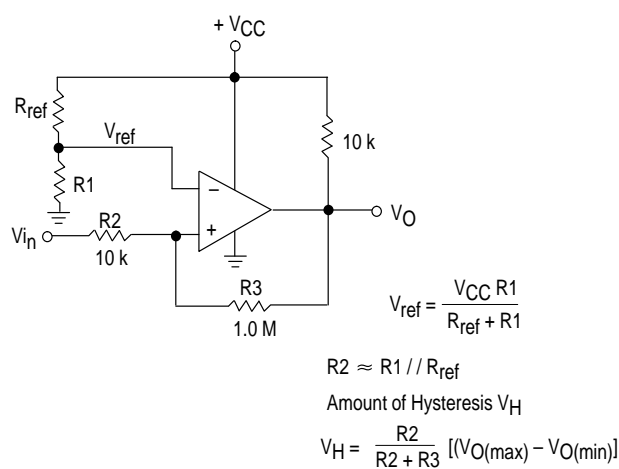
5. The bias current flows out of the inputs due to the PNP input stage. This current is virtually constant, independent of the output state.

6. The response time specified is for a 100 mV input step with 5.0 mV overdrive. For larger signals, 300 ns is typical.

**Figure 2. Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis**



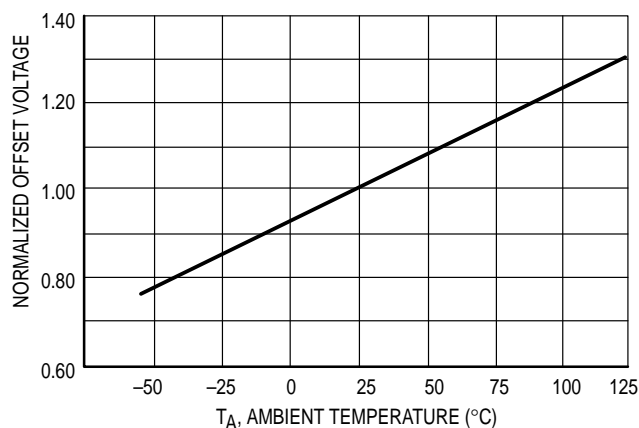
**Figure 3. Noninverting Comparator with Hysteresis**



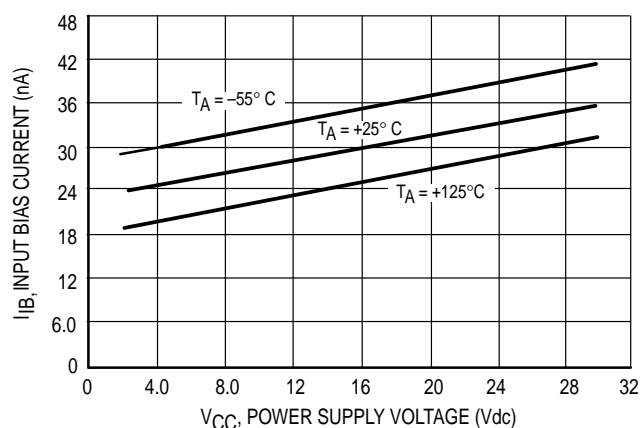
**Typical Characteristics**

( $V_{CC} = 15$  Vdc,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  (each comparator) unless otherwise noted.)

**Figure 4. Normalized Input Offset Voltage**



**Figure 5. Input Bias Current**



**Figure 6. Output Sink Current versus Output Saturation Voltage**

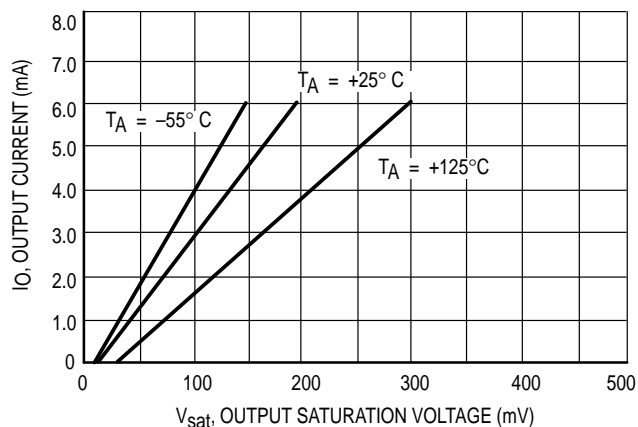
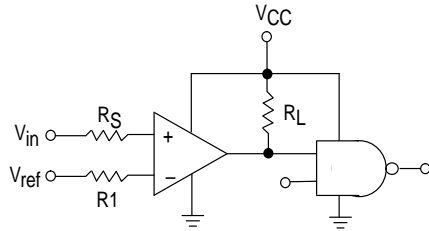


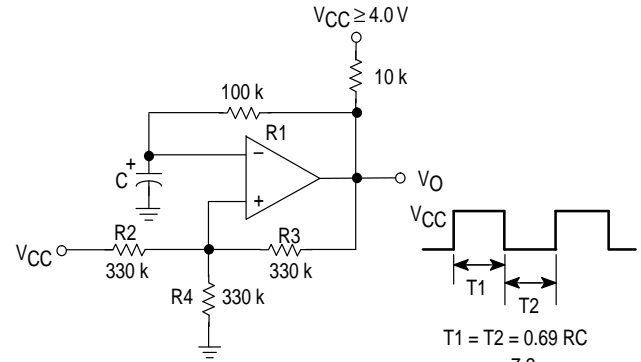
Figure 7. Driving Logic



$R_S$  = Source Resistance  
 $R1 \approx R_S$

Logic	Device	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	R <sub>L</sub> kΩ
CMOS	1/4 MC14001	+15	100
TTL	1/4 MC7400	+5.0	10

Figure 8. Squarewave Oscillator



$$T1 = T2 = 0.69 RC$$

$$f \approx \frac{7.2}{C(\mu F)}$$

$$R2 = R3 = R4$$

$$R1 \approx R2 // R3 // R4$$

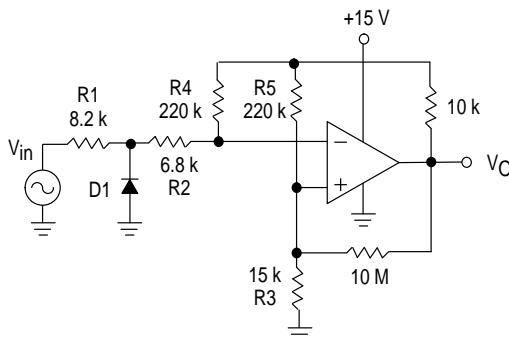
## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

These quad comparators feature high gain, wide bandwidth characteristics. This gives the device oscillation tendencies if the outputs are capacitively coupled to the inputs via stray capacitance. This oscillation manifests itself during output transitions ( $V_{OL}$  to  $V_{OH}$ ). To alleviate this situation input resistors  $< 10 \text{ k}\Omega$  should be used. The addition

of positive feedback ( $< 10 \text{ mV}$ ) is also recommended. It is good design practice to ground all unused input pins.

Differential input voltages may be larger than supply voltages without damaging the comparator's inputs. Voltages more negative than  $-300 \text{ mV}$  should not be used.

Figure 9. Zero Crossing Detector (Single Supply)



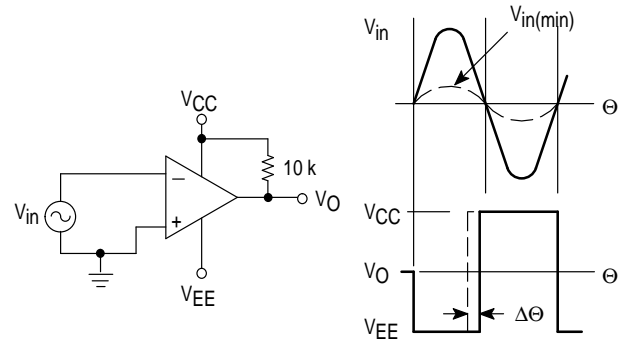
D1 prevents input from going negative by more than  $0.6 \text{ V}$ .

$$R1 + R2 = R3$$

$$R3 \leq \frac{R5}{10} \text{ for small error in zero crossing}$$

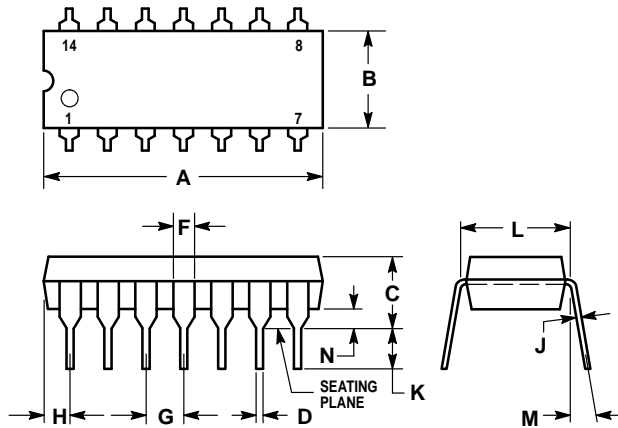
Figure 10. Zero Crossing Detector (Split Supplies)

$V_{in(min)} \approx 0.4 \text{ V peak for } 1\% \text{ phase distortion } (\Delta\theta)$ .



## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

**N, P SUFFIX**  
**PLASTIC PACKAGE**  
CASE 646-06  
ISSUE L

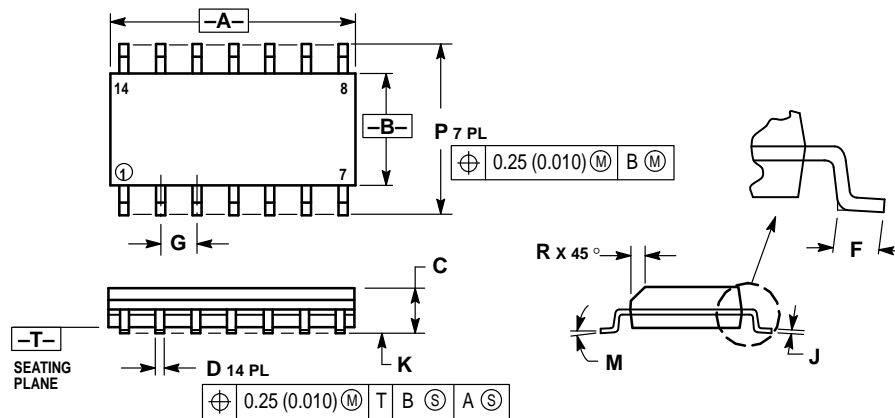


## NOTES:

- LEADS WITHIN 0.13 (0.005) RADIUS OF TRUE POSITION AT SEATING PLANE AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
- DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEADS WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
- DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
- ROUNDED CORNERS OPTIONAL.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.715	0.770	18.16	19.56
B	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60
C	0.145	0.185	3.69	4.69
D	0.015	0.021	0.38	0.53
F	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.78
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
H	0.052	0.095	1.32	2.41
J	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38
K	0.115	0.135	2.92	3.43
L	0.300 BSC		7.62 BSC	
M	0°	10°	0°	10°
N	0.015	0.039	0.39	1.01


**D SUFFIX**  
**PLASTIC PACKAGE**  
CASE 751A-03  
(SO-14)  
ISSUE F



## NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
- MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
- DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	8.55	8.75	0.337	0.344
B	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
C	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019
F	0.40	1.25	0.016	0.049
G	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
J	0.19	0.25	0.008	0.009
K	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.009
M	0°	7°	0°	7°
P	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244
R	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.019

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**MOTOROLA**



LM339/D

