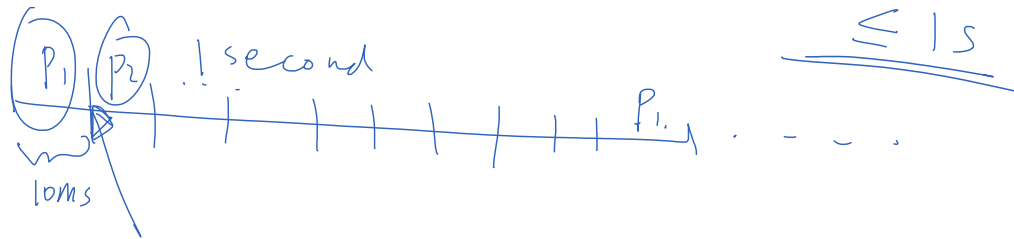


Response time 3 seconds Expectation

$\{P_1 \dots P_n\}$ Real response time $< 3s$



processes don't fit in memory

Assume: 10 processes are in mem

2GB mem is fully Occupied by
10 processes

1) normal request data

2) e.g. memory leak

Swap process (at least one) to
hard disk

✓ Code X
✓ data X
states (intermediate data) ✓
 ~ cpu registers & pc
⇒ Swap area

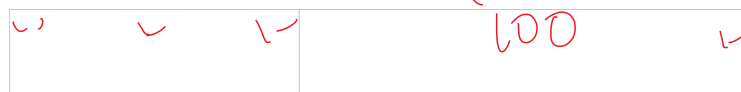
1 GB mem in the system

process / program

uses 100 MB mem

sys could run 10 processes

V.M. Each process can start the
Execution w/ 10 MB mem,



Why OS uses the lower portion of
the mem?

A: lower portion mem access is fast

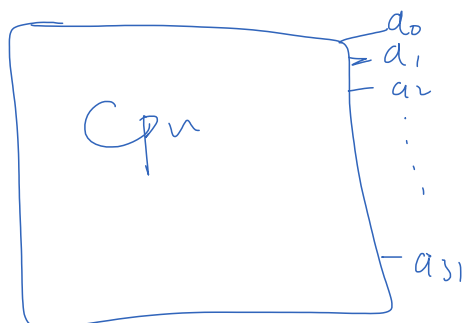
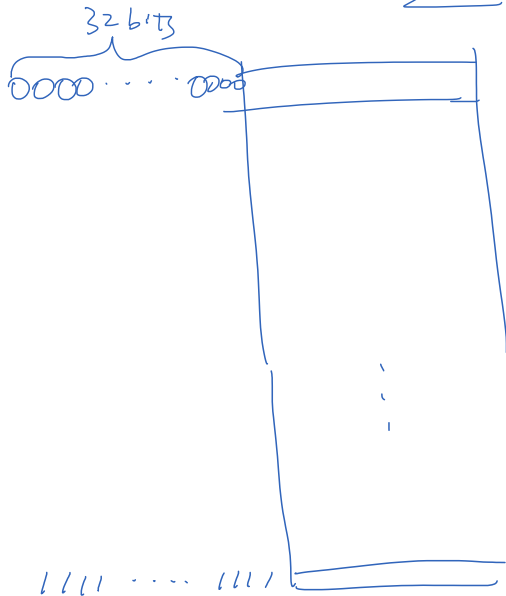
B : Higher portion mem needs more bits
for addressing.

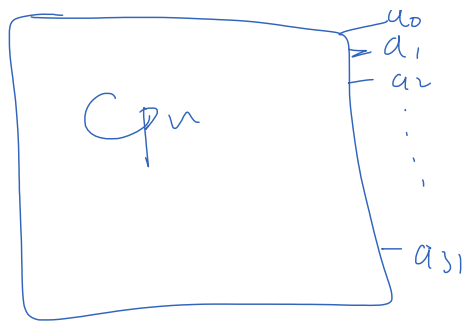
byte addressed Computer system

\Leftrightarrow Each byte has an address

Capacity $2^n =$ Total bytes
n: # of bits

$$32 \text{ bits} \quad 2^{32} = \underline{\underline{4 \text{ GB}}}$$





```
for (i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
    Score += HW[i];
}
Avg (Score, 10);
```

```
Score += Exam;
```

→ fopen ("grade"

```
Submit ( Moodle , ... )
```