## CSE13S Fall 2020

# Assignment 6: The Great Firewall of Santa Cruz: Design Document

## Goal

The goal for this assignment is to use hashtables, linked lists, and bloom filters to fix corrupted illegal words, oldspeak, and turn them into acceptable words and to newspeak, or decide if the word requires a punishment. In our program we will be reading words from a file and checking if the words are valid words or not. If they are not valid, we will translate them to newspeak.

# **PreLab Questions**

- 1.) Write down the pseudocode for inserting and deleting elements from a Bloom filter.
  - a.) void bf insert(BloomFilter \*bf, char \*oldspeak)
    - i.) h1 =hash(bf->primary, oldspeak)
    - ii.) h2=hash(bf->secondary, oldspeak)
    - iii.) h3=hash(bf->tertiary, oldspeak)
    - iv.) by set(h1)
    - v.) by set(h2)
    - vi.) by set(h3)
  - b.) After reading the piazza discussion from the professor and watching a few youtube videos explaining what bloom filters are, I learned that we don't want to delete any elements from a bloom filter because if we clear an element, it might accidentally clear other elements that we didn't mean to clear and cause some issues with our elements. If we had to delete an element what we could do is create a new bloom filter and insert the element we want to set to the second bloom filter. That way, if we have an element that is present in both bloom filters it is considered 'deleted'.
- 2.) Write down the pseudocode for each of the functions in the interface for the linked list ADT
  - a.) LinkedList \*ll create(bool mtf)
    - i.) Linkedlist \* L = (Linkedlist \*)calloc(1, sizeof(LinkedList))
    - ii.) length = 0
    - iii.) Mtf=bool mtf
    - iv.) Head = node create()
    - v.) Tail = node create()
    - vi.) Return L
  - b.) void ll delete(LinkedList \*\*ll)
    - i.) For i in range(i, node size)
      - (1) Delete node

ii.) Free 11 iii.) L = NULLc.) uint32 t ll length(LinkedList \*ll) Return ll length i.) d.) Node \*ll lookup(LinkedList \*ll, char \*oldspeak) For (node \*n = l > head > next; n != tail: n > next) (1) Compare old and new speak (a) If mtf is true (i) Previous = nextNext = previous(ii) (iii) Next = next(iv) Head (next and tail) = x(v) Head (next) = x(vi) Return n (b) Return 0 e.) void ll insert(LinkedList \*ll, char \*oldspeak, char \*newspeak) i.) \*n = node create(oldspeak, newspeak) Next = L->headii.) iii.) Prey - L->head iv.) Length +=1f.) void ll print(LinkedList \*ll) i.) For i in range(1, ll size) (1) node print() g.) Node \*node create(char \*oldspeak, char \*newspeak) i.) Node \*n = (Node\*)calloc(1, sizeof(Node))ii.) n->Oldspeak = strdup(oldspeak) n->newspeak = strdup(newspeak) iii.) Next = nulliv.) Prev = nullv.) h.) void node delete(Node \*\*n) i.) free(oldspeak) ii.) free(newspeak) Free (\*n) iii.) iv.) \*n = nulli.) void node print(Node \*n) If node != null in newspeak & oldspeak i.) (1) printf("%s -> %s\n", n->oldspeak, n->newspeak); ii.) Else

(1) printf("%s\n", n->oldspeak);

- 3.) Write down the regular expression you will use to match words with. It should match hyphenations and concatenations as well.
  - a.) regularExpressions "[a-z\_A-Z\_0-9\_]"+ (('|-)[a-z\_A-Z\_0-9\_]+)\*"

# Files I need to Implement + pseudocode

- 1.) Hash.c
  - a.) HashTable \*ht create(uint32 t size, bool mtf)
    - i.) given
  - b.) void ht delete(HashTable \*\*ht)
    - i.) For i in range of (1, ht\_size)
      - (1) free(lists)
    - ii.) Free(ht)
    - iii.) \*ht = null
  - c.) uint32 t ht size(HashTable \*ht)
    - i.) Return ht size
  - d.) Node \*ht lookup(HashTable \*ht, char \*oldspeak)
    - i.) Create a hash for the location
    - ii.) If LL doesn't exist
      - (1) Create it
    - iii.) x= ll\_lookup(hash\_location, oldspeak)
    - iv.) If x if found
      - (1) Return x
    - v.) Else
      - (1) Return null
  - e.) void ht insert(HashTable \*ht, char \*oldspeak, char \*newspeak)
    - i.) Create a hash for the location
    - ii.) Ht = ll\_insert(ht, oldpeak, newspeak)
  - f.) void ht\_print(HashTable \*ht)
    - i.) For i in range(i, length of bt)
      - (1) Print h[i]
- 2.) Ll.c
  - a.) LinkedList \*ll create(bool mtf)
    - i.) Linkedlist \* L = (Linkedlist \*)calloc(1, sizeof(LinkedList))
    - ii.) length = 0
    - iii.) Mtf=bool mtf
    - iv.) Head = node create()
    - v.) Tail = node create()
    - vi.) Return L
  - b.) void ll delete(LinkedList \*\*ll)
    - i.) For i in range(i, node size)

			(1) Delete node		
		ii.)	Free II		
		iii.)	*L = NULL	*11/	
	c.) uint32_t ll_length(LinkedList *ll)				
i.) Return ll length					
d.) Node *Il_lookup(LinkedList *Il, char *oldspeak)					
i.) For (node $*n = l > head > next$ ; $n != tail$ : $n > next$ )					
	(1) Compare old and new speak				
	(a) If mtf is true				
			(i)	Previous = next	
				Next = previous	
			` '	Next = next	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Head (next and tail)= $x$	
			(v)	Head $(next) = x$	
			(vi)	Return n	
(b) Return 0					
	e.) void ll insert(LinkedList *ll, char *oldspeak, char *newspeak)				
	,	i.)	*n = node create(olds)	1 ' ' 1 ' /	
		,	Next = L->head	pour, nom spour	
		,	Prey - L->head		
			Length +=1		
	f)		print(LinkedList *II)		
	,	i.)	For i in range(1, ll siz	ve)	
		1.)	(1) node_print()		
3.) No	de c	•	(1) 110 <b>40</b> _p1111()		
,	a.) Node *node create(char *oldspeak, char *newspeak)				
	i.) Node *n = (Node*)calloc(1, sizeof(Node))				
	ii.) n->Oldspeak = strdup(oldspeak)				
	iii.) n->newspeak = strdup(newspeak)				
		iv.)	Next = null	(newspeak)	
		v.)	Prev = null		
	h )	,	ode_delete(Node **n)		
	i.) free(oldspeak)				
		ii.)	free(newspeak)		
		iii.)	Free (*n)		
		iv.)	*n = null		
	c )		ode print(Node *n)		
	i.) If node != null in newspeak & oldspeak				
		1.)		%s\n", n->oldspeak , n->newspeak);	
			(1) printit /05 ->	703 II , II- Oluspeak , II- II wspeak),	

- ii.) Else(1) printf("%s\n", n->oldspeak);
- 4.) Bf.c
  - a.) This file contains the implementation of the bloom filter data structure. The functions in this file will aid to add oldspeak words into the bloom filter and later on check punish the citizens for using oldspeak
  - b.) BloomFilter \*bf create(uint32 t size)
    - i.) Given
  - c.) void bf delete(BloomFilter \*\*bf)
    - i.) Free filter
    - ii.) Free bf
    - iii.) \*bf = null
  - d.) uint32 t bf size(BloomFilter \*bf)
    - i.) Return by length(bf)
  - e.) void bf insert(BloomFilter \*bf, char \*oldspeak)
    - i.) H1 =hash(bf->primary, oldspeak)
    - ii.) H2 =hash(bf->secondary, oldspeak)
    - iii.) H3 =hash(bf->tertiary, oldspeak)
    - iv.) By set H1 and H2 and H3
  - f.) bool bf probe(BloomFilter \*bf, char \*oldspeak)
    - i.) H1 =hash(bf->primary, oldspeak)
    - ii.) H2 =hash(bf->secondary, oldspeak)
    - iii.) H3 =hash(bf->tertiary, oldspeak)
    - iv.) By get H1 and H2 and H3
    - v.) If all true == 1
      - (1) Return true
    - vi.) Else
    - vii.) return false
  - g.) void bf print(BloomFilter \*bf)
    - i.) For i in range(0, len(bf))
      - (1) 11 print
- 5.) Vb.c
  - a.) BitVector \*bv create(uint32 t length)
    - i.) BitVector v \* = (BitVector \*) calloc(1, sizeof(BitVector))
    - ii.)  $u \rightarrow length = length$
    - iii.) If allocation fails,
      - (1) return null
    - iv.) Else
    - v.) Return v

- b.) void by delete(BitVector \*\*bv)
  - i.) Free v
- c.) uint32\_t bv\_length(BitVector \*bv)
  - i.) Return length
- d.) void by set bit(BitVector \*by, uint32 t i)
  - i.) mask = 1 << ((i % 8);
  - ii.) vector[i/8] = maks
- e.) void bv\_clr\_bit(BitVector \*bv, uint32\_t i)
  - i.) mask by shifting
  - ii.) vector[i/8] &= maks
- f.) uint8 t bv get bit(BitVector \*bv, uint32 t i)
  - i.)  $mask = 1 \ll ((i \% 8);$
  - ii.) Mask & bv(i/8) >> bv(i/8)
- g.) void by print(BitVector \*bv)
  - i.) For i in range(0, length)
    - (1) Print get bit
- 6.) Parser.c
  - a.) Given to us
- 7.) Bangammer.c
  - a.) Main function that creates the ht, bf, and two LL
  - b.) Reads in from files and takes in command line options

## **UPDATES**

I actually ended up changing a lot of things for a lot of my assignments. I mostly change my functions for the bf ADT and the ht ADT. Since we didn't have any lectures on these before the design document was due, I wasn't able to understand a lot of the ADT. After the lectures, I was able to implement the ADTS. This was a really fun asgn. I really enjoyed seeing all the ADTs come together. It was a little tricky to debug since there were so many ADTS, the leeks could come from anywhere. Overall, I think this asgn made me more confident in ADTS and how to implement different kinds of them.