

CSE13S Fall 2020
Assignment 6: The Great Firewall of Santa Cruz:
Design Document

Goal

The goal for this assignment is to use hashtables, linked lists, and bloom filters to fix corrupted illegal words, oldspeak, and turn them into acceptable words and to newspeak, or decide if the word requires a punishment. In our program we will be reading words from a file and checking if the words are valid words or not. If they are not valid, we will translate them to newspeak.

PreLab Questions

- 1.) Write down the pseudocode for inserting and deleting elements from a Bloom filter.
 - a.) void bf_insert(BloomFilter *bf, char *oldspeak)
 - i.) hash(bf->primary, oldspeak)
 - ii.) hash(bf->secondary, oldspeak)
 - iii.) hash(bf->tertiary, oldspeak)
 - b.) After reading the piazza discussion from the professor and watching a few youtube videos explaining what bloom filters are, I learned that we don't want to delete any elements from a bloom filter because if we clear an element, it might accidentally clear other elements that we didn't mean to clear and cause some issues with our elements. If we had to delete an element what we could do is create a new bloom filter and insert the element we want to set to the second bloom filter. That way, if we have an element that is present in both bloom filters it is considered 'deleted'.
- 2.) Write down the pseudocode for each of the functions in the interface for the linked list ADT
 - a.) LinkedList *ll_create(bool mtf)
 - i.) LinkedList * L = (LinkedList *)calloc(1, sizeof(LinkedList))
 - ii.) length = 0
 - iii.) Mtf=bool mtf
 - iv.) Head = node_create()
 - v.) Tail = node_create()
 - vi.) Do strdup()
 - vii.) Return L
 - b.) void ll_delete(LinkedList **ll)
 - i.) free(*L)
 - ii.) *L = NULL
 - c.) uint32_t ll_length(LinkedList *ll)
 - i.) Return L-> head

- d.) Node *ll_lookup(LinkedList *ll, char *oldspeak)
 - i.) For (node *n = l-> head->next; n != tail: n-> next)
 - (1) Compare old and new speak
 - (a) If mtf is true
 - (i) Previous = next
 - (ii) Next = previous
 - (iii) Next = next
 - (iv) Head (next and tail)= x
 - (v) Head (next) = x
 - (vi) Return n
 - (b) Return 0
 - e.) void ll_insert(LinkedList *ll, char *oldspeak, char *newspeak)
 - i.) *n = node_create(oldspeak, newspeak)
 - ii.) Next = L->head
 - iii.) Prey - L->head
 - iv.) Length += 1
 - f.) void ll_print(LinkedList *ll)
 - i.) For (node *n = &head; n!=null: n= n-> next)
 - (1) node_print()
 - g.) Node *node_create(char *oldspeak, char *newspeak)
 - i.) Node *n = (Node*)calloc(1, sizeof(Node))
 - ii.) n->Oldspeak = oldspeak
 - iii.) n->newspeak = newspeak
 - iv.) Next = null
 - v.) Prev = null
 - h.) void node_delete(Node **n)
 - i.) free(oldspeak)
 - ii.) free(newspeak)
 - iii.) Free (*n)
 - iv.) *n = null
 - i.) void node_print(Node *n)
 - i.) If node is in newspeak & oldspeak
 - (1) printf("%s -> %s\n", n->oldspeak , n->newspeak);
 - ii.) Else
 - (1) printf("%s\n", n->oldspeak);
- 3.) Write down the regular expression you will use to match words with. It should match hyphenations and concatenations as well.
- a.) regularExpressions [a-zA-Z0-9_'-]

Files I need to Implement + pseudocode

1.) Hash.c

- a.) HashTable *ht_create(uint32_t size, bool mtf)
 - i.) given
- b.) void ht_delete(HashTable **ht)
 - i.) free(lists)
 - ii.) Free(ht)
 - iii.) *ht = null
- c.) uint32_t ht_size(HashTable *ht)
 - i.) Return size
- d.) Node *ht_lookup(HashTable *ht, char *oldspeak)
 - i.) Create a hash for the location
 - ii.) If LL doesn't exist
 - (1) Create it
 - iii.) x= ll_lookup(hash_location, oldspeak)
 - iv.) If x is found
 - (1) Return x
 - v.) Else
 - (1) Return null?
- e.) void ht_insert(HashTable *ht, char *oldspeak, char *newspeak)
 - i.) Create a hash for the location
 - ii.) Ht = ll_insert(ht, oldspeak, newspeak)
- f.) void ht_print(HashTable *ht)
 - i.) For i in range(0, length of ht)
 - (1) Print h[i]

2.) Ll.c

- a.) LinkedList *ll_create(bool mtf)
 - i.) LinkedList * L = (LinkedList *)calloc(1, sizeof(LinkedList))
 - ii.) length = 0
 - iii.) Mtf=bool mtf
 - iv.) Head = node_create()
 - v.) Tail = node_create()
 - vi.) Do strdup()
 - vii.) Return L
- b.) void ll_delete(LinkedList **ll)
 - i.) free(*L)
 - ii.) *L = NULL
- c.) uint32_t ll_length(LinkedList *ll)
 - i.) Return L-> head
- d.) Node *ll_lookup(LinkedList *ll, char *oldspeak)

i.) For (node *n = l-> head->next; n != tail: n-> next)

(1) Compare old and new speak

(a) If mtf is true

(i) Previous = next

(ii) Next = previous

(iii) Next = next

(iv) Head (next and tail)= x

(v) Head (next) = x

(vi) Return n

(b) Return 0

e.) void ll_insert(LinkedList *ll, char *oldspeak, char *newspeak)

i.) *n = node_create(oldspeak, newspeak)

ii.) Next = L->head

iii.) Prey - L->head

iv.) Length += 1

f.) void ll_print(LinkedList *ll)

i.) For (node *n = &head; n!=null: n= n-> next)

(1) node_print()

3.) Node.c

a.) Node *node_create(char *oldspeak, char *newspeak)

i.) Node *n = (Node*)calloc(1, sizeof(Node))

ii.) n->Oldspeak = oldspeak

iii.) n->newspeak = newspeak

iv.) Next = null

v.) Prev = null

b.) void node_delete(Node **n)

i.) Free oldspeak

ii.) Free newspeak

iii.) Free n

iv.) *n = null

c.) void node_print(Node *n)

i.) If node is in newspeak & oldspeak

(1) Print using the directions in the doc

ii.) Else

(1) Print using the directions in the doc

4.) Bf.c

a.) This file contains the implementation of the bloom filter data structure. The functions in this file will aid to add oldspeak words into the bloom filter and later on check punish the citizens for using oldspeak

- b.) BloomFilter *bf_create(uint32_t size)
 - i.) Given
- c.) void bf_delete(BloomFilter **bf)
 - i.) Free filter
 - ii.) Free bf
 - iii.) *bf = null
- d.) uint32_t bf_size(BloomFilter *bf)
 - i.) Return bv_length(bf)
- e.) void bf_insert(BloomFilter *bf, char *oldspeak)
 - i.) hash(bf->primary, oldspeak)
 - ii.) hash(bf->secondary, oldspeak)
 - iii.) hash(bf->tertiary, oldspeak)
- f.) bool bf_probe(BloomFilter *bf, char *oldspeak)
 - i.) hash(bf->primary, oldspeak)
 - ii.) hash(bf->secondary, oldspeak)
 - iii.) hash(bf->tertiary, oldspeak)
- g.) void bf_print(BloomFilter *bf)
 - i.) For i in range(0, len(bf))
 - (1) If bf_probe == true
 - (a) Print 1
 - (2) Else
 - (a) Print 0

5.) Vd.c

- a.) BitVector *bv_create(uint32_t length)
 - i.) BitVector v * = (BitVector *) calloc(1, sizeof(BitVector))
 - ii.) u-> length = length
 - iii.) If allocation fails,
 - (1) return null
 - iv.) Else
 - v.) Return v
- b.) void bv_delete(BitVector **bv)
 - i.) Free v
- c.) uint32_t bv_length(BitVector *bv)
 - i.) Return length
- d.) void bv_set_bit(BitVector *bv, uint32_t i)
 - i.) mask = 1 << ((i % 8);
 - ii.) Mask | bv(1/8)
- e.) void bv_clr_bit(BitVector *bv, uint32_t i)
 - i.) mask by shifting

- ii.) Mask & bv(1/8)
 - f.) uint8_t bv_get_bit(BitVector *bv, uint32_t i)
 - i.) mask = 1 << ((i % 8);
 - ii.) Mask & bv(i/8) >> bv(i/8)
 - g.) void bv_print(BitVector *bv)
 - i.) For i in range(0, length)
 - (1) Print get_bit
- 6.) Parser.c
- a.) Regex passing
 - i.) Haven't really talked about this in class so I'm not too sure, but will add as we cover it in class