fs-laser-driven dynamics of CO on Ru(0001) a computational study using electronic friction (MDEF) and the generalized Langevin oscillator (GLO)

Robert Scholz

Institut für Chemie Universität Potsdam

30. November 2016

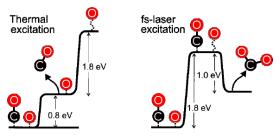
Gliederung

- Introduction
 - Motivation

General motivation

Why investigate fs-laser-driven surface dynamics?

- gain fundamental understanding of adsorbate bonding
 additional tool besides scattering experiments
- possible direct application in catalysis: "femtochemistry"
 new reaction pathways opened up by fs-lasers



CO/O-coadsorbate @ Ru(0001)

M. Bonn et al., SCIENCE 1999



Specific motivation for the CO/Ru-System

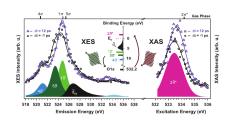
CO/Ru system important for catalysis

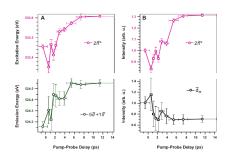
e. g. Fischer-Tropsch synthesis

Experimentally well studied system

- especially regarding fs-laser irradiation e.g. Bonn,
 SCIENCE 1999 and Funk J. CHEM. PHYS 2000 (Ertl group chemistry Nobel prize 2007).
- recently, time resolved x-ray spectra (XAS and XES)
 - ⇒ "movie" of changes in orbital DOS

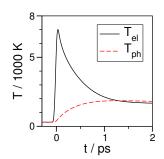
Details of the experiment





Two-Temperature Model

$$C_{\rm el} \frac{\partial T_{\rm el}}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \kappa \frac{\partial}{\partial z} T_{\rm el} - g(T_{\rm el} - T_{\rm ph}) + S(z, t),$$
$$C_{\rm ph} \frac{\partial T_{\rm ph}}{\partial t} = g(T_{\rm el} - T_{\rm ph}).$$



Laser-Driven Diffusion

