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In [9]:
          #newton_raphson method
          import math
          import timeit
          def f(x):
              return x**6 - x*2 -5
          def df(x):
              return 6*x**5 - 2
          x0=1
          tolerance=1e-6
          max_iteration = 100
          count =0
          def newton_raphson_method():
              global x0, count, tolerance, max_iteration
              for i in range (max_iteration):
                  fx=f(x0)
                  dfx = df(x0)
                  x1 = x0 - f(x0)/df(x0)
                  count+=1
                  if abs (f(x1)) < tolerance:
                      print(f"Root found at x = \{x1:.6f\}")
                      break
                  else:
                      x0 = x1
          # Measure the execution time
          execution_time = timeit.timeit(newton_raphson, number=1)
          # Print the execution time
          print(f"Execution time: {execution_time:.5f} secs")
          print(f"count =: {count}")
         Root found at x = 1.408787
         Execution time: 0.00020 secs
         count =: 8
In [10]:
          #bisection method
          import math
          def f(x):
              return x**4-3**x-8
          a=2
          b=3
          tolerance = 1e-6
          max_iteration = 100
          for i in range (max_iteration):
              c=(a+b)/2
              if abs(f(c)) < tolerance:
                  print(f"Root found at x={c:.6f}")
                  break
              elif f(c)*f(a)<0:
                  b=c
              else:
                  a=c
         Root found at x=2.043604
```