

Global Economic Indicators (2010–2025)- World Bank

June 27, 2025

```
[13]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[19]: df = pd.read_csv('../data/world_bank_data_2025.csv')
print(df.head())
print(df.info())
```

	country_name	country_id	year	Inflation (CPI %)	GDP (Current USD)	\
0	Aruba	aw	2010	2.078141	2.453597e+09	
1	Aruba	aw	2011	4.316297	2.637859e+09	
2	Aruba	aw	2012	0.627472	2.615208e+09	
3	Aruba	aw	2013	-2.372065	2.727850e+09	
4	Aruba	aw	2014	0.421441	2.790850e+09	

	GDP per Capita (Current USD)	Unemployment Rate (%)	\
0	24093.140151	NaN	
1	25712.384302	NaN	
2	25119.665545	NaN	
3	25813.576727	NaN	
4	26129.839062	NaN	

	Interest Rate (Real, %)	Inflation (GDP Deflator, %)	\
0	11.666131	-1.223407	
1	4.801974	4.005674	
2	8.200875	0.184033	
3	10.709709	-1.995948	
4	3.213869	3.958897	

	GDP Growth (% Annual)	Current Account Balance (% GDP)	\
0	-2.733457	-18.752537	
1	3.369237	-9.877656	
2	-1.040800	3.473451	
3	6.431483	-11.813206	
4	-1.586575	-4.658577	

	Government Expense (% of GDP)	Government Revenue (% of GDP)	\
0	NaN	NaN	

1		NaN		NaN
2		NaN		NaN
3		NaN		NaN
4		NaN		NaN

	Tax Revenue (% of GDP)	Gross National Income (USD)	Public Debt (% of GDP)
0	NaN	2.313385e+09	NaN
1	NaN	2.391841e+09	NaN
2	NaN	2.499118e+09	NaN
3	NaN	2.563517e+09	NaN
4	NaN	2.688102e+09	NaN

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 3472 entries, 0 to 3471

Data columns (total 16 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	country_name	3472 non-null	object
1	country_id	3472 non-null	object
2	year	3472 non-null	int64
3	Inflation (CPI %)	2694 non-null	float64
4	GDP (Current USD)	2933 non-null	float64
5	GDP per Capita (Current USD)	2938 non-null	float64
6	Unemployment Rate (%)	2795 non-null	float64
7	Interest Rate (Real, %)	1735 non-null	float64
8	Inflation (GDP Deflator, %)	2904 non-null	float64
9	GDP Growth (% Annual)	2912 non-null	float64
10	Current Account Balance (% GDP)	2563 non-null	float64
11	Government Expense (% of GDP)	1820 non-null	float64
12	Government Revenue (% of GDP)	1829 non-null	float64
13	Tax Revenue (% of GDP)	1833 non-null	float64
14	Gross National Income (USD)	2796 non-null	float64
15	Public Debt (% of GDP)	852 non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(13), int64(1), object(2)

memory usage: 434.1+ KB

None

```
[20]: # Missing values are checked for each column
print("Missing values:\n", df.isna().sum())
```

```
Missing values:
country_name          0
country_id            0
year                 0
Inflation (CPI %)     778
GDP (Current USD)     539
GDP per Capita (Current USD) 534
Unemployment Rate (%) 677
Interest Rate (Real, %) 1737
Inflation (GDP Deflator, %) 568
GDP Growth (% Annual) 560
Current Account Balance (% GDP) 909
Government Expense (% of GDP) 1652
Government Revenue (% of GDP) 1643
Tax Revenue (% of GDP) 1639
Gross National Income (USD) 676
Public Debt (% of GDP) 2620
dtype: int64
```

```
[28]: # Missing values are handled using forward and backward filling to ensure data
      ↳ continuity
df.sort_values(['country_name', 'year'], inplace=True)

df.ffill(inplace=True)
df.bfill(inplace=True)
print("Missing values after cleaning:\n", df.isna().sum())
```

```
Missing values after cleaning:
country_name          0
country_id            0
year                 0
Inflation (CPI %)     0
GDP (Current USD)     0
GDP per Capita (Current USD) 0
Unemployment Rate (%) 0
Interest Rate (Real, %) 0
Inflation (GDP Deflator, %) 0
GDP Growth (% Annual) 0
Current Account Balance (% GDP) 0
Government Expense (% of GDP) 0
Government Revenue (% of GDP) 0
Tax Revenue (% of GDP) 0
Gross National Income (USD) 0
Public Debt (% of GDP) 0
dtype: int64
```

```
[128]: country_to_continent = {
    # Africa
    'Algeria': 'Africa', 'Angola': 'Africa', 'Benin': 'Africa', 'Botswana': 'Africa',
    'Burkina Faso': 'Africa',
    'Burundi': 'Africa', 'Cameroon': 'Africa', 'Cape Verde': 'Africa', 'Central African Republic': 'Africa',
    'Chad': 'Africa', 'Comoros': 'Africa', 'Congo': 'Africa', 'Democratic Republic of the Congo': 'Africa',
    'Djibouti': 'Africa', 'Egypt': 'Africa', 'Equatorial Guinea': 'Africa',
    'Eritrea': 'Africa', 'Eswatini': 'Africa',
    'Ethiopia': 'Africa', 'Gabon': 'Africa', 'Gambia': 'Africa', 'Ghana': 'Africa',
    'Guinea': 'Africa',
    'Guinea-Bissau': 'Africa', 'Ivory Coast': 'Africa', 'Kenya': 'Africa',
    'Lesotho': 'Africa', 'Liberia': 'Africa',
    'Libya': 'Africa', 'Madagascar': 'Africa', 'Malawi': 'Africa', 'Mali': 'Africa',
    'Mauritania': 'Africa',
    'Mauritius': 'Africa', 'Morocco': 'Africa', 'Mozambique': 'Africa',
    'Namibia': 'Africa', 'Niger': 'Africa',
    'Nigeria': 'Africa', 'Rwanda': 'Africa', 'Sao Tome and Principe': 'Africa',
    'Senegal': 'Africa',
    'Seychelles': 'Africa', 'Sierra Leone': 'Africa', 'Somalia': 'Africa',
    'South Africa': 'Africa',
    'South Sudan': 'Africa', 'Sudan': 'Africa', 'Tanzania': 'Africa', 'Togo': 'Africa',
    'Tunisia': 'Africa',
    'Uganda': 'Africa', 'Zambia': 'Africa', 'Zimbabwe': 'Africa',

    # Asia
    'Afghanistan': 'Asia', 'Armenia': 'Asia', 'Azerbaijan': 'Asia', 'Bahrain': 'Asia',
    'Bangladesh': 'Asia',
    'Bhutan': 'Asia', 'Brunei': 'Asia', 'Cambodia': 'Asia', 'China': 'Asia',
    'Cyprus': 'Asia', 'Georgia': 'Asia',
    'India': 'Asia', 'Indonesia': 'Asia', 'Iran': 'Asia', 'Iraq': 'Asia',
    'Israel': 'Asia', 'Japan': 'Asia',
    'Jordan': 'Asia', 'Kazakhstan': 'Asia', 'Kuwait': 'Asia', 'Kyrgyzstan': 'Asia',
    'Laos': 'Asia', 'Lebanon': 'Asia',
    'Malaysia': 'Asia', 'Maldives': 'Asia', 'Mongolia': 'Asia', 'Myanmar': 'Asia',
    'Nepal': 'Asia', 'North Korea': 'Asia',
    'Oman': 'Asia', 'Pakistan': 'Asia', 'Palestine': 'Asia', 'Philippines': 'Asia',
    'Qatar': 'Asia', 'Russia': 'Asia',
    'Saudi Arabia': 'Asia', 'Singapore': 'Asia', 'South Korea': 'Asia', 'Sri Lanka': 'Asia',
    'Syria': 'Asia',
    'Tajikistan': 'Asia', 'Thailand': 'Asia', 'Timor-Leste': 'Asia', 'Turkey': 'Asia',
    'Turkmenistan': 'Asia',
    'United Arab Emirates': 'Asia', 'Uzbekistan': 'Asia', 'Vietnam': 'Asia',
    'Yemen': 'Asia',
```

```

# Europe
'Albania': 'Europe', 'Andorra': 'Europe', 'Armenia': 'Europe', 'Austria':␣
↪'Europe', 'Azerbaijan': 'Europe',
'Belarus': 'Europe', 'Belgium': 'Europe', 'Bosnia and Herzegovina':␣
↪'Europe', 'Bulgaria': 'Europe',
'Croatia': 'Europe', 'Cyprus': 'Europe', 'Czech Republic': 'Europe',␣
↪'Denmark': 'Europe', 'Estonia': 'Europe',
'Finland': 'Europe', 'France': 'Europe', 'Georgia': 'Europe', 'Germany':␣
↪'Europe', 'Greece': 'Europe',
'Hungary': 'Europe', 'Iceland': 'Europe', 'Ireland': 'Europe', 'Italy':␣
↪'Europe', 'Kosovo': 'Europe',
'Latvia': 'Europe', 'Liechtenstein': 'Europe', 'Lithuania': 'Europe',␣
↪'Luxembourg': 'Europe', 'Malta': 'Europe',
'Moldova': 'Europe', 'Monaco': 'Europe', 'Montenegro': 'Europe',␣
↪'Netherlands': 'Europe', 'North Macedonia': 'Europe',
'Norway': 'Europe', 'Poland': 'Europe', 'Portugal': 'Europe', 'Romania':␣
↪'Europe', 'Russia': 'Europe',
'San Marino': 'Europe', 'Serbia': 'Europe', 'Slovakia': 'Europe', 'Slovenia':
↪'Europe', 'Spain': 'Europe',
'Sweden': 'Europe', 'Switzerland': 'Europe', 'Ukraine': 'Europe', 'United␣
↪Kingdom': 'Europe', 'Vatican City': 'Europe',

# North America
'Antigua and Barbuda': 'North America', 'Bahamas': 'North America',␣
↪'Barbados': 'North America',
'Belize': 'North America', 'Canada': 'North America', 'Costa Rica': 'North␣
↪America', 'Cuba': 'North America',
'Dominica': 'North America', 'Dominican Republic': 'North America', 'El␣
↪Salvador': 'North America',
'Grenada': 'North America', 'Guatemala': 'North America', 'Haiti': 'North␣
↪America', 'Honduras': 'North America',
'Jamaica': 'North America', 'Mexico': 'North America', 'Nicaragua': 'North␣
↪America', 'Panama': 'North America',
'Saint Kitts and Nevis': 'North America', 'Saint Lucia': 'North America',␣
↪'Saint Vincent and the Grenadines': 'North America',
'Trinidad and Tobago': 'North America', 'United States': 'North America',

# South America
'Argentina': 'South America', 'Bolivia': 'South America', 'Brazil': 'South␣
↪America', 'Chile': 'South America',
'Colombia': 'South America', 'Ecuador': 'South America', 'Guyana': 'South␣
↪America', 'Paraguay': 'South America',
'Peru': 'South America', 'Suriname': 'South America', 'Uruguay': 'South␣
↪America', 'Venezuela': 'South America',

```

```

# Oceania
'Australia': 'Oceania', 'Fiji': 'Oceania', 'Kiribati': 'Oceania', 'Marshall_
↳ Islands': 'Oceania',
'Micronesia': 'Oceania', 'Nauru': 'Oceania', 'New Zealand': 'Oceania',_
↳ 'Palau': 'Oceania',
'Papua New Guinea': 'Oceania', 'Samoa': 'Oceania', 'Solomon Islands':_
↳ 'Oceania', 'Tonga': 'Oceania',
'Tuvalu': 'Oceania', 'Vanuatu': 'Oceania'
}

df['continent'] = df['country_name'].map(country_to_continent)

```

```
[130]: print(df[['country_name', 'continent']].head())
```

```

country_name continent
16 Afghanistan Asia
17 Afghanistan Asia
18 Afghanistan Asia
19 Afghanistan Asia
20 Afghanistan Asia

```

```
[30]: # The top 10 countries by GDP in 2023 are identified
df[df['year'] == 2023].nlargest(10, 'GDP (Current USD)')[['country_name', 'GDP_
↳ (Current USD)']]
```

```
[30]:
```

	country_name	GDP (Current USD)
3261	United States	2.772071e+13
589	China	1.779478e+13
813	Germany	4.525704e+12
1581	Japan	4.204495e+12
1437	India	3.567552e+12
1101	United Kingdom	3.380855e+12
1037	France	3.051832e+12
1533	Italy	2.300941e+12
429	Brazil	2.173666e+12
3325	British Virgin Islands	2.173666e+12

```
[32]: # The 10 countries with the lowest unemployment rates in 2024 are identified
df[df['year'] == 2024].nsmallest(10, 'Unemployment Rate (%)')[['country_name',_
↳ 'Unemployment Rate (%)']]
```

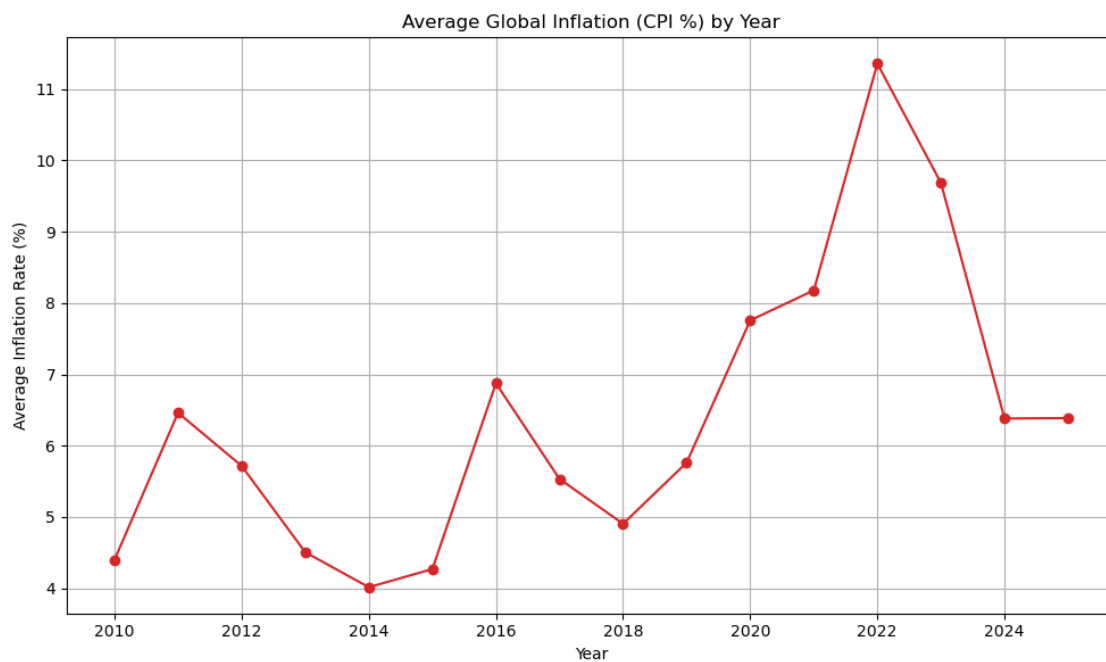
```
[32]:
```

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
2622	Qatar	0.126
1646	Cambodia	0.270
2270	Niger	0.355
3054	Thailand	0.693
222	Burundi	0.902

3022	Chad	1.088
318	Bahrain	1.102
1726	Lao PDR	1.218
3358	Viet Nam	1.431
1966	Moldova	1.434

```
[38]: # The global average inflation rate (CPI) is calculated for each year
df.groupby('year')['Inflation (CPI %)'].mean()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(inflation_by_year.index, inflation_by_year.values, marker='o',
         linestyle='-', color='tab:red')
plt.title('Average Global Inflation (CPI %) by Year')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Average Inflation Rate (%)')
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[40]: # The country with the highest annual economic growth is identified for each year
df.loc[df.groupby('year')['GDP Growth (% Annual)'].idxmax()][['year',
↳ 'country_name', 'GDP Growth (% Annual)']]
```

```
[40]:      year      country_name  GDP Growth (% Annual)
1888  2010      Macao SAR, China      25.122809
1889  2011      Macao SAR, China      21.616690
1762  2012              Libya      86.826748
2755  2013      Sierra Leone      21.079014
2356  2014              Nauru      16.423336
1445  2015              Ireland      24.615570
2134  2016  Northern Mariana Islands      29.212121
1767  2017              Libya      32.491802
1800  2018      Liechtenstein      10.155818
3097  2019      Timor-Leste      24.212884
1306  2020              Guyana      43.479652
1995  2021              Maldives      37.507870
1308  2022              Guyana      63.334587
1901  2023      Macao SAR, China      75.061377
1902  2024      Macao SAR, China      75.061377
1903  2025      Macao SAR, China      75.061377
```

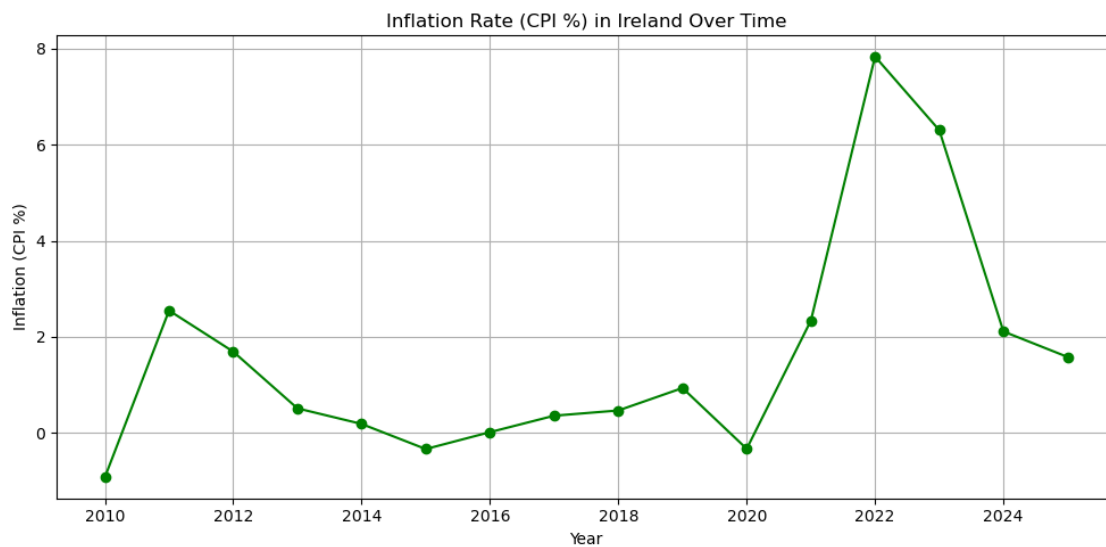
```
[42]: # Inflation trends over time are analyzed for a specific country (Ireland)
df[df['country_name'] == 'Ireland'][['year', 'Inflation (CPI %)']]
```

```
[42]:      year  Inflation (CPI %)
1440  2010      -0.918389
1441  2011       2.548978
1442  2012       1.694741
1443  2013       0.515099
1444  2014       0.190916
1445  2015      -0.330960
1446  2016       0.020125
1447  2017       0.362173
1448  2018       0.471131
1449  2019       0.937843
1450  2020      -0.326184
1451  2021       2.340341
1452  2022       7.829457
1453  2023       6.299425
1454  2024       2.113450
1455  2025       1.583210
```



```
[56]: #matplotlib
ireland_inflation = df[df['country_name'] == 'Ireland'][['year', 'Inflation (CPI_
↳%)']]

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.plot(ireland_inflation['year'], ireland_inflation['Inflation (CPI %)',
↳marker='o', linestyle='-', color='green')
plt.title('Inflation Rate (CPI %) in Ireland Over Time')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Inflation (CPI %)')
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[48]: # GDP growth is compared across selected countries
df[df['country_name'].isin(['United States', 'China', 'India'])][['year',
↳'country_name', 'GDP Growth (% Annual)']]
```

```
[48]:
```

	year	country_name	GDP Growth (% Annual)
576	2010	China	10.635871
577	2011	China	9.550832
578	2012	China	7.863736
579	2013	China	7.766150
580	2014	China	7.425764
581	2015	China	7.041329
582	2016	China	6.848762
583	2017	China	6.947201
584	2018	China	6.749774

585	2019	China	5.950501
586	2020	China	2.238638
587	2021	China	8.448469
588	2022	China	2.950670
589	2023	China	5.249558
590	2024	China	5.249558
591	2025	China	5.249558
1424	2010	India	8.497585
1425	2011	India	5.241316
1426	2012	India	5.456388
1427	2013	India	6.386106
1428	2014	India	7.410228
1429	2015	India	7.996254
1430	2016	India	8.256306
1431	2017	India	6.795383
1432	2018	India	6.453851
1433	2019	India	3.871437
1434	2020	India	-5.777725
1435	2021	India	9.689592
1436	2022	India	6.987039
1437	2023	India	8.152936
1438	2024	India	8.152936
1439	2025	India	8.152936
3248	2010	United States	2.695193
3249	2011	United States	1.564407
3250	2012	United States	2.289113
3251	2013	United States	2.117830
3252	2014	United States	2.523820
3253	2015	United States	2.945550
3254	2016	United States	1.819451
3255	2017	United States	2.457622
3256	2018	United States	2.966505
3257	2019	United States	2.583825
3258	2020	United States	-2.163029
3259	2021	United States	6.055053
3260	2022	United States	2.512375
3261	2023	United States	2.887556
3262	2024	United States	2.887556
3263	2025	United States	2.887556

```
[50]: # China's GDP growth over time is visualized using a line chart
china = df[df['country_name'] == 'China']
plt.plot(china['year'], china['GDP Growth (% Annual)'])
plt.title('GDP Growth - China')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Growth %')
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



```
[60]: # The top 20 countries with the highest public debt as a percentage of GDP are
↳identified
df[df['year'] == 2023].nlargest(20, 'Public Debt (% of GDP)')[['country_name',
↳'Public Debt (% of GDP)']]
```

```
[60]:
```

	country_name	Public Debt (% of GDP)
1581	Japan	216.213375
1229	Greece	190.608142
1261	Greenland	190.608142
1245	Grenada	190.608142
1293	Guam	190.608142
2733	Singapore	177.001670
2957	Sint Maarten (Dutch part)	177.001670
1101	United Kingdom	138.193490
445	Barbados	133.202198
3261	United States	114.755553
317	Bahrain	111.598089
285	Bangladesh	111.598089
477	Bhutan	111.007884
413	Bolivia	111.007884
957	Spain	107.259969
1549	Jamaica	106.282373
2797	San Marino	103.153573
2861	Sao Tome and Principe	103.153573
2685	Saudi Arabia	103.153573
2717	Senegal	103.153573

```
[64]: # The 20 countries with the lowest public debt as a percentage of GDP are
↳identified
df[df['year'] == 2023].nsmallest(20, 'Public Debt (% of GDP)')[['country_name',
↳'Public Debt (% of GDP)']]
```

```
[64]:
```

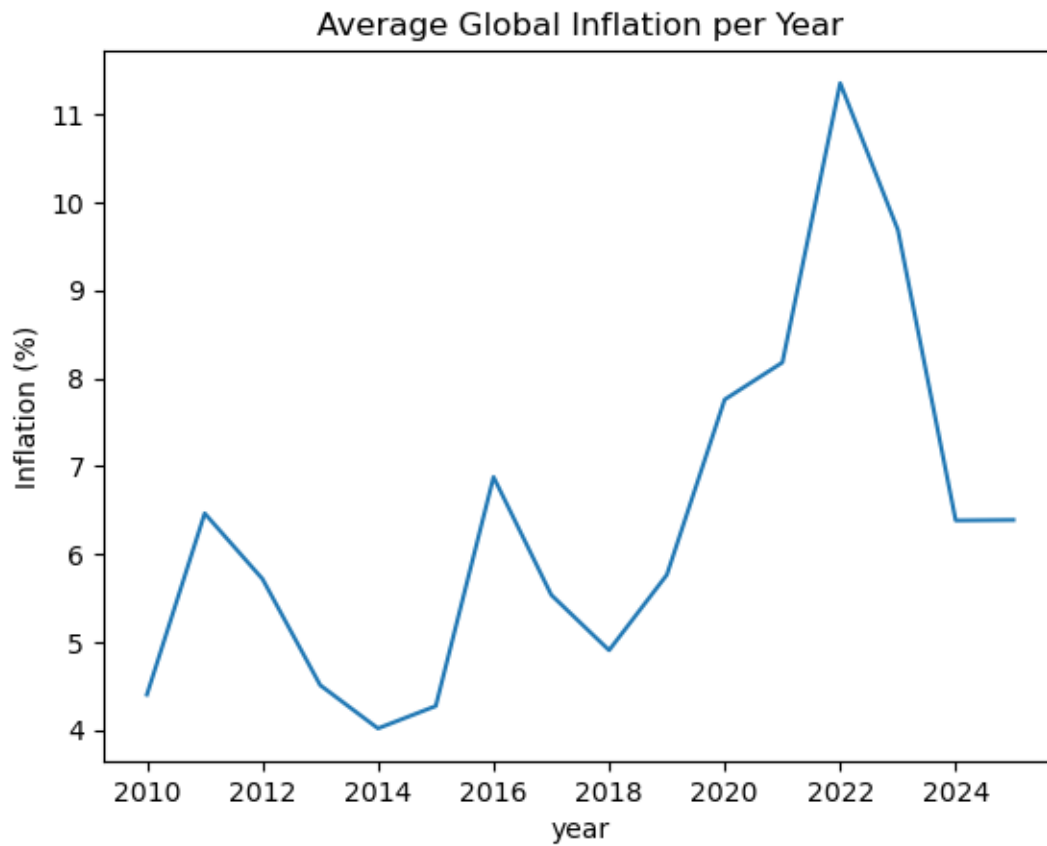
	country_name	Public Debt (% of GDP)
93	United Arab Emirates	1.845685
1837	Lesotho	2.992717
2749	Solomon Islands	15.393166
2813	Somalia	15.393166
637	Congo, Dem. Rep.	15.989697
205	Azerbaijan	16.822427
2653	Russian Federation	18.961672
2669	Rwanda	18.961672
3389	Samoa	18.961672
493	Botswana	19.616081
541	Switzerland	20.095389

2989	Syrian Arab Republic	20.095389
3069	Tajikistan	20.095389
3197	Tanzania	20.095389
1757	Liberia	20.317995
1773	Libya	20.317995
1805	Liechtenstein	20.317995
1597	Kazakhstan	20.822090
1613	Kenya	20.822090
1661	Kiribati	20.822090

```
[66]: # Changes in GDP per capita over time are analyzed for Germany
df[df['country_name'] == 'Germany'][['year', 'GDP per Capita (Current USD)']]
```

```
[66]:   year  GDP per Capita (Current USD)
800  2010          42409.935699
801  2011          47646.582043
802  2012          44735.588232
803  2013          47220.010210
804  2014          48971.082472
805  2015          41911.010985
806  2016          42961.035691
807  2017          45526.599958
808  2018          48874.859503
809  2019          47623.865607
810  2020          47379.765195
811  2021          52265.654162
812  2022          49686.115458
813  2023          54343.226508
814  2024          54343.226508
815  2025          54343.226508
```

```
[68]: #Average Global Inflation per Year
df.groupby('year')['Inflation (CPI %)'].mean().plot(kind='line', title='Average_
↳Global Inflation per Year')
plt.ylabel('Inflation (%)')
plt.show()
```



```
[78]: # The 10 countries that experienced the highest inflation (CPI) in 2023 are
↳identified
df[df['year'] == 2023].nlargest(10, 'Inflation (CPI %')[['country_name',
↳'Inflation (CPI %)']]
```

```
[78]:
```

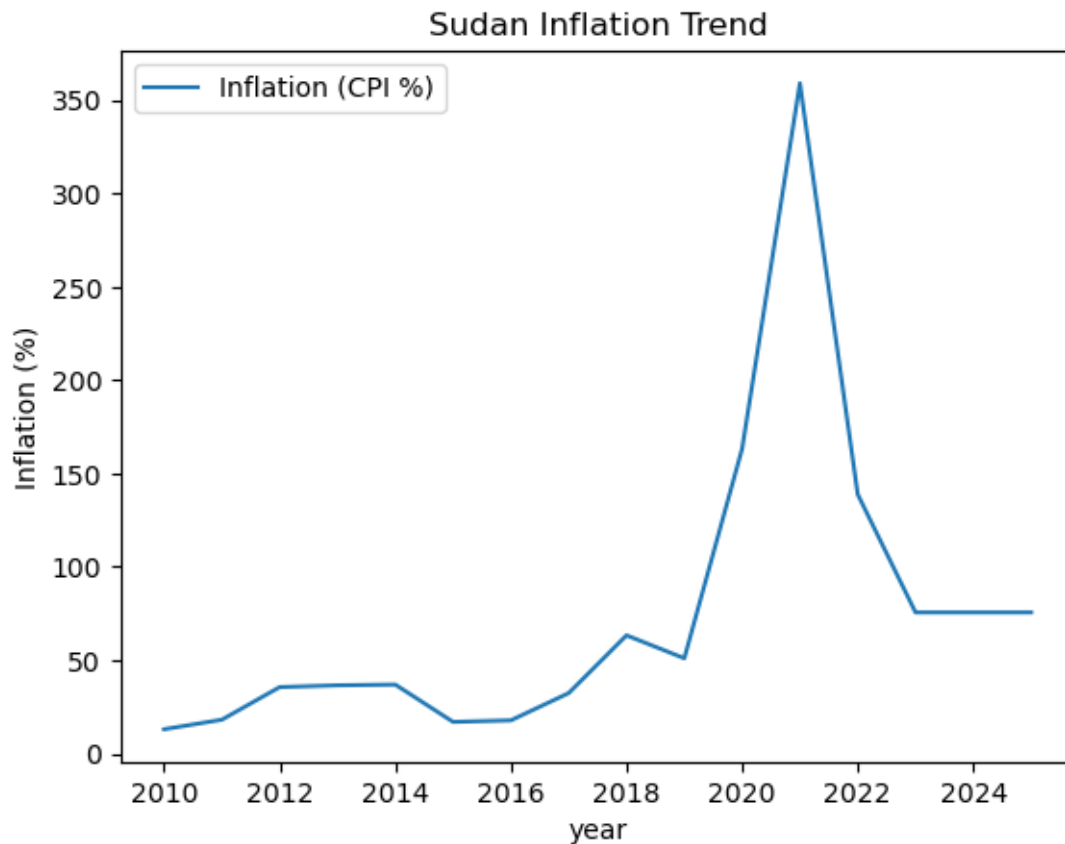
	country_name	Inflation (CPI %)
1741	Lebanon	221.341644
3469	Zimbabwe	79.611351
3309	Venezuela, RB	79.263053
2701	Sudan	75.578432
3165	Turkiye	53.859409
2877	Suriname	51.587316
2765	Sierra Leone	47.642873
1469	Iran, Islamic Rep.	44.579186
1133	Ghana	38.106966
1373	Haiti	36.813516

```
[80]: # The countries with the worst economic performance in 2023 are identified
df[df['year'] == 2023].nsmallest(10, 'GDP Growth (% Annual)')[['country_name',
↳'GDP Growth (% Annual)']]
```

```
[80]:
```

	country_name	GDP Growth (% Annual)
2701	Sudan	-20.111576
3101	Timor-Leste	-18.117813
2845	South Sudan	-10.793365
1453	Ireland	-5.530007
2589	West Bank and Gaza	-5.410937
1213	Equatorial Guinea	-5.089309
2029	Marshall Islands	-3.934871
3309	Venezuela, RB	-3.894386
1709	Kuwait	-3.640426
973	Estonia	-3.023036

```
[84]: # The change in inflation in Sudan over the years is visualized using a line
      ↪ chart
      df[df['country_name'] == 'Sudan'].plot(x='year', y='Inflation (CPI %)',
      ↪ kind='line', title='Sudan Inflation Trend')
      plt.ylabel('Inflation (%)')
      plt.show()
```



```
[88]: # The average inflation rate in 2010 and 2023 is calculated for all countries in
      ↪ the dataset
      df[df['year'].isin([2010, 2023])].groupby('year')['Inflation (CPI %)].mean()
```

```
[88]: year
      2010    4.398032
      2023    9.684955
      Name: Inflation (CPI %), dtype: float64
```



```
[94]: # The 20 countries with the highest government spending as a percentage of GDP
      ↪in 2023 are identified
df[df['year'] == 2023].nlargest(20, 'Government Expense (% of GDP)')
      ↪GDP)')[['country_name', 'Government Expense (% of GDP)']]
```

```
[94]:
```

	country_name	Government Expense (% of GDP)
2365	Nauru	103.725787
1661	Kiribati	87.412005
2541	Korea, Dem. People's Rep.	87.412005
3229	Ukraine	66.463888
2029	Marshall Islands	59.443177
2173	Mauritania	59.443177
2477	Palau	58.953595
3101	Timor-Leste	52.493598
1533	Italy	47.604903
1037	France	47.326465
2605	French Polynesia	47.326465
1229	Greece	47.194701
1261	Greenland	47.194701
1245	Grenada	47.194701
1293	Guam	47.194701
189	Austria	46.478874
1005	Finland	44.854383
2797	San Marino	44.640643
2861	Sao Tome and Principe	44.640643
1869	Luxembourg	43.726281

```
[102]: # Japan's inflation rates for the years 2010, 2020, and 2023 are examined to
      ↪assess changes before and after the COVID-19
df[(df['country_name'] == 'Japan') & (df['year'].isin([2010, 2020,
      ↪2023]))][['year', 'Inflation (CPI %)']]
```

```
[102]:
```

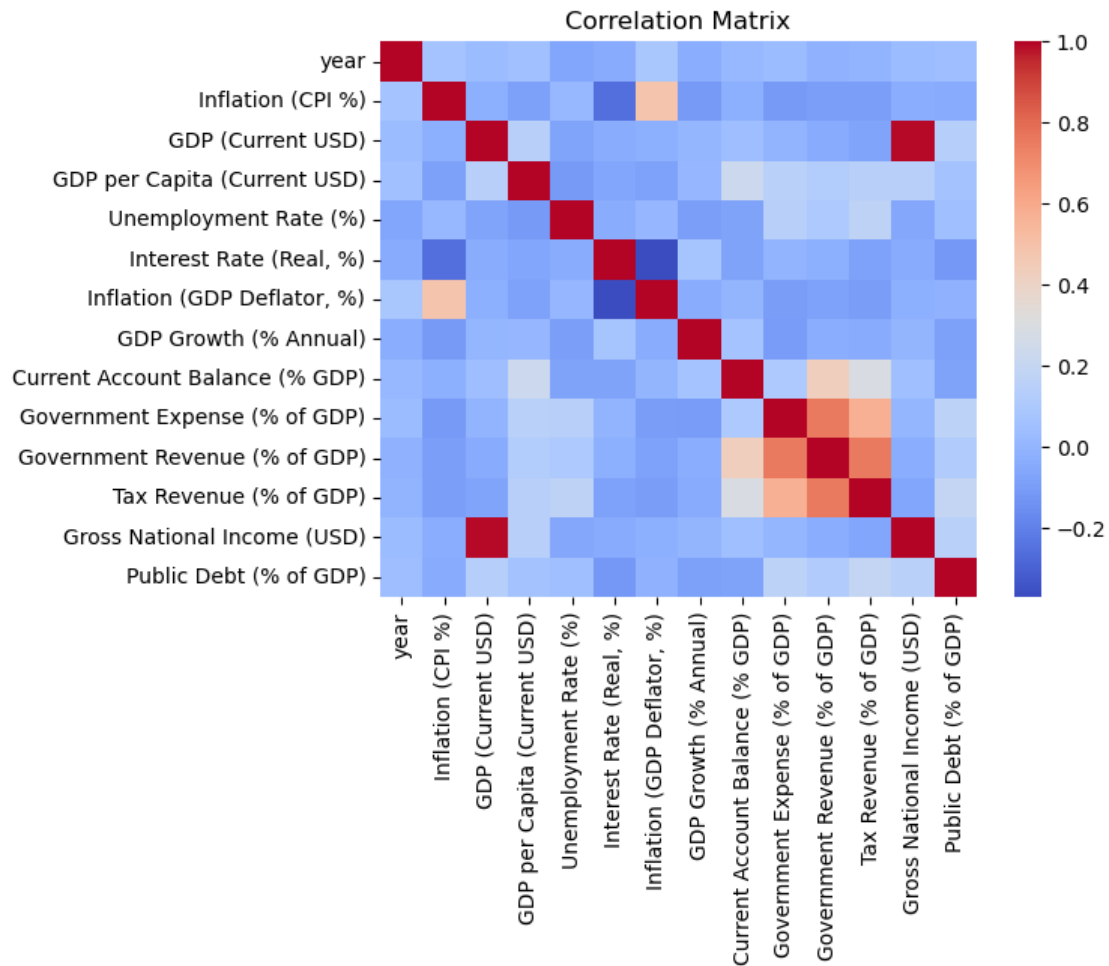
	year	Inflation (CPI %)
1568	2010	-0.728243
1578	2020	-0.024996
1581	2023	3.268134

```
[106]: # The top 20 countries with the highest tax revenue as a percentage of GDP in
↳2025 are identified
df[df['year'] == 2025].nlargest(20, 'Tax Revenue (% of GDP)')[['country_name',
↳'Tax Revenue (% of GDP)']]
```

```
[106]:
```

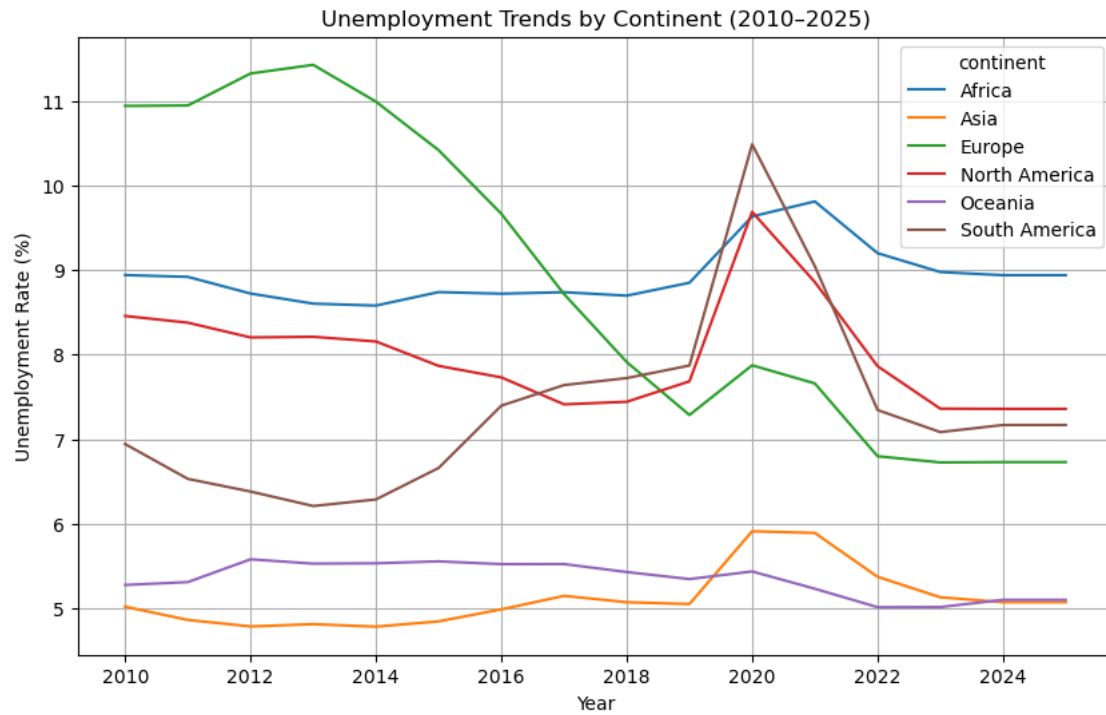
	country_name	Tax Revenue (% of GDP)
2367	Nauru	44.402265
863	Denmark	31.404169
831	Djibouti	31.404169
847	Dominica	31.404169
1839	Lesotho	30.442549
2383	New Zealand	29.933857
1871	Luxembourg	27.796776
2927	Sweden	27.604753
1103	United Kingdom	27.318863
2239	Namibia	27.171548
2335	Norway	26.921057
2399	Oman	26.921057
2415	Pakistan	26.921057
1231	Greece	26.633583
1263	Greenland	26.633583
1247	Grenada	26.633583
1295	Guam	26.633583
3439	South Africa	26.005460
2847	South Sudan	26.005460
191	Austria	25.890495

```
[154]: # A heatmap of correlations between all numerical variables in the dataset is
↳generated
sns.heatmap(df.select_dtypes('number').corr(), cmap='coolwarm', annot=False)
plt.title('Correlation Matrix')
plt.show()
```



```
[142]: # Unemployment Trends by Continent (2010-2025)
# Changes in unemployment rates across continents over the years are analyzed

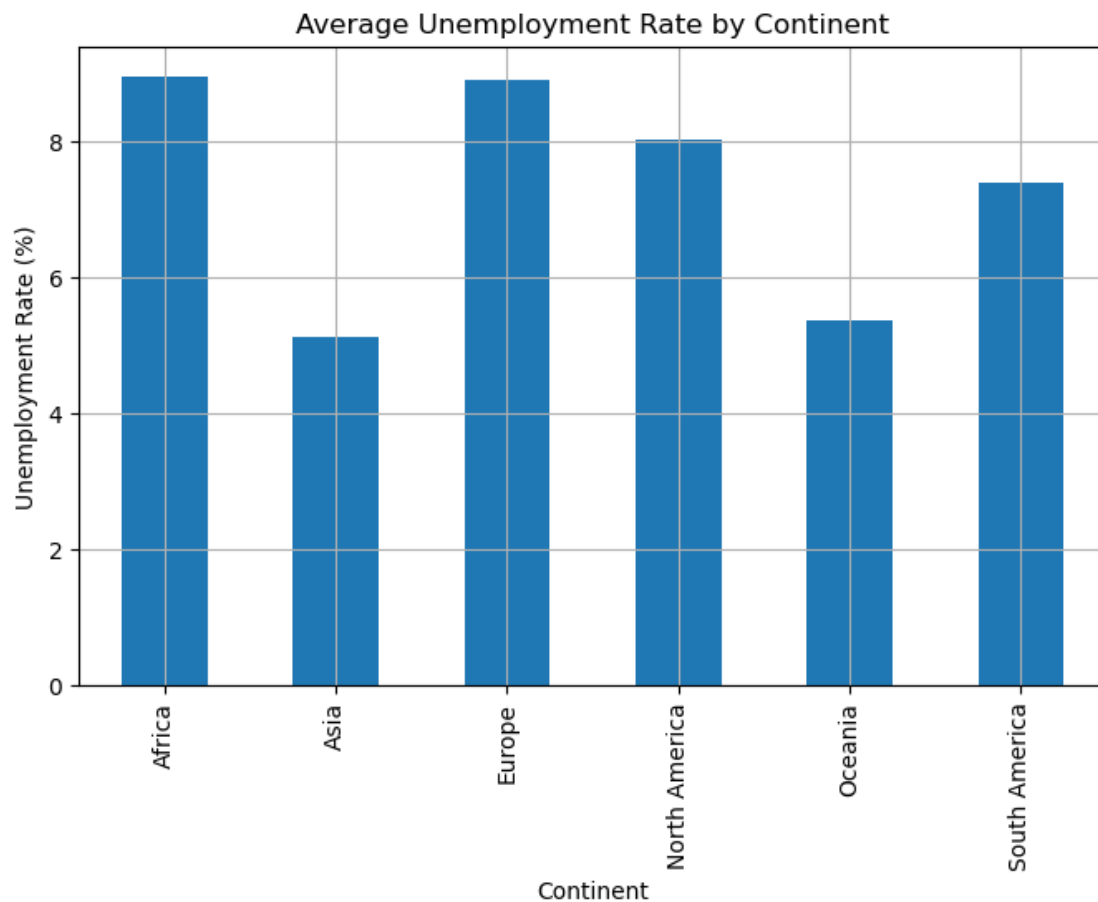
df_clean.groupby(['continent', 'year'])['Unemployment Rate (%)'].mean().
    →unstack().T.plot(figsize=(10,6))
plt.title('Unemployment Trends by Continent (2010-2025)')
plt.ylabel('Unemployment Rate (%)')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



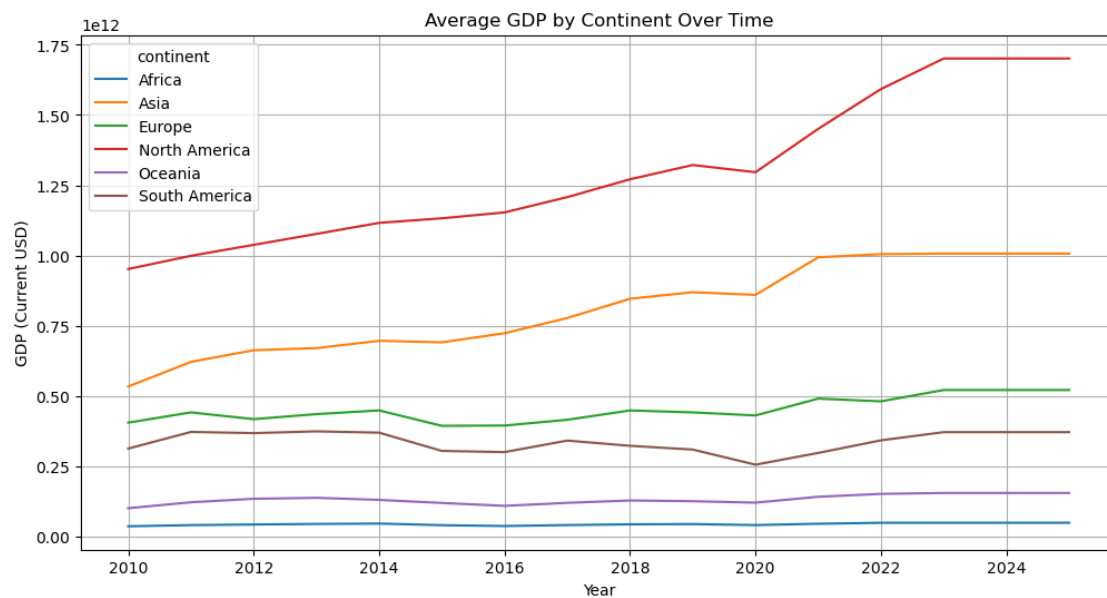
```
[144]: variation = df_clean.groupby('continent')['Unemployment Rate (%)'].agg(lambda x:
    ↪x.max() - x.min())
print(variation.sort_values(ascending=False))
```

```
continent
Africa          35.043
Europe          32.350
North America   24.345
Asia            19.737
Oceania         18.454
South America   13.962
Name: Unemployment Rate (%), dtype: float64
```

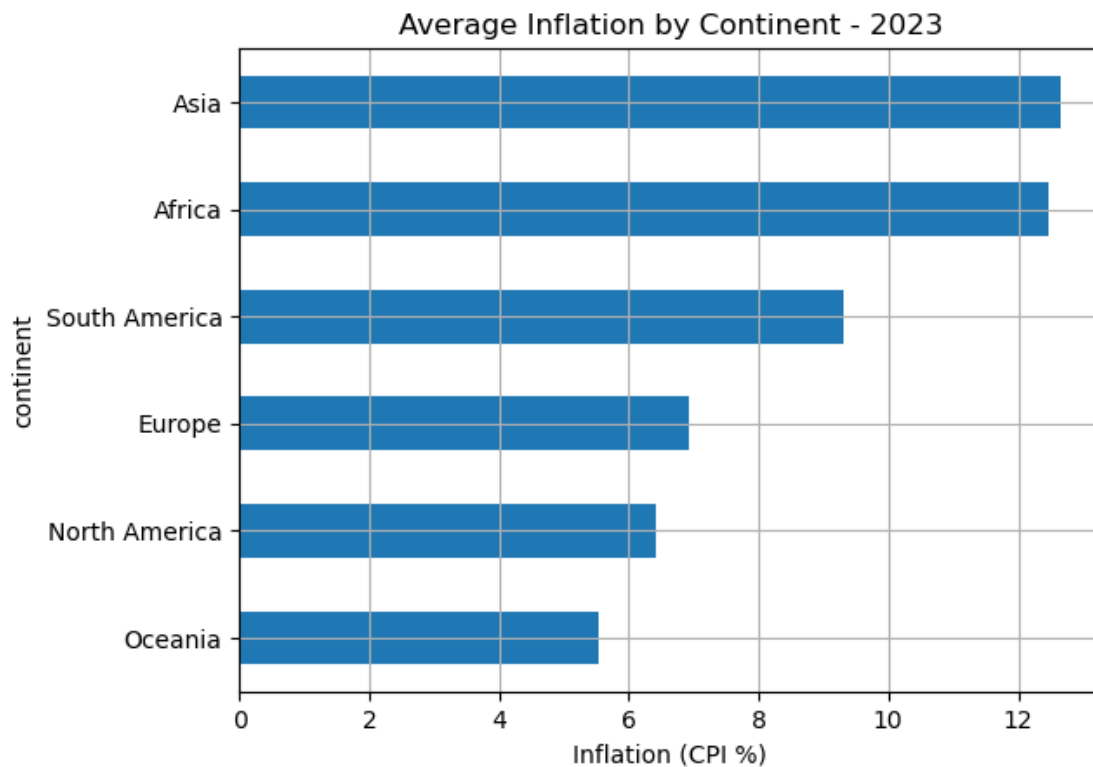
```
[136]: #Average Unemployment Rate by Continent
avg_unemployment_by_continent.plot(kind='bar', title='Average Unemployment Rate_
↳by Continent', figsize=(8, 5))
plt.ylabel('Unemployment Rate (%)')
plt.xlabel('Continent')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



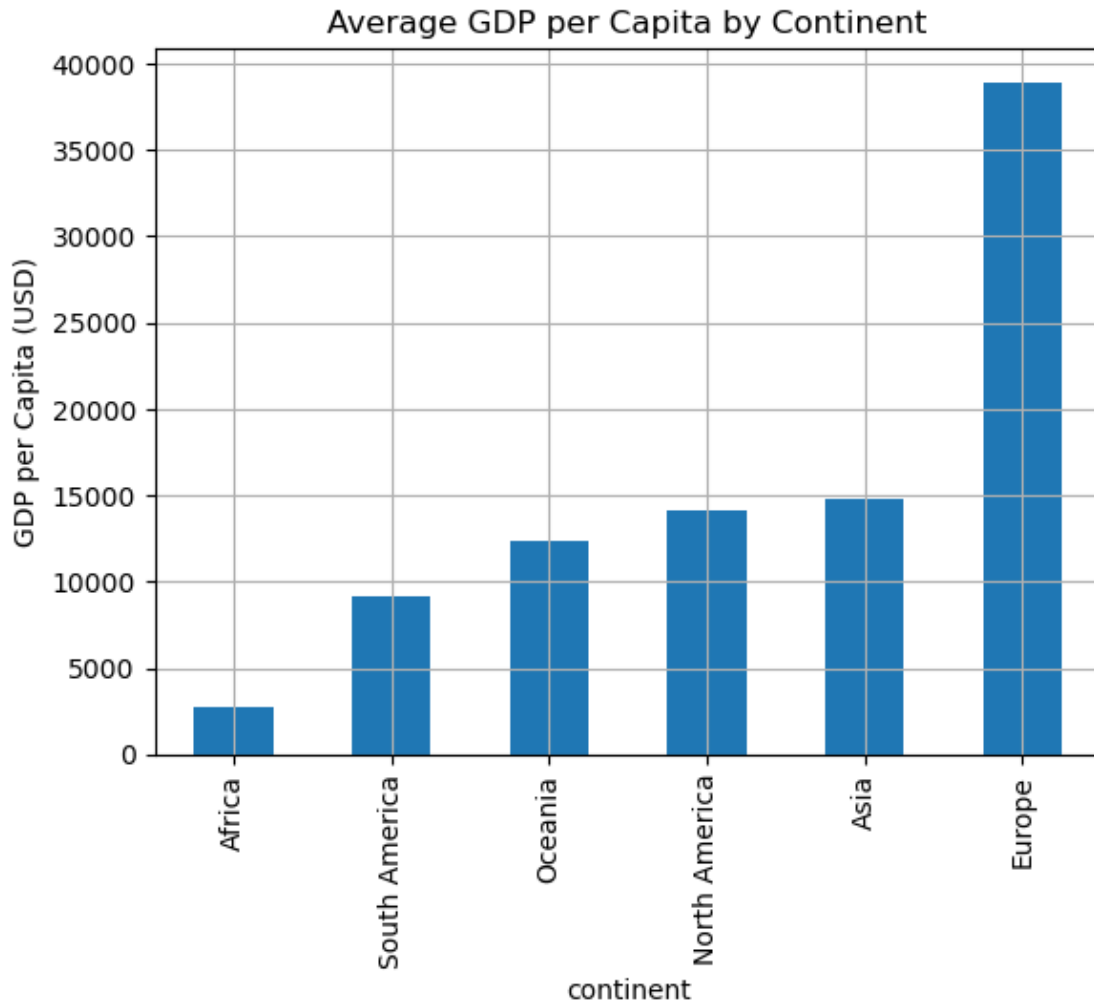
```
[150]: # The evolution of average GDP by continent is analyzed over time
gdp_trend = df_clean.groupby(['continent', 'year'])['GDP (Current USD)'].mean().
↳unstack()
gdp_trend.T.plot(figsize=(12, 6), title='Average GDP by Continent Over Time')
plt.ylabel('GDP (Current USD)')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
[148]: # Inflation rates are compared across continents for a specific year (2023)
df_2023 = df_clean[df_clean['year'] == 2023]
df_2023.groupby('continent')['Inflation (CPI %)'].mean().sort_values().
    plot(kind='barh', title='Average Inflation by Continent - 2023')
plt.xlabel('Inflation (CPI %)')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



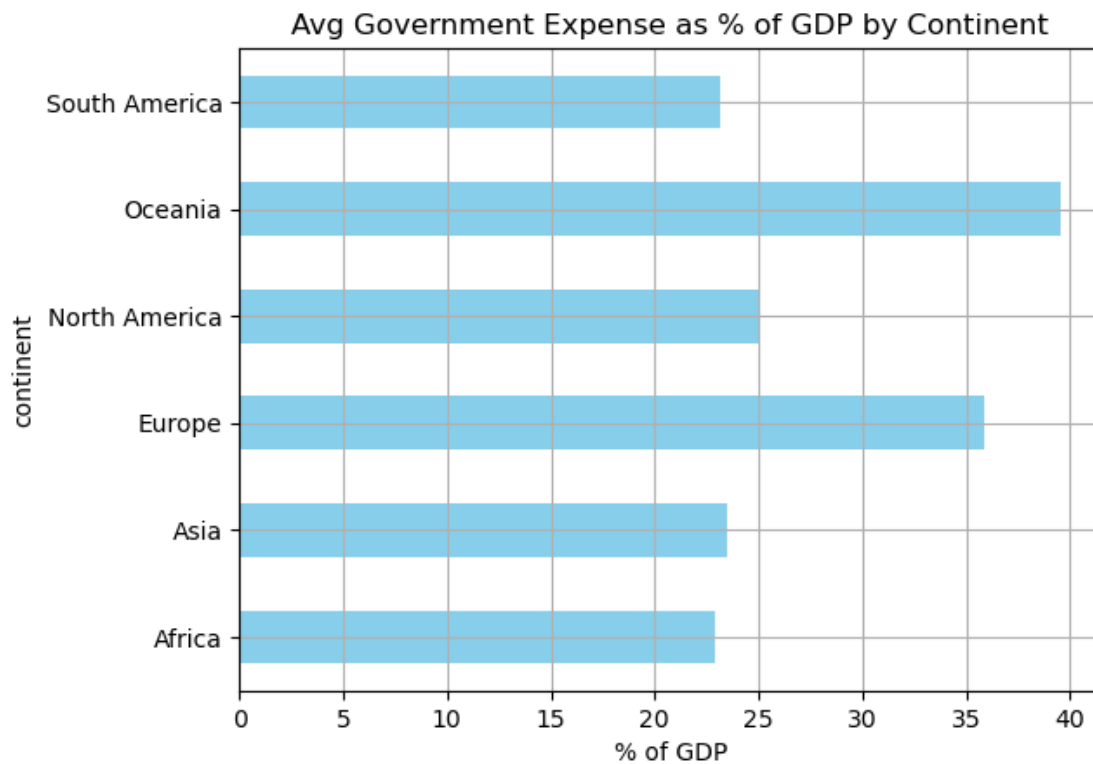
```
[158]: # GDP per capita is compared across different continents
df_clean.groupby('continent')['GDP per Capita (Current USD)'].mean().
    ↪sort_values().plot(kind='bar', title='Average GDP per Capita by Continent')
plt.ylabel('GDP per Capita (USD)')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
[160]: # Government spending as a percentage of GDP is analyzed across continents
df_clean.groupby('continent')['Government Expense (% of GDP)'].mean().
    ↪plot(kind='barh', color='skyblue')
plt.title('Avg Government Expense as % of GDP by Continent')
plt.xlabel('% of GDP')
```



```
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
[174]: # Countries with the highest and lowest unemployment rates within each continent
        ↳ in 2023 are identified
for cont in df_clean['continent'].unique():
    top = df_clean[(df_clean['continent'] == cont) & (df_clean['year'] == 2023)]
    top_sorted = top.sort_values(by='Unemployment Rate (%)', ascending=False)
    print("\n{cont} - Highest Unemployment:\n", top_sorted[['country_name',
        ↳ 'Unemployment Rate (%)']].head(3))
    print("\n{cont} - Lowest Unemployment:\n", top_sorted[['country_name',
        ↳ 'Unemployment Rate (%)']].tail(3))
```

```
{cont} - Highest Unemployment:
country_name  Unemployment Rate (%)
1565         Jordan                17.969
1485         Iraq                 15.447
29         Afghanistan            13.991
```

```
{cont} - Lowest Unemployment:
country_name  Unemployment Rate (%)
```

3053	Thailand	0.733
1645	Cambodia	0.225
2621	Qatar	0.130

{cont} - Highest Unemployment:

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
1805	Liechtenstein	18.615
2109	Montenegro	14.621
125	Armenia	13.245

{cont} - Lowest Unemployment:

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
3405	Kosovo	2.604
1965	Moldova	1.555
1949	Monaco	1.434

{cont} - Highest Unemployment:

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
2941	Eswatini	35.086
3437	South Africa	32.098
829	Djibouti	26.154

{cont} - Lowest Unemployment:

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
3021	Chad	1.074
221	Burundi	0.921
2269	Niger	0.425

{cont} - Highest Unemployment:

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
845	Dominica	25.875
1373	Haiti	14.556
157	Antigua and Barbuda	14.464

{cont} - Lowest Unemployment:

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
2013	Mexico	2.765
1277	Guatemala	2.344
733	Cuba	1.719

{cont} - Highest Unemployment:

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
1309	Guyana	12.025
669	Colombia	9.594
573	Chile	9.013

{cont} - Lowest Unemployment:

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
--	--------------	-----------------------

2445	Peru	4.899
909	Ecuador	3.510
413	Bolivia	3.024

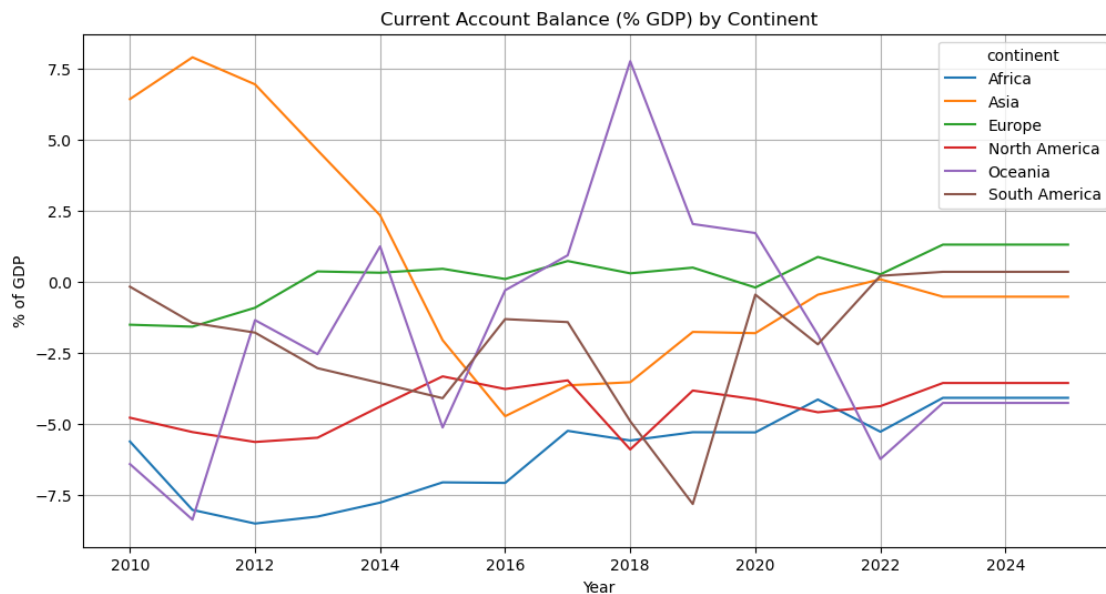
{cont} - Highest Unemployment:

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
2365	Nauru	19.148
2477	Palau	5.472
1661	Kiribati	5.434

{cont} - Lowest Unemployment:

	country_name	Unemployment Rate (%)
2493	Papua New Guinea	2.661
3117	Tonga	2.262
2749	Solomon Islands	1.455

```
[178]: # The evolution of current account surplus/deficit as a percentage of GDP is
↳analyzed for each continent
balance = df_clean.groupby(['continent', 'year'])['Current Account Balance (%
↳GDP)'].mean().unstack()
balance.T.plot(figsize=(12, 6), title='Current Account Balance (% GDP) by
↳Continent')
plt.ylabel('% of GDP')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
[176]: # The most indebted countries in each continent for the latest available year
→are identified
latest_year = df_clean['year'].max()
df_latest = df_clean[df_clean['year'] == latest_year]
for cont in df_latest['continent'].unique():
    sub = df_latest[df_latest['continent'] == cont]
    top_debt = sub.sort_values(by='Public Debt (% of GDP)', ascending=False).
→head(3)
    print("\n{cont} - Highest Public Debt in {latest_year}:\n",
→top_debt[['country_name', 'Public Debt (% of GDP)']])
```

{cont} - Highest Public Debt in {latest_year}:

	country_name	Public Debt (% of GDP)
1583	Japan	216.213375
2735	Singapore	177.001670
287	Bangladesh	111.598089

{cont} - Highest Public Debt in {latest_year}:

	country_name	Public Debt (% of GDP)
1231	Greece	190.608142
1103	United Kingdom	138.193490
959	Spain	107.259969

{cont} - Highest Public Debt in {latest_year}:

	country_name	Public Debt (% of GDP)
2767	Sierra Leone	103.153573
2975	Seychelles	103.153573
2719	Senegal	103.153573

{cont} - Highest Public Debt in {latest_year}:

	country_name	Public Debt (% of GDP)
1247	Grenada	190.608142
447	Barbados	133.202198
3263	United States	114.755553

{cont} - Highest Public Debt in {latest_year}:

	country_name	Public Debt (% of GDP)
415	Bolivia	111.007884
431	Brazil	83.698937
111	Argentina	81.920133

{cont} - Highest Public Debt in {latest_year}:

	country_name	Public Debt (% of GDP)
2479	Palau	85.202576
2367	Nauru	76.635061
3375	Vanuatu	71.653573

```
[156]: # A heatmap of correlations between indicators within each continent is generated
for cont in df_clean['continent'].unique():
    subset = df_clean[df_clean['continent'] == cont].select_dtypes('number')
    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
    sns.heatmap(subset.corr(), annot=False, cmap='coolwarm')
    plt.title(f'Correlation Matrix - {cont}')
    plt.show()
```

