```
// Merge Sort
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// \operatorname{arr}[] = 38,27,43,3,9,82,10
// Output will be = \{3,9,10,27,38,43,82\}
int Merge(int arr[], int p, int q, int r) {
 int n1 = q - p + 1;
 int n2 = r - q;
 int L[n1], M[n2];
 for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
  L[i] = arr[p + i];
 for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)
  M[j] = arr[q + 1 + j];
```

```
int i, j, k;
i = 0;
j = 0;
k = p;
while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2) {
 if (L[i] \le M[j]) {
   arr[k] = L[i];
  i++;
  } else {
   arr[k] = M[j];
  j++;
 k++;
}
while (i < n1) {
 arr[k] = L[i];
 i++;
```

```
k++;
 }
 while (j < n2) {
  arr[k] = M[j];
  j++;
  k++;
int MergeSort(int arr[], int l, int r) {
 if (1 < r) {
  int m = 1 + (r - 1) / 2;
  MergeSort(arr, 1, m);
  MergeSort(arr, m + 1, r);
  Merge(arr, l, m, r);
```

```
// Array Printing Function:
void printArray(int arr[], int size) {
 for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
  printf("%d", arr[i]);
 printf("\n");
}
int main() {
 int arr[] = \{38,27,43,3,9,82,10\};
 int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
 printf("Array Before Sorted: \n");
 printArray(arr,size);
 MergeSort(arr, 0, size - 1);
 printf("Array After Sort: \n");
 printArray(arr, size);
```

Output:

```
Array Before Sorted:
38 27 43 3 9 82 10
Array After Sort:
3 9 10 27 38 43 82
```

Time Complexity of MergeSort Function:

O(n*log n)