



## Honours Multivariate Analysis Continuous Assessment 2

## **Instructions:**

- You will be divided into groups for this assessment.
- Your .pdf report may be compiled using any software you like (Rmarkdown, LaTeX, MSWord, etc.), as long as the presentation is neat.
- Do NOT paste R output verbatim, this will be penalised. If you want to include R output, typeset it properly or present it in a table.
- To help the reader easily assimilate the information, round values to a small number of decimal places (unless there is a reason for expressing a more exact value).

The file CA2.csv contains 100 observations on 12 unknown variables. Consider this as some data matrix X. Using Singular Value Decomposition, find lower rank approximations of X for all ranks from 1-12.

For each approximation  $\tilde{\boldsymbol{X}}_k$  of rank k, calculate the error,  $\boldsymbol{\Delta}_k = \boldsymbol{X} - \tilde{\boldsymbol{X}}_k$ .

- 1. Consider the rank 4 approximation. Report the mean vector of the approximation error, i.e.  $\bar{\Delta}_4$ .
- 2. Compare the correlation matrix of  $\boldsymbol{X}$  with that of  $\tilde{\boldsymbol{X}}_2$  and briefly interpret.
- 3. Calculate the Frobenius norm, defined as

$$||\mathbf{A}||_F = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}|^2}$$

for  $\Delta_k$ , k = 1, ..., 12. Plot the Frobenius norm as a function of k and briefly describe your findings.

4. Plot the percentage of the total variation in X retained in  $\tilde{X}_k$  for k = 1, ..., 12. Again, briefly interpret.